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GRATZ BROWN'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 10.—The letter of Governor Brown to Hon. J. B. Doolittle, accepting the nomination for Vice President by the Baltimore Convention, is as follows:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, JEFFERSON CITY, Aug 8, 1872.

Gentlemen of the Committee:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication advising me that I had been unanimously nominated as candidate for the Vice Presidency of the United States, by the Democratic National Convention at Baltimore.

For this mark of confidence on the part of so large a representative body of my fellow-citizens, I cannot too deeply express my gratitude. The distinction is one which I feel to be, in great measure, undeserved where so many more suitable could have been found; and yet that feeling will render me doubly solicitous, should your action be confirmed, to discharge the duties of that high place with fidelity to your trust, with devotion to the public interest, and with inflexible resolution, to prove not unworthy of such choice.

The fact that it reposes, also, upon the declaration of principles affirmed by the Liberal Republicans at Cincinnati, and proclaimed, without amendment, by the Democratic party at Baltimore, gives assurance that in this combined expression there is sought only the deliverance of the nation from a present great peril to its peace and its liberties. To that end all minor considerations have been subordinated, and an illustration presented to the country of unselfish patriotism rather than any sticking to partisan advantage—which should commend all the perfect sincerity of this movement. It has involved no surrender on either part of any former convictions. It has not been negotiated or bargained. Its origin was from the people.

Though differing in the past on some issues of great magnitude, yet, now that they are settled, there is a hearty concurrence between us all upon the vital question agitating the public mind. What conduct of national affairs that involves, your Convention has well set forth in its platform, and its true accord with the Democratic ideas that guided our earlier administration is the best guarantee that it will restore equal rights, tranquil development, and constitutional liberty.

Permit me, also, gentlemen, through you, to express my thanks to the great masses of your party who have since ratified your action with such signal unanimity, and to say to them that in accepting their nomination, I do so believing there is nothing in honor or in conscience that should prevent the most cordial co-operation, henceforth, in behalf of the policies presented. In concluding, it is proper to state that a severe illness has intervened since the reception of your communication, which has delayed this reply until my recovery and turn home.

With very great respect, yours truly,

[Signed] B. GRATZ BROWN.

SIGNIFICANT ADMISSIONS—O'BRIEN, TOM MURPHY, AND TWEED.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—The *Times* to-day makes the following significant admissions:

The great battle-ground of the present campaign is in the three great States of New York, Pennsylvania, and Indiana. However other States may go, the party which carries two of these three States will, in all probability, elect its candidates. Considering this fact, we desire to call the particular attention of Republicans and Republican managers to the necessities of the situation in the State of New York. While we have reasonable assurance of success, it is accompanied with one imperative condition—that a thorough, vigorous and instant organization be effected in every portion of the State, and carried out with military precision and thoroughness. It thus appears that the *Times* has paused long enough in its vituperation to take a rational survey of the electoral probabilities, and its cries of alarm amount to a cry of terror. Its demand for military precision on the Grant side is considered pretty good.

The *World's* correspondent at Charleston, S. C., writes that Governor Scott recently said to him that he did not care if Greeley were elected; that he (Scott) was not anxious about Grant's election; that Grant had spoken of his stealing, but that he would soon make a speech in which he would state that when Grant was elected to the Presidency he and his family were all poor and he (Scott) and his family could have bought them out ten times over; that now Grant and his family were all rich, and could buy him out ten times over, and if he had got his money by stealing, he would like to know how Grant got rich.

The *Tribune* says the bargain of the Democratic Senator O'Brien, with Tom Murphy, was to be carried out in the consideration of funds and places to be provided O'Brien and his friends, the latter was to keep up a show of a Democratic organization in this city, and send delegates to Louisville to secure the nomination of a Bourbon Democrat.

As an excuse to obtain the appointment of additional Inspectors of Election in this city, the Custom House party claim that, through Tweed's influence over the Police Commissioners, appointment of Inspectors can be made in the anti-Greeley interest, and thus the anticipated majority for Greeley in New York County can be reduced in counting so as to give the State to Grant. It is widely asserted that as a part of the bargain with Tweed, immunity from prosecution by the Attorney General in both civil and criminal suits against him is secured. It is well known that though O'Brien ran last fall as a pretended reformer, he has been in close and corrupt alliance with the Tweed-Murphy party in real estate speculations, and that at the election, last year, Tweed furnished O'Brien with $15,000 to defeat Bradley. Evidence accumulates that Tweed is throwing his influence for Grant, hoping to make money out of it, and secure amnesty for himself, if Tom Murphy runs the Government for another term of four years.

KU-KLUX TO BE PARDONED—GRANT CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE—PITTSBURG SOLDIERS' CONVENTION.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, August 10.—It is stated that the President will shortly proceed to pardon out quite a number of the Ku-Klux now imprisoned at Albany and other points. The ostensible ground for the pardons is the delicacy of health of the offenders, and the means and whereby they were tried and convicted. The National Republican Committee here professes to be in receipt of such information from the various portions of the country as to show that there is a perfect stampede of the dissatisfied Democrats to Grant, and, since the later returns from North Carolina, this Committee affects to see such an easy victory before it for Grant as to hardly make it worth while for it to do any more campaign work this season. It may be worth while to remark that this committee is not liberal in furnishing the names of its Democratic converts to Grantism. With a great flourish of trumpets, a few days since, both the Administration organs here published a call from fifty-one individuals, styling themselves "military men," urging the Union soldiers and sailors in this vicinity to attend the Burnside, Grant and Wilson Military Boys Convention, to be held at Pittsburgh next month. The military titles of all these gentlemen were paraded, and commented on with much fervor. A careful examination of the list shows that fifty out of the fifty-one are at present employed in the Departments, in various capacities, from $1,200 clerks up to the heads of Bureaus.

APPOINTMENT OF LIBERAL DELEGATES.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

JOLIET, Ill., Aug. 10.—The following named gentlemen were to-day appointed by the Liberal Republican County Convention, delegates to the Liberal Congressional Convention to be held at Morris on Aug. 15: H. D. Stearns, George P. Jones, W. Munn, James Shaw, C. E. Munger and H. W. Hardwood, of Joliet; Edward Conley, Dr. C. W. Cook, and Edward Alden, of Wilmington; Major J. M. Thompson, and John C. Church, of New Lenox; David Hunter, of Frankfort; Samuel Nelson, of Wilson; Winthrop Vaughn, of Plainfield; M. O. Cagwin, of Elwood, and August Scheffer, of Monee.

ELECTION OF DELEGATES.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

DES MOINES, Aug. 10.—The Polk County Republican Convention to-day elected Kasson delegates to the Seventh District Congressional Convention by a vote of 80 to 40. The Kasson party, having a majority of uncontested delegates, voted to admit the Kasson delegates from two townships, and allowed the contested delegations to vote on the questions of their own admission.

GRANT REJOICINGS.

ROCK ISLAND, Aug. 10.—An immense Republican meeting was held to-night in Moline. Not less than five thousand persons were present. The Rock Island Artillery Company fired a salute in honor of the victory in North Carolina, and the Tanners had a procession. Hon. James Lane, of Davenport, made the principal speech, followed by J. B. Hawley, L. B. Haverstick, William Jackson, and others.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Aug. 10.—The Republicans of this city held a jubilation meeting to-night, in honor of the great victory in North Carolina. A bonfire was held in the public park, and the Court House was crowded to listen to a speech from Mathew Fletcher. She spoke for an hour and a half in vindication of the President, and called forth frequent and loud applause.

MOVEMENTS IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—A letter has been received by Senator James O'Brien from Stanton Sanders, asking him to organize a straight-out Democratic movement in the city. It is understood, however, that O'Brien declines to have anything to do with the matter.

A large audience, composed mostly of Irishmen and Germans, last night gave an enthusiastic reception to W. U. Saunders and G. W. Hutton, two colored men, who made Greeley speeches at Fourth street and Ninth avenue.

At a meeting of the Republican Central Committee here, last night, it was resolved that the Republican associations of the various districts shall meet on the 16th of August to elect delegates to the Utica Convention, to be held on August 21. A resolution was also carried for a meeting of societies for an assessment of primaries.

THE CANVASS IN MAINE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Despatches from Maine say that very active canvassing is going on, on both sides, throughout the State. Senator Doolittle is working very hard in behalf of the Greeley ticket. Governor Noyes, of Ohio, has arrived and is addressing Republican meetings. Senator Wilson is also shortly expected there.

A Bangor (Me.) despatch says John Bingham, of Ohio, spoke there last evening, declaring the struggle to-day to be to restore to power that body of men who organized the rebellion. The question was whether, on the cry for a new distribution of offices, we shall turn our backs on the man who has not been found wanting. While Greeley's private life was blameless, the speaker thought he would be unsafe as a President. He thought the Cincinnati Platform an empty, meaningless affair.

MORGAN COUNTY REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Aug. 10.—The Republican Nominating Convention of this county convened here to-day, and nominated Joseph W. Caldwell for Circuit Clerk, William H. Bradwell for Sheriff, Captain H. O. Cassell for Prosecuting Attorney, and Michael Kearney for Coroner. The Convention appointed ten delegates to the Republican Congressional Convention, which meets at Springfield on August 22, and instructed them to vote for Captain E. C. Brearley, of this city, for candidate for Congress.

LIBERAL NOMINATIONS IN LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 10.—The Liberal Convention nominated a full State ticket, as follows: For Governor, D. B. Penn, of Orleans; Lieutenant Governor, J. S. Young, of Claiborne; Auditor, James Graham, of Orleans; Secretary of State, Y. E. Dumas, of Orleans, colored; Attorney General, W. L. Kernan, of East Feliciana; Superintendent of Education, J. W. McDonald, of Webster; Congressman-at-Large, Geo. A. Sheridan, of Orleans. No fusions were effected. It is now believed that the Pinchbackers will fuse with the Custom House Democrats. The First District nominated F. C. Sacharie for Congress.

MOVEMENTS AT NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 10.—The Democratic County Convention met here to-day and appointed delegates to the State Convention, which assembles on Aug 21 to nominate an additional candidate for Presidential Elector and a candidate for Congress for the State-at-large. Delegates were instructed to vote for General B. F. Cheatham for Congressman-at-Large.

A meeting of colored citizens was held at Liberty Hall. Resolutions were adopted condemning the course of Mr. Sumner, and a committee was appointed to forward them to him. The letter of the committee to him will be published to-morrow.

THE CAMPAIGN IN EVANSVILLE, IND.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Aug. 10.—The Republican County Convention was held here to-day, and renominated the present Sheriff, Treasurer, Clerk, Judge, and Prosecutor of the Criminal Court. H. Clay Gooding was nominated for State Senator. The Convention was addressed by John M. Harlan, of Louisville, in a speech of about two hours' duration. The attendance was large. To-night Hon. Wm. Williams is addressing a large meeting of Republicans, and Colonel Wm. McClain speaks to the Liberals in Greeley Hall.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 10.—The Chairman of the Boston Chamber and New York Labor Conference has postponed, until further notice, the Labor Reform Convention that was to have been held at Philadelphia Aug. 22.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 10.—The Democratic and Liberal Convention of the Twelfth Ohio District yesterday nominated H. J. Jewett for Congress, on the 10th ballot.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 10.—An attempt made last night to hold a Grant meeting of Scandinavians resulted in eleven men being present.

PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 10.—Theodore Tilton addressed a large meeting of Liberal Republicans and Democrats to-night. Horace Greeley will be in this city on Wednesday next.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 10.—The Democracy had a torchlight procession, estimated at 5,000 to 6,000, which was over an hour passing. The streets were thronged with spectators.

WASHINGTON.

NEW YORK CUSTOMS APPOINTMENTS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—The Treasury Department has adopted regulations providing that hereafter all appointments or promotions in the New York Custom House will be made in accordance with the results of public competitive examinations, as prescribed in the rules governing the civil service. Local examining committees have been appointed for the Custom House and its several branches in that city.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—A Washington despatch says that, since the letter of Gerrit Smith, interceding for the imprisoned KuKlux at Albany, similar recommendations have been received from influential Republicans. The report of Colonel Whitley, Chief of the Secret Service, who had been directed by the President to investigate as to the several cases, will be the basis of the President's action, and he has already intimated his willingness to comply with the suggestions made.

THE FRENCH LEGATION.

The new French Minister was yesterday seeking accommodations for his legation, and it is the intention of the French Government to be represented on a scale somewhat in advance of what has heretofore prevailed.

W. W. CORCORAN

has sold his country seat, known as Howard, and will give the proceeds, $225,000, to a gallery of art which he has already donated to the City of Washington.

NEW ENGLAND.

Trouble with the Crispins—Collision at Sea.

BOSTON, Aug. 10.—Over fifty of the heaviest shoe-manufacturing concerns in Lynn will employ no persons controlled by the Crispin Association after to-day. The Crispins have voted to withdraw their money from the Lynn Savings Bank, amounting to a million and a half, which the Crispins claim is used by manufacturers and speculators.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 10.—The steamer Bristol collided with the British bark B. Rogers, from Dublin, for orders, at anchor in Newport. The bark was sunk. The Bristol made the landing at Newport, and started for Fall River, but the water gained upon her so fast that she was beached on the Rhode Island shore.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 10.—The bark Rogers, with which the steamer Bristol collided, was loaded with iron, and was at anchor. The steamer cut a hole six feet into the bark, and held there until the crew of the bark got aboard of the steamer, and when the steamer got clear of the bark the latter sunk instantly. The Bristol will probably be got off the beach in a few days.

MISSOURI.

Railroad to Be Sold at Auction—Issue of Warrants.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 10.—The sale of the St. Louis, Kansas City & Northern Railroad, better known as the North Missouri Road, at public auction, in this city, September 11, will be announced on Monday. The sale was ordered by the United States Court, on the petition of Wm. Hoge, of Philadelphia, and others, to satisfy judgment against the road obtained by them last fall, amounting to over $500,000. The railroad company made no defence.

United States Commissioner Clark to-day issued a warrant for the arrest of six persons charged with being engaged in the recent whipping of Thomas Lawson in Carter County, and driving him and his father from home.

Geological Expedition Through Arizona.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 10.—A Los Angeles despatch announces the arrival there of the Ladd party, with Professor Glass, from a geological expedition through Arizona, New Mexico. They have 1,000 pounds of specimens of gold, silver and other ores, and several pints of precious and doubtful stones. On the route from Fort Wingate to Albuquerque, and on the borders of Arizona, in what are called the Ant Hills, precious stones were discovered, all at the surface. They have genuine rubies, the specimens ranging from a large pea downward. The diamonds, if any, are small, and of little value. The party found rich gold and silver-bearing quartz near Fort Wingate. The party also claims to have discovered and located flowing oil springs that will yield from 70 to 100 barrels a day, but will not divulge the precise location. In old mounds and ruins of ancient cities, they found relics of tools, pottery, and woolen cloth centuries old. The party is not sanguine as to the diamond discoveries. Three pints of their best stones will be tested and exhibited. They suffered privations on the road and narrowly escaped perishing in crossing the Colorado desert. The diamond excitement in San Francisco is subsiding.

Fall of a Bridge at Newcastle, Pa.

NEWCASTLE, Pa., Aug. 10.—At about 2 o'clock to-day, during a very heavy rain and thunder storm, the large iron bridge across the Chenango River, in the northern part of this city, gave way, making a complete wreck of the whole structure, and fatally injuring an old man by the name of Davis. It is supposed that Davis had got under the bridge at one end for shelter from the storm, and it is thought there is still another man under the bridge, as parties near the wreck say the saw another man there when the accident occurred. It is difficult to determine the cause of the casualty. The bridge was built some three years since, and was considered one of the best and safest in the city.

New Trans-Continental Railway.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 9.—The California, Atlantic & Pacific Railroad Company will be incorporated to-morrow, with Alvinzi Haywood, R. G. Sneath, J. Seligman, W. P. Jones, J. G. Merrill, M. J. O'Connor, J. Bentz, Richard Tobin, J. M. Hagar, Albert Dibblee, Directors on the part of San Francisco; Mayor Brown, Collis and Pierce on the part of St. Louis. Haywood increased his subscription from $100,000 to $500,000, and several others give in proportion, which will raise it to $1,250,000 in private subscriptions. The Directors expect to obtain a vote for a 5 per cent subsidy by the city.

Telegraphic Brevities.

Newton V. Chandler, a notorious desperado, was on Friday executed at Charlotte, N. C. He was only 25 years old, and made a confession of his crimes, which included murder, robbery, and other foul deeds.

Competition has commenced at Dubuque between the rival packet companies. The White Collar Line advertises passage and state-room to St. Paul for $2; to St. Louis, $3, a reduction of one-half.

Hon. Charles Ballance, one of the oldest settlers of the State of Illinois, died at his residence in Peoria, on Friday noon.

The iron on the St. Paul & Sioux City Railroad is now laid to a point within twenty-one miles of LeMars, Iowa, where it makes a junction with the Illinois Central.

A hunting party, consisting of a number of the best shots of LaSalle, are camping on the chicken and quail ground on the south part of that county, and send home news of great slaughter among the birds.

NEW YORK.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

DECLINES THE HONOR.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—William Howe, a prominent criminal lawyer, who personally has a great resemblance to Fisk, has declined the proffered Colonelcy of the Ninth New York Infantry, on the plea that he is too busy, being now engaged in arranging for the defence of 23 murderers.

INDICTED FOR LIBEL.

The Grand Jury has unanimously found an indictment against Mr. Louis J. Jennings, of the New York *Times*, in the libel suit of General Kilpatrick.

FINANCIAL REVIEW FOR THE WEEK.

During the past week financial speculation has increased with wider fluctuations. Money has ranged from 2 to 5 per cent, with most business at 3@4; money for ninety days is wanted at the legal rate of interest, and for the balance of the year 7 per cent, gold, is freely bid. Money lenders are disposed to be very conservative.

This increased cautiousness on the part of capitalists has been more perceptible since particulars of the new French loan have reached here by mail. It has been all along the general impression here that the deposit accompanying each subscription was in cash, but it now appears that such was not the case. The French Minister of Finance authorized subscriptions to be made upon a deposit of securities realizible at given periods. This deposit of securities instead of cash is a novel idea, and worthy of Frenchmen. On the excitement and enthusiasm which followed the announcement of the enormous subscriptions, the new loan rose to 4½ per cent premium; but the latest advices from the other side announce a fall to 2½ per cent premium.

The weekly statement of the New York City banks this week is remarkable. They have increased their loans $758,300, while the specie has increased $5,726,900, and legal tenders $481,100. This increase in loans, in the face of a large loss in legal reserve, is regarded very unfavorably.

Foreign exchanges have been unsettled by high borrowing rates for gold on time, and prime bankers' sixty days' sterling declined to 108½. Bankers have been drawing freely, for the purpose of getting gold and currency to lend for sixty days. At the close the market assumed a firmer tone, and bills were quoted at an advance of ¼ to ½ from the lowest point of the week.

Gold, during the week, ranged from 115½ to 115¼, with most of the business at 115½. The dealings generally have been uniform.

The customs receipts for the week have averaged about $900,000 per day, and this has caused a flow of gold from the banks to the Treasury, which operation is reflected in the bank statement.

On the Stock Exchange speculation has been marked by a depression and steady decline in values. Day by day there has been a steady pressure of sales, chiefly of long stocks. Sellers have generally been parties prominently identified with the bull side for a long time past. The decline has been most marked in those stocks which have heretofore been firm, and some of the dividend-paying stocks have been conspicuous in the decline. The fall in good stocks, added to the general depression, has dragged down the market. The greatest decline of the week was in Western Union, from 74½ to 70½. This stock has been poured out freely, and at times without much regard to prices. Lake Shore declined from 93½ to 88¾; St. Paul common from 53¾ to 53½; Union Pacific from 36½ to 34; Pacific Mail from 75½ to 73; Harlem from 118 to 114½; Northwestern common from 74½ to 73½; New York Central from 97½ to 95; Rock Island from 111½ to 110½; Wabash from 76 to 75, and Ohios from 44½ to 43½. Erie advanced from 48 to 50, and afterwards declined to 47. St. Paul preferred advanced from 78½ to 80½, and afterward declined to 78½. Boston, Hartford & Erie advanced from 6½ to 9½, and afterward declined to 7½.

THE FOREIGN COMMERCE OF THE PORT

for the week was as follows: Total imports, including dry goods, $9,354,665; produce exports, $5,278,242; and specie and bullion exports, $877,228. The total imports since January were $269,769,838, against $236,905,639 in 1871, and $179,331,864 in 1870. The total exports of produce since Jan. 1 were $133,608,971, against $141,288,945 in 1871, and $110,747,571 in 1870. The total exports of specie and bullion since Jan. 1, 1872, were $55,237,224, against $51,508,922 in 1871, and $27,867,911 in 1870.

CLOSING RATES.

Foreign exchange was quiet to-day, with a firmer feeling. The gold market was quiet and firm to-day, at 115½ to 115¼; at the close, sales were made at 115¼. The stock market was heavy throughout the day; with a continued pressure to sell, prices declined from ¼ to ½ per cent, and at the close were the lowest of the season. Government bonds closed quiet and steady. Central Pacific bonds closed at 109@109½; Union Pacific firsts, 88½@88¾; land grants, 80½@81; incomes, 85½@86½. The market for flour was strong, with limited arrivals of old. New more plenty and quiet. Good No. 1 higher and in fair demand. Fresh ground shipping extras scarce and wanted. At the close the market was firm and fairly active. The inquiry for wheat is light; but little spring here, and winter very scarce. The market closes dull and unsettled for spring, but firm for old winter. Pork firmer, but business is of a retail character for future delivery; demand moderate. Cut meats less plenty and firm. Bacon in moderate request and steady. Lard firmer, but quiet for old; new firm.

[To the Associated Press.]

RIOTOUS STRIKERS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—A gang of striking laborers drove off twenty-five men from their work in Attorney street, this morning, beating some with their own shovels. The strikers fled before the police arrived.

BANK STATEMENT.

Increase of loans, $9,008,300; decrease of specie, $5,726,900; decrease of legal tenders, $481,100; increase of deposits, $3,859,800; decrease of circulation, $24,200.

AN EXCURSION PARTY.

General McClellan, in company with General Marcy and a party of friends, left last night on a trip to Utah and California.

LIBEL SUIT.

Efforts to compromise the Kilpatrick-Jennings libel suit have failed. The case, however, will not go to trial until next term.

THE FRENCH BAND.

The French Band gave their last performance here last night, at the Armory of the Twenty-second Regiment, and sailed for France to-day by the steamer Washington.

THE INDIANS.

Spotted Tail and his party left to-day for St. Louis.

THE IRISH BAND.

The leader of the Irish Band has been arrested at Newark, N. J., for a debt contracted on fraudulent representations.

FALL OF A SCAFFOLD.

A scaffold at No. 70 Third avenue, to-day, and three men,—Thos. Wall, Michael Malone, and William Hanley,—precipitated to the ground, a distance of 40 feet. Wall and Malone are fatally, and Hanley seriously, injured.

PRESIDENT GRANT

arrived here this morning, and left immediately for Long Branch.

JOHN HARPER

has sold his horse Lyttleton to Aristode Welsh, of Philadelphia, who intends to enter him for the international race at New Orleans.

EX-SECRETARY SEWARD

and family arrived in town from Auburn to-day.

MARINE.

Arrived—Steamships Schmidt, from Bremen, and Columbia, from Havana.

DISCHARGE OF LONGSHOREMEN.

One hundred and fifty longshoremen have been discharged from the Hoboken steamship docks, and their places supplied by men from New York. They had struck some weeks ago, and their demand for an advance of wages was then conceded, but all are now thrown out of work, as plenty of men can be found to work at old rates.

Convention of Pork Packers.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 10.—A number of prominent pork packers and provision dealers from St. Louis met the packers and dealers of this city this morning, with a view to arranging for a convention of the trade, to adopt rules and regulations governing the provision trade in packing points throughout the West. Resolutions were adopted approving of the purpose of the meeting, and calling a Convention to meet in Cincinnati, Sept. 18, to be composed of delegates from the trade in the leading cities of the West. Circulars will be issued in a few days.

War Department Weather Prognostics.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—Falling barometer, with southerly winds, threatening weather and a rain area from Lake Erie to Maryland and northeastward, over the Middle and Eastern States; southeasterly and northeasterly winds on the Gulf and South Atlantic, with partly cloudy weather and occasional rain; clearing weather in the northwest, upper Mississippi Valley and on the upper lakes, with northerly to westerly winds extending on Sunday to the Ohio Valley, with lower temperature and occasional cloudiness.

FOREIGN.

Text of the Speech of Queen Victoria.

Highly Gratifying Announcement Respecting Fred. Grant and the Czar.

Exposition of the Object of Thiers' Visit to Trouville.

Succinct Statement in Regard to the Latest Peruvian Revolution.

Great Britain.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—Parliament was prorogued this afternoon. The members of the House of Commons assembled in the Chamber of Peers, when the speech of the Queen was read by Royal Commission. Its full text is as follows:

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN: The time has arrived when you may properly relinquish the performance of your arduous duties for a term of repose which has been honorably earned by your devoted assiduity.

I rejoice to inform you that the controversy which had arisen between my Government and the United States, in consequence of the presentation of the American claims for indirect damages under the Treaty of Washington, was composed by a spontaneous declaration of the Arbitrators entirely consistent with the views I announced to you at the opening of the session. In concurrence with your action on the part of the United Kingdom, the Parliament of Canada has passed the acts necessary to give effect to the treaty within the Dominion. All arrangements contemplated by that instrument are, therefore, now in progress, and I reflect with satisfaction that the subjects with which it has dealt no longer offer any impediment to perfect concord between two kindred nations.

Since I addressed you, at the commencement of the session, I have received from France a formal notice which would bring to an end the commercial treaty of 1860. That Government, however, has indicated a desire for further communications. In any correspondence on the subject, I shall be guided by my earnest anxiety to secure attention to the just claims of my subjects by the friendly feeling which has so long united the two countries, and by my conviction of the moral, as well as material benefits derived by each from free intercourse between them.

I had great satisfaction in concluding with Germany a treaty in conformity with the provisions of the act of 1870, for the mutual surrender of fugitive criminals. I am engaged in framing similar arrangements with other powers.

My Government has taken steps intended to prepare the way for dealing more effectually with the slave trade on the east coast of Africa. I have cheerfully given my assent to the act of the Legislature of Cape Colony for the establishment in that Colony of what is now a generally known and responsible Government.

GENTLEMEN OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS: My acknowledgments are due you for the ample provision which you have made for the varying exigencies of the public service.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN: Although the wants and expectations of the country seem to outstrip every effort of Parliament in its career of legislative improvement, I notice, with satisfaction, the main additions which you have been enabled to make during the present year to our laws.

The act in reference to outrages of the natives in the islands of the Pacific Ocean is well designed, by providing for the more easy and effectual prevention and punishment of the offences at which it is aimed, and to promote the ends of humanity and the honor of the empire.

The act for the localization of the army, while it strengthens the defensive system of the country, will lend indispensable aid in effecting those important reforms which have been approved by Parliament.

The act which establishes the ballot will assist to secure alike the independence of the voter and the tranquility and purity of elections for members of Parliament.

Although you have been unable, during the present session, to mature any measure directed against corrupt practices in the choice of members of the House of Commons, I observe with pleasure that the cognate subject of municipal elections has had your attention, and that you have presented to me a law which is well calculated to check existing evils, and which provides a tribunal for trying the validity of such elections.

By the Scottish Education Act you have made provision for the further extension and greater efficacy of the training of the young throughout Scotland, in accordance with the conscientious and deep-rooted convictions of the people, and with the principles of religious freedom.

The act for establishing a board of local government in Ireland, modelled on the English statute of 1871, supplies the machinery for giving effect to many useful laws, and promises to extend within that portion of the United Kingdom the solid benefits of popular local institutions.

The measure for the amendment of the act of uniformity, based upon careful inquiry and on a large amount of ascertained consent, has, without offence or shock, introduced useful modifications into the ancient system of Divine worship, to which a large portion of my people are warmly attached.

The public health act, though it does not embrace all the enactments which could have been desired, has, by the establishment of efficient and duly-organized local authorities, done much both for the enforcement of the present sanitary laws and for rendering more easy what yet remains to be accomplished in the way of legislative provision on the subject.

The act for regulating the custody and management of the large funds held by the Court of Chancery will relieve a numerous class of suitors in that Court from the risks and inconveniences to which they may heretofore have been more or less exposed, and likewise tend to increase the stability of our finances.

I am gratified to find, by the acts for the regulation of mines, that you have been enabled to supply new securities for the safety and advantage of large bodies of my subjects engaged in this great branch of industry.

The enactments embodied in the measure for the regulation of the licensing system constitute a sensible improvement upon the existing law. I trust the several regulations for the police, which they include, will be found conducive to public order.

I am able to speak favorably both of the tranquility and the growing prosperity of Ireland.

The revenue is in a flourishing condition.

While I cordially congratulate you on the activity of trade and industry, I hope that it will be borne in mind that periods of unusually rapid changes in prices of commodities, and in the value of labor are, likewise, periods which more than ever call for the exercise of moderation and forethought.

In bidding you farewell, I ask you to join with me in acknowledging the abundant mercies of Almighty God, and imploring their continuance.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—General Sherman visited Woolwich Arsenal yesterday, and witnessed experiments. He subsequently lunched with the officers, and returned last night to London.

The Queen will leave for Balmoral on Tuesday.

Passenger fares and freight tariffs on English railways have been increased in consequence of the advance in the price of coal.

The Portland breakwater was formally opened to-day by the Prince of Wales.

The American fleet did not arrive in the Thames last night, having stopped at Deal, where it now remains at anchor.

The Arbitration.

GENEVA, Aug. 10.—A Queen's messenger bearing dispatches, supposed to be of little importance, left here to-day for London. There is nothing new regarding the act of the tribunal.

GENEVA, Aug. 10.—J. Bancroft Davis returned to Geneva last night.

Sir Roundell Palmer has recovered from his recent indisposition.

France.

PARIS, Aug. 10.—A despatch from Trouville states that Gontant Biron, Minister to Berlin, who has been in consultation with President Thiers, and received full instructions from him concerning the fulfilment of the conditions of the Evacuation Treaty, and also with regard to the approaching Conference between the three European Emperors, will return to his post at Berlin. Six hundred Communist prisoners, who, since their conviction, have been incarcerated in a military prison on the Island of Aix, sailed yesterday on the transport Garonne, for New Caledonia, where they are to serve out the sentences imposed upon them.

Count De Vogue, French Ambassador to Turkey, has resigned because certain of his official actions failed to receive the approval of Count De Remusat. Admiral Ronciere Le Noury will probably be Count De Vogue's successor.

Russia.

WASHINGTON, August 10.—The *Evening Star* publishes a letter from St. Petersburg denying the statement that the Emperor of Russia had declined to shake hands with Lieutenant Grant, and stating on the contrary, that he was most kindly received, as also was General Sherman, not only by the Emperor, but by the entire imperial family.

West Indies.

PORT AU PRINCE, July 24.—The proposed foreign loan of 3,000,000 is not required. The Senate has accepted a loan of 1,000,000.

General Brice is expected to go to Berlin for the purpose of remonstrating with the German Government about the late bombardment.

HAVANA, Aug. 10.—Advices from Saint Domingo to Aug. 1 report the country tranquil. Cabral has disbanded his forces and gone to Port au Prince to offer his services to the Haytiens. Luperon's popularity has relapsed.

Germany.

BERLIN, Aug. 10.—A statue commemorative of John, the founder of gymnastic exercises, practised by the organizations known as Turnvereins, was unveiled to-day, with solemn ceremonies, in presence of an immense concourse of people. A festive procession marched to the square, comprising deputations from England, America, Austria, Hungary and Germany. The members of the ministry and authorities of the city participated in the exercises.

South America.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Aug. 8.—Advices from Peru to July 27 state that the revolution was begun by Gutierrez, who proclaimed himself Dictator, and assassinated President Balta. The people were indignant at the murder, and captured Gutierrez while trying to escape. The Government forces asked for a cessation of hostilities to bury the dead. The people then assassinated Gutierrez, hung his naked body to a lamp post, and burned the corpse. Senor Pardo has been inaugurated President, and the insurrection is over.

Arrest of Counterfeiters.

CAIRO, Aug. 10.—A Deputy Marshal arrested nine men at Gameloa, yesterday, suspected of being members of a gang of counterfeiters whose operations in that neighborhood extend over a term of several years. A considerable amount of counterfeit money was found on the persons of the accused, and it is thought the evidence is sufficient to convict a part, if not all of them.

Fires.

BOSTON, Aug. 10.—By a fire at Salem, yesterday, Treadwell's establishment was completely destroyed, together with stock. Loss, $20,000 to $30,000; insured.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 10.—A fire this afternoon broke out in Brownwell & Co.'s brush factory, on Walnut, near second street; damage by fire $1,000; by water, $4,000. The leather and finding store of Water Gow & Co., next door, received damages of $2,000 by water; fully insured.

United Brethren in Christ.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 10.—The Board of Missions of United Brethren in Christ is in annual session here. Bishop Glossbrenner, of Dayton, O.; Bishop Wester, of Baltimore; Bishop Edwards, of Lexington, Ill., and Bishop Dickson, of Muscatine, Ia., with a number of leading men of the church, are present.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Chapped hands and face cured by using Juniper Tar Soap. Made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York.

Premature loss of the hair, which is so common nowadays, may be entirely prevented by the use of Burnett's Cocoaine.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of Spirits and General Debility, the Ferro Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya Bark (Calisaya Bark and Iron), is the best tonic. Made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by druggists.

MEETINGS.

Ancient Order of Foresters.

A regular meeting of Court "City of Chicago," No. 5760, will be held at 81 and 83 Archer-av., on Wednesday evening, August 14, at 8 o'clock, sharp. Business of importance. By order C. R.

W. M. THEXTON, Sec'y.

Attention, Butchers.

The next meeting of the Chicago Butcher Benevolent Association, will meet at the Hall, 157 West Madison-st., on Tuesday evening, August 13, at 8 o'clock.

MASONIC.

OFFICE OF THE GRAND CHANCELLOR GRAND LODGE OF KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS, JURISDICTION OF ILLINOIS.

SPECIAL ORDER.

CHICAGO, Aug. 5, 1872.

The Membership of the Order of Knights of Pythias, having decided to hold their FIRST ANNUAL PILGRIMAGE AND CHIVALRIC CRUSADE on the 29th day of August, inst., and having in their application for a dispensation therefor asked for competent persons being assigned for instruction in the new tactics and manual adopted by the Supreme Lodge at its last session, now, therefore, it is hereby

ORDERED:

FIRST, That the County of Cook and City of Chicago are hereby erected into and shall be known as the "First District."

SECOND, That P. G. C. John J. Healey is hereby designated and invested with full power as Chief Commander, and D. G. C. Gustave Korn as Assistant Commander, with all prerogatives of said offices and rank.

THIRD, Commanders of Lodges or Membership desiring said instruction will report to the above named officers at the earliest date practicable, and thereby facilitate uniformity of discipline and movements. By order of

DAVID A. CASHMAN, Grand Chancellor.

H. C. BERRY, G. R. & C. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS, ATTENTION.

In accordance with the above order, all officers or members desiring to receive preparatory instruction in the line and column movements, as also the manual of sword, under the system as adopted by the Supreme Lodge, will convene at WALL'S HALL, corner Adams and Halsted-sts, on Wednesday Evening, Aug. 14, at 8 o'clock. By order.

JOHN J. HEALEY, P. G. C., Commanding First District.

GUSTAVE KORN, D. G. C., and Asst. C. C.

DRESS GOODS.

To the Ladies of Chicago.

G. MENDELSON

Will reopen his former business on or about the 1st of September, corner East Madison and Franklin-sts., next to Field, Leiter & Co.

HUNT, BARBOUR & CO.

Will offer at Retail, extraordinary inducements to close out Remnants of all kinds; also, Piques and Summer

DRESS GOODS

Of all kinds, in order to make room for Fall Stock.

The balance of the stock of Ladies' Lawn and Linen Suits will be closed this week. We make to order Black Grenadine and Black Silk Suits in elegant style and at moderate prices.

103 MADISON-ST.,

NEAR STATE-ST.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

596 CHILDREN. 596

While your little ones are in GOOD HEALTH see to it that you take them to Brand's Splendid Photographic Studio, 596 Wabash-av, and secure good pictures of them. We make a specialty of Children's Photographs.

BRAND'S Photographic Studio, 596 Wabash-av., near 12th-st.

PLATED WARE.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE ATTENTION OF PROPRIETORS OF HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS IS CALLED TO SAMPLES, NOW IN STOCK, OF SILVER-SOLDERED

German Silver-Plated Ware,

PREPARED FOR REAL USE, AND NOW BEING INTRODUCED INTO SOME OF THE LARGE HOTELS. THE QUALITY AND SOUNDNESS OF THESE GOODS IS GUARANTEED, MAKING THEM THE MOST DESIRABLE AND CHEAPEST EVER OFFERED.

TIFFANY & CO., Union-square.

TO LEASE.

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL FOR LEASE.

The Olive Street Hotel,

Formerly Known as the Monroe House,

Containing 154 well-ventilated rooms, and situated on the corner of Second and Olive-sts., St. Louis, is offered (unfurnished) for lease from the 1st of September, 1872, until the 1st of January, 1877. This building, located within one block of the Post Office and in the centre of the principal business district of St. Louis, has just been thoroughly repaired and refitted, and is in excellent order for a first-class hotel. The dining-room is [illegible] feet, and the apportionments of the house are of the best character. For particulars apply to or address

MURDOCH & DICKSON, or JAMES E. KADS, St. Louis, Mo.

DAMAGED GOODS.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

We shall commence Monday to close out all goods damaged by the fire at our store last Wednesday night. All in search of bargains in Dry Goods of all kinds, should not fail to come early.

MERICOLD & LLOYD,

326 West Madison-st.

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL.

TEALL & FISHER,

HAVE REMOVED TO

148 La Salle-st.,

(Otis Block,)

And represent the following first-class Companies:

Star Fire Ins. Co., of N. Y.

Westchester Fire Ins. Co., of N. Y.

Bay State Fire Ins. Co., of Worcester, Mass.

St. Nicholas Fire Ins Co., of N. Y.

New Jersey Mut. Life Ins. Co., of Newark, N. J.

CAPITAL REPRESENTED, OVER

$2,000,000.00!!

TEALL & FISHER,

148 La Salle-st.

REMOVAL.

J. F. RATHBONE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

STOVES,

Have removed their office and salesroom to

Nos. 38 & 40 Lake-st.,

NEAR CORNER OF WABASH-AV.

REMOVAL.

PRICE, ROSENBLATT & CO.

Manufacturers of and jobbers in Men's Furnishing Goods, have removed to their permanent location, Nos. 34 and 36 Lake-st., northwest corner Wabash-av., where we shall continue to manufacture and keep constantly on hand, a complete stock of goods in our line.

REMOVAL.

GREENSFELDER, ROSENTHAL & CO.,

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

BOOTS & SHOES,

Have now removed to their New Store, 34 & 36 LAKE-ST., corner Wabash-av., and solicit calls from their friends and others to examine their stock and prices.

REMOVAL.

F. B. MARSHALL,

Real Estate Agent,

Has removed to Otis Block, Room 10, corner Madison and LaSalle-sts.

REMOVAL.

T. F. Phillips, Tailors' Trimmings,

10 AND 12 MADISON-ST.

FLOORING.

THE GARDEN CITY MANUFACTURING AND SUPPLY CO.,

Cor. Twenty-second and Morgan-st.,

Have the following in large quantities for sale, THOROUGHLY SEASONED:

2-inch Flooring, Dressed and Matched.

1 1-4-inch Flooring, Dressed and Matched.

Inch Flooring, Dressed and Matched.

Inch Georgia Flooring, Dressed and Matched, Yellow Pine.

1 1-4-inch Flooring, Dressed and Matched, Yellow Pine.

Also all SHOP WORK DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.

F. GUSTORF, Sec'y.

FURNITURE.

FASHIONABLE FURNITURE,

W. W. STRONG FURNITURE CO.,

353 to 359 W. Randolph-st., Chicago.

Branch Salesroom, Wabash-av. and 23d-st.

We call special attention to our stock of Low Priced Goods, suitable for present demands.

D. M. Swiney & Bro.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE OFFICE FURNITURE,

Counters, Partitions, Rails, Cylinder Desks, Etc.

FACTORY:

507 to 513 Kinzie-st., cor. Reuben.

CENTRAL BLOCK, Room 37.

FOR SALE.

Brick Yard for Sale.

The whole or a part of a first-class Brick Yard is offered for sale. This Yard is thoroughly furnished for making fine pressed and common brick, and is now turning out ten to fifteen thousand per day. For any one desiring to engage in the brick business, this is a rare opportunity for investment. For full particulars, terms, and samples, address

ILLINOIS BRICK CO., 17 Chamber of Commerce.

HEAVY HORSES.

Needing some heavy horses for our own use, we have had a car-load shipped to us, out of which we will sell four heavy teams. Weigh 2,800 to 3,000 lbs; young and sound. Can be seen to-day at our stables, 691 South Clark-st. DUNNE & SCANLAN, 164 Monroe-st.

California Grapes.

Muscat and Tokay Grapes, first of the season, at BOOTH'S, 229 Lake Front

Chalk, Crayons and School Slates

At Culver, Page, Hoyne & Co.'s,

118 and 120 Monroe-st., Chicago.

MONEY LOAN OFFICE.

LIPMAN'S

Money Loan Office,

27 West Madison-st.,

Four Doors West of Canal-st.

FOR SALE,

At less than Store Prices,

Fine Diamonds, Stem Winding Juergensen Watch, Elgin, Waltham, United States, English, and Swiss Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Gold Studs, Buttons, Pins, Amethyst and other Seal Rings, Gold Wedding Rings, Fine Sets Jewelry, Pistols, Breech-Loading Guns, Gold Opera, Vest, and other Chains, all of which have become forfeited, and will be sold cheap to pay advances and charges.

FINANCIAL.

COOK COUNTY SAVINGS BANK,

Cor. of Washington and Franklin-sts., CHICAGO.

DIRECTORS—William B. Ogden, Frank C. Taylor, William Lill, Henry E. Payson, George Taylor, N. S. Bouton, Redmond Prindiville, Mahlon D. Ogden.

M. D. OGDEN, President.

F. C. TAYLOR, Vice President.

GEO. P. HANSEN, Secretary.

TEUTONIA INSURANCE COMPANY OF CLEVELAND.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 12, 1872.

A dividend of six (6) per cent has this day been declared to the creditors of the Teutonia Insurance Company who have properly proved their claims. Said dividend is payable at the National City Bank of Cleveland, on and after the 15th day of August, 1872. To facilitate collection, dividend orders will be mailed to creditors in proper time. Parties failing to receive them will please advise the undersigned.

JOHN F. WHITELAW, Assignee.

A. O. SLAUGHTER,

BANKER AND BROKER,

328 WABASH-AV.,

Dealer in Gold, Government Bonds, and Local Securities. Will remove to corner Clark and Madison-sts. about Sept. 1.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID IN CASH FOR CLAIMS AGAINST

REPUBLIC INS. CO., HOME, GREAT WESTERN, EQUITABLE, MERCHANTS', MUTUAL SECURITY, GERMANIA, COMMERCIAL, by

A. C. GREENEBAUM,

No. 46 West Randolph-st., Up Stairs.

Loans on Chicago Real Estate

For a term of years made by

S. M. MOORE & CUMMINGS, 213 East Madison-st.

I Will Buy August and December

Republic Insurance Co. Certificates, or will buy December alone. JAMES B. STOREY, Private Banker, 90 South Clinton-st.

Insurance.

Highest cash price paid for claims in all Bankrupt Insurance Companies. E. S. DIETRICH, 77 West Madison-st, Room 3.

Loans Negotiated

On real estate, in the city or suburbs, at current rates. G. S. HUBBARD, Jr., 70 South Canal-st.

Insurance Claims.

I will pay liberally for a few more claims or balances, after dividend (Chicago or Eastern companies), or for Republic certificates. J. H. WITHERELL, 265 Wabash-av.

Republic Ins. Certificates.

I will buy or sell the August or December Certificates. R. B. STILES, 42 West Madison-st. Room 1.

TEAS, &c.

TEAS,

COFFEES AND SPICES,

VERY CHEAP FOR CASH.

HONG KONG TEA CO.,

14 & 16 South Halsted-st., near Randolph.

REOPENING OF THE GOLDEN T STORE.

Formerly 228 Randolph-st., with a choice stock of Teas, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Flour and Provisions, shall be pleased to see our old customers and all who want to buy choice goods at low figures.

E. LICHTENHEIN.

Successor to James Morris & Co., 93 Twenty-second-st., corner Indiana-av.

Those living on the West Side can ride to the store after Monday for one fare!

Sample Tea for Sale!

87c *PER POUND*, or *FIVE POUNDS FOR $4* at

356 Wabash-av.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' Underwear, etc.

Great Clearing Sale of $9,900 worth of Ladies' Underwear,

At retail, commencing Monday, 12th, and following days, until sold. Ladies' bridal sets, toilet sacques, night dresses, skirts, chemises, drawers, corset covers, chemise bosoms, ladies' improved bosom forms, aprons, corset springs and strings, lace collars and sleeves in real and imitation, corsets, hoop-skirts, bustles, hosiery, soaps, etc. These goods must be sold to make room for fall stock, and are now offered at just half price. Goods sent to any part of the city. Store open until 9 every evening. One price only. R. H. McDOWELL, Wholesale and Retail, 140 South Halsted-st., third door from Adams.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

BRICK.

One Million Milwaukee Brick for sale—100 m. on dock, between Madison and Randolph-st. Bridges, West Side of River. Inquire of

P. RAFFERTY, 151 1-2 LaSalle-st.

TO BUILDERS.

We have on hand a lot of sash joists, 12, 14, 16 and 18 feet lengths, which we offer for sale cheap. CURTIS & SKINNER, 36 North Canal-st.

HOTELS.

Continental Hotel,

ANDERSON & CO., Proprietors.

State-st., corner Eldridge-court,

CHICAGO, ILL.

A new house, and first-class in every respect. Terms, $2 per day.

EDUCATIONAL.

EDUCATIONAL.

MRS. H. SIMONS, 238 Calumet-av., formerly of New York, will open an English, German and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children of the Hebrew faith, Sept. 11, 1872. For full information send for circular, call, or address as above.

REAL ESTATE.

$30,000

WILL BUY THE ELEGANT RESIDENCE

93 CALUMET-AV.,

If taken immediately. Apply to

H. B. HORTON, 10 North Jefferson-st.

FOR SALE.

Cheap Lots! Cheap Lots! On Monthly Payments, and just outside the Fire Limits, situated on West Van Buren and Jackson-sts., on and west of California-av., accessible by Madison and Van Buren street cars, and supplied by water. Price from $600 to $800 per lot, in monthly payments to suit. For further particulars inquire at the office of the Couch Subdivision, No. 10 South Clark-st. Room 1.

FOR SALE.

10 acres on State-st., near Fifty-second-st., already subdivided; very choice.

80 acres fronting on Central Park, running from Madison to Harrison-sts.

10½ acres on Sixteenth-st., near new city limits.

700 acres at Washington Heights; very choice; will sell in quantities to suit purchasers. Apply to

W. H. SAMPSON & CO., 144 LaSalle-st., Otis Block.

THE OLD PUMPING WORKS SITE,

At the junction of the Canal and River, with

400 feet DOCKAGE,

To Lease for 10 Years.

Apply to A. J. GALLOWAY & SON, Southwest corner State and Madison-sts.

FOR SALE.

Half section of the Choicest Property at Washington Heights for sale cheap, if sold at once. Apply to

W. H. SAMPSON & CO., 144 LaSalle-st., Otis Block.

FOR SALE.

Two new cottages and lots, Nos. 7 and 9 Flournoy-st., three blocks from cars, $3,000 each. Also, two lots on Flournoy, near Leavitt-st., $900; all on easy terms.

WM. OLCOTT, 473 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE.

17 acres at Englewood—a bargain. Apply to W. H. SAMPSON & CO., Real Estate Agency, 144 LaSalle-st., Otis Block.

TO RENT.

TORENT,

Stores in the Burnt District on Wabash-av., Lake, and Clark-sts., single or double, suitable for wholesale or retail business, by J. M. MARSHALL, Real Estate Agent and House Renting Agency, No. 124 Clark-st., Room 5.

To Rent.

The second and third stories, 20x100 feet, of No. 181 South Water-st. and No. 33 LaSalle-st. A first-class location. Apply to RICHARDS & GOOCH, 181 South Water-st.

TO RENT.

A very desirable store, 118 Twenty-second-st., near Michigan-av.; terms reasonable. Apply on the premises from 8 to 11 o'clock a. m.

R. G. WAGGEN.

TO RENT.

Fine Furnished Office and Desk Room, cheap. Apply to G. E. RYAN & CO., 22 South Canal-st., near the tunnel.

TO RENT.

Store and Offices in the new 5 story Brick Building, 73 and 75 Monroe-st., near State, known as the Brinkworth Building. Apply to

W. H. SAMPSON & CO., Real Estate and House-Renting Agency, 144 LaSalle-st., Otis Block.

TO RENT.

New 3-story and basement Brick Building, No. 19 South Halsted-st. Apply to

W. H. SAMPSON & CO., Real Estate and House-Renting Agency, 144 LaSalle-st., Otis Block.

GENERAL NOTICES.

KNICKERBOCKER Insurance Company.

TO POLICY-HOLDERS:

Suits must be commenced on all policies of this company within one year from the time of the fire, or the claims will be barred.

Parties are advised not to sell their policies.

SHUFELDT & BALL, Attorneys, 23 West Madison-st.

Caledonian Club Picnic AND GAMES.

The Secretary of the Club will attend at the school-room of the Scotch Church, corner of Adams and Sangamon-sts., on Tuesday evening, 13th inst., at 8 o'clock, to receive returns from members for tickets sold, and money collected on the trains at the Picnic of the 8th.

D. L. MACKELLAR, Secretary.

NOTICE.

Stockholders of the Mechanics' Building Company will meet at their office, 43 West Washington-st., Monday evening, at 8 o'clock, to make arrangements for the erection of nine buildings. All persons wishing to take shares are invited to attend. The subscription book will be open.

BY ORDER OF THE DIRECTORS.

Notice.

The public are notified that J. E. GRANT is no longer in our employ in any capacity whatever.

J. M. WING & CO., Publishers and Proprietors of "The Land Owner."

BUSINESS CARDS.

HOSIERY.

TURNER & GARDNER,

[illegible] West Madison-st., Importers of Ladies and Gentlemen's British Hosiery. Shirts made to order.

JAMES J. WALWORTH,

(Successor to Walworth, Purse & Co.), manufacturer and dealer in

Wrought Iron Steam & Gas Pipe, and Fittings,

225 Lake-st., Chicago.

After Sept. 1, 243 and 245 Lake-st.

PROPOSALS.

PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY

OPERATING THE

PITTSBURGH, FT. W. & CHICAGO R. W.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the Chief Engineer of this Company at Pittsburgh, Pa., until noon of Thursday, August 15, 1872, for the grading and bridging of the second track between Englewood and South Chicago, Ill., on the line of P., F. W. & C. R. W., the Company reserving the right to reject any or all bids.

Profiles can be seen and further information can be obtained at the Engineer's office of Western Division, Fort Wayne, Ind.

F. SLATAPER, Chief Engineer.

Pittsburgh, Pa., July 29, 1872.

WANTED.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted, Suburban Acre Property, or Suburban City Property in exchange for all kinds of building lumber. Address L 53, Tribune office.

To Saving Banks.

A first-class Accountant, who also speaks the German and Scandinavian languages, wishes a situation as Secretary or Bookkeeper. Address B 54, Tribune office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SPIRITUALISM

IN ITS SPIRITUAL PHASE.

Applied to HUMAN NEEDS and DEALINGS.

Mrs. JORGENSEN,

158 Park-av., near cor. Lincoln-st.

Hours: 10 a. m. to 9 p. m.

STEAM HEATING

Apparatus and Hotel Ranges,

76 West Washington-st.,

BARON, SMITH & ROGERS.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

West Side.

9 MAY-ST., BETWEEN WASHINGTON AND Randolph-sts.—A handsome front parlor, well furnished or unfurnished, with board.

10 ELLIS PLACE, NEAR CORNER OF MONROE-st.—To rent, with board, to gentleman and wife, with child, a large parlor with bedroom and use of bath room.

12 SOUTH CARPENTER-ST.—TO RENT, furnished rooms, with or without board. A few day boarders can be accommodated.

14 BISHOP COURT, NEAR UNION PARK—One furnished and one unfurnished room; first class house and location. Terms reasonable.

14 SOUTH GREEN-ST.—ROOM FOR A FEW more young men, with board, at $4 per week. Day board, $4, or $1 per day.

16 BISHOP COURT—FOR RENT, WITH board, a suite of front rooms, up one flight; very pleasant; a few rods from Union Park, unfurnished, except with carpets.

20 SOUTH ANN-ST.—LARGE FRONT room, furnished, to a gentleman and wife or two gentlemen; references required.

24 BISHOP-COURT—PLEASANT ROOMS furnished, with or without board.

50 SOUTH MAY-ST., BETWEEN MADISON and Washington—Two furnished rooms, with board; gas, bath, &c.

50 WEST ADAMS-ST.—TWO GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with board and pleasant room in a private family.

63 WEST MONROE-ST.—A PLEASANT FRONT room for two.

75 SOUTH MORGAN-ST.—CHOICE ROOMS, with board, single or for two.

76 WEST MONROE-ST.—BOARD AND LODGING $5 per week. Good table and home comforts.

82 ASHLAND-AV.—DESIRABLE ROOMS with board.

89 SOUTH SANGAMON-ST.—PLEASANT front room with board, suitable for two gentlemen.

115 NORTH PAULINA-ST.—TWO GOOD rooms, with first class board, in a small private family.

117 SOUTH HOYNE-ST.—FURNISHED rooms with or without board. Day boarders wanted.

117 SOUTH SANGAMON-ST.—A NICELY-furnished room, with board, for gentleman only. References required.

121 SOUTH SANGAMON-ST.—LARGE ROOM, furnished or unfurnished, to rent, with board. Modern conveniences; fine location. References exchanged.

132 NORTH UNION-ST.—A FEW BOARDERS can be accommodated with pleasant rooms [illegible] furnished or unfurnished, with hot and cold water, for gentleman and wife.

143 SOUTH HALSTED-ST.—WANTED AT W. B. ANDREWS' first class boarding-house, boarders by the meal, day, or week.

144 SOUTH PEORIA-ST.—PLEASANT FURnished room, with board, for two gentlemen. Gas and bath.

147 WEST INDIANA-ST.—A FEW BOARDERS wanted. Board with lodging, $5; day board, $4; second door to the left on first floor.

148 SOUTH PEORIA-ST.—PLEASANT rooms, with board; gas and bath-room. Also day boarders.

170 WEST ADAMS-ST.—FURNISHED front rooms, with board, for gentlemen only. A few table boarders can be accommodated.

173 WEST ADAMS-ST.—SINGLE ROOMS with board, $6; day board, $4. Mosquito bars on every bed.

176 WEST WASHINGTON-ST.—NICELY furnished front, with board, suitable for two gentlemen.

181 WEST RANDOLPH-ST.—FOUR OR five gentlemen can be accommodated with first class board and lodging, or either—convenient to business centre. Inquire up stairs two flights in front.

202 SOUTH PEORIA-ST.—A LARGE AND newly-furnished front room with board; convenient to street cars; table first-class.

209 WEST WASHINGTON-ST.—A FRONT suite of rooms furnished or unfurnished, for gentleman and wife or single gentleman.

214 WEST WASHINGTON-ST.—BOARD AND furnished room for one or two gentlemen; price $6 for one, or $14 for two.

216 FULTON, CORNER PEORIA-ST.—ELEgant furnished front room to rent, with good board, bath-room, warm and cold water, for gentleman and wife or single gentlemen. Good references required.

216 SAMPSON-ST.—TO RENT, FURNISHED rooms with board in private family.

224 SOUTH MORGAN, CORNER OF TYLER—Two large airy rooms, with hot and cold water, gas, and closets, room furnished or unfurnished. Terms reasonable to right parties.

228 WEST MONROE-ST.—BOARD AND room for gent and wife or single gentleman, furnished or unfurnished; brick house; modern improvements.

256 WEST RANDOLPH, CORNER SANGAMON—A young lady (music teacher preferred) can be accommodated with good board; terms moderate.

262 WARREN-AV.—TO RENT—A LARGE unfurnished room, with board, for man and wife.

290 WEST WASHINGTON-ST.—ONE LARGE front room with closets, nicely furnished, and one single room, with board.

299 WEST JACKSON-ST.—A LARGE FURnished front room with large closet, with board, for two gentlemen.

302 FULTON-ST.—PLEASANT ROOMS IN quiet family; meals when desired.

303 WEST LAKE-ST., NEAR CARPENTER—Nicely furnished rooms with board.

326 WEST MADISON-ST., UPSTAIRS—A FEW day boarders can be accommodated with first class board at $5 per week.

328 WEST WASHINGTON-ST., CORNER OF May.—Furnished back parlor, with first-class board, to two gentlemen or gentleman and wife.

336 WEST WASHINGTON-ST.—A NEW pleasant room on second floor, with first class board; also accommodation for a few day-boarders. References required.

343 SOUTH HALSTED-ST.—SIX OR EIGHT respectable persons can be accommodated with first rate board and lodging. Terms moderate.

357 WEST JACKSON-ST.—LARGE, AIRY rooms and good board; bath room, hot and cold water, gas, and all modern improvements; prices moderate.

375 WEST WASHINGTON-ST.—A SINGLE gentleman can be accommodated with first class board at a reasonable rate.

385 FULTON-ST.—A LARGE FRONT ROOM to rent, with first-class board, to lady and gentleman or two single gentlemen.

397 WEST RANDOLPH-ST.—FURNISHED rooms with board. Apply in photo rooms 387 Madison-st., or at house. References exchanged.

526 FULTON-ST.—SUITE OF FRONT ROOMS and single room with board, one block from Union Park. Bath room.

550 HUBBARD-ST.—A GENTLEMAN AND wife or two single gentlemen can obtain pleasant rooms, with board, by calling to-day.

602 WEST ADAMS-ST.—FURNISHED rooms with or without board; hot and cold water, bath-room, etc.

604 WEST ADAMS-ST.—A GENTLEMAN AND wife can obtain a suite of front rooms nicely furnished, with board, for moderate terms.

607 WEST MADISON-ST., NEAR UNION Park—Front parlor furnished or unfurnished.

623 WEST ADAMS-ST., NEAR UNION PARK—One furnished and one unfurnished suite of rooms, with board; house new, modern, and surrounded by fine grounds; this is the finest location and best accommodations on West Side.

657 WEST MONROE-ST.—FRONT SUITE of furnished rooms on second floor.

670 WEST WASHINGTON-ST.—TO RENT, a pleasant unfurnished room, with board, to gentleman and wife or two gentlemen, at $14 a week.

723 FULTON-ST.—LARGE FURNISHED room with hot and cold water; first-class board with all home comforts, suitable for two or three gentlemen.

723 WEST LAKE-ST.—2 PLEASANT ROOMS to rent, with board.

843 WEST WASHINGTON-ST.—A SUITE OF front rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with first-class table board, for gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen.

CENTRAL HOUSE, No. 238 SOUTH HALSTED-st. Transients, $1.50 per day. Also rooms for permanent boarders.

WEST SIDE, NEAR PARK—I HAVE A NICE house and grounds, and would take a family of two or three persons to board for company; have no other boarders; everything first-class; rooms unfurnished. Address T 28, Tribune office.

South Side.

1 THIRTY-FIRST-ST.—A PLEASANT PARLOR with closet, overlooking the lake, unfurnished, with or without board, or with use of kitchen for light housekeeping.

12 EAST SIXTEENTH-ST.—FIRST-CLASS board, with furnished or unfurnished room, for gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen.

23 TWENTY-FIFTH-ST. (PALACE PLACE)—A handsome room on first floor, with bay window overlooking lake; croquet grounds.

31 INDIANA-AV.—ROOMS TO RENT, WITH board for gentlemen; also table board.

50 LAKE-AV.—A PRIVATE FAMILY CAN accommodate a lady and gent, or two gentlemen, with board. House is most pleasantly situated, having an extensive view of the lake; two minutes walk from Douglas House, and 3 houses from Fairview Station. Reference required.

84 TWENTY-SECOND-ST.—NICELY FURnished front rooms, with board; also, day boarders wanted.

112 COTTAGE GROVE-AV.—TO RENT, A large front parlor, first floor, and a large room, second floor, well furnished; terms moderate.

118 COTTAGE GROVE-AV.—TO RENT, WITH board, one large front or back room, with all modern improvements.

135 TWENTY-NINTH-ST.—GENTLEMEN and their wives or single gents can find pleasant rooms, en suite or single, furnished or unfurnished.

284 MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE FRONT PARlor to rent, with board; also smaller room. Very moderate rates.

285 MICHIGAN-AV.—PLEASANT ACCOMmodations, with board, for two or three gentlemen, on moderate terms.

312 COTTAGE GROVE-AV.—ROOMS, SINgle or en suite, furnished or not. Everything new; fine lake view. Call early and secure the best rooms.

325 MICHIGAN-AV.—TO RENT, FURNISHed rooms with board.

[illegible] BURNSIDE-ST.—A NEATLY FURNISHed front room, with or without board.

[illegible] MICHIGAN-AV.—FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, for gentlemen and wives, or single gentlemen; house modern; has improvements [illegible]

[illegible] DEARBORN-ST. [illegible] with first-rate board at lowest possible prices; parlors [illegible]

[illegible] WABASH-AV.—A DESIRABLE [illegible] nicely furnished double room [illegible]

[illegible] MICHIGAN-AV.—FURNISHED ROOMS with board, at $7 per week.

[illegible] WABASH-AV.—ONE LARGE FRONT [illegible] and one single room, with board; also table [illegible]

[illegible] WABASH-AV.—A HANDSOMELY FURnished front room to rent, with board; location excellent. Reference exchanged.

[illegible] MICHIGAN-AV.—ELEGANT FURnished or unfurnished front room, with board [illegible]

[illegible] WABASH-AV.—2 PLEASANT ROOMS for single gentlemen, with first class board [illegible]

[illegible] MICHIGAN AVENUE—ONE ENTIRE floor, three connecting rooms, either separate, or single, furnished or unfurnished. Also one [illegible]

774 MICHIGAN-AV.—TO RENT, 2 ROOMS, suitable for single gentlemen.

776 MICHIGAN-AV., NEAR TWENTY-SECond-st.—Furnished rooms to rent, with board; also day board.

783 MICHIGAN-AV.—A PLEASANT FRONT room for two gentlemen, with board; also, a single room. Reference required. MRS. SIBLEY.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side—Continued.

804 WABASH-AV.—FURNISHED ROOMS TO rent, with first-class board. References given and required.

809 WABASH-AV.—PENSION ANGLAISE—Apartments for first-class boarders only; terms from $7 to $10 per week; breakfast 7:30; dinner 6:30. This house has been completely refurnished and will be ready to receive visitors on Wednesday the 14th inst.

880 INDIANA-AV.—NEAR EIGHTEENTH-st.—Back parlor suite and very pleasant room on second floor, to rent with board. Bath rooms and use of piano. Late dinners.

977 INDIANA-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED room, suitable for one or two single gentlemen, to rent, with first-class board; also, a few select day boarders can be accommodated.

1050 MICHIGAN-AV.—HANDSOMELY furnished room, with closet, hot and cold water, to rent, with board; also, unfurnished room; also, barn.

1123 INDIANA-AV.—TO RENT WITH board, two large front rooms, one furnished and one unfurnished.

A GENTLEMAN DESIRING A PLEASANT home, with board, in a private family, on Prairie-av., near Twenty-fifth-st. Address L 54, Tribune branch office.

A LADY HAS TAKEN A COTTAGE-house on Michigan-av.; would let the parlor floor to a party of gentlemen, or family, with first class board. Address U 50, Tribune office.

NEVADA HOTEL, 177 EAST TWENTY-FIRST-st.—Handsome rooms, very finely furnished, to rent by the day, week, or month, with excellent board or without.

SOUTH SIDE HOUSE, 112 STATE-ST.—Pleasant rooms, with good hotel board, at $5.00 per week.

North Side.

132 PINE-ST.—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS to rent, with or without board. References required.

512 NORTH DEARBORN-ST.—TWO OR three gentlemen or gentleman and wife can find board and pleasant rooms.

Country.

GOOD COUNTRY BOARD FOR MAN and wife can be obtained 25 miles from city on C. & N. W. R. R. Address Box 6, Wheaton, Ill.

SHERIDAN-AV., ONE MILE SOUTH OF the Normal School—Two or three families can be accommodated with first class board for the summer or by the year; the Blue Island dummy passes the door eight times a day. For particulars address Mrs. H. M. DUNN, Englewood, Cook County, Ill.

WILMETTE, 2 MILES NORTH OF EVANSton; board can be had in a private family. Address M., Wilmette, Ill.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—AND ROOMS FOR TWO (MOTHER and son) east of State, between Twenty-second and Twelfth-sts., in pleasant locality and private family. B 39, Tribune Branch office.

BOARD—A YOUNG LADY WILL GIVE MUSIC lessons and assist in light work in exchange for board. Good references as to capability, etc. Address G 35, Tribune office.

BOARD—BY TWO GENTLEMEN AND THEIR wives, with large rooms or suites in private family, where there are no other boarders, or where they can have a nice, pleasant home. Address N 31, Tribune office.

BOARD—FOR GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, with rooms furnished or unfurnished, in private family, where there are no other boarders; on south side, east of State-st. Address B 25, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND FURNISHED ROOM BY GENtleman and wife, between Ashland-av. and Hoyne-st. Terms must be reasonable. Address, stating location, accommodations, and terms, BOOKSTORE, 770 West Lake-st.

BOARD—FOR MYSELF AND WIFE IN A clean, comfortable place; few or no other boarders; can't pay for "style" or baker's bread. Please give description and terms to A. M. P., 325 Michigan-av.

BOARD—FURNISHED ROOM, WITH BOARD, in private family or first class boarding house for gentleman and wife. Address L. K. W., 322 West Harrison-st.

BOARD—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY FOR GENtleman and wife on West Side east of Union Park. Address Z 80, Tribune office.

BOARD—BY A YOUNG LADY WHO IS EMployed through the day; in a family on West Side, where there are few or no other boarders. Address MISS B., 114 West Madison-st.

BOARD—PERMANENT BOARD WITH A plain, clean family, wanted by a young man of regular habits. Address Z 63, Tribune office.

BOARD—UNFURNISHED OR FURNISHED front room in a private family, with board for gentleman and wife and little girl of 6 years; vicinity of Union Park preferred. Address P 75, Tribune office.

BOARD—FOR GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, with suite of lower front rooms, modern conveniences, on West Side; good location; everything first-class. Want barn also. Address H 19, Tribune office.

BOARD—PERMANENT BOARD IS DESIRED by a gentleman and wife, and child of 5 years, in a private family; room furnished or unfurnished; would prefer location between Reuben and Lincoln, Lake and Madison-sts. Address R 89, Tribune office.

BOARD—BY TWO YOUNG GENTLEMEN OF quiet habits and tastes, in a private family where there are no unmarried gentlemen boarders. Location, north of Twentieth-st. and east of State. Address, stating location and terms, R 38, Tribune office.

BOARD—BY GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, South Side. Address P 67, Tribune Branch office.

BOARD—BY A YOUNG LADY, WEST SIDE, vicinity of South Halsted-st. Address Z 91, Tribune office.

BOARD—FOR SELF AND WIFE, FURNISHED front room or rooms, in the vicinity of Union Park; also, barn room for horse and buggy. House must have modern conveniences. [illegible] P 91, Tribune office.

BOARD—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE WISH first-class board, in a private family, on the West Side. No children. Address, stating location, G 69, Tribune office.

BOARD—A YOUNG LADY WISHES BOARD in exchange for music lessons. Furnish a good piano. Address N 39, Tribune branch office.

BOARD—FURNISHED ROOM, WITH GOOD board, for gentleman and wife, west of Throop and near Madison-st. Address, with price, T. PERKINS, 49 State-st.

BOARD—ON THE WEST SIDE, FOR A GENtleman and wife, and 2 children, aged 5 and 11. Two rooms connecting. Location between Peoria and Lincoln, Fulton and Van Buren-sts. Address, stating terms, G. E. B., 14 North Canal-st. Will be permanent if suited.

BOARD—AND ROOM BY A SINGLE GENtleman; West Side; must be first-class; late dinner. Address B 67, Tribune office.

BOARD—A PARLOR AND BEDROOM, WITH board, by a gentleman and wife, on Michigan, Prairie, or Calumet-av., north of Twenty-third-st. References given and required. Address W 90, Tribune branch office.

BOARD—TWO GENTLEMEN DESIRE ROOM and board where there are few or no other boarders. Address, with particulars, W 32, Tribune branch office.

BOARD—AN UNFURNISHED ROOM, WITH board, by gentleman and wife; West Side; price not to exceed $12 per week. If suited, will be permanent. Address B, Room 48, Central Union Block.

BOARD—BY A YOUNG MAN IN A PRIvate family, not to exceed $5 per week; West Side. P 68, Tribune office.

BOARD—FOR MAN AND WIFE AND child two years old, east of Union Park and north of Van Buren-st., West Side. Address, giving location and terms, F 82, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM FOR GENTLEMAN and wife in private family about Sept. 1st near Twenty-second-st., east of State. Address X 60, Tribune branch office.

BOARD—FOR SELF AND WIFE—MUST BE between Eighteenth and Twenty-ninth sts., east of State. I want exclusive right of a good barn. References required. Address H 87, Tribune office.

BOARD—WANTED, A SUITE OF ROOMS for gentleman and wife in a private family. Will pay $25 per week and furnish own rooms. Address Q 23, Tribune office.

BOARD—FOR GENTLEMAN, WIFE, AND child, in a private family, within 15 minutes' walk of Madison and Morgan-sts. Address, stating terms, which must be moderate, R 77, Tribune office.

BOARD—FURNISHED ROOM FOR GENTLEman and lady (board for lady only), on South Side; quiet parties. Address T 10, Tribune Branch office.

BOARD—BY TWO GENTLEMEN, IN A PRIvate family, or but few boarders kept; style no object, but good plain board; best of references given. Address C. E. PARKER, 171 West Madison-st.

BOARD—A SUITE OF GOOD ROOMS, WITH board for gentleman, wife and boy, in a first-class private family; South Side. Address V 70, Tribune office.

BOARD—AFTER SEPT. 1, FOR GENTLEMAN and wife in private family. Address J, Room 3, Stone's Building, Madison-st.

INSTRUCTION.

A GERMAN TEACHER (NATIVE) WANTS to give lessons in the German language and music, either in pupil's home or at own residence. Address Q 94, Tribune Branch office.

A LADY TEACHER DESIRING A FIRST rate location for a private school will do well to address D 23, Tribune Branch office.

A YOUNG LADY FROM NEW YORK, HAVING had the best masters, will give lessons on the pianoforte, either at the pupil's residence or at her own. Apply at MRS. SIMON'S Boarding and Day School, 348 Calumet-av.

INSTRUCTION—GIVEN BY A GERMAN teacher; best of city reference. Address E 21, Tribune office.

LAKE FOREST ACADEMY, LAKE FOREST, Ill., a charmingly located and splendidly equipped boarding school for boys. IRA W. ALLEN, Principal.

PARLEZ-VOUS FRANCAIS? ITALIEN? ESpagnol? If not, call on Professor LE GENDRE, 236 Wabash-av.

PROF. DELOULME, 52 ABERDEEN-ST. French, piano, singing, Latin, etc. Thorough teaching. Terms moderate; cool parlor.

ST. MARK'S SCHOOL, NEAR ROCHESTER, N. Y., a boarding school for boys, located in the open country 3 miles from city limits. Fifth year commences Sept. 17. The course of studies are designed to prepare boys for the universities, the scientific schools or for mercantile life. The desirable and healthful location of this school, the high order of instruction given, the thoroughness of the teaching, the gentlemanly bearing of the students, the home care and comforts, and the cheerful moral training enjoyed by the scholars, are attractions worthy the attention of parents seeking a first-class family school for their sons. [illegible] Address, for circular and references, Rev. THOMAS DRUMM, M. D., Rector.

WANTED—A FEW MECHANICS TO TAKE instructions in architectural drawing evenings. Inquire at 93 South Halsted-st., Room 2, on Monday evening, at 7 o'clock.

WANTED—PUPILS IN DRAWING. TERMS low; pupils attended at their residences. Address W. M. AXTELL, 31 Thirty-first-st.

WANTED—SIX PUPILS FOR THE GUITAR, by an accomplished (lady) teacher; terms moderate; no gentlemen need apply. Address R, 770 Michigan-av.

WANTED—MUSIC PUPILS, EITHER AT MY own or pupil's residence. Terms very moderate. [illegible] M., or call at 248 Arnold-st.

[illegible] MACHINES.

[illegible]

A FIRST-CLASS HALF-CABINET [illegible] ing machine at a very low price [illegible] same for $4 a month. Address R, 770 Michigan-av.

NEW SEWING MACHINES—SELLING AT LESS than one-half the regular price; machines never used, sold for $70, $35; [illegible] $35, at 388 West Madison-st.

SINGER SEWING MACHINE OFFICE OF Bishop & Pearson, 130 South Halsted-st. Machines sold or rented on easy monthly installments, and work given to persons if desired.

WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINES—The new improved sold or rented on easy monthly payments; work given if desired. BURNHAM & FLANNERY, City Agents, main office, 358 West Madison-st.; branch, 625 Wabash-av.

WEED SEWING MACHINE OFFICE 89 SOUTH Halsted-st. Machines sold on monthly payments, and work given. Attachments for all machines.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

AS GOOD A FAMILY HORSE AS IS IN CHIcago for sale. A lady can either ride or drive him with perfect safety; is six years old, warranted sound, and is a beautiful horse; will give a trial. Call on Monday at 866 State-st.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF YOUNG LARGE sound horses for sale; also, 4 carriages, 4 buggies, and horse equipage of all kinds, at 739 State-st.

AUCTION OF HORSES, WAGONS, CARriages, harness, every Tuesday and Saturday. Money advanced on goods left in my charge. Good stabling for horses. 421 State-st.

FOR SALE—A SPAN OF BAY HORSES, 16 hands high, 6 years old, well broke single or double. Apply at 656 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—SORREL MARE, 7 YEARS OLD, and sound; will trot in 3:00 under the watch, and is as handsome as can be. Price, $300. Apply at Chicago Roofing Co., 198 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—A NICE COMANCHE PONY, SADdle, and bridle, well broke and used to riding or driving. Inquire in stable rear of 115 South Halsted-st.

FOR SALE—1 CLOSE CARRIAGE, NEWLY painted, cheap; 1 light, 3-spring grocery wagon, $60; business horse for $50; also open buggy, newly painted. May be seen at BASSETT'S Boarding Stables, rear of 15 and 17 Harmon court.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—OR WILL EXCHANGE for furniture, a second hand open buggy. Address S 81, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A GOOD HORSE, HARNESS, AND delivering wagon; also, a single harness and a two-seat buggy; has been used but a short time. Inquire at 383 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—ONE LARGE HORSE, 1,300 pounds; sound, and will work either single or double. Inquire at 992 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—ONE LARGE ENGLISH POINTER dog. Inquire at 992 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE STOCK OF PHAETONS, jump seats, Concord business wagons, top and open buggies and light carriages of every description. L. S. TOWER & BROS., manufacturers and dealers, 105 South Clinton-st., near Madison.

FOR SALE—AN A 1 HORSE, 1,300 POUNDS, imported stock, suitable for any work; perfect; price $125. Call on or address I C, No. 385 West Lake-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A NICE, EASY SADDLE horse or pony; is sound, kind and gentle; will travel well in buggy. Inquire at 37 River-st. BOGARDUS BROS.

FOR SALE—TWO GOOD TOP BUGGIES, ONE heavy and one light; also a good horse at 323 Michigan-av.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, GOOD BUSINESS horse, stylish city made movable-top buggy and harness. Inquire at Centre-av. Stables.

FOR SALE—2 TWO-SEATED BUGGIES, ONE good second-hand top buggy. Inquire at 140 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—FIRST-RATE YOUNG CARRIAGE horse; very gentle, good traveller. Will exchange for first class safe. STORRS & WARE, 373 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—2 COUPE CARRIAGES, nearly new, harness, etc. rear 404 West Adams-st. Will trade for cottage and lot.

FOR SALE—AT LOW FIGURES, A NEW STOCK of eastern carriages at 333 State-st. Also repairing promptly attended to by TUCKER & MORGAN.

FOR SALE—3 HORSES, 2 OF THEM SUITABLE for ladies; new phaeton, business wagon, and harness. Have orders for 6 more good ones. ANTHONY, 17 Sixteenth-st.

FOR SALE—PAIR OF GOOD STYLISH DARK bay horses, accustomed to city; for sale for want of use. Inquire at 434 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—PHAETON, TOP BUGGY, OPEN buggy, and two horses and harness, cheap, to close out lot. 68 and 70 West Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—A SQUARE BOX BUSINESS BUGgy. No. 201 East Washington-st.

FOR SALE—FINE YOUNG HAMBLETONIAN mare; trots in 2:50; no training; the finest driver in the city; warranted all right, sound, and kind. Call on Dr. FRITZ, 158 South Halsted-st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF COAN & TEN BROEKE'S best single top buggies, nearly new, and fine set of single harness; also beautiful Membrino mare smart and well broken, one of the best roadsters in the city; will sell the above or will exchange for desirable unimproved property. Inquire at 583 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—OR WILL EXCHANGE FOR GOOD inside real estate, a splendid pair of carriage horses, large bays, together with top buggy, double and single harness, dog carts, etc. Address B E L, Tribune branch office.

FOR SALE—ONE LARGE MARE, 6 YEARS old, sound and kind, guaranteed; will work single or double. Inquire Monday at 204 West Adams-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE HORSE, CHEAP, OR will trade for real estate or gold watch. Address V 86, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE FOR PAIR horses, that little brown mare, the boss of the Boulevards. Inquire barn rear of 153 South Green-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—ONE LIGHT ROAD wagon, one basket phaeton, new, two sets of new single harness. Can be seen at 43 Fourteenth-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A SPLENDID TEAM OF horses, with wagon and new harness. Inquire at 227 Rush-st.

FINE BLACK MARE, 5 YEARS OLD, SOUND, can show 3 minutes a lady can drive her; fine new single harness, rubber trimmed; light open buggy. Will be sold cheap by owner at 600 Madison-st., Monday, Tuesday, or Wednesday.

FOR SALE—A GOOD WORK HORSE FOR $40.00. No. 74 Smith-st., near corner Paulina and Madison-sts.; a trial given.

FOR SALE—SPAN MULES 17 HANDS HIGH; large draft horse; fine buggy mare cheap; call to-day. 740 Madison-st.

FOR SALE—A LIGHT TROTTING WAGON, nearly new; also, two very fast mares, at H. NEWTON & CO.'s Livery, rear 187 and 189 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—A GOOD C SPRING CARRIAGE, changing front quarters; also a good C. spring clarence. Inquire at 82 Walnut-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—ONE LARGE horse fit for truck or express; also one single harness. Inquire barn rear 153 South Green-st.

FOR SALE—A GOOD DRIVING OR SADDLE horse, for $125; sold for want of use. J. S. POLLARD, Metropolis Hotel, Michigan-av., corner Fourteenth-st.

FOR SALE—HORSE, TOP BUGGY AND HARness. Coan & Ten Broeke buggy, nearly new; owner about to leave the city. Can be seen at Bassett's Boarding Stables, rear of 15 and 17 Harmon court.

FOR SALE—ONE NEARLY NEW STANDARD shifting top buggy; price, $125; one second hand road wagon, $75. A. W. ALLEN, 233 West Lake-st.

FOR SALE—A LEATHER TOP BUGGY, CHEAP. 113 Aberdeen-st., northeast corner of Van Buren.

FOR SALE—SPLENDID 2 SEATED, STYLISH, open carriage. Inquire in rear of 1010 Michigan-av.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, A SECOND HAND LIGHT double harness; also heavy and light single harness, at J. A. ISLE'S shop, 403 State-st.

FOR SALE—TWO GOOD TOP BUGGIES, cheap; can be seen to-day 357 South Park-av.

FOR SALE—THE BEST SIX YEAR OLD TROTting horse in the city, perfectly sound and kind in every way; will exchange for real estate. 869 Cottage Grove-av.

FOR SALE—1 FINE SHIFTING TOP BUGGY, (Yacht, with gold stripe).
1 fine square box open buggy.
1 two-seat top carriage.
2 or 3 light express.
1 democrat.
Also this is the time to order Portland cutters, or have old ones varnished up, at HATHAWAY'S, 600 State-st.

HORSE AND EXPRESS WAGON FOR SALE or exchange, the wagon for a buggy. Call Monday at 104 Twenty-second-st.

HORSE AND CARRIAGE FOR SALE, OR trade—I will sell cheap for cash, or trade for city real estate my fine black horse and two-seated covered carriage; or will exchange the carriage for a medium top buggy. J. H. HUYCK & KNOX, 57 and 59 West Lake-st.

I HAVE A HANDSOME, STYLISH, FAST, DAPple gray horse, Coan & Tenbroeke top buggy, harness and lap robe; also an elegant double harness and buggy pole for sale cheap for cash, or will exchange for bricks. Call at 59 West Lake-st., Room 3.

I WILL PAY CASH FOR A WELL-MADE, second-hand, two-seated buggy, in strictly good condition; must be as good as new. ARTHUR TREDWAY, 872 Wabash-av.

J. M. DAVIS—IMPORTER OF FINE BRED Canadian horses, fine driving, carriage and draught horses for sale. Rear of 612 West Jackson-st.

MY FAMILY CARRIAGE HORSES AND HARness or either of them for sale. Apply at my office, 441 Wabash-av. JAMES MORGAN.

ONE LARGE BAY HORSE FOR SALE OR exchange for a small one at 644 Butterfield-st.

PAIR OF FINE YOUNG MATCHED FAST trotters for sale cheap. DR. FRITZ, 158 South Halsted-st.

TO EXCHANGE—ONE 3 MINUTE MARE; also one Messenger stallion—both sound, kind, and gentle; will take Chicago lots, lands, or merchandise or horse and buggy in exchange, or sell cheap for cash; horse men and speculators give me a call. T. C. LAMB, 127 West Washington-st.

WANTED—TO BUY A HEAVY HORSE, CHEAP for cash at 45 Labar-st., North Side. HENRY HARMENING.

WANTED—A GOOD MEDIUM-WEIGHT SECond-hand running gear of wagon, suitable for a peddling wagon. Apply to or address L & S, 823 West Lake-st.

WANTED—A LIGHT SKELETON WAGON; must be in good condition and very cheap for cash; would prefer one with both shafts and pole; also a nice light single harness for rather small horse. Address, with full particulars, Z 51, Tribune office.

WANTED—A GOOD EXPRESS RIG, HORSE, harness, and wagon. Must be cheap for cash. A young, sound, and gentle horse. Address T 59, Tribune office.

WANTED—SPAN OF HORSES AND BUGGY, all or part in exchange for some good inside real estate. RICE & RICE, 43 West Washington-st.

WANTED — A HANDSOME PONY WITH long mane and tail, gentle, sound and kind for a girl and boy to ride or drive. H. C. GOODRICH, 40 Hoyne-st., near Washington.

WE HAVE LEATHER-TRIMMED HAND made harness of No. 1 Oak tanned stock which we will sell for $26 per set. FLETCHER, LAZEAR & CHENEY, 148 Michigan-av.

WE HAVE ON HAND TOP AND OPEN BUGgies, Phaetons, Carryalls, Business and Road wagons, in fact, most any style of a light carriage or wagon, which we will sell at bottom prices. Give us a call before purchasing. FLETCHER, LAZEAR & CHENEY, 148 Michigan-av.

WANTED—HORSE, TOP-BUGGY, AND HARness; nothing but a first class turnout will suit. 89 West Washington-st., Room 1.

WANTED—FOR CASH, A DARK BROWN OR black horse or mare 15½ hands high; must be well formed, not over 7 years old, work double or single, and warranted sound. Apply at Room 4 Central Union Block, Monday or Tuesday, before 12 o'clock.

WANTED—GOOD HORSE, OR PAIR OF horses with light carriage for suburban lot, very desirable. Address A 88, Tribune Branch office.

WANTED—A SADDLE HORSE, ONE THAT can be used in a buggy. Address, stating price, M. J. THOMPSON, 39 North Sheldon-st.

WANTED—TO BUY FOR CASH, GOOD HORSE, harness and democrat or light wagon; must be a bargain. Call at No. 43 and 45 West Washington-st. FARNSWORTH BROWN & CO.

30 OPEN TOP BUGGIES, DEMOCRAT, beach, and express wagons, phaetons, and single harness, at auction, on Wednesday, Aug. 14, at 10 o'clock, at the Good Front Auction House, 55 and 57 South Canal-st. WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

$170 WILL BUY AN UNUSUALLY FINE buggy horse, bright bay, 15½ hands high, 1,100 pounds, sound, without a blemish, and entirely [illegible] 6 years old, and perfectly safe for a lady to drive. Barn rear 764 Michigan-av.

[illegible] BUYS AN UNUSUALLY FINE [illegible]

$225 [illegible]

$800 [illegible]

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers, Clerks, &c.

WANTED—BOOK-KEEPER—BY A GENERAL commission house. Address, stating age, experience, and salary wanted, D 45, Tribune office.

WANTED—A CLERK FOR A DRUG STORE; one who speaks German and has been a few years at the business preferred. M 16, Tribune office.

WANTED—A BOOKKEEPER OF THOROUGH experience and first class ability. Address in handwriting of applicant, stating age, experience, and references, Q 13, Tribune office.

WANTED—A SMART, INTELLIGENT YOUNG man as clerk in the office of a wholesale hat and cap house; must be a good penman and make himself generally useful; salary small. Address, giving age and reference, H 86, Tribune office.

WANTED—A BOY FROM 16 TO 18 YEARS TO clerk in a grocery store; one having some experience in a grocery store preferred; must come well recommended. Apply at store corner Blue Island-av. and Paulina-st.

WANTED—BOOKKEEPER, A YOUNG MAN who lives with his parents, and can come well recommended. Address, in own handwriting, K 78, Tribune office.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS RETAIL CLOTHing salesman; one acquainted with city trade preferred. E. T. GOODRICH, 141 Twenty-second-st.

WANTED—SALESMAN—A MAN THOROUGHly posted in scales, to work up city trade, with whom liberal terms will be made. O 15, Tribune office.

WANTED—A GOOD PRESCRIPTION CLERK, who speaks German and English; to whom a good salary will be paid. Apply at 481 South Halsted-st., cor. Mitchell.

WANTED—BY MCKEY BROS., OF JANESville, Wis., two first class dry goods salesmen; none but experienced men, with satisfactory references, need apply.

WANTED—FOR A WHOLESALE BOOT AND shoe house three experienced salesmen who can control trade. Apply personally or by letter, to SAGE, KIRTLAND & ORDWAY, Chicago.

WANTED—A GOOD SALESMAN, WHO HAS a good acquaintance in the West Division, to take orders for an article of every day use. Address S 21, Tribune office.

WANTED—FOR THE WHOLESALE NOTION department, an experienced salesman. Address N 80, Tribune office.

WANTED—AN ENTRY CLERK AND A SALESman, by a wholesale notion house; both must have experience and come well recommended. Address, stating references, etc., O 97, Tribune office.

WANTED—IN A WHOLESALE GROCERY house, a first class shipping and receiving clerk. Inquire at 155 Michigan-av. CORY, BARRETT, HANNA & CO.

WANTED—A BOOKKEEPER; MUST BE A fine penman and posted in all respects; no other need apply; references required. Address E 100, Tribune office.

WANTED—2 FIRST-CLASS SALESMEN, HAVing an established trade in the West. Address JOHNSON & CADY, 95 South Clinton-st.

WANTED—BY A WHOLESALE GROCERY house, a salesman for the C B & Q R R route. Also one for Wisconsin. Only those need apply who are acquainted with the business and now control a good trade. Address R, care letter carrier No 4.

WANTED—A BOOT AND SHOE SALESMAN. One who has a trade desired. Call at 65 East Jackson-st.

WANTED—A CLERK WITH KNOWLEDGE of bookkeeping by double entry. State salary expected, with references. Address W 22, Tribune office.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS DRY GOODS salesmen who understand German and Bohemian at City of Dublin dry goods store, 515 South Halsted-st.

Trades.

WANTED—A PERFECT CLEANER WILL find steady employment at COOK & MCLAIN'S Dye Works, 121 Ellis-av.

WANTED—FOUR BLANK BOOK FORWARDers. Apply to CULVER, PAGE, HOYNE & CO., 118 and 120 Monroe-st., fifth floor.

WANTED—A CABINET MAKER, ONE TO take charge of the cutting and getting out stock. Also 10 first-class cabinet makers to do custom work. Melsner Furniture Mfg. Co., 347 and 349 West Lake.

WANTED—A GOOD FLOORMAN HORSE-shoer at 358 Blue Island-av.

WANTED—CARRIAGE PAINTERS. 77 Douglas place, Chicago.

WANTED—TWO GOOD MEN TO WORK ON stock. Inquire J. J. BROWN, livery, 140 West Madison.

WANTED—A GOOD STICK CANDY MAKER to go in the country. Apply 138 North Market-st.

WANTED—A NUMBER OF HOUSE CARPENters on fine houses, corner of Cass and Illinois sts.; also corner of south Water-st. and Wabash-av.

WANTED—TEN LATHERS ON GARDNER'S building, third door east of Fifth-av., on Washington-st.

WANTED—A GOOD WAGON MAKER, AT CALumet, Ill., one mile from the station. Inquire of J. KOMMERS.

WANTED—A GOOD CARPENTER; ONE WHO understands fancy flask work. Apply at VULCAN IRON WORKS, 80 to 90 North Clinton-st.

WANTED—ONE GOOD BRASS MOULDER and one core maker. Apply to J. GREEN, corner of Franklin and Van Buren-sts.

WANTED—TO BOOKBINDERS, ONE FINisher, one cloth worker, forwarder, and ten sewers and folders—who understand the business, at COX & HENDERSON'S Steam Book Manufacturing House, Nos. 103 and 105 South Canal-st.

WANTED—A GOOD, FAITHFUL, ENERGETIC and temperate man that can use or learn to use the trowel; full time guaranteed. Apply Monday, from 7 to 8 a. m. 48 South Canal-st. K. HAMMILL.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS WATCHMAKER immediately, by RODDIN & HAMILTON, 944 State-st.

WANTED—AT 351 NORTH FRANKLIN-ST., 10 or 12 carpenters.

WANTED—A PLASTERER TO DO PLASTERing in payment for a half-acre lot. G. W. DEAN, 54 South Desplaines-st.

WANTED—MAN TO RUN A MOULDING MAchine for sticking walnut and pine mouldings. [illegible]

WANTED—A BARBER TO RENT THE BARber's shop, at Desplaines camp meeting. Apply at St. James Hotel office, Monday, 8 a. m. E. BRUSH.

WANTED—AN ORNAMENTAL JAPANNER at FLAMMER'S Japannery, 45 Meridian-st.

WANTED—AT 344 WEST POLK-ST., 1 GOOD shaper hand.

WANTED—A GOOD GALVANIZED CORNICE workman, one that can take work from the plans, at 312 Michigan-av. SEAVEY & CO.

WANTED—A GOOD HORSE-SHOER AT 232 West Polk-st.

WANTED—A CARRIAGE-SMITH'S HELPER at 145 Michigan-av., early Monday morning.

WANTED—A GOOD BLACKSMITH AND chisel sharpener at stone yard, on Kinzie-st., between Halsted and Throop-sts., south side of river; steady work for a sober, reliable man. Inquire Monday at yard, or JOHN ROBINSON, corner of LaSalle and Madison-sts., Hitchcock & Gallup's building.

WANTED—THREE GOOD PATTERN-MAKERS at 27 North Jefferson-st., third floor.

WANTED—TWO GOOD TUCKPOINTERS, CORner of Monroe and Clark-sts., Monday morning. COONEY & DAFARRY.

WANTED—LATHERS—15 BEST LATHERS CAN expect biggest wages and steady work. Apply Sunday, to 300 Hubbard-st., or Monday at large house between Lincoln and Wood sts., on Washington-av.

WANTED—A GOOD WOOD JOB TURNER TO go a short distance in the country; steady work. Also a table-maker. Chicago prices. Call at 83 South Jefferson-st. after 10 o'clock to day.

WANTED—FIVE LATHERS. CALL THIS AFternoon at 269 North LaSalle-st.

WANTED—FIVE FIRST CLASS BRICK LAYers, at Conrad Brewery, South Park-av., between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth-sts. None but first class need apply.

WANTED—10 GOOD LATHERS. APPLY TO-day at 193 Twenty-sixth-st. HOFFMAN & KENNEDY.

WANTED—AT ZINC ORNAMENTAL WORKS, 164 Chicago-av., a foreman, to take charge of our galvanized iron cornice shop; steady job and good pay.

WANTED—A WOOD TURNER—AT CORNER Twelfth and Lumber-sts. by ANSTATH & PRINGWALD.

WANTED—AT THE MECHANICS' EMPLOYment Bureau, 171 West Madison-st., basement, carpenters, stone-masons and bricklayers, and stonecutters; employment guaranteed or no pay; $1.00 charge for obtaining job.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS LOCKSMITH—TO experiment and make patterns for dies and formers; prefer some one that understands sewing machines. LESLIE RUFFLER CO., 340 Wabash-av.

WANTED—4 GOOD TIN ROOFERS, COME ready for work Monday morning, 856 State-st.

WANTED—A RETOUCHER TO WORK IN gallery by the week. Anyone desirous of the situation call Monday at HALL'S photograph gallery, 217 West Madison-st.

WANTED—MARRIED PROTESTANT PAINTers, carpenters, laboring men at suburban town Highwood. E. ASHLEY MEARS, 1338 Prairie-av., between 11 and 12 a. m.

WANTED—A CUSTOM CUTTER TO GO TO the country. Must be willing to fill out spare time with sewing. Address, stating salary expected and references, M 48, Tribune office.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS MEAT AND PAStry cook at Uhlrich House, corner State and Twenty-second-st.; male or female.

WANTED—STRONG BOY THAT CAN USE bench tools to work with a carpenter. 521 South Halsted-st.

Coachmen, Teamsters, &c.

WANTED—A MARRIED MAN TO TAKE CARE of horses and do general work about a place whose wife could wash, iron, &c., part of the time; a good chance offered. Inquire of MILLARD & DACK, R. R., 285 East Madison-st.

WANTED—A BOY TO DRIVE DELIVERY wagon at Eureka Laundry, 76 Loomis-st.

WANTED—A BOY WHO CAN TAKE CARE of a horse, and make himself generally useful at 559 State-st., at 9 o'clock a. m.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED COACHMAN. Must bring good references as to character and sobriety. Apply at 670 Michigan-av.

WANTED—TEAMSTER. APPLY AT NO. 344 Throop-st., near corner Twelfth-st.

WANTED—A GOOD DRIVER EARLY THIS morning, at 243 West Twelfth-st. W. A. RUSSELL.

WANTED—COACHMAN WHO IS EVERY WAY right. Call at 29 Park-av., with references.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—LABORERS CAN FIND PERMAnent employment at the works of N. W. Fertilizing Company at Ainsworth, on Pittsburgh & Fort Wayne Railroad. Apply at office 279 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN WELL KNOWN and posted in writing fire insurance, by a party who has good Western connections, available for an agency business. Address, C 99, Tribune office.

WANTED—MANY MAN AND WOMAN THERE are in Chicago, who, before the fire, had good homes, and were beyond the need of work, but are now left almost destitute in a city where they feel that it is a shame for them to work at common labor. To such Colorado offers a home of 160 acres of land, and the world has ever heard and will ever be heard for the labor you do. The southwestern colony offers you liberal terms on which to get out there. Office, Lewis House, 146 Wabash-av. D. S. ORMAN, Gen. Supt.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—500 MEN FOR Lake Superior; 500 men for the Ionia, Stanton & Northern Railroad; 500 men for tracklaying and gravel train on the Detroit and Bay City Railroad; 500 men for the Chicago & Northwestern; 500 men for the Milwaukee Northern; 500 men for Michigan Central double track; wages $1 to $2.50 per day; board $4 per week; also 40 farm hands and saw-mill hands, at good wages. Free fare and particulars apply to CHRISTIAN & BING, 108 South Canal-st., up stairs.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS NIGHT watchman. Apply Monday at [illegible] ALLEN & MACKEY'S carpet store, corner [illegible]

WANTED—20 MEN TO WORK IN BRICK yard. Apply Monday morning at U. S. BRICK MACHINE [illegible] 108 South Clinton-st.

WANTED—CANVASSERS—FOR SELLING Horace Greeley, manufactured by L. LAPLAN & CO., photographers, 90 Fourth-st., corner Milwaukee-av.

WANTED—TEN GOOD SOBER, INDUSTRIOUS men for ice wagons. A. B. PIPER & CO., 16 Fuller-st.

WANTED—FOUR SOLICITORS FOR A FIRST-class life insurance company; liberal inducements offered. Room 3, 105 West Washington-st.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Miscellaneous—Continued.

WANTED—A TALENTED YOUNG MAN TO fill vacancy in a dramatic class; terms moderate. PROF. W. W. QUIN, Stanley Hall, 520 West Lake-st.

WANTED—A MAN TO LIVE IN A BUILDing and act as janitor. One who has other work to do preferred. Good references required. Apply to J. H. Kesler, 285 Halsted-st., corner Harrison.

WANTED—A BOY 15 TO 18 YEARS OF AGE. Apply at 100 Milwaukee-av., from 10 to 12 o'clock.

WANTED—SIX MEN AND THREE TEAMS to take out dirt of basement on Fourteenth-st. D. J. WEBB, 43 Fourteenth-st.

WANTED — MAN AND WIFE TO KEEP boarding house on their own account; $500 furnished them to start; ready this day. 39 West Adams-st.

WANTED—THIRTY LABORERS AT GARD's brick yard, Ashland-av. (Reuben-st.), a little north of Twenty-second-st.; also brick wheelers and setters.

WANTED—A STOUT BOY 16 TO 18 YEARS OF age, to work in a commission store. Apply Monday morning, at 139 West Lake-st.

WANTED—PEDESTRIANS AMATEURS AND professionals; likewise wrestlers to compete for prizes varying from $5.00 to $50.00. Apply 565 Halsted-st.

WANTED—COLORED WAITER WHO UNderstands restaurant waiting. Steady employment and good wages. Apply at 571 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A PORTER AND RUNNER FOR A hotel. Address B, care of Post Office Carrier 53, stating terms expected.

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE, A YOUNG MAN to make himself generally useful; one who writes well, correct at figures and with good references. Address X 84, Tribune office.

WANTED—THREE GOOD PEDLERS, WITH references. Apply to F. EDWARDS, Vernon-av. south of Wabansia. Also, a good man who understands the soda-water business.

WANTED—MAN WHO KNOWS HOW TO farm, and who is willing to work for good wages, and one man to drive sprinkler wagon. Call to day, at No. 183 West Jackson-st.

WANTED—A FINE OPENING FOR A REsponsible and hard-working man to sell cigars and tobacco in the country on commission. Address Z 92, Tribune office.

WANTED—BOY TO LEARN THE SHOE BUSIness; must come well recommended. Apply at 544 Wabash-av.

WANTED—BY AN OLD AND WELL ESTABlished firm, a man acquainted with the produce commission business, to travel in the country and solicit consignments. Address, naming references and salary expected, N 63, Tribune office.

WANTED—2 LABORERS AND 2 CARPENters, Monday morning, on second building north of Madison, on Dearborn-st., west side of street.

WANTED—100 RAILROAD MEN FOR KANkakee, Ill.; wages, $2.00 per day. Also 20 men for brick yards; to leave at 7 o'clock Monday morning. Free fare to both places. Our office will be open from 7 till 2 o'clock to day, to engage all who wish to go. ANGELL & COAKER, 21 West Randolph-st.

WANTED—A RELIABLE WHOLESALE whiskey man, to travel in this State; must be acquainted with the trade and have good references. Call Monday at 10. HARRIS, Room 5, 114 West Madison-st.

WANTED—TEN MEN FOR BRICK-YARD. Builders' Exchange, 133 LaSalle-st.

WANTED—2,000 RAILROAD LABORERS FOR 3 parties; 200 for Menominee, wages $2.25 to $2.50 per day; 200 for the Milwaukee Northern, $2 per day; 200 for the Wisconsin Central, $2.25 per day; 200 for Government work, $2.25 per day, free fare; also 10 farm hands, 30 per month; saw-mill and quarrymen. Apply at 23 West Randolph and 28 West Madison-st. SNELL & SHAW.

WANTED—A GOOD ADVERTISING SOLICITor for city work. Apply at 473 Wabash-av., upstairs, Monday forenoon, between 10 and 12 o'clock.

WANTED—MALE HELP—WAITERS AT HOLly Tree Coffee House, 155 Monroe-st., Monday morning.

WANTED—50 AGENTS—CAN MAKE FROM $5 to $10 per day. For further particulars call on J. DOW, at Green & Spear's 782 Wabash-av., Chicago.

WANTED—A RELIABLE AND COMPETENT farmer, to occupy a good house, take charge of farm, and board three or four men. Address, with references, K 71 Tribune office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ANYONE WISHING TO DISPOSE OF A SECond hand wardrobe will address Box 186, Post Office.

BUY YOUR COAL OF KELLEY, MORLEY & Co., corner Nineteenth and Grove-sts., branch office 229 East Washington-st., as they have the largest stock in the city and will give you good, clean dry coal at lowest market rates.

CASH PAID FOR CAST-OFF CLOTHING AND miscellaneous goods of any kind, by sending a letter to J. GELDER, 564 State-st.

DOCKAGE—FOR ALL KINDS OF COMMON freight, at Henry's dock, adjoining star & crescent mills. Apply at 12 West Water-st.

FARMS FOR ALL—MEN WANTED TO GO TO Southern Minnesota, a country unsurpassed for health, fertility, and beauty; good railroad facilities; complete abstracts of title furnished; small payments down, balance on long time, at 7 per cent interest annually. For particulars, address or call and see MCELROY & DAVIS, Attorneys, 368 State-st., Chicago.

FOR A YOUNG LADY OF TALENT DESIROUS to perfect herself for the stage, an excellent opening is offered. Terms moderate. Professor W. W. QUIN, Elocutionist, 520 West Lake-st.

GROCERY STORE WANTED—ANYONE HAVing a good grocery store for sale can find a purchaser by addressing W 75, Tribune office.

HAVE YOUR CHIMNEYS CLEANED AND prevent fire, and leave your orders at the Fire Marshal's office and they will be promptly attended to.

I WANT EVERYBODY TO KNOW THAT DR. JOHN PHILLIPS has a very large assortment of Brazilian Pebble Spectacles for sale, which he suits by inspection of the eye. Don't forget the place, 120 Fourth-av. Optician and Oculist, a few doors from Harrison-st.

MCKEOWN & QUAYLE, MANUFACTURERS of derricks, building anchors and bolts, 32 East Kinzie-st.

NOTICE—$100 REWARD—NOTICE IS HEREBY given that my boy, William Henry Nichols, of about the age of 11 years, escaped or was spirited away from me, and is now secreted and kept by some person or persons unknown to me. I hereby forbid all persons from keeping or harboring said boy, and shall prosecute any and all persons so doing. I hereby offer a reward of one hundred dollars for any person who will return said child to me or give me information whereby he can be found. The said child having been ordered delivered to me by decree of the Superior Court of Cook County, persons can ascertain his whereabouts, at No. 128 North Ashland-av. The said boy was last heard from in the care and custody of George Scoville at No. 260 Warren-av. The above reward is held good for ten days from this date. Dated August 9, 1872. MICHAEL NICHOLS.

OLD BOOKS—CASH PAID FOR BOOKS AND libraries. Call or address CHAPIN'S Cheap Book Store, 90 East Harrison-st.

STORE STOOLS! STORE STOOLS! STORE stools! Store stools! Store stools! Store stools! R. D. WILLSON, 53 and 55 South Ada-st.

TO FOREMEN, BOSS CARPENTERS, MASONS, and others having men in their employ: we can afford facilities for legitimately doubling their present income without interfering with their regular business. Only men of integrity and character desired. Some acquaintance with real estate values desirable, but not indispensable. Address E 12, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE—GOOD BUSINESS, with clear stock of goods. Must be cheap. N. G. MOULTON, Rooms 4 and 5, 119 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND HAND TRANSIT or Y theodolite, with or without vertical circle. Also, a leveling staff. Address C. E., 366 West Randolph-st.

WANTED—EVERYONE TO KNOW THEY can get good meals at Merchants' European Restaurant, 124 and 126 West Madison-st.; prices reasonable; single room, $1.

WANTED—EVERYONE TO KNOW GOOD single rooms at Merchants European Hotel, 124 and 126 West Madison-st., at $1; also good meals reasonable.

WANTED—A SMALL-SIZED FIRE-PROOF Safe; must be cheap for cash. GEO. D. COOK, 383 Michigan-av.

WANTED—COPY OF THE AMERICAN, APpleton's, or Chamber's Encyclopedia; also Webster's Dictionary, if cheap. Address L 80, Tribune office.

WANTED—A STANDING DESK, 5 TO 8 FEET long, suitable for a cashier's desk; also a few feet railing or panel work. Address L 46, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO FURNISH DESIGNS IN DEtail for buildings or to superintend the construction of same by a gentleman of 20 years' practical experience; good satisfaction given at reasonable rates. Address Box 56, Builders' Exchange.

WANTED—TO HIRE MEN WITH HORSES and harness to haul coal in our carts from yard. KELLEY, MORLEY & CO., corner Nineteenth and Grove-sts.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE THE WHOLE OR part interest in the mineral water business. Address Q 59, Tribune office.

WANTED—A GOOD STOCK OF GOODS. WILL pay $1,500 in cash and $1,200 in good paper on real estate; no objection to going in country. Address for five days F 27, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO BUY, A FIRST-CLASS DRUG store, in a good neighborhood, or a location where a trade may be built up. Address, giving particulars, J. M. LESTER, M. D., 144 North Morgan-st.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

HOUSES TO EXCHANGE FOR DRY GOODS—2 new cottages and lots, good location, for stock of dry goods, worth from $8,000 to $6,000. Address D 19, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—A NEW SINGER SEWING machine for marble mantel or plumbing, hardware or furniture. Call at 980 West Monroe-st.

TO EXCHANGE FOR A FARM, A FINE parcel, worth about $12,000. No more promising lot in the city. Abstracts brought down; title absolute. Address R., 535 Prairie-av.

TO EXCHANGE—HYDE PARK LOTS FOR horses, carriages, furniture, pianos, watches or merchandise of any kind. Room 7, 42 West Madison-st.

TO EXCHANGE—I WANT TO TRADE A STYLish horse and buggy for a lot inside the old city limits and pay the balance in cash. Inquire at 286 West Polk-st.

TO EXCHANGE—LOT AT ENGLEWOOD FOR horse and buggy. S. S. MILLER & CO., 152 West Washington-st.

TO EXCHANGE—AN IMPROVED FARM OF 160 acres, with stock, 3 miles from St. Joseph, Mo., worth $8,500, for Chicago property. A. LIMBERG & CO., Teutonia Insurance Building, corner of Washington and Fifth-av.

TO EXCHANGE—3 FIRST-CLASS PARLOR heating stoves, and nice lots, for diamonds. T 38, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—SUBURBAN LOTS FOR small or medium printing presses. Address C 12, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE—RIFLE, BEST make, carries 1,000 yards, for watch. Must be a good time piece. [illegible] Tribune Branch office.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE—TWO GOOD houses, barn, etc., with large lots situated in a pleasant village about two hours' ride from Chicago, for city property improved or unimproved. Inquire of [illegible] STOCKER, 249 West Randolph-st.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE FOR LOTS NEAR Chicago, the handsomest place [illegible] of [illegible]

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

A GOOD SECOND-HAND PIANO, HIGGINS' make, nearly new. Apply to W. DOWNIE, 19 Board of Trade Rooms.

FOR SALE—SPLENDID NEW PIANOS, $100 less than equally as good instruments can be bought elsewhere. Call and I will explain how I do it. 31 Park-av.

ORGANS! MELODEONS! ORGANS! MELOdeons on time payments. R. D. WILLSON, 53 and 55 South Ada-st.

PIANOS AND ORGANS—ANY PERSON wishing a first class organ (new) at a great bargain, is invited to address, for three days, Q 38, Tribune office.

PIANOS TUNED AND REPAIRED BY PROF. L. F. DE ATOUGUIA. Leave orders at Kimball's Piano Warerooms, corner of Wabash-av. and Thirteenth-st.

TO RENT—ON REASONABLE TERMS, UNtil May next, a new Chickering piano. Call at 1050 Indiana-av.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Domestics.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork; best city references required. Apply at 1169 Indiana-av.

WANTED—A GERMAN OR NORWEGIAN girl to do housework at 676 West Lake-st. Good wages given.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in a small family at 554 Calumet-av.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework; good wages. Call immediately at 288 Warren-av., bet. Hoyne and Leavitt-sts.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO DO HOUSEwork in a small private family; pleasant, easy situation. 39 Oak-av., near Douglas-place.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS, ONE FOR GENERAL housework and one for second work and sewing. Apply at 466 Fullerton-av., near Halsted-st., North Division.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework; good wages. Inquire at 970 West Monroe-st.

WANTED—THREE GIRLS FOR CHAMBER, kitchen, and sewing. Apply at 41 South Sangamon-st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL TO DO GENeral housework in a small family; good references required. Call on Monday or Tuesday, at 580 West Monroe-st.

WANTED—A NEAT INTELLIGENT GIRL OF 14 to 16 years old, to take care of a child; good wages and a comfortable home. Apply Monday at 432 West Adams-st.

WANTED—A GOOD WASHER AND IRONER. Apply at 33 South Desplaines-st.

WANTED—A PLAIN COOK AND HOUSEmaid, at 838 Wabash-av.; first rate wages to clever women.

WANTED—A GOOD, SMART WOMAN TO DO family washing, at 183 West Washington-st.

WANTED—A GOOD, CAPABLE GIRL FOR general housework. Apply Monday, until 12 o'clock, at 640 West Washington-st.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, at 612 West Jackson-st.

WANTED—A STOUT GIRL FOR BOARDING house work. Apply 36 Sawyer-st., West Side.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSE work in a small family; must cook and wash and iron good. Inquire at 1074 Wabash-av.

WANTED—TWO GOOD GIRLS, ONE DINING-room girl, one to do chamber work. Call for two days at 462 West Randolph-st.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO PLAIN COOKING, washing and ironing. Apply at 328 West Van Buren-st.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL AT 340 RANDOLPH-ST.

WANTED—A GOOD CHAMBERMAID AT 97 West Madison-st.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL. APPLY AT 733 West Washington-st.; wages $3 per week.

WANTED—AT 411 WEST JACKSON-ST., A GIRL for general housework, who has not hired out over 5 times the past week.

WANTED—A GERMAN OR SCANDINAVIAN girl to do general housework in a family of 3. Inquire at 163 Park-av.

WANTED—AT 75 SOUTH PEORIA-ST., A GIRL to do general housework. Wages $4 per week.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSE work in a small family. Swede preferred. Call at 37 Twenty-sixth-st., corner Calumet-av.

WANTED—FEMALE COOK, WHITE OR COLored, who understands cooking for a restaurant. Good wages will be paid. 571 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A WASHWOMAN AT 990 INDIANA-av., between Eighteenth and Twentieth-sts. Apply at 8 o'clock Monday morning.

WANTED—A COOK FOR PRIVATE BOARDing house. Call at 743 Michigan-av., basement door.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork, or man and wife, man to drive team. Apply 699 Cottage Grove-av.

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK, WASH AND iron. Wages to a competent and obliging girl $4.50. Apply with references southeast corner Douglas place and Ellis-av.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork in a small family at 44 Oak-av. Cottage Grove.

WANTED—AT DOUGLAS HOUSE, GIRLS TO do all kinds of work.

WANTED—A SWEDISH OR NORWEGIAN girl for general housework, in a small family without children; must be a good washer and ironer. Inquire first floor 764 West Lake-st.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL AT THE BAKERY, 109 West Adams-st.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ACT AS NURSE AND assist in second work, or as nurse girl only. Apply at jewelry store corner State and Twentieth (94 State). J. L. ROWE.

WANTED—WOMAN COOK, 2 DINING-ROOM girls, a washer, and an ironer; all first class, no others; good wages paid. At Nevada House, 177 East Twenty-first-st.

WANTED—A CHAMBERMAID—APPLY AT 504 West Adams-st.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. Must be a good washer and ironer. Apply at 81 South Morgan-st.

WANTED—100 GIRLS AT MRS. ROOD'S INtelligence office, Monday, Aug. 12. 227 East Adolph-st. upstairs.

WANTED—GOOD COOK, WASHER AND ironer. Also, second girl. Good place. 649 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE work. Apply at 846 Michigan-av.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework at 699 Centre-av., up stairs. Good wages paid.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in a small family; wages from $3 to $4 per week. 354 Park-av. West Western-av.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO ASSIST IN THE kitchen. Apply at Johnstone House, 135 West Madison-st.

WANTED—GIRLS FOR GOOD SITUATIONS in private families; no fees. Inquire at Employment Rooms for Ladies, 265 East Division-st., up stairs.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork in a small family at Glencoe, 18 miles north of Chicago. J. A. OWEN, 133 West Madison-st.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in a small family; must speak English. Apply at 583 West Adams-st.

WANTED—2 GOOD GIRLS FOR GENERAL housework in families of three; good wages. Call to-day or Monday at 759 and 761 West Jackson-st.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS COOK, AT 76 East Twenty-sixth-st.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO DO SECOND work; German or Norwegian preferred. Apply at 396 Wabash-av., up stairs.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, WASHER AND ironer can have steady employment and good wages. Inquire at 524 Burnside-st.

WANTED—A SECOND GIRL. APPLY FOR two days at 422 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GERMAN OR Swedish woman as cook; must be a neat worker. 665 Wabash-av.

WANTED—30 FIRST-CLASS GIRLS; GOOD situations; no fees; immediately. 1555 State-st.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL OF 16 YEARS TO do second work—German or Swede. No washing. 941 State-st., Millinery Store.

WANTED—CHAMBERMAID AND COOK. Good wages to girls understanding their business. 499 Burnside-st., near Twenty-ninth and State-sts.

WANTED—A COOK AND SECOND GIRL. Apply immediately at 98 South Green-st.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK in a small family and small house. Inquire at No. 361 Carroll-st., near Elizabeth.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in a small private family. Apply at No. 361 Carroll-st.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED WAITERS (white) at Continental Hotel, corner of State-st. and Eldridge-court.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK AND chambermaid; Germans, Swedes, or colored preferred; good wages to competent persons. At 699 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK AT 12 SOUTH SANgamon-st. German preferred.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK, WASHER and ironer at 97 South Green-st.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO COOK, WASH, AND iron; German or Swede preferred. Apply at 48 Twenty-fourth-st., near Calumet-av.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork; must be a good cook, washer and ironer. Apply for two days at 711 West Monroe, corner of Lincoln-st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT YOUNG GIRL AS nurse for a baby. Call Monday at 359 Warren-av.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in a small private family. German or Norwegian preferred. Call at 453 West Jackson-st.

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK, WASH, AND iron, at 1270 Wabash-av.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS PASTRY AND MEAT cook at the Revere House, 46, 48 and 50 North Halsted-st. Apply with good references Monday.

WANTED—2 GOOD GIRLS, ONE FOR KITCHen work and second work; wages, $4 and $3. 339 West Adams-st.

WANTED—A GOOD CABINETMAKER AND jobber, at 731 West Lake-st.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED DINING-ROOM girl and one for general housework. 378 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL AS COOK IN A small boarding house; one willing and obliging will find a good place. Call at 56 West Adams-st., northeast corner Jefferson, to-day or Monday.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS COOK WHERE A few day boarders are kept. Call to-day and Monday at 298 West Madison-st.

Housekeepers.

WANTED—A MAIDEN LADY HOUSEKEEPer for a gentleman; time required, mornings and evenings; other employment permitted. State age and nationality. Address N 17, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A GIRL BETWEEN 20 AND 30 years of age, who has good health and good character, to take a responsible place in the care of invalids in a reputable institution. Address for particulars in your own handwriting, B 57, Tribune office.

WANTED—LADIES OR GENTLEMEN AS agents to canvass the city or country; price, $1; never introduced before; out of which $5 to $10 per day can be made. Apply at 143 West Madison-st., Room 2, up stairs.

WANTED—10 OR 15 SMART GIRLS TO PACK Merrill's Washing Compound. Apply at 10:30 a. m. Sunday or Monday at Room 17, 28 West Lake-st.

WANTED—A NURSE GIRL WHO IS FOND OF children, to take care of a healthy, good natured child 21 months. Inquire at 888 West Lake-st., opposite Union Park.

WANTED—AMANUENSES—YOUNG LADY amanuenses, fast and plain writers, living on north side, and commanding their own time afternoons. Address A. E. LEONARD, Tribune Branch office, 389 Wabash-av.

WANTED—BINDERY GIRLS, TEN EXPERIenced sewers and folders, at the Steam Book Bindery of COX & HENDERSON, 103 and 105 South Canal-st.

WANTED—EVERY COMPETENT GIRL IN Chicago to come to our office once, and they will secure seats to procure situations as cooks, dining room, pastry, laundry, and chambermaids, etc., for hotels, laundries, restaurants, and private houses. Hundreds of orders constantly on hand; highest wages paid in city; prompt help. Girls wanted from the country. 125 West Monroe-st. STAR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

WANTED—MONDAY MORNING—A SALESlady, who writes a good hand and understands running a sewing machine, at the West Side Sewing Machine Emporium, 614 West Madison-st. SPENCER & WOULFE.

WANTED—AT SHELDON'S STEAM LAUNdry, 150 Fourth-av., 3 washers and 3 ironers. Plenty of work for women.

WANTED—A WET NURSE, YOUNG AND healthy. Apply to-day at 742 West Jackson-st.

WANTED—FOUR FIRST-CLASS SHIRT IRONers; highest wages paid. Star of the West Laundry, 314 West Randolph-st.

WANTED—AT THE ST. DENIS, 95 SAND 97 Desplaines-st., one good laundry girl.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Seamstresses.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED MILLINER to go in the country. Apply at KEITH BROS.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS SHIRT-MAKER, foreman of cutter, for San Francisco, Cal.; must have immediately on arrival, permanent employment with the highest compensation, with a party carrying on a select custom business. Also want bring 2 or more of the most experienced operators on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine, bring a good tucker, corder, etc. One week's expenses to be paid, and money furnished. An immediate reply is requested, addressed Mrs. EVELINE MORRIS, 226 Kearny-st., San Francisco, Cal.

WANTED—NECKTIE MAKERS; NONE BUT first class hands need apply. BROWNSON BROS. & CO., 290 Wabash-av.

WANTED—SHIRT MAKERS AT TRADE PALACE SHIRT FACTORY, 308 South Clark-st.

WANTED—GOOD OVERALL-MAKERS, TO work in the shop, 90 South Peoria-st., in basement. Have none to give out.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—TWO OR THREE good shirt makers. Apply at E. H. HART, 227 Blue Island-av.

WANTED—200 WOMEN TO MAKE OVERALLS and jumpers, at Markus & Zuta, 119 Milwaukee-av.

WANTED OPERATORS ON THE WHEELER & Wilson sewing machines at Sherman's shirt factory, 664 West Lake-st.

WANTED—A GOOD SHIRT FINISHER AND operator on Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine, at Munger's Laundry, 412 State-st.

WANTED—10 FIRST CLASS OPERATORS ON the Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine, for a new shirt factory, to be opened in about one week. BURNHAM & FLANNERY, 358 West Madison-st.

WANTED—10 EXPERIENCED MACHINE OPerators for ladies' underwear; also, 2 good top shirt makers; pay cash; bring samples and references. Apply at 285 West Madison-st., in store.

WANTED—SHIRT MAKERS AT MCART'S Eureka Shirt Manufactory. None but first-class shirt makers need apply.

WANTED—SMART, RELIABLE GIRLS TO learn bonnet frame making. D. L. SHEPLIE & CO., 545 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A SEWING GIRL. MUST BRING her own machine. Apply to 207 Carroll-st., corner May.

WANTED—A MILLINER OR DRESSMAKER to take part room with pattern emporium, Madison, near Halsted; low rent. Address H 53, Tribune office.

WANTED—A DRESSMAKER, TO ASSIST IN cutting and trimming; permanent situation to one competent, at 148 West Twelfth-st.

WANTED—4 APPRENTICES TO LEARN ladies' cap making, at MAYHON, DALY & CO.'S, 274, 276, and 278 Wabash-av.

WANTED—GOOD BUTTON-HOLE MAKERS on white shirts; work can be taken home. TOMLINSON'S, 145 State-st.

WANTED—10 GOOD OPERATORS ON SINGer's machines, to work on hats and caps. 57 West Washington-st.

WANTED—FUR SEWERS—AT J. S. BARNES & CO., 450 Wabash-av.

WANTED—WE CAN GIVE STEADY WORK to 6 or 7 more experienced shirt-makers on Wheeler & Wilson machine. TOMLINSON'S, 145 State-st.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SHIRTMAKERS; also, women to make button holes and finish. The finishing can be done at home. TOMLINSON & CO., 145 State-st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

AT A BARGAIN—SALOON AND BOARDING-house attached for sale; license obtained; rent low. Inquire at 170 South Desplaines-st.

A GOOD CHANCE FOR THE RIGHT PARTY—a small hotel of 25 beds for sale, doing a good business. Call at 124 and 126 West Madison-st.

A FAMILY GROCERY STORE AND TRADE for sale. A No. 1 opportunity for a man with $4,000 cash, no others need answer. The business is old established and reliable. Address W 93, Tribune office.

A FRUIT, POULTRY, AND GAME MARKET, doing a good business, for sale. Inquire at 291 West Madison-st.

A LONG AND FAVORABLE LEASE AND FIXtures of the best located livery stable on the South Side, for sale; great bargain. Apply to S. E. WELLS, 45 Hubbard-court.

A GROCERY STORE IN A GOOD LOCATION for sale cheap, corner Carroll and Robey-sts.

A STOVE, TIN AND KITCHEN FURNISHing establishment in a splendid locality on South Side for sale. Stock clean, and the store has a fine trade already established, having been in the present location upwards of four years. Employs from two to four tinners the year round. A splendid chance for the right man. No brokers need apply. Address Y 33, Tribune Branch office.

A LAUNDRY DOING A FIRST-RATE TRADE for sale very low. 129 West Madison-st.

BEING OBLIGED TO LEAVE THE CITY FOR several months, perhaps permanently, I will sell a half-interest in my business here. To a man of good business habits whom I can trust, I will make the payments easy. The business is manufacturing; the profits are large, and the sale is in great measure already provided for. I shall require but $1,000 down, and the balance can be made in easy yearly installments. Address A 63, Tribune office.

BOSTON LAUNDRY, NO. 227 SOUTH HALsted-st. (under Central House) for sale. Has a large trade. To parties wishing to purchase, we will give good reasons for selling.

CIGAR STAND AND ICE CREAM SALOON, IN good location, for sale; suitable for oyster saloon and restaurant. Apply at 123 West Washington-st.

CIGAR STORE, NO. 388 STATE-ST., FOR SALE. Good location and cheap rent.

DINING ROOMS ON FIRST FLOOR, WITH kitchen and storerooms in basement, with all furniture and fixtures, for sale at moderate price to responsible tenant. Good location for business lunch and ice cream parlors. For particulars address W 27, Tribune Branch office.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE, DOING $200 CASH and 100 prescriptions per week; well located, stock, furniture, and fixtures first-class [illegible]

DRUG STORE FOR SALE IN SOUTHERN part of city, doing a good business. Good reasons for selling. Apply to LORD SMITH & CO.

FIRST-CLASS CITY DRUG STORE FOR SALE, well located and doing a good business. Address G 51, Tribune office.

FURNITURE AND LEASE OF A FIRST-class private boarding-house for sale cheap, 3 story and basement. Location West Side near Union Park. Apply by letter to B 75, Tribune office.

FOR SALE OR RENT—HOTEL WITH [illegible] rooms, well furnished, bar, billiard rooms, etc. Address HOTEL, 354 Lake Water-st., Milwaukee.

FIXTURES AND LEASE OF A DRUG STORE for sale cheap. Address S 45, Tribune Branch office.

GROCERY STOCK AND FIXTURES IN GOOD location, doing good business, for sale. Apply at 385 South Jefferson-st.

ICE CREAM SALOON AND CONFECTIONERY store for sale. A part of the furniture or all, to suit the buyer. Call at 491 South Canal-st.

I WILL RENT TO A RESPONSIBLE PARTY, a restaurant and ice cream parlor, in connection with a bakery and confectionery, in a good business location. Address F 24, Tribune Branch office.

IN A VERY DESIRABLE BUSINESS LOCAtion—a paper-hanging store, stock, and fixtures for sale, doing an excellent business, running for six years and very cheap. Rent very moderate. MRS. KIBS, 167 West Randolph-st.

ONE OF THE NOBBIEST BAR-ROOMS ON the South Side; also, a first class paying restaurant; terms reasonable. Apply to H. D. CHAPIN, 50 East Harrison-st.

ONE OF THE BEST HOTELS IN THE CITY for sale, for less than twenty thousand dollars; completely furnished; is central for all the railroads; has a good run of custom. J. S. GOULD, 384 Wabash-av.

PRINTING OFFICE FOR SALE—A PRINTING office doing a large business, and running a newspaper of large circulation, for sale at a bargain. The best chance ever offered. Address Box 62 Chicago.

POWER TO RENT AND WOODWORKING MAchinery for sale. A bargain at Fisher's mill, alley rear 24 South Desplaines-st.

RETAIL DRUG STORE FOR SALE. INVITE investigation. Inquire of VANSCHAACK, STEVENSON & REID, corner of Lake and Dearborn-sts.

STOCK OF GROCERIES FOR SALE AND STORE to rent, at 313 Lake-st., corner Hoyne.

SALOON AND FIXTURES FOR SALE, WITH lease, and doing a good business. No. 55 West Indiana-st., corner of Union.

SPECIAL BARGAIN—STORE, WITH STOCK OF furniture for sale; also, lease for 5 years. Inquire on the premises, No. 369 Milwaukee-av. E. SLATER.

STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A FIRST-CLASS news depot, cigar and tobacco store doing a good trade for sale; stock all new, and location the best on the West Side. Call at 168 South Halsted-st.

TO DOCTORS—A RARE CHANCE—A COMPEtent, independent physician can buy of one who is going abroad, a choice practice of over $1,500 per month, in the most thriving city in the West, with case, fixtures, etc., for about $1,000 cash. Address M. D., Drawer A, Grand Rapids, Mich.

THE FURNITURE AND LEASE OF ONE OF the best located boarding houses in the city for sale; has 40 good cash paying boarders; rent same as before the fire; a rare opportunity for some one to make money; present owner in ill health. Address Y 38, Tribune office.

THE FURNITURE OF A BOARDING HOUSE for sale with cheap rent. No. 276 West Lake-st.

THE GOOD WILL, FURNITURE AND FIXtures of a first class boarding house for sale, now well filled with boarders, with the privilege of lease for one or more years. Apply on the premises, 192 Fourth-av.

THE STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A LADIES' and gentlemen's furnishing goods store for sale, at a bargain; also, the store to rent at low rate. 583 West Lake-st.

THE STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A FIRST-class grocery store, for sale, reasonable; now doing a good business, or will rent the store if wanted. Inquire on the premises, 218 Bushnell-st.

THREE YEARS LEASE OF A DOUBLE HOUSE in excellent location, bringing $125 rent per month, for sale; also, first class saloon in the building doing a No. 1 business, the lessee wishing to retire. PAUL SOBOLESKI, 56 West Washington-st.

WELL FURNISHED BOARDING HOUSE, full of first class boarders, for sale; good place, cheap rent. Call at 126 West Washington-st.

WILL SELL HALF INTEREST IN STOCK OF boots and trimmings of $3,000, or buy half interest in stock of general hardware. WILLIAMS, 70 South Canal-st.

$100 WILL PURCHASE A MANUFACTURing business and $500 worth of salable goods, from which can be made from $100 to $200 per month; must be sold; owner leaves for Colorado. PARSHALL, 23 Nevada block.

$600 WILL BUY A WELL ESTABLISHED and paying business located in first class; owner must leave the city. Address X 50, Tribune office.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL FAMILY BIbles and other bound books by instalments; good inducements to the right kind of men. Apply at 326 South Clark-st.

AGENTS WANTED—LOTS IN SOUTHWEST to retail, inside old city limits and just outside fire limits; full commission allowed and exclusive control. Address R 84, Tribune office.

AGENTS—WANTED—AGENTS CAN MAKE $200 per month selling good door bells in towns and villages; ten minutes work to adjust one. Address J. F. HAYS, box 512, Wilmington, Del.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL HARRIS' "Pure" Whiskey. Call on W. J. WALKER, Room 21, Exchange Building, corner of Clark and Washington-sts.

AGENTS WANTED—TO ARRANGE FOR THE sale of a staple article in the grocery trade in the country. Men travelling and selling goods can make satisfactory arrangements by communicating with the agent. Address U 64, Tribune office.

AGENTS WANTED—PROFITABLE EMPLOYment—We wish to employ gentlemen and ladies to solicit orders for the celebrated Improved Buckeye Shuttle sewing Machine. Sales alike to all. It will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, braid, gather, and ruffle—and now from the first reasonable. Circulars and recommendations and further particulars, address W. A. HENDERSON & CO., Cleveland, Ohio, or St. Louis, Mo.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers, Clerks, &c.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHman who has had some years experience in a dry goods house. Has a knowledge of the business. Good references. Address [illegible], Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IN A WHOLESALE house, by an experienced bookkeeper who can refer to present employers. Address P. O. Box 94.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BOOKKEEPER; have experience and references; would prefer a commission house. P 18, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN ACCURATE book-keeper of large experience. Address T [illegible], Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG man of 23, as assistant bookkeeper or in most anything else. Knows the city perfectly. Would prefer part outside work. F. L. D. K., 383 West Randolph-st.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG MAN whose evenings are disengaged, would like to spend a few hours weekly, posting up a set of books, copying, etc. B 12, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN in the grocery business, who can keep books or take charge of a store if necessary; unexceptionable references furnished. Address T 34, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS druggist; best of references. Address O Z, Tribune Branch office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS ASSISTANT BOOKkeeper or clerk in a first-class house by a young man of unexceptionable character. Several years' experience. Writes a good hand; is quick at figures and can bring references from last employer. Address Green D 13, Tribune branch office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—AS ENGINEER, capable of taking charge of either high or low pressure engines; has had 20 years' experience; satisfactory references given. Address J. H. G., Dayton, Ohio.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT mason and brick-layer, who thoroughly understands plans and taking charge of work; good references, if required. Address J. G. MILLS, Cottage Grove-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS practical and theoretical florist and gardener from Europe, with references. Address L, 336 South Canal-st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS FOREMAN OR manager by a thorough, practical pattern maker and machinist. Can get up estimates for [illegible] work, &c. Has held a similar situation. No objection to the country. K 71, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS FOREMAN OF carpenter work and building. Best of references required. Address R 36, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN INGENIOUS boy of 16 years, to learn the trade of machinist or something similar. Address D 62, Tribune office.

Coachmen, Teamsters, &c.

SITUATION WANTED—TO DRIVE A DELIVery wagon for a grocery store, by a man well acquainted in the city and can give good references. Address, for three days, N 86, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN, by a young man who understands the care and management of horses, and will make himself generally useful. Address for three days, A 49, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN BY A young Englishman who understands his business and can milk; city references. Address H 85, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS FIRST-CLASS coachman, thoroughly understands his business; care of horses; best of city references given. Apply at 241 Fourth-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SWEDE AS coachman in a private family; has experience in driving and taking care of horses. Please call or address A. ANDERSON, 133 Archer-av., Monday morning between 8 and 9 o'clock.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN BY an Englishman, in a first-class family. Address I 25, Tribune Branch office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN (German) as coachman in a private family; well acquainted in city; best of references. 775 State-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS coachman, who thoroughly understands the business of taking care of horses and carriages, and is willing to make himself useful about the house; has had experience in Chicago; reference if required. Address, for 3 days, D 16, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN (German) of 25 years' experience as a gardener and coachman; a careful driver; best of references; wishes steady employment in a first class private family. Address J. [illegible], 965 State-st.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—IN SOME WHOLEsale produce store, by a man who has had several months' experience in produce and commission business. Can give good references. Address for three days, [illegible] Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BARTENDER; prefers to work only [illegible] of nights. Address [illegible] Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS WATCHMAN BY a man who has been in the employ of Charles [illegible] last three years as watchman. Address STEPHEN GOODMAN, No. 16 [illegible]-st.

SITUATION WANTED—A REGULAR GRADuate of medicine and apothecary would like to connect himself with the business of a drug store [illegible] or as a physician who wants [illegible] Address MEDICINE, [illegible] Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS AGENT OR SALESman in a wholesale leather or boot and shoe establishment by a man who understands the business. First-class references. Address O [illegible] Messrs. WOOD BRO., Union Stock Yards.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Domestics.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTAble girls to live together [illegible] Please call at [illegible] held on Monday or Tuesday.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SECOND GIRL IN a [illegible] boarding-house [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL to do second work and sewing in private family; can furnish own machine. Call at or address M. E. B., [illegible] Seward-st., for two days.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL to do housework in small family or second work. Apply at 276 North Franklin-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A CANADIAN girl to do second work in a private family. Call or address Miss MARRIOTT, 56 West Hinsdale-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GIRL AS CHAMBERmaid in a first-class hotel on South Side. Inquire at No. [illegible] State-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS girl in a private family, to do general housework. Best of references given. Apply at 31 Third-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY TWO GIRLS, ONE to do general housework, the other to do second work and take care of baby. [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—IN A SMALL PRIVATE family to do general housework in city. Reference if required. Apply, for 2 days, at 301 North Market-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL to do light second work and family sewing. Good reference. Apply at 273 Catherine-st.

Seamstresses.

SITUATION WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS dressmaker, who cuts and fits, desires work at home, or would go out by the day. Address DRESSMAKER, 322 West Randolph-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY to do family sewing, to take home, and will go [illegible] house also. Address W 85, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SEAMSTRESS IN a private family. Call or address, for [illegible] G. [illegible] Catharine-st.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A WIDOW LADY of experience in all the departments of [illegible] ing, as housekeeper in a private family. Address for 3 days Mrs. MAY, Woods' Hotel.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN lady of experience as housekeeper or [illegible] in a good family; a good home more desired than wages. Address K 81, Tribune Branch office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A WIDOW LADY as housekeeper for a widower. Apply 374 State-st.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY as clerk in a cigar or fancy notion store; permanent situation wanted rather than large salary. Address K 74, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS GOVERNESS BY a young lady from Michigan; instruction in music given if desired. Address E 57, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT nurse to take full charge of a child; best of references given. Apply for 2 days at 352 Hubbard-st. No mail will be answered.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A LADY TO DO copying or writing of any description to be done at home. Address J W, 12 Sholto-st.

SITUATION WANTED—IN A PHOTOGRAPH gallery by a young lady of experience; can do copying, or in any capacity where intelligence is requisite. Wages not so much an object as permanent employment. Very best of reference. Address L [illegible], Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—TO DO LAUNDRY work, hotel or private family. Can be seen at [illegible] Liberty-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED midwife and monthly nurse. Apply to Mrs. [illegible], 262 West Taylor-st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS WET NURSE BY A young healthy woman. Inquire at the Chicago Lying-in Asylum, No. 196 Centre-av.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—LARGE ICE-BOX, COUNTER, AND Fairbanks' counter scales, for sale cheap. Call Monday at 104 Twenty-second-st.

FOR SALE—LARGE DERRICK, TACK LINES, mortar machine, horse, buggy, etc.; also, heavy harness and wagon, at shop rear of 735 Wabash-av. Call Monday and Tuesday.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME LITTLE ENGLISH double barrel shot gun, very cheap; [illegible] for the use of it to parties going hunting. Address K 73, Tribune Branch office.

FOR SALE—A SUPERIOR DURHAM COW, cheap. Inquire at South Side House, 112 State-st.

FOR SALE—TO PRINTERS—A SECOND HAND Ruggles' rotary card cutter. BARD, MCNALLY & CO., 160 West Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS BROOM [illegible] lathe, entirely new. Inquire [illegible]

FOR SALE—A GOOD, MEDIUM [illegible] very cheap for cash, at [illegible]

FOR SALE—ABOUT [illegible] in good condition by J. [illegible] Canal-st.

FOR SALE—A LARGE [illegible] tion press, with fountain [illegible] cheap [illegible] Address B 75 [illegible]

FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP [illegible] and fixtures for a school. [illegible] Branch office.

FOR SALE—A LOT OF [illegible] drawers, and counters [illegible] & CO., 107 Van Buren-st.

FOR SALE—TINNER'S TOOLS [illegible] plete set of tinner's tools [illegible] Pierce-st., or of J. G. [illegible] corner Michigan-av. [illegible]

FOR SALE—ONE [illegible] MILLARD & [illegible]

FOR SALE—LEASE [illegible] furniture for five [illegible] between 7 and [illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible] walnut, at 260 West [illegible]

FOR SALE—CHEAP [illegible] house, 269 West [illegible] at 275 West Van Buren [illegible]

FOR SALE—A NEW [illegible] safe No. 1. Inquire [illegible] 79 South Canal-st.

FOR SALE—FIVE [illegible] [illegible] after the fire [illegible] dress at 380 [illegible]

FOR SALE—FINE [illegible] [illegible] BOWMAN [illegible]

WILMINGTON [illegible] part of the city [illegible] Tribune office.

NEW CHICAGO.

Weekly Review of Rebuilding Operations.

A Lady Ventures Upon the Subject of Architectural Criticism.

Plans of the New Criminal Court and Jail Building.

The New Business Block to Be Erected by the Builders' Exchange.

Progress of the Various Structures Now in Course of Erection.

What the West Side Is Doing in the Way of Improvement.

In returning to our task of recording the progress in rebuilding we do so with a feeling of pride that grows stronger each week as we note the rapidity with which our streets are resuming their once familiar aspect, and how the wounds inflicted by the fire are being healed under the influence of the unconquerable energy and pluck which it staggered but could not subdue. The outside world, or the generations that will occupy our places when we have passed away, will never adequately realize all that has been endured during the slow, tedious, and painful process of reconstruction. What thought has been given to the work, what mental anxiety has been borne, how many sleepless nights have been spent, how many lives have been shortened, will never be known. The work of five ordinary years has been compressed into one. We have lived at high pressure, each individual has been a kind of steam engine on two legs, never tired, never giving up, always hopeful, buoyant, and brave. Since the day after the fire, when the full extent of its ravages was known, there has been no faltering, no looking back, but a steady persevering courageous facing of the future, which is to-day brighter and more cheerful than ever. The whole people were animated by the same spirit. Not a thousand persons who had lived in this city for a year before the fire abandoned it permanently in the dark hour of its extremity or lost faith in its future. Their confidence has already been justified in the work that has been accomplished, and we are not flattering ourselves when we say that no people on the face of the earth could have done so much in so short a time, and have done it so well.

WHY IS THIS THUS?

Before we go further let us attempt an answer to the question propounded. Is there anything in the atmosphere we breathe to change our natures, to metamorphose our spirits, to make us more elastic, more energetic, more determined than we would have been had we remained in the places in which we were born, followed in the footsteps of our fathers, lived long, and died happy? That is a poser. We must leave it to science. We have not analyzed the atmosphere either here or where we came from, and cannot positively affirm that this air is better than that. On the whole, we are rather disposed to the opinion that the elements in the air are the same everywhere, and at the same altitude in equal proportions. We are not strong on altitude here, and cannot say that it makes a material difference, except on Madison street, where the sidewalks are four feet higher than the road. We really do not see that the air has created new spirits within us, and are inclined to believe that our spirits, like our poets and statesmen, are born, not made. The majority of us were born away from Chicago, in nearly as many places as there are places in the world. We were endowed by nature with certain conditions of mind, with a spirit of adventure, with ambitions and aspirations that could not be satisfied at home, and made us dissatisfied with home; so we all got up one fine morning, and, with tears in our eyes and sorrow in our hearts, bid the old folks farewell, took a last look at the scenes of our childhood, and struck out to seek fame and fortune. That is how we got to Chicago, most of us, anyway. We came, but how many stayed behind. It required courage to come, a strong resolute will, that enabled us to sever dear associations, an heroic spirit that impelled us to tempt an uncertain future among strangers in a strange land. The same spirit that made us come here made us work when we arrived, in order that we might attain the fortune we started out to win. That is why we are working now, that is why we are rebuilding our city with such energy, with such a determination to surmount all obstacles; and though some of us will die with ambitions unsatisfied, with fortunes not made, we will have done something for mankind, and for those that come after us.

THE REASON

there is so much grit and energy in Chicago is simply that the most "gritty" and energetic men and women in the world make up our cosmopolitan population. If they were not, they would never have come here; they would have stayed comfortably at home, have lived longer and more prosaic lives in New England or in Europe, and there would have been no Chicago. The garden of humanity was picked of its choicest specimens, and they constitute that magnificent bouquet called Chicago. Three cheers for the bouquet. We have not time or room to prolong this disquisition in order to speculate on the probable character of our successors, those who will be born of us; but, as we would not even in thought wrong posterity, let us hope that they will be worthy of their noble sires.

THE PAST WEEK.

Having successfully resisted the alluring temptation to pierce the future and risk a prophecy thereon, we are prepared to state that the usual ability has been displayed by the masons, stonecutters, carpenters, and laborers, in plying their respective vocations during the past week; the result being the consumption of vast quantities of material, an increased elevation of the buildings on which the labor was expended, and the performance of a larger aggregate of work in one week than has been performed since the fire. The weather has been favorable, and work has been pursued without intermission. With a continuation of fine weather all the buildings now in hand will be under roof within eight weeks, and many others will have been begun. As the city stands to-day, there has been no such rapid building since "the heavens, the earth, and all that therein is" were made by the Supreme Architect of the Universe. With His blessing upon our labors, the city will soon surpass its former splendor.

THE NUMBER OF BUILDINGS PROJECTED

grows smaller every week, though of course enterprises are always under consideration, and will be until the burnt district is all rebuilt, and then there will be plenty of room for fine structures in the suburbs. Could we but give descriptions of all the buildings that will fill the present vacant lots in the burnt district it would be a gratifying picture, but we must not be so fast; we have a fair showing as it is, and will have the others in good time. A little more patience and we will be all right.

SCRIPTURAL ARCHITECTURE.

We are glad to find the ladies take an interest in the rebuilding of the city, as they undoubtedly do. For instance:

To the Building Editor of The Chicago Tribune:

I am a fair sex, but, in spite of that, take quite an interest in the resurrection from its ashes of our beloved city. When reading the building article after church on Sundays, I often wonder where you get all your information. Do you measure all the new buildings of which you write? Do you climb perilous ladders and dodge in and out among deadly derricks to find the news? If so, you will be quite an adept in climbing before you get through; in fact, you will be almost a bricklayer. I sometimes pity you and wish I were a man that I too might be a hero. But I didn't start out to flatter you. I have something to say. I like the way the city is being built. I am satisfied that it is much superior in solidity and style to the city of other days. So say we all of us. I mean all my sex. Don't you agree with us? We are waiting for all the magnificent dry goods palaces (palaces is the proper word I believe) to be running in opposition so that we may go shopping everywhere. The wider the shopping area the better. Competition is the life of trade as well as of the Civil Service. So say we all of us. But that was not what I wanted to get at either; but Phil (he is two years old next October and has blue eyes) is bothering me and you must excuse him for you were once young yourself. I will get at it now, however. The fact is, I have for a long time contemplated the founding of a society for the propagation of moral sentiments among the rising generation, and, with your permission, would like to suggest that our architects provide for the inscription in raised letters on our buildings of texts of Scripture (such texts of course as enunciate a code of morality, accepted by everybody. They might begin with the Decalogue, go into Proverbs, besides make use of familiar quotations from profane writers, as, "Temper the wind to the shorn lamb," and so forth.) Then everybody who ran or went at a moderate speed in a street car might read and profit. Why not actually find "sermons in stones?" Isn't the idea good, if not quite original. I hope you will publish it. So say we all of us. Yours, RUTH HERBERT.

P. S.—CHICAGO, Aug. 8, 1872.

We would respectfully recommend the above to the tender mercies of our architects, and would suggest to Mrs. Herbert that she call upon them and urge her notion. She will find some of them quite civil and obliging.

LABOR AND MATERIALS.

The labor market has been well supplied. Materials continue firm, and many buildings are delayed for want of iron, our home factories being inadequate to meet the demand. There seems to be a scarcity of iron all over the country. It is estimated that 2,600,000 tons were used last year in the United States, of which 2,000,000 tons were the product of this country, the remainder being imported. There is a temporary iron famine, causing an increase of one third on the price within the last three months. The foundries everywhere seem to be working to their utmost capacity, but still the supply is not fully up to the demand.

STREET NOMENCLATURE.

We commented in these columns a few weeks ago upon the necessity of rechristening some of our streets, so that one name should not do service for more than one street, and one street should not have more than one name. At the last meeting of the Common Council the Board of Public Works sent in a communication on the subject, suggesting changes, and it was referred to a Committee. We cannot congratulate the Board of Public Works on their choice of names. The selections were not at all happy. Thirty-eighth-and-a-half street is a sample. Why not dispose of decimals at once. They are as good as vulgar fractions for such purposes. "Tell" street is another. Tell what, or William Tell, which? Healey court, Stearns street, Springfield street, McDermott street, why? The Board would have saved trouble by taking the list of Aldermen and attaching their illustrious names to our unfortunate streets. Knickerbocker alley, Dixon court, Busse Boulevard, Schaffner place, and Buehler street, would have been nice. There should be some uniformity in our street nomenclature, and each name might be suggestive of something historical. There is no city in the country where the streets could be named with more regularity than here, unless, perhaps, in Philadelphia. A rechristening of all the streets would create confusion, but those that are to be baptized ought to have bestowed upon them the most attractive and euphonious names. There is something in a name, and a good name is as cheap as one that is not good.

THE NEW COUNTY JAIL.

The new County Jail to be built on the old North Market Hall site, enlarged by the purchase of several adjoining lots on Illinois street, between Clark and Dearborn streets, will be begun as soon as the contracts are let. There was an exciting competition among architects to secure the adoption of their designs, and last week the County Commissioners awarded the prize to Messrs. Armstrong & Egan, who gave the following description of the proposed building:

In submitting for your approval our design for the proposed new Court and Jail, we would respectfully call your attention to the leading features of those designs. You will perceive that we divide the entire building into three distinct and separate parts, namely: the Court House, the jailer's and officers' residence, and the jail or cell building.

Our object in thus dividing the entire is: First. Economy in the cost of erection, as we are enabled to treat each part in the style most suited to its special purpose. Secondly, To insure a greater safety in case of fire, by detaching the three buildings which compose the entire. And finally, to enable you to erect any one, or two parts, as for example, the Court House and the cell building, and make the portions thus built an integral part of the entire structure. We intend that the buildings shall be as nearly fire-proof as practicable, without incurring an unusual or extraordinary expense beyond that of fire-proof buildings in general.

The Court House to be built with cut stone front and cut stone sides; the residence building with front and sides of pressed brick and dressings of cut stone; the stone to be Ohio or Cincinnati sandstone. The cells, to be of hard Milwaukee bricks, laid in cement, or of stone, as may hereafter be decided, and to have a core of sheet-iron built into the cell walls, if they should be of brick, to prevent the cutting of walls by prisoners. Each tier of cells to be closed with a horizontal bar, worked with a lever or wheel at the end of each tier. Each cell to be provided with a trapped water-closet, so arranged that the jailer shall have control of the same, and can scour all the closets in each tier, thus placing it out of the power of all evil-disposed prisoners to injure the closets; all the floors throughout the entire buildings to be built with iron beams and brick arches, and finished with concrete and tiling; all partitions to be built with Johnson's patent fire-proof tile.

The roofs to be built with iron trusses and covered with sheet-iron laid over cement on iron lath; all front and external doors to be of iron; also, the stairs and galleries; iron frames and iron blinds or shutters to all the external windows throughout; and generally no lumber to be used in the entire construction, except for internal doors and their trimmings, and for the office fittings.

The estimated cost of the entire building is $351,000. The style of architecture is that known as the Palladian Renaissance of the sixteenth century.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

During the past week brick has been easy at $11 a thousand. Philadelphia pressed brick ranging from $35 to $60, and St. Louis pressed brick firm at $45. The amount in the market and the demand are balanced so as to leave no prospect of a material variation in price for some time to come. Earlier in the season, when brick threatened to be enormously high, and builders were looking to all points of the compass for the succor which never arrived, assistance was expected from Canada. There was a supply from that country for a time, and the bricks sent over were of a quality sufficiently good to make them favorites in the market where prices were even. There was no perceptible difference in prices, however, and the importation business was abandoned as fruitless of good to needy builders. Last week, however, a Canadian arrived in the city with a load of brick from the provinces. They were good, solid bricks, as valuable for building purposes as any, inferior, indeed, only to the Chicago brick, and that on account of a [illegible] in size. To land these in Chicago had actually cost the enterprising speculator $12, and he demanded $14 a thousand for them. With a superior article in the market at about $11, his wares found no sale, and he was compelled either to sell them at a loss or re-ship them. He chose the latter alternative, whether to his profit or not is for him to say. He intimated that he was offered $8 at Detroit, by which route he had brought them. Had he accepted the offer he would have been considerably less out of pocket than he can at present boast to be. This seems to settle the question of Canadian competition beyond a doubt. It is immensely to be regretted, as the Canadian brick is inferior only to our home production, and vastly superior to much that finds a sale at good prices, and is next to worthless in building. There is no danger threatening of a famine, however, which is gratifying. Labor appears to be all that can be desired. Wages are steady, and mechanics are satisfied with their present earnings. No uneasiness has been felt with regard to a cessation of labor from strikes or other causes since the failure of strikes and other abominations, and the work of rebuilding progresses with cheering rapidity and smoothness, like travelling on a palace car over a steel track.

FALL PROSPECTS.

It is expected, for very many reasons, that the fall will witness a greater activity in building than even the summer. Buildings in course of construction, as may have been already observed, have, in numerous instances, been abandoned for weeks, or only a small corps of workmen has been employed upon them. Owners in many cases, unable to endure the miseries of suffocation and roasting in town, while a chance offered to recuperate their wasted energies in some watering place away from care, dust and broiling streets, have relinquished their labors of supervision and awaited, in the bosom of their families, amid the delights of rustic life, the departure of the days when garments are saturated and motion an undesirable exhibition of animate superiority. Thus we may expect to find building continue long after the frost has returned, even as it did last year when the outlook was so blank and dreary for the city.

THE ABSTRACTS.

A wall is raised as to the abstract books, and the damaging effect upon the resurrection of the remainder of the city produced by the refusal of the abstract firms to accommodate the public. Foreign capital is awaiting investment, and the waiting stands a chance of indefinite protraction. Matters appear to stand just where they did before the passage of the Burnt Records act, and will remain at a stand-still until a settlement of some kind has been effected.

THE BUILDERS' EXCHANGE,

which has now become a conspicuous institution, and a very much needed one in the city, promises to occupy its new quarters (which are not yet commenced) with as little delay as possible. The building will be called the Mechanics' Exchange of Chicago, and will be built by a company, which was incorporated only last week. The lot upon which it will stand is of a singular shape, and the effect of the building will be strange enough. The building now occupied by the National Bank of Commerce stands directly on the southwest corner of Madison and Clark streets. The Mechanics' Exchange building will entirely embrace it, fronting 25 feet on Clark street and 50 feet on Madison. The Clark street front will have a depth of 150 feet, and the Madison street front a depth of 75 feet. The Clark street front, to a depth of 60 feet on the main floor, will be occupied as a store, leaving a space behind 20x25 feet, to be divided into a committee and library room, accessible by means of a hall to the north of it. The vaults will be built across the partition between the store and committee room, in order to accommodate all parties. The Exchange room will be 50 feet square, main entrance on Madison street. As the building will be five stories in height, it will completely encompass the small building on the corner, with a huge arm on each side, towering a story high. It is to be of stone, very handsome in external appearance, but the effect from the opposite corner cannot fail to be unpleasant, unless the bank building be raised high enough to conceal the angle of bare brick at its back. The upper rooms are to be well lighted, so as to attract architects, and bring them nearer to contractors than they are at present supposed to be. Some architects complain that others are too closely connected now with contractors.

MECHANICAL IMPERFECTIONS.

It does seem rather unfortunate that in so conspicuous a building as Mr. Potter Palmer's hotel on the corner of State and Monroe streets, where no expense has been spared in design, solidity, or elegance of construction, closer attention has not been paid to the stone cutting. The selection of the material does not appear to have been put into good hands, and the mason work has been performed in a painfully slouchy manner. Viewing the Monroe street front from the opposite side of the street, the slovenly joints of the stones, their jagged, chipped edges, their lack of uniformity in color and grain, impress one with an idea of shiftlessness that would be mournful but for the massive columns which support the building. Mr. Potter Palmer himself has superintended the building and everything else appears to have been strictly attended to, but the masonry has been left, apparently, to some one whose interest in his work is not on a par with that of the capitalist. It is possible that cement and putty may cover the gaping interstices, but at present the building does not look as it should, by any means.

LA SALLE STREET,

always beautiful, is looking handsomer than ever. The elegant architecture of Gallup & Hitchcock's Building, now plainly indicated in the first story; the massive grandeur of Major Block, foreshadowed to the same extent; the graceful lightness of the Oriental Building, now receiving its Mansard roof, are among only a few of the many beauties of the street. Opposite the Court House Square the iron fronts of Ætna Block and its neighbor are pleasing enough, while the fanciful architecture of the red brick and gray stone on the southwest corner are not altogether without their attractions. The Chamber of Commerce Building, and the Metropolitan Block, would do credit to any thoroughfare, but add these to the other handsome buildings above enumerated, and a street with but few superiors is the result.

THE MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DEPOT.

And now as if to complete the picture the white front of the rising depot of the Michigan Southern and Rock Island & Pacific Railroads rises into view, and the third story can be seen. Of white stone handsomely let alone by the officious stone-cutter, this imposing building promises to eclipse in beauty and massive strength its predecessor, and make a fitting terminus to La Salle street and the great railroads converging within its walls.

THE SHERMAN HOUSE

has reached the fourth story and begins to look extremely handsome. It is plain enough in design, and the facades are somewhat flat and bare, but the addition of a Mansard roof may carry off the effect in a great degree.

THE GARDINER HOUSE

is under roof, and, but for the awkward chimneys on the top, would be among the fine buildings in Chicago. The chimneys can possibly be seen from the other side of the lake.

THE BRIGGS HOUSE

is to the third story, and progressing rapidly. The general style is pleasing.

OTHER HOTELS, ETC.

The Orient House, on Van Buren and State streets, is, as might be expected from its name, rising.

The other legion of hotels are all doing as well as can be expected.

The Lakeside Publishing House begins to look like a building, in place of a ruin.

Hamlin & Hale's building, on the corner of Franklin and Madison streets, excites considerable remark, highly complimentary to the architects, Cochrane & Miller.

SOME WEST SIDE IMPROVEMENTS.

The new buildings on West Madison, West Washington, and other streets, described some time ago, are making safe progress, and at an early day many magnificent stores will be opened, adding to the beauty of the West Side, and to the pecuniary advantage of the enterprising men who have invested their money in that locality. Several other streets on the West Side are being improved, and we note the following among other buildings now in course of erection:

ON CANAL STREET.

Jones & Laughlin are putting up a corrugated iron building at No. 190, to be used as a nail manufactory. It will be one story and basement, measuring 30x150 feet.

Mr. Frank Douglas is building a three-story and basement brick, to be Nos. 254 and 256, to be used as a manufactory of wood-working machinery. It will measure 44 feet front and 140 deep. The front will be iron, and the windows will be filled with plate glass. The cost will be about $27,000, and it will be occupied by the 1st of October.

W. A. James & Co. are the proprietors of a two-story brick structure, 40 feet front by 120 deep, near the above, which will cost $16,500.

Further south is the Chicago Cork Factory, 40x80 feet, and Wright & Lanthus' oil and lead factory, 75x110 feet, and two stories above the basement.

C. L. Woodman & Co have been improving their cracker manufactory, at the corner of Canal and Adams streets, by the introduction of new machinery for making home-made bread and by a general enlargement of their working facilities.

There are many other manufactories of various kinds on Canal street, and there is a probability that in the future more will be started in the same vicinity, making that street a great manufacturing thoroughfare. It is well adapted for that purpose, on account of its proximity to the river and the ease with which shipping can be conducted.

ART MATTERS.

Notes from the Studios—What Our Chicago Sculptors, and Portrait and Landscape Painters Are Doing and Getting Ready to Do.

The field of art was swept clean by the fire, but the laborers have worked diligently, some in this city, others abroad, and now their labors result in rich fruit, which they may harvest and enjoy. Our eminent sculptor, L. W. Volk, lately returned from Italy, where he executed several commissions for portrait busts, and prepared the statues for the Keep monument in the State of New York, is just now waiting for the arrival at New York of a ship-load of marble, which he is importing. He is spending the hot season at the residence of T. S. Fitch, on the south shore, and is enthusiastic in his praises of the bracing lake breeze. Another sculptor, not as well known as Mr. Volk, but rapidly rising in his profession, is Samuel Conkey, who again opens a studio in Chicago, and at present is finishing up a marble bust of the little son of E. W. Blatchford, Esq. Already it has the form of the child, but it is interesting to watch the improvement given by the careful touches, and how the softness of childhood delicately appears on the hard marble, and the living expression is intensified. In this portrait-work of little children, Mr. Conkey seems to enter with enthusiasm, and he has now two other models being put into marble, for he must leave to others the first close work of measurements and the ruder chiseling, and confines himself to the original modelling, and to the final work of imparting the actual expression and feeling of life. His power of idealizing is seen in his fancy medallion of the head of Juliet, which is now in the plaster. We see in the cast the strong European type of features, the softness of the hair confined by bands, and the real expression of hidden character.

Among our landscape painters, Henry A. Elkins is prominent, and he has now on his easel a grand California landscape, which will be completed this fall, and will enhance his reputation. More than a year ago he went to the northern part of California, where the mountain lines are broken into massive peaks by the interlacing of the Sierra Nevada and Coast ranges, and made careful sketches for a painting of the monarch of them all, under the old name of "Shasta Butte," which, on a clear day, can be seen with a glass from Sacramento, over 200 miles away. The region is a new field for the artist, and is seldom visited by the tourist, but the rough mountain side presents a grandeur of scenery and a variety of views, such as cannot be found in a lower range. The summit is in the region of perpetual snow, and the rough granite of the top furnishes no foothold for any trees, but lower down are forests of gigantic pine and cypress, and at the base various species of oak flourish. The approach to the mountain is by a series of terraces or table lands, and these furnish room for mountain lakes, around which the foliage is rank, and from them issue little torrents which sparkle in the air. Mr. Elkins secured a large variety of sketches and made many careful foreground studies, with the intention of producing a painting which would make him a reputation. Fired by this ambition, he has faithfully worked, and since spring he has done nothing else than paint on this one canvas of a large size, that he can show the beauty and grandeur of the scenery, and at the same time introduce those striking effects which are so frequently found in our Western mountains. The picture cannot be ready for examination for many weeks, and the artist is working upon it in Mr. Ford's spacious studio in Riverside.

At the time of the fire, Henry C Ford was fortunate enough to preserve all his sketches, and to have a fine studio at home for immediate use. He has painted several landscapes, many of which have been interior views of the forest, with close studies of tree-trunks. On his easel is a large painting of an opening in the woods, from sketches in Northern Ohio, with a grand perspective and careful attention to foreground effects. The opening is formed by a ravine, through which the spring floods rush, and on either hand hills rise rapidly. At our right, is a large oak clasped by a flourishing grape-vine and a beech, whose trunks have been carefully painted with all the close markings of the bark, and at their feet is a decayed stump surrounded by grasses and flowers, which only appear better by close examination. Opposite to these are a linden, shaggy hickory, and yellow birches, and from one hangs a bright scarlet Virginia creeper; then in the background and on the hillsides tree stands behind tree. From the hill to our left, flows a clear spring which trickles into a quiet pool; that moistens an exuberant growth of ferns and water plants. It is a pleasure to study this picture with an opera-glass, and thus to appreciate the grandeur of the perspective, and the realization of foliage, tree trunks, and moss-covered rocks.

In strong contrast to this is a storm in the summer, when the sky is black with clouds, and all the trees bow before the fierce wind, whose strength has been too great for one large elm which has just fallen to the ground. In these we see that Mr. Ford has been faithful in portraying the individuality of each different species of trees under varying conditions.

D. F. Bigelow has recently finished several brilliant landscapes of autumnal scenery, but his last picture is an extended view from a rocky mountain-side, across a wide valley and Lake Champlain, to the summits of the Green Mountains, whose graceful outline can be seen in the horizon. The artist has put a good atmosphere in his picture, and, with the breadth and strength, has carefully painted the rocky masses in the foreground, which are relieved by a skillful arrangement of stones, foliage, and the light which comes from a pleasant sky.

J. H. Drury lost his sketches by the fire, but is making several for pastoral landscapes in the neighborhood of Oconomowoc; and P. F. Reed is making new studies in the Green Mountains. Henry Hilliard returned here last fall with numerous sketches from New England, and after painting all winter in Aurora, he went to Quincy, and is now at St. Paul.

A new candidate for popular patronage is Mr. Strauss, who has just finished a large painting of a Louisiana swamp, just called "Solitude." No living thing but a crane can be seen in the desolation, water is everywhere, and the live oaks and cypresses are draped with the hanging Spanish moss. The palmettos and ferns are accurately painted, and the perspective is very good.

Our fire has inspired many artists to paint the incidents of our conflagration. Armitage, of England, and Hamilton, of Philadelphia, will soon have pictures here. Hopkins has tried to commemorate the First National Bank, and H. F. Spread has succeeded well in a large allegorical scene of "Chicago rising from her ruin," representing, on one canvass, the city ascending from her desolated streets to the restored palaces of commerce. Chicago is typified by a vigorous, healthy young woman, of nearly life size, floating upward by her own power, with energy and determination. The conception is grand and artistic, and in all of its details has been carefully worked out. The figure is beautiful and life-like, clothed in graceful drapery, and the face portrays strong character and decision.

Naturally, our portrait painters come in largely now for the public patronage, and some of them have from eight to twelve orders in advance. A recent work is the life-like portrait of Mrs. James Wallace, by Frank M. Pebbles. The brown dress and dark hair of a fine-looking brunette well set off the rich flesh color and the soft texture of the face, which is animated in expression. The painting is strong in depth and atmosphere, and the figure stands out boldly on the canvas.

A. F. Brooks, who is noted for his india-ink portraits, is now in the East, and Henderson is doing well at Davenport.

Albert Jenks has lately furnished a portrait of another brunette lady, in half-profile, which is a good example of his style. The color is delicate, the flesh tints are carefully done, and the lights and shadows are distinct. The lace and drapery are gradually shaded away into the gray background, so that the face stands out in strong relief.

Several portraits are now on exhibition in our art-stores by C. P. Schwerdt, many of which show careful work. One of his popular paintings will be the speaking likeness of Governor Palmer, but we like better the modelling of the strong head of the father of G. P. Upton, in which the artist portrays a decided character, that can be studied even more closely than the living form. This is a high province of portrait painting, rather to write a biography with the brush than to preserve a simple memorial of the features. A half length figure of a banker, grasping an ivory-headed cane, sits at a table as though presenting some new plan, and the prominent features and dark complexion are lighted up with an earnestness of manner.

John Phillips has lately returned here, and has several commissions, but his portraits have not yet been put on public exhibition.

J. H. S. Reed has a special field, portraying forest life and fruit pieces. He has an expressive picture, named "Stop dat Knockin'," presenting a squirrel remonstrating at the noisy hammering of a brilliant woodpecker, which attracts by the plumage of the birds and life-like character of the leaves and branches. A large fruit-piece of melons and apples is juicy and tempting, for, in drawing, color, perspective, and texture, he has achieved decided success.

Note from Mr. Samuel Ashton.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune:

SIR: In your paper of this date, under the head of "A list of various officers to be voted for in Cook County at the November election," you mention my name as a candidate for the office of State's Attorney. Permit me to say that I am not a candidate for any office at the coming election, and the use of my name in that connection is wholly unauthorized. Very respectfully yours, SAMUEL ASHTON.

CHICAGO, Ill., August 9.

—The tin mines of New South Wales are said to be even more valuable and profitable than the gold fields. The exports from that colony of gold, tin, and copper, in 1871, amounted to $60,000,000 in value. The tin mines are said to be the richest in the world. Lodes of copper are also being worked to great advantage.

THE FASHIONS.

Novelties in Jewelry and Dress Goods.

JEWELRY.

From Frank Leslie's Lady's Journal.

Cameos are increasing in popularity. The most approved of these are in sardonyx, a stone which sometimes presents several layers and tints of complementary or contrasting hues, and the best artists in these are those of Rome. They vary in price, according to the value of the stone and the workmanship; sets of Roman stone cameos, when finished in gold, selling in the New York market from $60 to $600.

There are also cameos in lava, coral, amethyst, and topaz, generally of greater price, but less popular than the sardonyx. Shell cameos, of Russian workmanship, are very beautiful, but of comparatively little value.

Coral jewelry, at the present time, depends most for its value upon the color, the delicate rose-pink being vastly more desirable than tints of brighter red, though coral is far too beautiful of itself, in any of its tints, to be discarded as an ornament, and must always be more or less fashionable. In the devices for coral we discover no marked change. Sets can be bought at from $40 to $250, and when of very rare tint they sell at much higher figures.

In solid gold ornaments there has been no change, the Roman, Etruscan, Egyptian, or Arabic, being held in equal favor. In gold work, however, there is now presented most charming varieties in alloys, introducing various tinting through silver, copper, platina, or other metals, in delicate flowers or chasery. The latest necklace we have seen had large, heavy links of Etruscan gold, united by a delicate frosted daisy of silver alloy, with the stamens of copper alloy. The necklace and locket, we will just here remark, have quite superseded the brooch, or the brooch is furnished, for convenience, with both the ring and pin, so that it may be worn as either, while the locket is almost inevitable.

The most unique and fanciful earrings lately shown us were in representation of minute lakes of the most transparent crystal, in which floated a tiny gold swan, composed of sufficient silver alloy to give the simulated bird the snowy sheen of the natural. These ornaments are exquisite *bijous*, selling at from $50 to $60 per pair.

Pearls are the conventional jewels for the bridal *parure*. When the means will allow, strings of round virgin pearls for the necklace and bracelet are the favorites, and the pear-shaped pendants for ear ornaments, while ornaments of the cluster-seed pearls are by no means despised.

Of cheaper jewelry there is a great variety in tortoise shell, which is capable of being wrought into innumerable devices, either plain or inlaid with gold, and sufficiently rich to be worn with any but the most elaborate evening toilet. Sets of tortoise shell can be bought at from $12 to $75.

For mourning there is an infinite variety in Whitby, English and French jet and gutta percha. In these manufactures the modifications of styles are unimportant, and about the prices of the last two seasons rule in their purchase.

There is nothing new in the style of watches in our market, while in Europe globular rock-crystal cases, and cases of jet, set with gold and silver, are among the novelties.

DRESS GOODS.

Harper's Bazar says:

In the heat of midsummer merchants are receiving their fall and winter goods. The earliest importations are of fine silks and woolen stuffs. Among these, solid colors will prevail. The Jacquard, or raised figured goods, will be a conspicuous feature this season; stripes will be bolder than those of the summer; plaids are almost extinct. In fine fabrics there is a variety of quaint antique shades that are not positive colors, but neutral tints made up of two colors so intimately blended that the identity of each is lost. Unmixed colors and all high colors, such as bright crimson, scarlet, clear blue, and green, have disappeared from among choice goods, and are only found in the cheap materials made for the million.

In bracelets we have seen nothing positively new. Plain, flat Etruscan bands are considered very elegant, while they are sufficiently subdued to wear with any dress or upon any occasion. Chased bands are equally popular, and now and then, in full dress, chain bracelets are admissible, though they are less in favor than they were several months ago.

The bulk of silk importations is of faille—a soft gros grain with distinct, even, round threads of medium size and admirable lustre. Among these bronze, brown, and sage green tints prevail. Brown tinged with green will probably be the popular fancy of the coming season. This is displayed in a variety of shades, beginning with the olive brown of last year; next is *rouille*, or rust color; myrtle brown is very dark and almost black; a new pistache shade has much more brown than green; *ecorce*, or bark color; the darkest shade is sepia, or India ink. Next these are grayish-brown shades called *poussiere*, or dust color; *fumee*, or smoke brown; desert sand, a light shade; *rochew*, or rock color; Zanzibar, a sandy brown; *rossignol*, or nightingale; dove colors, such as *tourterelle*, and *ramier*, the wood pigeon; *marmotte*, a dark ashes-of-roses shade; and, finally, some soft shades are called antelope and reindeer.

Of grays pure and simple but few are found, and these also have greenish hues. First is lichen, or mossy gray; absinthe, a dark shade of the sage green worn this season; *amphibole* is an uncertain, indescribable blending of green and gray; and *mesange*, a blue gray named for the tomtit. Sphinx and salamander are also mongrel tints. Sarde, the color of the stone, is the clearest gray shown; *feutre* is felt gray; *argile* is the color of potter's clay; allegator gray is retained from last year; and *bouleau*, or birch color, is the darkest shade possible.

For evening dresses are silks of the faded hues that are now so popular. Among the prettiest new hues are aurore, a pale pinkish gray, an unmixed soft gray called *gris fin*, and a delicate puff called chamois color. The blue tints are *ciel pale*, or bright sky-blue; paradise blue is of deeper hue; Indienne and turquoise are the dim lack-lustre shades introduced two years ago. The rose colors are *rose frais*, or newly-blown rose; tea rose, with yellow tints; and faded rose, a lovely pale shade. Pink coral, Nile green, lavender, *ble* or wheat color, and the silver shades are again imported.

A novelty in fancy silks is broche silk serge. This is a soft, thick-twilled silk, like old-fashioned levantine, and is imported for polonaises. The ground is usually black, and the figures, flowers and vines wrought upon it are of one dark color—blue, green, or brown.

Stripes are no longer mere hair lines, but are half an inch or more in width. There are plain solid stripes at wide intervals, but the newest designs are clusters of lines and irregular groups. White or brown stripes on black grounds will remain in favor.

The mongrel tints described for silk goods are all reproduced in cashmeres, delaines and merinoes. These soft, clinging fabrics, so beautiful for drapery, are largely imported, while there are very few poplins and harsh, wiry materials. Twilled goods are still preferred to reps. Colored French cashmeres will, in a measure, supersede the favorite black cashmere of last winter. Delaines are of finer quality than those of former importations; they are also wider, come in double fold, and are more expensive.

Very small plaids for children are the only plaids shown. These are irregular, and of but two colors, blue, green or brown, with white and black. Merchants of experience predict that the bold stripes brought out for this winter will also bring stripes into disfavor, and we warn the reader that this is probably their last season.

French calicoes show some novelties of coloring, but the designs are still the Watteau flowers and figures. The present fancy is to have the ground of one of the new unique colors strewn with frescoings of other shades of the same color, lighted up here and there with a bright bit of scarlet, a rosebud, a blue convolvus, or a cluster of bright green leaves. Black grounds are also shown, and many are striped with wide columns overrun with leaves.

Quantities of Spanish lace used this summer will be found among the new importations. This lace is not made in Spain, but in France, and is an imitation of the heavily figured Spanish blonde. It will be used for veils, and also for trimming silks and cashmere. The colored woollen guipures used for trimming summer dresses are being manufactured in heavier designs, and in the new shades, for trimming suits of the woollen fabrics for the next season. Among white laces point duchesse is considered *passee*, and Valenciennes remains the standard lace.

Spirals of lace—that is, lace arranged back and forth in shell shape—are used for trimming dresses, jackets, and polonaises. On the back of guipure lace sacques and polonaises these spirals are far more effective than plain Watteau folds. A handsome polonaise of Spanish sprigged net is trimmed with these spirals down the entire front, and on the back of the corsage. The price of this garment is seventy-five dollars.

Suits of Byzantine, a kind of grenadine barege, are worn for mourning at this season and in the early fall. A model that dispenses with flounces is worthy of description. The skirt is covered to the hips with clusters of bias folds, each two inches wide when doubled, placed three in a group, and separated by straight side plaiting an eighth of a yard in depth. The polonaise is of the loose polonaise shape, the waist lined with silk, and for trimming a cluster of folds and one row of plaiting. The coat sleeves have two wide folds near the wrist, shaped like inverted cuffs, and made to sit smoothly and plain.

The Land of the Roumans.

At the foot of the Carpathian Mountains lies Wallachia, a broad and fertile plain, crossed by the glorious blue tide of the Danube, and watered by a hundred tributary streams, which seek the mighty river as their liege.

This is the political dove-cote, which, being under the authority of the kite, sought aid from the hawk, and fared even more poorly under the new sovereign than under their original tyrant.

Turkey was formerly the dominant power over Wallachia, while Russia was the assumed protector of this so-called free territory, which yet remains, in European politics, the servant of servants, and may one day become a tremendous battle-field, where the crowns of Europe, despite the boasted civilization and progress of the nineteenth century, may try the justice of their claims to precedence.

The tourist who wanders from the beaten track of travel to these provinces of the lower Danube, has at once accorded to him two vast advantages. He may ride in a heavy cart, utterly guiltless of springs, and in this be dragged over execrable roads, no one having pity upon him, no one pausing when he groans and protests. He is at the mercy of a Wallachian postillion; can one say worse for any luckless being? This postillion appears like an escaped imp from the infernal regions out for a masquerade. His skin has been tanned by successive summers, each seven months long, when the daylight seems a rain of fire, and every breeze sweeping across the almost illimitable plain is like the breath of a seven-times heated furnace. But not only has our postillion been thus annealed by inexpressible heat, but he has been daily hardened every year of his life by being suddenly snatched from these glowing summer fires and plunged into five months of bitter winter cold. Five months every year does the north hurl down upon him biting, nipping whirlwinds and tempests of snow, through which this luckless wretch staggers blindly waist deep. These processes of nature make his skin a sort of leather, seamed and battered; his long, unkempt locks give him a look fierce as that of the wild boar and bear which haunt the Carpathian passes; his brawny sledge-hammer hand is armed with a whip yards long, which he delights to snap and crack, making music for his soul. In dress, this fiend is Turkish; wearing flowing sleeves, a voluminous sash, a braided and sleeveless jacket, and a deal of finery and embroidery, besides boots and boot-tops, which serve him as a portmanteau in which to carry about all his property.

But we linger too long on the thought of this grinning and shrieking demon, who superintends the daily dislocation of the traveller's bones; let us leave him, as sunlight fades behind the mountains, calmly smoking his pipe and drinking "Slievovitz," or plum brandy, at the bivouac fire.

Another advantage of travel in these parts is, that being abandoned by interpreters, one can, on an emergency, understand and make himself understood, in virtue of that royal Latin tongue called dead, which, nevertheless, possesses such abundant vitality. Moldo-Wallachia and Moldavia, called also Roumanesca, are inhabited by the same race, namely, Roumans, and the mention of their speech calls us to the question of their origin.

The people themselves claim Roman descent, and point in proof to their name, Rouman, and to their language, containing, some say, twelve Latin words to every twenty spoken; there are also extensive remains of Roman fortifications and buildings scattered over the Wallachian plain.

The most probable and best sustained theory of descent is, however, that the people are the ancient Dacians. These were completely subjugated by the Emperor Trajan. After the conquest many Roman legions occupied the country, and the ruins and the strong Latin cast of the language, are attributable to their presence. The victorious Romans carried to Italy many of the conquered people to grace the Emperor's triumph, and to glut the greedy appetite of the Roman populace for gladiatorial shows. Says the poet:

But where his rude hut by the Danube lay,
There were his young barbarians, all at play;
There was their Dacian mother; he, their sire,
Butchered to make a Roman holiday.

—*Our Monthly for August.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

Hartford, Conn., is making a dozen lawn-mowers for the Sultan of Turkey.

—A big American hotel on the Strand, to be larger than the Grand Hotel in Paris, and cost $3,000,000, is a recent London project.

—The East Boston Marine Railway is to have a chain containing 300 links, each link weighing 50 pounds, made by the convicts of the Massachusetts State Prison at Charlestown.

—Worcester is to have a boulevard around Lake Quinsigamond. Mr. R. Morris Copeland has laid out the plan, which Worcester will be wise to adopt. The natural advantages of this inland city are unsurpassed.

—Yale pays its Professors $3,000, Harvard $2,600, Dartmouth and Wooster University $2,000, Marietta $1,800, Oberlin and Wabash $1,500, Western Reserve 1,300. A slender stipend, at the largest, for work that in many cases is beyond price.

—The New York yachts intending to accept the invitation of the Grand Duke Alexis to visit St. Petersburg are the Dauntless, Sappho, Columbia, and Wanderer. They will rendezvous at Cowes, whence they will start together for the Baltic.

—The managers of the Santa Clara (Cal.) Agricultural Society have an eye to business when they advertise a premium of $40 to the damsel who "prepares the best plain dinner at a cost not to exceed $4."

—It has long been a well-known fact in coal circles that the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company, under the title of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Company, have been acquiring the control over vast areas of property in Schuylkill and Northumberland Counties, and to accomplish this, the Company obtained authority to issue $25,000,000 additional bonds.

—It requires 56 steam-presses and over 1,000 employes to do the Government printing; and at least 50 per cent of the printing that is done is utterly valueless to the country. There is no department of the Government which admits so largely of retrenchment and reform.

—A hot-headed youth of Waterbury, Ct., was recently trying to catch a base ball, when it rolled upon the railroad track just in front of a coming train. But Young America was not to be cheated, and he went for the ball just in time to be caught by the cowcatcher of the engine, and carried along about 200 feet before the train could be stopped. The boy wasn't hurt, but he missed the ball.

—A cook, whose wages were sadly in arrears, lately took her revenge by substituting her chignon for the dressing of a turkey on an occasion when her employer gave a grand dinner party.

—Congregational singing in Beecher's Plymouth Church, was displaced, last Sunday, by a volunteer quartet, who sang among other selections the aria from the opera of "Lurline," "Sweet Spirit, Hear My Prayer," with fine effect.

—A Montana Indian Agent accounts for his deficiency by declaring that he furnished the Indians 285,000 pounds of family soap, $300 worth of postage-stamps, and a barrel of ink.

—A colossal statue of Richard Baxter, the famous semi-nonconformist preacher, during the years of the Commonwealth and of Charles II., is proposed for the town of Kidderminster, England, where he lived for many years, and where most of his great religious books were written.

—"That man," said a wag, "came to this city forty years ago, purchased a basket, and commenced gathering rags. How much do you suppose he is worth now?" We gave it up. "Nothing," he continued, after a pause; "and he owes for the basket."

—Among the remarkable mineral discoveries recently made in Utah is that of a bismuth mine,—the only real bismuth mine, so far as known, in the world. This metal, bismuth, heretofore so scarce and high-priced, is not generally known to American mining operators. It has been almost exclusively found in Saxony, and its production has been held as a monopoly by the Saxon Government.

—In Providence, Rhode Island, the price of beefsteaks is 33 cents a pound. The best roasts are about the same. Living in a fish country, the people must eat more fish and less beef. The Providence *Journal* advises them to buy coarser beef, and make it into soup. It says that everybody calls for the best pieces; that none will take the tougher; and the consequence is, that the butcher must make up the price of the whole carcass on the steaks and roasts.

—The first merchants' bank of New York was established about 80 years ago. It was called the Bank of New York, and was built on the corner of Wall and William streets, and was designed to be the financial magnet of the city. The bank is still in existence, and is the centre of all gold operations, the checks of the Gold Room all being drawn on the institution. It began business with one book-keeper, but now employs 20.

—It was very haughty in Dr. Livingstone to call the dark-eyed daughters of Cazembe "dears," and to dwell so lovingly on the fascinating manner in which they tattooed their dusky cuticles; but it was worse than naughty to quote from Hawthorne's English Notes about being "bulbous below the ribs." Inasmuch as the book which he quotes so glibly was not published until after the Doctor's disappearance, we are at a loss to account for his acquaintance with its contents. Could he have got it from the Book and News Company of Unyanyembe? or trifled with its pages at the Circulating Library at Ugogo? An explanation is needed somewhere.—*St. Louis Globe.*

—The revelations of Stanley call to mind those made by George Psalmanazar, the discoverer of the Island of Formosa. Readers of history will remember how, about 170 years ago, this industrious savant informed all Europe of the remarkable people inhabiting that country. Their habits, general intelligence, and their literature, their methods of going out and coming in, were spread before the world, until this discoverer found himself ranking with Columbus and men of like renown. He was feted by the Royal Geographical Society, while foreign ministers and royal blood strove to do him honor. But, in an evil hour for that degenerate age, he confessed that he had lied; and so this wonderful people and their upside-down alphabet all became a myth.

SHIRTS, &c.

A SHAPELESS SHIRT

Is the greatest disfigurement to a gentleman otherwise well dressed. Why wear such garments when you can obtain

McART'S "EUREKA,"

the very acme of perfection. Call and be measured, at No. 122 West Madison-st.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of SWEESY, ROOT & VAN NORTWICK is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by ROOT & VAN NORTWICK, who will liquidate all liabilities and collect all debts due the late firm.

Chicago, August 1, 1872.

WM. F. SWEESY,
AARON ROOT,
H. F. VAN NORTWICK.

REAL ESTATE.

The South Park BOULEVARD RESIDENCE ASSOCIATION

Hereby announce their complete organization under the laws of the State of Illinois, with the following management:

THOS. HOYNE, President,
J. IRVING PEARCE, Treasurer
J. M. WALKER,
J. YOUNG SCAMMON,
HENRY GREENEBAUM,
JOHN C. DORE,
JAMES E. TYLER,
Directors.

OBJECT of the Association is to secure residence lots for the members of the Association and others along South Park Boulevard and prominent avenues in the South Division.

CAPITAL STOCK,
$2,000,000!!

The authorized capital of the Association is $2,000,000, divided into shares of $100 each,

$500,000

of which has been subscribed for by the founders and incorporators of the Association.

$1,500,000

of the stock is subject to public subscription at par, on the following terms:

25 per cent in Cash.
25 per cent payable Feb. 1, 1873.
25 per cent payable Aug. 1, 1873.
25 per cent payable Feb. 1, 1874,

With interest at 8 per cent per annum from August 1, 1872.

The Association will invest its capital in real estate fronting on the leading Boulevards and Avenues in the South Division, and having ALREADY secured the privilege of purchase of this class of property at the lowest estimated present value in a sufficient quantity to absorb all of the authorized capital of the Association, the profitableness of the enterprise must be commensurate with the development and growth of Chicago.

STOCKHOLDERS in the Association have equal rights and privileges in all respects, all sharing in the advantages and profits ratably in proportion to the stock held by each.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS for stock will be opened at the office of the Association on MONDAY, AUG. 12, 1872:

TEMPORARY OFFICE:
Branch Office of the German National Bank,
374 WABASH-AV.

ENGLEWOOD PROPERTY.

A few choice lots and a small improved place, cheap for cash or on time. By S. S. MILLER & CO., 165 West Washington-st.

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL.

We beg to inform our customers that we are again at our old corner, 29 and 31 Lake-st., corner Wabash-av. Our new store is larger and more commodious than the old one, and is filled with the largest and best stock of Boots and Shoes ever offered by us to the Trade.

DOGGETT, BASSETT & HILLS.

P. S.—We continue to manufacture our celebrated Boots.

RAILROAD TIME-TABLE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad.

Depots—foot of Lake-st., Indiana-av. and Sixteenth-st., and Canal and Sixteenth-sts. Ticket office in Briggs House, and at Depots.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Mail and Express	*7:30 a m	*4:15 p m
Dubuque & Sioux City Exp	*9:15 a m	*2:00 p m
Pacific Fast Line	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rock Island Express	*10:15 a m	*4:15 p m
Galesburg Passenger	*3:15 p m	*8:10 p m
Mendota & Ottawa Passenger	*4:20 p m	*9:55 a m
Aurora Passenger	*5:30 p m	*8:30 a m
Aurora Passenger (Sunday)	1:00 p m	9:55 a m
Dubuque & Sioux City Exp	†9:15 p m	‡7:00 a m
Pacific Night Express	†10:00 p m	‡6:45 a m
Downer's Grove Accommod'n	*11:00 a m	*1:45 p m
Downer's Grove Accommod'n	*1:45 p m	*6:15 p m
Downer's Grove Accommod'n	*6:15 p m	*7:15 a m
Riverside and Hinsdale	*6:35 a m	*9:05 a m

‡ Mondays excepted. * Sundays excepted. † Saturdays excepted.

Chicago & Alton Railroad.

Chicago, Alton & St. Louis Through Line, and Louisiana (Mo.) new short route from Chicago to Kansas City. Union Depot, West Side, near Madison-st. bridge.

	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Louis & Springfield Express, via Main Line	*9:15 a m	*8:00 p m
Kansas City Fast Express, via Jacksonville, Ill., and Louisiana, Mo	*9:15 a m	*8:00 p m
Wenona, Lacon, Washington Express (Western Division)	*4:30 p m	*6:00 p m
Joliet & Dwight Accom'odat'n	*4:50 p m	*9:10 a m
St. Louis & Springfield Lightning Express, via Main Line, and also via Jacksonville Division	‡9:00 p m	‡7:15 p m
Kansas City Express, via Jacksonville, Ill., & Louisiana, Mo	‡9:00 p m	‡7:15 a m
Jefferson City Express	‡9:00 p m	‡7:15 a m
Peoria, Keokuk & Burl'n Ex	*9:00 p m	*8:00 p m

* Except Sunday. † Ex. Saturday. ‡ Ex. Monday. ‡ Daily, via Main Line, and daily, except Saturday, via Jacksonville Division. § Daily, via Main Line, and daily, except Monday, via Jacksonville Division.

Illinois Central Railroad.

Depot foot of Lake-st. and foot of Twenty-second-st. Ticket office, 75 Canal-st., corner of Madison.

	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Louis Express	*7:30 a m	*9:00 p m
St. Louis Fast Line	†8:15 p m	*7:57 a m
Cairo Mail	*7:30 a m	*9:00 p m
Cairo Express	†8:15 p m	*7:57 a m
Springfield Express	*7:30 a m	*9:00 p m
Springfield Express	†8:15 p m	*7:57 a m
Dubuque & Sioux City Ex	*9:15 a m	*7:00 p m
Dubuque & Sioux City Ex	†9:15 p m	*7:00 a m
** Gilman Passenger	*5:15 p m	*9:00 a m
Hyde Park and Oak Woods	*6:10 a m	*7:45 a m
do do do	*9:00 a m	*9:00 a m
do do do	*12:10 p m	*10:30 a m
do do do	*3:00 p m	*1:45 p m
do do do	*5:15 p m	*5:20 p m
do do do	*6:10 p m	*7:45 p m

* Sundays excepted. † Saturdays excepted.
** On Saturdays this train will be run to Champaign.

Chicago & Northwestern Railroad.

Ticket office, 21 West Madison-st.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Pacific Fast Line	†10:30 a m	†3:45 p m
Pacific Night Express	‡10:30 p m	‡6:30 a m
Freeport & Dubuque Express	†9:15 a m	†2:00 p m
Freeport & Dubuque Express	†9:15 p m	†7:00 a m
Milwaukee Mail	†8:00 a m	†10:10 a m
Milwaukee Express	†9:45 a m	†4:00 p m
Milwaukee Passenger	†5:00 p m	†7:40 p m
Milwaukee Passenger (daily)	11:00 p m	6:20 a m
Green Bay Express	†10:00 a m	†7:15 p m
Green Bay Express	†9:30 p m	†5:30 a m

† Sunday excepted. § Saturday excepted. ‡ Monday excepted.

Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad.

Depot, corner of Harrison and Sherman-sts. Ticket office, 83 West Madison-st.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Omaha and Leavenworth Ex	*10:00 a m	*4:00 p m
Peru Accommodation	*5:00 p m	*9:30 a m
Night Express	†10:00 p m	‡7:00 a m
Leavenworth Express	*10:30 p m	*7:00 a m

Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad.

Depot corner of Harrison and Sherman-sts. Ticket office, southwest corner of Madison and Canal-sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Mail	*7:40 a m	*9:20 p m
Special New York Express	*9:30 a m	*7:30 p m
Atlantic Express (daily)	5:15 p m	7:30 a m
Night Express	*10:00 p m	*6:30 a m
South Chicago Accom'odati'n	*12:20 p m	*2:25 p m
Elkhart Accommodation	*4:10 p m	*10:10 a m

* Sundays excepted. † Saturdays do. ‡ Mondays do.

Chicago, Danville & Vincennes Railroad.

Passenger depot, at P., C. & St. L. depot, corner of Canal and Kinzie-sts. Out freight office, corner of Ann and Kinzie-sts. In freight office, at P., C. & St. L. depot, corner Halsted and Carroll sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Evansville & Terre Haute Ex	7:30 a m	8:20 p m
Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette Ex., via St. Anne	8:30 p m	11:55 a m
Danville Accommodation	8:30 p m	11:55 a m

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Day Express	†8:00 a m	‡7:00 p m
Pacific Express	§5:15 p m	§6:30 a m
Fast Line	*9:00 p m	*8:00 a m
Mail	†5:00 a m	†6:10 p m
Valparaiso Accommodation	†3:45 p m	†9:40 a m

†Sundays excepted. ‡ Mondays excepted. § Daily.
* Saturdays and Sundays excepted.

Michigan Central and Great Western Railroads.

Depot, foot of Lake-st. and foot of Twenty-second-st. Ticket office, 75 Canal-st., corner of Madison.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Mail (via main and air line)	*5:00 a m	*8:45 p m
Day Express	*9:00 a m	*7:20 p m
Jackson Accom'odation (daily)	3:35 p m	10:30 a m
Atlantic Express (daily)	5:15 p m	7:30 a m
Night Express	†*9:00 p m	‡*6:30 a m
FOR INDIANAPOLIS VIA FERU ROAD.		
Mail	*5:00 a m	*8:45 p m
Night Express	†9:00 p m	‡*10:00 a m
FOR GRAND RAPIDS AND PENTWATER.		
Night Express	†9:00 p m	†6:00 a m
GRAND TRUNK CONNECTIONS.		
Grand Trunk Day Express	*9:00 a m	*7:20 p m
Grand Trunk Night Express	†*9:00 p m	7:30 a m

† Saturday excepted. * Sunday excepted. ‡ Monday excepted. § Arrive Sundays at 7:30 a. m.

HENRY C. WENTWORTH,
General Passenger Agent.

DENTISTRY.

D. M. TOWNER & CO.

DENTISTS,
181 and 183 West Madison-st., Northeast Corner Halsted.

VITALIZED AIR

Given in extracting Teeth. No pain, no danger.
Extracting Teeth, each 50c
Artificial Teeth, very best .... $20 to 25
Cheaper Sets .... 10 to 15
Solid Gold Fillings .... 2 to 5
Silver Fillings .... 1 to 3
Teeth Extracted and new ones immediately replaced.
Best of city references.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIXON'S AMPHITHEATRE.

THE SUCCESS OF THE SEASON.

Accepted by the Public! Endorsed by the Press!

MONDAY, AUGUST 12, second and last week of the unrivalled equestrian organization,

CHIARINI'S Royal Italian Circus.

G. CHIARINI .... Manager and Proprietor
FRANK WHITTAKER .... Ring Master.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

First appearance of the beautiful and talented SISTERS ACHEDA.
New and original Grand Entree, "Los Mosqueteros de la Reina."
For the first time, the beautiful scene act, THE FOUR SEASONS.
For the first time, manege act by MISS KATIE HALLOWAY, mounted upon the thorough Arabian steed, Abd-el-Kader, presented to Signor Chiarini, while in Mexico, by the Emperor Maximilian.
First appearance of MISS LUCIA ORRIN, the Queen of the air.
For the first time, the GUANACO, the only one of the species ever introduced in the arena.
The Creoles, BELEN AND THEODORO, in new acts.
The champion acrobats, the BROTHERS CARLO; and the celebrated gymnasts, the ORRIN BROTHERS, in new and wonderful specialties, every evening.

MATINEE, WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

Box office open daily from 10 a. m.

M'VICKER'S THEATRE.

Madison-st., between State and Dearborn.

THE SEASON WILL COMMENCE

Thursday Evening, Aug. 15.

Ticket Office will open for the sale of seats for the first week on TUESDAY MORNING, at 9 o'clock, and remain open daily till 5 p. m.

Reserved Seats, - - $1.00
General Admission, - - 50 cts.

Douglas Jerrold's distinguished Comedy, in 5 acts, of

TIME WORKS WONDERS!

Will be presented Thursday, Friday, and Saturday Evenings, and Saturday Matinee at 1½ o'clock.

AN ORIGINAL EPILOGUE

Will be delivered by J. H. McVICKER.

GLOBE THEATRE.

WOOD & SINN .... Proprietors.
W. E. SINN .... Director of Amusements.

Will Open for the Season

MONDAY, AUGUST 19.

A Star Vaudeville Troupe.

40 First-Class Performers.

Especial pleasure is taken by the Management in making the announcement for the coming season for this popular, elegant, and, for the present, centrally located theatre. A company has been engaged, or, rather,

A Series of Companies,

Have been engaged, which, for individual excellence and associate strength, can nowhere be paralleled. See future announcement for full list of company. Remember Opening Night, MONDAY, AUG. 19. Costa's Great Ballet Troupe are coming.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

LAST WEEK OF THE ENGAGEMENT OF

Mr. JOHN WILD and Mr. L. TOOLEY,

The popular eccentric comedians, who will appear every evening and Wednesday and Saturday Matinees in the great sensational drama,

CHICAGO,

Before, During and After the Fire

GLOBE THEATRE.

Fourth and Last Week of the World-renowned Hooley's Minstrels.
Another entire Change! Smoke; Blinks and Jinks; Quack Doctor; Turn Him Out, etc., by Mulligan, Rice, Hughes, White, Charles, Hurley and Marr, etc.

Thursday, Aug. 15,

Benefit of John Mulligan.

Monday, Aug. 19,

Grand opening of Wood & Sinn's Mammoth Combination.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Grand Sacred Concert

THIS EVENING, AT 8 O'CLOCK,

By the following eminent artists: MISS FANNIE GOODWIN, MISS SUSAN DENIN, MR. RO. SHULTZ, MR. THOMAS GOODWILLIE, MR. CLARK REYNOLDS.

Admission—Reserved Seats, 50 Cts.

STAR LECTURE COURSE.

SECOND SEASON.

To the Patrons of the "Star Course."

As so many of the patrons of the Star Lecture Course have inquired of me concerning my intentions for the coming lecture season, I deem it a duty to the public to inform them that the mysterious disappearance of Mr. Steiner—my associate in the former Course—will not, I hope, detract from the worth and success of the Second Season of the Star Course. Engagements have already been made with the leading American and English lecturers, who will appear on the platform this season—some of them new. Patrons—and the arrangements which have been perfected cannot fail to ensure a Course more brilliant, if not as successful, as that which gained last season the liberal support of the public. Mr. Sheldon, who rendered me such efficient assistance last winter, is now associated with me in the management, and any business connected with the Star Course, will be transacted—or information regarding it can be obtained, at our office 353 Wabash-av., near Twenty-second-st. GEO. B. CARPENTER.

SHARPSHOOTERS' PARK.

Tenth Annual Picnic of the United Sons of Erin Benevolent Society,

At Sharpshooter's Park, near Blue Island, Thursday, Aug. 15. Manly games and sports. A prize bat and ball for the best base ball player. A silver cup for the best lady archer. A valuable meerschaum pipe for the winner of foot-race, and various other prizes. Brass and string bands will enliven the occasion, and supply music for dancing. Every effort has been made by the committee to make this the most enjoyable picnic of the season. Cars leave the depot, corner Canal and Kinzie-sts, at 8:15 a. m. sharp. Tickets, $1.

MUSICAL.

The Chicago Musical College,

Late Chicago Academy of Music.

Dr. GEO. F. ROOT, President,

FLORENCE ZIEGFELD, Director.

The Fall Term of this Institution will Commence Monday, Sept. 2.

Pupils received and registered between the hours of 9 and 12 a. m., and 2 and 5 p. m., at 818 WABASH-AV. until Aug. 20; after that date at the College Building,

493 WABASH-AV.

EXCURSIONS.

Grand Pleasure Excursions

To Duluth, Lake Superior, Calling at Intermediate Ports.

LAKE SUPERIOR PEOPLE'S LINE STEAMERS

Dock between Madison and Washington-sts.

Steamer NORMAN, Capt. Thomas Lloyd,
Leaves THURSDAY, Aug. 15, at 8 p. m.

Steamer PEERLESS, Capt. George P. McKay,
Leaves THURSDAY, Aug. 22, at 8 p. m.

The Peerless is entirely new and is acknowledged by all to be the finest passenger steamer on the Lakes. The Norman has also good accommodations for passengers.

Further information furnished and State-rooms secured by applying to LEOPOLD & AUSTRIAN, 268 East Washington-st., Central Block.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

BASKET PICNIC,

under the auspices of

H. W. Bigelow Lodge 438, A. F. & A. M.

GRAND ANNUAL,

Will be held at Sharpshooters' Park, Thursday, Aug. 15.

Full Cornet Band engaged. Train leaves depot, corner Canal and Kinzie-sts., at 9 a. m. Tickets can be procured on train, or of Committee. Children under [illegible] years free.

E. T. SMITH, 325 State-st., Chairman of Committee.

WANTED.

WANTED,

A Partner with from $10,000 to $40,000 in cash, to join two in the wholesale clothing and manufacturing business. The business is now established and well under way, with every facility for a very large wholesale trade. The party will require to have first-class city business references; the same will be given. For information apply to WM. H. SQUIRE, Commission Merchant, 311 Michigan-av.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALES THIS WEEK,

By GEO. P. GORE & CO.,

22, 24 and 26 Randolph-st.

Wednesday, Aug. 14, at 9½ a. m.,

BOOTS, SHOES & SLIPPERS

Of early fall shipments, in large variety.

On THURSDAY, AUG. 15, at 9½ a. m.,

CROCKERY, YELLOW WARE,

Fine Plated Goods,

CHINA GOODS, CARPETS AND GLASSWARE.

On SATURDAY, AUG. 17, at 9½ a. m.,

FURNITURE,

Household Goods, Carpets, Window Shades, and Crockery.

Established January 1856.

Wm. A. Butters & Co.,

Auctioneers for the sale of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND Real Estate,

Nos. 55 and 57 South Canal-st.

Between Washington and Madison-sts.

BOOTS & SHOES.

ON THIRD FLOOR.

On TUESDAY MORNING, August 13, at 9½ o'clock, at the RED FRONT Auction House, 55 and 57 South Canal-st.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

NEW TOP BUGGIES, PHAETONS,

Rockaways, Democrat Wagons, and Harness,

On WEDNESDAY MORNING, Aug. 14, at 9½ o'clock, at 55 and 57 South Canal-st.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

DRY GOODS,

Ready-Made Clothing, Linens, Dress Goods, Notions, &c.,

On THURSDAY MORNING, Aug. 15, at 9½ o'clock, at our salesrooms, 55 and 57 South Canal-st., second floor. WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

ELISON & FOSTER,

AUCTIONEERS,

Will remove into their new and spacious store, Nos. 85 and 87 Market-st., during the present week, and will hold their first sale of Furniture, Carpets, Crockery, &c., on Saturday, August 17.

By ELISON & FOSTER.

Household Furniture at AUCTION.

Entire contents of house No. 229 Twenty-fifth-st., at auction, on WEDNESDAY MORNING, August 14th, at 10 o'clock.

Parlor, Chamber, Dining-Room, and Kitchen Furniture, Mattresses, Bedding, Crockery, Etc.

ELISON & FOSTER, Auctioneers, 1st Michigan-av.

BY C. C. THAYER & CO.

IMPORTED

Wines and Liquors

AT AUCTION.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

On THURSDAY Morning, Aug. 15, at 10 o'clock, at the United States Bonded Warehouse, Sixteenth-st., corner of State.

Will be sold as above without reserve the following packages of Wines and Liquors, duties paid:
141 quarter-casks of Sherry Wine.
30 quarter-casks of Port Wine.
180 cases of Champagne.
75 cases of Green Gin.
80 cases Red Gin.
25 cases Porter.
276 brls of Ale.
50 Hampers of German Seltzer Water.
Also octaves and quarters of Hennessey Brandy.

C. C. THAYER & CO.

Terms at sale. Office 335 Wabash-av.

The Peremptory Sale of the

Valuable Real Estate

WILL TAKE PLACE ON

Wednesday, Aug 21, 2 o'clock p. m.

IN THE WEST DIVISION.

8 acre lots near Central Park.
Houses and lots No. 267 and 269 Fulton-st.
Stores and lots No. 101, 101½ and 103 West Twelfth-st.

IN THE NORTH DIVISION.

8 lots in Block 5, Sheffield's Addition, fronting Clybourn-av. and Centre-sts.

IN THE SOUTH DIVISION.

2 Leaseholds, being the stores and dwellings above 932 and 934 State-st.
House and lot, 1873 State-st.
Building and lot, No. 245 Cottage Grove-av.
6 lots on Cottage Grove-av., south of Douglas-place.
2 lots on Cottage-place.
1 lot on Douglas-place, fronting Ellis-av.
1 lot on Forty-first-st., near Drexel boulevard.
For particulars apply to T. S. FITCH & CO., 157 Dearborn-st.

By HORACE REED & CO.

Our next REAL ESTATE SALE will place at our Salesroom,

44 - STATE-ST. - 44

On Thursday, Aug. 22, at 10 O'Cl'k.

When we shall offer some choice and desirable pieces of both improved and unimproved property.

HORACE REED & CO., Auctioneers, 44 State-st.

BY J. H. PIKE & CO.,

721 West Lake-st., Tuesday, August 13, at 10 a. m., peremptory sale at

AUCTION

of Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Crockery and General Household goods.

GENERAL NOTICES.

ABSTRACTS OF TITLE.

The undersigned respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they will, on Wednesday, the 14th inst., be ready to take orders for and make Examinations of Title to real estate in Cook County, from matter made up, compared, and carefully compiled and arranged by competent men of several years' experience in the business (late with Chase Bros & Co., Jones & Sellers, and Shortall & Hoard), from the original instruments filed for record in the Recorder's office of Cook Co., since the 9th of October, 1871. HADDOCK, COXE & CO., Room No 3 Wadsworth's Building, Nos. 177 and 179 East Madison-st.

NOTICE.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

There will be a meeting held at the office of the Brown & Van Arsdale Manufacturing Co., corner of Kingsbury and Michigan-sts., on Monday, the 12th inst., at 4 p. m., for the purpose of receiving the report of the committee appointed at a previous meeting to inquire into the legality of the Fire Ordinance so far as it relates to iron smoke stacks, and further action as may be necessary. All interested are invited to attend.

By the Committee. ROBERT CLARK, A. F. BUECHICK, VAN ARSDALE.

Chicago to Dubuque Without Change of Cars.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

On and after Sunday, August 4th, the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R., in connection with the Illinois Central R. R., will run trains from Chicago to Galena, Dubuque, Sioux City and intermediate points without change of cars, and after that date this will be the only route by which cars will be run through. Passengers should make a note of this and avoid the disagreeable necessity of changing cars at Freeport, especially those leaving by the night trains. Trains leave from the Great Central Depot, foot of Lake-st.

SAMUEL POWELL, Gen Pass. Agt. C., B. & Q. R. R.
W. P. JOHNSON, Gen. T. Agt. Ill. Cent. R. R.

Camp-Meeting.

The Annual Camp Meeting of the Methodists of the Chicago District, under the supervision of Rev. W. C. Dandy, will commence on Thursday, Aug. 15, at Desplaines.

Trains will leave the Chicago & Northwestern Depot at 9 and 10 a. m., 2:30, 4:15, and 5:15 p. m., stopping at the camp-ground every day during the meeting. Baggage should be sent in the a. m., 4:15 and 5:15 p. m. trains.

Tickets to campground and return, $1.00.

GRAND OPENING!

HERMANN FINK,

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE RESTAURANT,

11 SOUTH WATER-ST.

will reopen his old place to-day, with a splendid FREE LUNCH, and CONCERT, by the G. W. L. G. Band. All friends are invited.

OLD NEWSPAPERS

FOR SALE AT

Tribune Office,

15 South Canal-st.

The Chicago Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION (PAYABLE IN ADVANCE).

Daily Edition, per year, by Mail..........$12.00
Tri-Weekly Edition, per year, by Mail..........6.00
Sunday Edition, per year, by Mail..........2.50
Weekly Edition, per year, by Mail..........2.00

Parts of a year at the same rate.

To prevent delay and mistakes, be sure and give Post Office address in full, including State and county.

Remittances may be made either by draft, express, Post Office order, or in registered letters, at our risk.

TERMS TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

Daily, delivered, Sunday excepted, 25 cents per week.
Daily, delivered, Sunday included, 30 cents per week.

Address THE TRIBUNE COMPANY, No. 15 Canal-st., Chicago, Ill.

TRIBUNE Branch Office, No. 469 Wabash-av., in the Bookstore of Messrs. Cobb, Andrews & Co., where advertisements and subscriptions will be received, and will secure the same attention as if left at the Main Office.

Sunday Morning, August 11, 1872.

OUT OF CURIOSITY.

President Grant, in a conversation at the Thousand Isles, the other day, explained that his reason for running for the Presidency now is to see whether the people believe the stories that are told about him. Upon this the New York *Herald* remarks that, if this is his highest motive, he had better withdraw from the contest, as it is hardly worth while to put the country to so much trouble and expense to decide a curious little question that is not of the least importance to anybody.

Some of these "stories" Grant has made an effort to deny, and has made a "very bad fist of it." He caused a despatch to be prepared denying that Schurz's support for the San Domingo scheme had been solicited by the President's friends, with intimations that he could obtain control of patronage by doing so; and forthwith General Pleasonton sustains Schurz's statement, alleging that he had, at the President's suggestion, acted as the mediator in making the offer. Doubtless on his behalf, Murphy denied that he had presented to Grant the house at Long Branch, and alleged that Grant had paid for it in cash out of his own pocket. But straightway comes A. T. Stewart and silences Murphy by certifying that Murphy sent the subscription-list to him, on which six persons were to subscribe $5,000 each, and that at that time Murphy's name was already down for $5,000. On these questions of fact, Grant's memory seems to be as treacherous as when he sold to General Sherman, for $65,000, the house he had already sold to Mayor Bowen for $40,000, signing the agreement with his own hand, and receiving $1,000 to bind the bargain; or as it was when Johnson and his entire Cabinet remembered that certain things were said by Grant, while Grant alone remembered that they were not.

But, on the main charges against Grant and his Cabinet, the people will believe the stories against him because they have been responsibly alleged, carefully investigated, fully proven, and not denied. Grant does not deny that he appointed Creswell and Robeson into his Cabinet; nor that Creswell did his best to pay the fraudulent Chorpenning claim, and was only prevented from doing so by the fiat of Congress; and that Robeson actually has paid various claims equally illegal and flagitious. Whoever investigates these claims concludes that the Cabinet officers who desired their payment must have had some pecuniary interest in their payment. This becomes the more probable when he finds that the Cabinet officer who ordered their payment, and the attorney for the claimant, who would get about half the claim for "fees," are law-partners. The public, therefore, believe, as one of the "stories" against Grant, that his Cabinet is corrupt, and that he knows it and approves of it, or does not disapprove it.

The public believe that Grant has appointed a great many persons to valuable offices from whom he had received valuable gifts. The instances are numerous, the appointees generally unworthy, and the whole subject disgusting. Neither the gifts nor the appointments are contradicted. What can they do but believe?

They believe that some twenty-two members of Grant's family and lineage, besides scores of his "military household," mere parasites, who have no claim on the country except their connection with him, such as Colonel Leet, of his staff, and his partner, Stocking, a pet of Senator Morton, have been foisted on the country in contempt of decency. The lists have time and again been published, and never denied. How can we help believing them?

They believe that Grant has corruptly used the appointing power to reward Senators who voted for his personal schemes, such as San Domingo, and to punish those who voted against them; and that he did so use this power is not denied. This is unrepublican, and the people will condemn it at the polls.

But the amazing point is, that Grant can descend to so small a motive for running for the Presidency, and that he sets so low an estimate on the public intelligence as to suppose that it will improve his chances of election to state that he does not seek the office for the pay, but merely out of curiosity. In either case he never rises above the personal motive, which pretends to no high and statesmanlike desire to render the country more peaceful, prosperous, or happy. Neither the healing of domestic wounds, nor the restoration of cordiality in our foreign relations, disturbed as they have been by our maladroit manners and our violations of neutrality at Washington, nor the purification of our Civil Service from its corruptions, nor any other measure of statesmanship, occupies the mind of Grant. Not that he opposes or dislikes these things; he does not think of them at all, though they are the very subject-matter which he is elected to think of. He finds himself wondered at as one of the few men who would covet the Presidency chiefly for the money it brings. He repels the charge, and declares that he seeks it—out of curiosity!

THE AMUSEMENT OUTLOOK.

It is not impossible, considering the dearth of enjoyable amusements since last October, that the Chicago public, notwithstanding the excitements of the political campaign, will have a keen appetite for the enjoyment of music and the drama when the season sets in. Although the new theatres are well under way, and one of them, McVicker's, virtually finished, we have still full two months for the enjoyment of cucumbers, hot weather, choleraic diseases, trips to Oconomowoc and Fruit-town, Bartlett pears, Bridgeport odors, and other luxuries, before Melpomene, Thalia, and the others will be "at home" for all callers. Meanwhile, the public has fasted with philosophic serenity, and has not allowed even the pertinacity of the amateurs, or the fiascos of Wachtel, or the aggravating absence of Steiner, to ruffle its disposition in the least. The amateurs have sung their sing, and the world still revolves. Wachtel is forgotten, even by those who didn't get their money back, and no one remembers him gratefully, except the hackmen. Steiner was a day's wonder only. Provided Plantamour's comet doesn't knock the world into flinders to-morrow, which would be hard on Chicago builders, we shall go on for the next two months as calmly as we have for the past ten months, and, when our year of enforced Lent is up, plunge into the Carnival of Amusements with a zest and gusto which will astonish St. Louis, New York, Philadelphia, Boston, and other suburban towns, and delight the strong boxes of the impresarios. The amusement season will not fairly open until October. It will be remembered that Theodore Thomas was to have appeared here on the 10th of last October; but was prevented by some unforeseen circumstances, which are not taken into account by agents when they map out routes for a season. Thomas' reception was warm enough, but it was not a paying engagement. Next October, however, he will repeat the attempt, and come here, sufficiently insured and fire-proof, to give the concerts which he missed by the conventional hair's breadth last year. Mr. George L. Osgood, the young American tenor, will accompany him on his tour. His orchestra is in superb trim, and, for the rest, Theodore and Father Gosche can be trusted. Thomas having inaugurated the season, we may then expect other good things before the snow flies and fires are cheerily burning in grates all over the burnt district, where a year ago were only smouldering ruins.

Italian opera will be given upon a grand scale by Henry Jarrett, who was Madame Rouzeaud's agent during Mlle. Nilsson's American engagement, and Max Maretzek, whose star is once more in the ascendant. Their leading cards will be Pauline Lucca, who divides musical honors with Patti, Tietjens, Nilsson, and Marimon; Clara Louise Kellogg, who has been manufacturing reputation recently in England, like a good little American girl; M. Faure, the grandest of living baritones, and the Mephistopheles *par excellence* of the lyric stage, for Hermanns is drowned in a butt of lager; possibly Brignoli, and certainly others, all of whom are now on the blue seas, heading this way. Their season begins in New York early in the fall, and, after sufficient rehearsals there and in Boston, they will come to Chicago thoroughly drilled and ready to make their American *debut*. After Lucca, the next greatest musical novelty will be Rubinstein, the incomparable pianist, who, since Tausig's death, has been allowed by Liszt to step into his (Liszt's) shoes. Rubinstein is a Wagnerite, and his tour will rapidly make votes for the hero of Bayreuth in this country. He is under engagement to J. Grau, which shows another accession to Wagner, who has also secured Mlle. Louise Liebhart, soprano; Mlle. Louise Orment, contralto; M. Wieniawski, violinist; and M. Rembielinsky, accompanist. It will not be safe to base any opinions on the fact that Liebhart and Orment are unknown here. Some people did that in the case of Leutner, to their much tribulation and distress. Rubinstein was to sail for New York on the Cuba, Aug. 31, and his concerts, twelve in number, will begin at Steinway Hall, New York, Sept. 23; after which, Rubinstein will take the piano-stool for Wagner all over the country, and sound innumerable key-notes of the campaign.

J. Grau, however, will not have the monopoly of the concert business. Max Strakosch is also on the ocean, with Carlotta Patti, and Miss Anna Louise Cary, who is still in this country, is also under engagement to him; but no definite announcement can yet be made of the further composition of the troupe. Max can be relied upon, however. He never talks much beforehand, preferring to surprise the public. The prospects for Adelina Patti are as tantalizing as a mirage to the desert-traveller. We have been promised the little Patti at any time during the past three or four years, and now comes another definite announcement, to the effect that she is now going to Paris, at the request of Madame Thiers, to sing in the "Huguenots," for the benefit of the sufferers from the war; then to Hamburg, for a few nights; then to St. Petersburg, to fill an engagement; from there to Vienna, to sing during the first two months of the Exhibition; thence, in May, 1873, to Covent Garden, London; and that, at the end of that season, she will make a tour of the United States, under the direction of her brother-in-law, Maurice Strakosch,—all of which goes to show that this brother-in-law, like another public character's brother-in-law, has an appetite for lucre, and does not intend to let go a good thing until it is squeezed dry.

Such is the programme for the season, and the interstices in it will be chinked in with lesser stars and amateur constellations, shining by borrowed lights, and doing their best to convince everybody that they are planets of the first magnitude. By the time the season fairly opens, Chicago will have been mainly rebuilt, Greeley will have been elected, money will be plenty, every business man will be under his own vine and fig-tree once more, cholera of the big and small type will have disappeared, cucumbers and mad dogs will be gone, and we shall all be prepared to enter upon the amusement season, as we used to do, with glad hearts, and with appetites all the keener in that we have been debarred from song so long.

"A PREPOSTEROUS DELUSION."

So Senator Carpenter styled the Civil Service Reform which the President pretended to favor. Ben. Butler added that it was a "humbug," a "cheat," a "political trick, sprung upon the eve of a Presidential election," and that he *knew* that Grant was really opposed to it. The $50,000 appropriation which was asked for to enforce it was cut down to $10,000, and then only saved by Liberal votes. Among the Senators who voted for Carpenter's motion to reject entirely the whole scheme were the following thick-and-thin supporters of Grant: Cameron, Carpenter, Chandler, Clayton, Kellogg, Pool, Osborn, West, and Pomeroy. That these men knew that their course was pleasing to their master, and that the Civil Service Reform, as now enforced, is what Carpenter called it, we propose to show.

In a proclamation dated April 16, 1872, Grant announced: "Political assessments, as they are called, have been forbidden within the various Departments." The eleventh of the rules framed by the Civil Service Board and adopted by the President is as follows:

> No head of a Department, or any subordinate officer of the Government, shall, as such officer, authorize, or permit, or assist in levying any assessment of money for political purposes, *under the form of voluntary contributions or otherwise*, upon any person employed under his control, *nor shall any such person pay any money so assessed.*

Thus a law and a proclamation forbid the laying or paying of assessments. Both are constantly, shamefully violated by Grant's partisans. With great pomp, Postmaster General Creswell issued an order forbidding the circulation of any subscription-papers among the clerks of his Department. Almost immediately thereafter, Secretary Delano sent over a subscription-paper, which is now being actively circulated in that Department, and which bears at its head the promise of J. A. J. Creswell to contribute $175. To partially evade the law and proclamation the following dodge has been tried. The Chief of some Bureau forms a State Association, so called, in which the names of all the clerks coming from that State are enrolled as members, without their knowledge. He then issues a circular to the involuntary members. We give a copy of one of these circulars:

> —— STATE ASSOCIATION, WASHINGTON, July —, 1872.
>
> At a meeting of the —— State Association, held July —, 1872, the following resolution was adopted:
>
> *Resolved*, That an assessment of $2, as a first installment, be made on each member, and that the secretary be instructed to notify the members thereof, and that the money be forwarded to him, and then turned over to ——, the Treasurer of the Executive Campaign Committee.
>
> I would thank you to comply with the provisions of the above resolution at your earliest convenience. Very respectfully,
>
> Sec —— State Association.
> Office —— Dep't.

The original copy of this was furnished to the New York *Tribune* by the clerk who received it. The names are suppressed, for obvious prudential reasons. It will be noticed that the levy is openly termed an "assessment." The Grant State Committee of Michigan have issued the following, which also openly proclaims the fact of their making political assessments:

> HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE; S. D. BINGHAM, Chairman; S. S. OLDS, Secretary. LANSING, July 1, 1872.
>
> DEAR SIR: The Republican State Central Committee have instructed me to notify you that, for the purpose of aiding in the election of our State and Congressional ticket, you have been assessed —— per cent on salary. This money when received will be acknowledged and faithfully expended in all parts of the State, and in all cases vouchers will be taken, and expenditures submitted to the approval of the Committee. Speakers must be supplied, mass meetings provided for, and the distribution of documents and papers attended to. The amount of your assessment is $——, which you will oblige by transmitting at once to S. D. Bingham, Lansing, Mich., making all orders and drafts payable to his order.
>
> An arduous and exciting campaign is upon us, and immediate action on our part is imperatively demanded. Very respectfully,
>
> S. S. OLDS, Secretary of Committee.

The clerks in the various Federal offices in Maryland were ordered to make out a catalogue of all the Federal employes of the State, with their salaries. The different lists were forwarded to Andrew W. Denison, Postmaster at Baltimore. Soon after, all these employes received the following:

> "ONE GOOD TERM DESERVES ANOTHER."
>
> For President, U. S. Grant, of Ill. } 1872. { For Vice Pres't, Henry Wilson, of Mass.
>
> [Confidential.] MARYLAND REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE ROOMS, No. 6 South Gay-st., Balt., June, 1872.
>
> SIR: The approaching Presidential campaign is one of special interest to you. All the opposing elements of the great Republican party will concentrate their strength and make their last desperate effort to defeat the re-election of General Grant.
>
> The union and organization of our forces is a sure guarantee of the complete triumph of the Republican party.
>
> Therefore, relying upon your unswerving fidelity to the Republican party, you are respectfully requested to make a donation to aid in defraying the expenses of the campaign.
>
> You will please fill up the blanks, stating the amount you will donate, and return this circular at once to the Chairman of the State Central Committee. AND. W. DENISON, No. 6 S. Gay-st.
>
> Date, ——. Amount........$——
> Date, ——. Amount........$——
>
> Total........$
>
> By order Finance Committee.

In this, the term "donation" is used,—how rightly may be inferred from the fact that the employes in Baltimore, and probably everywhere, were notified that they must give "at least" 1 1-2 per cent of their salaries. Such circulars as these of the Michigan and Maryland Grant Committees have doubtless been issued in every State, and will be discovered and published, from time to time, during the campaign. The report of the majority of the New York Custom House Committee, submitted many weeks after the President's proclamation, contains a direct defence of political assessments. It is in these words:

> The Committee can entertain no doubt that in the experience of political parties, as in that of religious denominations, money is sometimes needed. There can be no doubt that members of the party, as well as members of the church, are often asked to contribute to such needs. They see no reason why those who draw salaries may not as properly be invited to contribute as those who do not. The Committee has no serious apprehension that either the members of the Republican party or the members of any Christian church will often contribute beyond their ability, or beyond the requirements of the public good.

Within a week, the Washington *Chronicle*, owned by Senator Harlan, who is owned by Grant, has published the following editorial threat, directed at clerks who show lack of party zeal, by neglecting to pay assessments or otherwise:

> There be many persons in office here who, somehow or other, manage to survive the most radical political changes. It is an active political season that can change an Administration quicker than your wide-awake professional can change his coat. We are on the lookout for that class of gentlemen these days, and shall not fail to note any indications in that direction from time to time. Like the sinner "under conviction" who prays "good Lord, good devil," they are equally amiable toward Grant or Greeley, not being altogether certain into whose clutches they may fall. We shall take particular delight in announcing all efforts of these political acrobats to maintain their official equilibrium during the trying scenes of the summer campaign. There are a few who are already practising in private before their more intimate friends, and we shall watch their progress and give it to our readers, as it cannot fail to furnish interesting reading.

This chapter of deeds and words of Grant's partisans must convince candid, honest men that the spurious Civil Service Reform which the President is trying to foist on the country as the genuine article is, indeed, "a preposterous delusion."

FASHIONABLE SCREWS.

The London *Saturday Review*, in one of its trenchant papers on society-life in England, under the above title, deals some telling blows at fine ladies who play at philanthropy, and devote such time as they can spare from dress and amusement to framing some plans of relief for somebody. It lashes the amateur concert where "you have to buy a ticket at an exorbitant price to hear indifferent music badly rendered by second-rate people;" the amateur theatricals where you pay a week's living to see Lady Callipyge in tights and Miss Auriconius with her back hair down; and the charitable bazaars which call into existence, "at great pains and cost, a lot of absolutely worthless things; pincushions that will not hold pins; penwipers, the beads or fluffy ends of which get into the slit of the pen; smoking-caps of violent patterns, that cannot possibly fit any head bigger than a turnip, or else so large that they would do for Gargantua himself; dauby 'art,' the best destination of which would be to light the kitchen-fire; bead ornaments that no woman who respected herself would wear, and that are fit only for savages; and various articles for gentlemen's use, such as 'shaving tidies' and the like, which are enough to send any man mad who has them in his possession."

The amateur concerts, and theatricals, and charitable bazaars are not confined to England. They are nuisances of long standing in America, and Chicago has, in times past, had her fill of them, *ad nauseam*. Who cannot recall the amateur concert for the benefit of the equatorial savages of Africa or the mud-larks of Bridgeport, with its soprano who always persisted in murdering "Casta Diva" and "With Verdure Clad," or running through the mazes of florid Italian waltzes very much as a horse would run down stairs; with its alto forever trying to sing "Ernani involami" and "Non e ver;" with its white-gloved tenor stealing Brignoli's repertoire with intent to murder; with its basso forever detailing the wrongs of "The Last Man," or doing guttural violence to "These Hoi Halls," in a manner which must have kept Mozart in a state of constant subterranean revolution? Who cannot remember the dreariness and the profound tedium of these affairs; the desperation with which he has tried to assume a look of content, and the disgust with which he has tried to conceal his lack of interest by uproarious applause? Who cannot remember the amateur theatricals, through which he would gladly have slept, but for the fact that he would have been voted out of good society if he had not appreciated all this ineffable silliness? Will any one ever forget the church fashionable bazaar, with its post-office managed in a piously-fraudulent way, that would not have done discredit to Creswell; with its lotteries, which are drawn at times so indefinite that you never hear of them; with its cakes and pinchbeck rings; with its Well of Rebecca, which makes you curse Jacob and his whole family; and with the thousand-and-one pious little frauds which empty your pockets by virtue of pretty young girls, who consent to be complimented and stared at, provided they can stock the victim with cheap smiles, photographs, autographs, button-hole bouquets, and other trumpery, and are most happy when squeezing the last dime out of your pocket, most unhappy when they fancy that Araminta, at the next stall, who may have a louder smile, is driving a bigger business than they? Who can remember one of these affairs that did not result the next morning in "vanity and vexation of spirit, and a large surplus of unsalable trash"? It is no answer to this that attendance is optional. It is not so. If you move in society at all, you are inevitably invited to attend, by a sort of fashionable blackmail, which does not admit of a negative answer. If you do not attend, you are voted a monster of the worst description, and all the sins of the Decalogue are laid at your door. If you do attend, you are given to understand that the honor of the thing is sufficient compensation. But honor compensates very little for the loss of greenbacks in attempting to vie with those who are parvenus. You have to hang on to the fashionable balloon by lightening your pockets. If you don't do it, you must drop off. And for such an honor as this, and for the loss of your much-needed money, you are treated to silliness and boredom, and compelled to say you like it, and, year after year, go through the same dreary round of so-called amusements.

The *Saturday Review* suggests the remedy: "If objects or institutions want help, let them be brought before the public in a manly, straightforward way. A distinct statement of their work, and as distinct an exposition of their difficulties, a simple and therefore pathetic history of some of the more striking of their cases, and indisputable evidence that they are wanted both in the sphere and the locality they have chosen, are more earnest and more dignified means of appealing to the public than the mock trading of a bazaar, or the dreary fun of a *fete champetre*." We doubt, however, whether the remedy will ever be taken, for, as sure as Fashion continues to apply the screws, there will be plenty of victims ready to come forward and receive the infliction, and plenty of interesting young creatures ready to apply the instruments of torture. Is a motive any better, however, because it is spurious? Are the entertainments any the less stupid because they are given in such a manner as to make charity odious? Are the fashionable swindles in the interest of Mammon any the less swindles because they are perpetrated in the shadow of the Church? When the world's charity came to Chicago, in her extreme want, it did not come through such sources as these. It came from a direct appeal which went straight to the great heart of the world. In the smaller charities of the world, the same process of appealing directly to the heart and its sympathies, in a straightforward, manly way, would work in like manner—but it isn't fashionable.

Not a day has passed since the Cincinnati Convention in which we have not had to announce the accession of new Republicans to Greeley. Yesterday, we recorded the announcements of James Watson Webb, an old Seward journalist and politician, formerly editor of the *Courier and Enquirer* of New York, and ex-Minister to Brazil under President Lincoln; of Horatio King, of Maine, ex-Postmaster General under Buchanan, but a supporter of Grant in 1868; of ex-United States Senator Stearns, of Minnesota; of Judge Viele, President of the first Republican State Convention of Iowa; of Hon. Samuel W. Moulton, ex-member of Congress from Central Illinois, one of the Grant Electors in 1868, and one of the strongest public speakers in the State. He has been President of the State Board of Education since its organization, and also of the State Normal University, and has been identified with the educational and progressive interests of the State for thirty years. The people of Illinois know him on the stump as no mere story-teller or blatant partisan-bugler, but as a candid, able, earnest man, in whom all men could feel confidence. Besides these, there were Charles E. Wadsworth, of Geneseo, son of the late Governor Wadsworth, a man of large influence in Western New York, and General William Schouler, of Boston. On the same day we announced the accession of the Aurora *Volksblatt* and of the New York *Day Book*,—a paper so ultra-Democratic that it has been heretofore expected to sustain Blanton Duncan's Louisville Convention, if any such Convention should be held. As an offset to these, we also announced that two of Tweed's henchmen in New York, viz.: Coman, President of his Board of Aldermen, and Van Nort, his chief clerk, have come out for Grant. These, however, are but surface straws, pointing out the direction of the current. The names of Republican signers to Greeley calls and clubs loom up in our exchanges in a way that shows that the people are in the movement, and its success is growing more certain daily.

By a vote of 41 to 8, the Aldermen of New York have requested the Central Park Commissioners to keep open the Museum from 4 to 7 p. m. on Sundays, and to provide sacred music during the same day. A few people will call this "heathenism," as Rev. Dr. Prime called the opening of libraries on Sunday, and will wish to punish it by law, as the Massachusetts Puritans punished a man, in 1630, for kissing his wife, and, in 1872, for driving a nail into the front of his house on the Sabbath. It is curious that the Sabbatarian doctrine can be traced back to neither the Catholic nor English Churches, and to neither Luther nor Calvin. Both the Churches in question were wont to devote half of the Sunday to worship and half of it to recreation. Luther travelled on Sunday, went out to Sunday feasts, and was exceedingly fond of twanging an unholy guitar on that day. Calvin, although he established in Geneva the worst ecclesiastical despotism the world ever saw, and enforced church-going by law, was yet accustomed to encourage the young Christians in playing outdoor games on Sunday afternoon, and sometimes joined in them himself.

Misguided persons who prefer going fishing to going to church should mend their ways. One of them wishes he had mended his. He lives at Panola, Miss., and, when remonstrated with some weeks ago, he irreverently answered: "I'll go next Sunday morning, before God gets up, and catch a nice string of fish." He was as good as his word. Scarcely, however, had his baited hook touched the water when a huge catfish came to the surface and said: "You shall remain here fishing all the days of your life, until God gets up." Since then the luckless man has been a fixture. His friends have tried in vain to persuade him to come home. Failing in this, they bring him his meals regularly, and trust to time to rid him of his queer hallucination.

The Dundee Presbytery of the Free Kirk of Scotland has lately censured and admonished, with but one dissenting voice, the Rev. Mr. Knight for preaching in the chapel of Rev. James Martineau, at London. The latter's offence is that he prefers to take literally the text: "My Father is greater than I," rather than the text: "I and my Father are one." For standing in the pulpit of a man guilty of this heinous sin, the Rev. Mr. Knight was condemned. The Presbytery appointed a Committee to demand from him a declaration that the Unitarians formed no part of the Church of Christ. This he refused to give, and his congregation sustains him in his refusal.

The Jews of New York City are said to be seriously considering the expediency of transferring their weekly religious services from Saturday to Sunday. Several of their Synagogues throughout the country are now opened on both days. The greatest cause of the alarming spread of infidelity among the Hebrews is alleged to be the lax observance of their present holy day. This laxity is inevitable, many of them think, under the present system. If some plausible method can be devised, the change will probably be speedily made.

The New York *Observer* has discovered a new preventive against sunstroke, which will, doubtless, effectually supersede the present devices of carrying umbrellas in our hands and moist sponges in our hats. The *Observer*, discussing the beneficent results of the Fulton Street Prayer-Meeting, calls public attention to the "fact that of the hundreds who have fallen from sunstroke, not one was on his way to, or from, that meeting." When the next day of brazen sky and fiery air comes upon New York, we may expect to see its residents saving body and soul together by attending the Fulton street gathering.

If a Hindoo can clutch a cow's tail in his dying moments he is sure to obtain eternal bliss, according to the Vedas. Some collector of "last words" says that Voltaire, lying at the point of death, when asked if he would have the last offices of the Church, replied: "O, yes,—why shouldn't I? If I were dying in India, I would breathe my last while holding the tail of a cow." The laughing sneer is so completely in accord with the whole career of the greatest of Frenchmen, that it stamps the story as authentic. Equally so, we believe, is the tale told of Rabelais' last pun. The sacrilegious wit had himself wrapped in a domino, crossed his hands, repeated the old Catholic formula: "*Beati sunt qui moriuntur in Domino*,"—"Blessed are they who die in the Lord,"—and straightway drew his last breath.

An amazing development of orthodoxy has been noticed in the rural press of England during the last few weeks. Its cause has just been discovered. The Rev. J. W. Carter, Vicar of Christ Church, Stratford, England, is using his surplus wealth to subsidize papers that sell their support to the highest bidder. He has already secured thirty-eight such journals, in which he publishes sound, Protestant, Scriptural articles. His outlay, so far, has been only £650,—an average of about $80 for each newspaper. He is now inviting proposals from 500 more. His plan, although odd, is a vast improvement on tract distribution, as a means of disseminating Christianity.

Among the recent English donations to the Chicago Library is a set of Lord Houghton's works, including "The Life and Works of Keats." The first volume of the set bears the following autograph inscription: "This first edition (privately printed) of 'The Poems of Richard Monckton Milnes, Baron Houghton,' part owner of the parishes of Bawtry, Austerfield, and Scoresby, in the County of Yorkshire, England,—from which the most eminent of the Pilgrim Fathers went forth to make the New World,—is presented to the Chicago New Library, with the deepest sentiments of national kinship and private regard.—Fryston Hall, Yorks, July 22, 1872."

The danger of a little knowledge is illustrated by a curious occurrence in the State Prison at Auburn, N. Y. Some ardent temperance advocate distributed among the convicts a short treatise on the horrible adulterations of liquor, explaining the methods in which it was manufactured from potatoes, old boots, and other commodities. Soon after, the prison went on a general drunk. It has since been discovered that a few shrewd inmates availed themselves of the explanations of the treatise to such bad advantage that they made a very passable drink from the scanty materials in their possession, and served it out to their fortunate friends.

We published, some time since, the fact that Paul Strobach, carpet-bagger, Sheriff of Montgomery, Ala., and Vice President of the Philadelphia Convention, had said, at a Grant meeting in Montgomery:

> My dear colored friends, I propose to give you a little good Christian advice, and it is this: that *you put your heels on the necks of the white people of this country, and crush them into powder.*

Strobach has become scared, and denies that he used such language. Thereupon, the Mobile *Advertiser* proves that he did by the testimony of several prominent citizens who were at the meeting.

A Paris newspaper reports that the Government intends to prosecute a gentleman who left in his house the following placard:

> I, the undersigned, owner of this house, commend it to the particular care of the Prussians. I beg them to do it no harm, inasmuch as I am in direct business communication with the Germans of Pforzheim and Hanau, to whom I owe money, not a centime of which I can pay if my mansion be wrecked. I have given orders to my gardener to furnish each soldier, Prussian or Bavarian, with a bottle of wine daily.

It seems to be as easy to become a "traitor" in France as it is in America.

POLITICAL.

The Greeley Club at Cedar Falls, Iowa, numbers 205 names on the call.

—Guerrilla Mosby's speech for Grant is published in all the truly loyal papers, with joyous expressions. If he had spoken for Greeley, now, what a bad Rebel he would have been.

—One of the phases of the campaign that ought to be noted, says the Philadelphia *Press*, is the war of the Administration upon the newspapers of the opposition, and the alleged efforts to break down their business. Thus far none of these papers have succumbed, though subscribers have suffered from loss of their copies in the mails, or have been intimidated, at the smaller offices, into taking other papers "loyal" to Grant.

—The latest objection urged by Grant's retainers against Horace Greeley is that, if elected President, he may place a "Rebel" in his Cabinet. That is an objection, remarks an exchange, which they are estopped from urging against any candidate, for Grant did the same thing in making Amos T. Akerman, of Georgia, his Attorney-General.—*San Francisco Examiner*.

—The Pittsburgh *Gazette*, loyal to Grant, attempts to show the "practical good will" of the Administration towards the South, and says:

> Greeley proposed that the Southern soldiers returning from the war should be met by ruins and rage. After a lapse of time long enough to secure guarantees for the future, the Republican Administration of General Grant welcomes these men back to peaceful pursuits, with restored homesteads, and an even chance in the great race of the future.

—The Congressional "slate" in St. Louis seems to bear the names of Mr. Gottschalk in the First District, Mr. Wells in the Second, and Mr. Overstolz in the Third.

—It would afford the public mind some easement if Mr. William Lloyd Garrison and his associates would be gracious enough to inform us upon what day in the future they have fixed when it will be safe to treat the people of the Southern States as men and brethren, and not as subjects and criminals. It seems the time has not yet arrived.—*Cincinnati Commercial*.

—It would be a curious spectacle should the Republicans of New York decide it expedient to support a Democrat for Governor of that State in order to beat Greeley. What would become of the howlers over the coalition of Democrats and Liberal Republicans in other States?

—The Greeley Electoral ticket in Mississippi is as follows:

State at Large—J. S. Morphis, late Republican member of Congress; F. Jeffords, a leading Republican, and Judge of the Superior Court under the military rule.

District Electors—First, D. B. Wright; Second, O. Waltham; Third, S. M. Weed; Fourth, Judge Campbell, a supporter of the Governor Alcorn Administration; Fifth, Judge W. M. Hancock, late Chairman of the Republican Executive Committee; Sixth, Thomas E. Stockdale.

—Horace Greeley, in a card in the New York *Tribune* of April 24, 1867, said:

> It is a special lie that I implored the President to offer $5,000,000 for peace, though I did suggest to him the wisdom of offering to pay that amount in case the Rebellion were given up and the Union restored, as a compensation for the slaves of loyal slave owners, not of the Rebel States exclusively, but of all the slave States.

The expenses of the war from the time the offer was made were fully $1,000,000,000. Had it been accepted, the country would have saved $5,000,000. Yet, in default of anything else to say against him, Mr. Greeley is abused for this proposition by the Grant press.

PERSONAL.

Edwin Booth is to build a new castle on the Hudson.

—Judge Rand has resigned from the Indiana Supreme Bench because of the inadequate salary.

—The Rev. F. L. Hosmer, of Northboro, Mass., has been called to the Unitarian Church at Quincy, Ill.

—Samuel Carpenter has been appointed General Passenger Agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad, to succeed John H. Miller, deceased.

—The Duc d'Aumale is transporting his picture gallery, valued at nearly $1,000,000 from Twickenham, England, to his estate at Chantilly.

Mrs. Sarah G. Hale pays the largest individual tax ($3,534) in Newburyport, Mass.

—Sir John Rose, the eminent Canadian lawyer, will shortly be created a Baronet of the United Kingdom, as a further mark of his sovereign's high estimation.

—Henry V. Butler, aged 60, a wealthy New Yorker, whose elegant summer-residence at Stowe Vt., was not long since completed, was instantly killed at that place, last Wednesday, by being thrown from his carriage.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Unity Church, Oak Park, to Be Dedicated To-Day—Announcements of Services in the Various Churches.

UNITY CHURCH DEDICATION.

The dedication services of Unity Church, Oak Park, will be held at 3 p. m., to-day. The Revs. W. H. Ryder, Robert Collyer, and others, officiating. Cars leave the Wells street depot at 1:15 p. m., stopping at Canal street and Park Station. A cordial invitation to be present is extended to all friends. Those who desire, will be returned to the city after services, by private conveyance.

CAMP MEETING.

The Annual Camp Meeting of the Methodists of Chicago and vicinity will commence on Thursday, Aug. 15, near Desplaines, on the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad. The meetings will be under the supervision of Rev. W. C. Dandy. Trains will stop at the camp ground every day, during the meeting.

CONGREGATIONAL.

The Rev. E. H. Smith preaches this morning and evening at the New England Church.

—The Rev. E. F. Williams will preach this morning and evening at the Tabernacle Church.

—The Rev. J. W. Cracraft, D. D., preaches this morning and evening at the Oakland Church.

—Prof. James T. Hyde will preach this morning and evening at the Forty-seventh Street Church.

—The Rev. James W. Strong, of Carleton College, Northfield, Minn., will preach this morning and evening at the Union Park Church.

—The Rev. Mr. Clark, of Aurora, preaches this morning and evening at Plymouth Church.

—The Rev. Prof. Swing will preach this morning and evening at the First Church.

BAPTIST.

The Rev. J. V. Copp preaches this morning at the Free Baptist Church.

—J. M. Gregory, LL.D., will preach this morning and evening in the Second Church.

—The Rev. J. B. Thomas will preach this morning at the Michigan Avenue Church on "Hidden Manna," and this evening on "Gospel Mysteries."

—The Rev. Claude Alex Quirell, pastor of the First Church at Pekin, will preach this afternoon at Lawndale.

—The Rev. Dr. Miner, of Belvidere, Ill., will preach this morning and evening at the University Place Church.

EPISCOPAL.

The Rev. J. F. Walker will officiate this morning and evening at Calvary Church.

—The Rev. H. N. Powers will preach this morning and the Rev. Arthur Brooks this evening at St. John's Church.

—The Rev. S. D. Day of Immanuel Church, Rockford, will officiate this morning and evening at the Church of the Atonement.

—The Rev. J. Philip Dumoulin, Rector of St. Thomas' Church, Hamilton, Canada, preaches this morning and evening in Central Hall.

PRESBYTERIAN.

The Rev. James McLaughlan will preach this morning and evening in the First Scotch Church.

—The Rev. U. D. Gulick will preach this morning and evening in the American Reformed Church.

—The Rev. J. H. Walker will preach this morning and evening, at Reunion Church, on Mitchell street.

—The Rev. Ben. E. S. Ely will preach this morning and evening at Grace Church.

—Jefferson Park Church, corner of West Adams and Throop streets. Preaching in the morning by Rev. J. B. McClure.

METHODIST.

The Rev. Dr. Fowler will preach this morning and evening at the Centenary Church.

—The Rev. Dr. Daniels preaches this morning, and the Rev. E. M. Boring this evening, at the Grant Place Church.

—There will be preaching at the Central Park Mission, on Davis street, north of Fulton, this evening.

UNIVERSALIST.

The Rev. J. S. Dennis will preach this morning only, at the Church of the Redeemer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Rev. A. X. Shoemaker will preach this morning and evening in the Church of God.

—Frank Burr will preach this morning and evening at Advent Christian Chapel.

—The Children's Progressive Lyceum meets this morning at No. 55 West Randolph street. Mrs. Winslow will lecture in the evening.

—There will be a Gospel meeting this evening in the Reading Room, No. 97 West Randolph street.

—The Rev. O. A. Burgess will preach this morning and evening at the Christian Church.

CALENDAR FOR THE WEEK.

Episcopal.

Aug. 11—Eleventh Sunday after Trinity.

Roman Catholic.

Aug. 11—Twelfth Sunday after Pentecost; SS. Tiburtius and Susanna, MM.
Aug. 12—St. Clara, V.
Aug. 13—SS. Hypolitus and Cassian, MM.
Aug. 14—St. Eusebius, C.
Aug. 15—Assumption B. V. M.
Aug. 16—St. Hyacinth, C.
Aug. 17—Octave of St. Lawrence, M.

ELSEWHERE.

There are about forty Episcopal clergymen in the city of New York, with no regular parochial charge.

—The Rev. Dr. Muss, pastor of the German Lutheran Church on High Street, Columbus, Ohio, has notified his congregation that the communion will hereafter be withheld from all members of secret societies. The result is that a large portion of his members have withdrawn, and will, probably, make a separate organization.

—A list of the convents seized and occupied by the Government and Municipality in Rome shows that thirty-seven convents of monks and twenty-two of nuns have been taken. Of these twelve are used as public schools, one as a poor-house, six for hospitals, one for royal stables and twenty for barracks for the military and police. The rest are converted into prisons and Government offices.

—The Reformed Church, German and the Reformed Church, Dutch, are still discussing the question of consolidation. The difficulties seem to be that one is too Calvinistic and the other too Ritualistic. Whether they can be so modified as to harmonize, does not yet appear.

—Bishop Whittingham, of Maryland, is to represent the American Episcopal Church in the approaching Congress of Liberal Catholics, to be held at Munich, Germany. The Bishop is a strong advocate for union between the Liberal Catholics of Europe and the English Episcopal Church, as the only proper solution of the struggle going on in the bosom of Roman Communion.

—A number of Methodists have founded a colony in Fillmore County, Nebraska. A large church has been built, and steps are taken to open "Wesley College."

—There are six ordained women pastors in the Universalist Church in the United States. This is the only church which admits women to ordination.

—The Episcopal Seminary at Cambridge, Mass., graduated a class of five, of whom only one was brought up an Episcopalian. One was originally a Presbyterian, and the others were Congregationalists.

—Bishop McIlvaine, of Ohio, has crossed the Atlantic nineteen times. He is now in London for the purpose of rest, and with the hope of regaining somewhat his health.

—The Southern Presbyterian Church occupies 13 States, in which are 11 Synods, 55 Presbyteries (besides 1 in a foreign field), nearly 1,000 ministers, more than 1,500 churches, and about 90,000 members.

—The Rev. Samuel Harrison, a colored Congregational clergyman, at Pittsfield, Mass., has preached twenty-three years, and never been sick a day.

—The *Christian Era* comments upon the suggestion that all the Christians of the United States should appoint a certain hour each week in which they may unite in prayer, as follows: "The proposal ignores the fact that the difference of longitude would prevent the literal carrying out of the plan."

—The Congregationalists have one theological student to 985 communicants; the Protestant Episcopal Church one to 498; the Presbyterian (North and South) one to 1,014; and the Reformed (Dutch) one to 998.

—A free religious society has just been organized in St. Louis, composed of seventy-three members, the sole condition of membership being the rejection of the Bible and Christianity.

—The census statistics of 1870 show that the whole number of Sunday schools in the United States is 141,629; number of teachers, 221,042, of whom 93,329 are males, and 137,713 females. The total number of pupils, 7,209,938 and the amount of contributions, $95,402,726.

—The Bishop of Bath and Wells recently revoked the license of Mr. Denison, a curate in his diocese, and nephew and curate of the well-known Archdeacon Denison, for ritualistic practices. On appeal, the Archbishop of Canterbury quashed the revocation, on the ground that the Bishop had only given to the curate a day's warning, and should have waited to see how he behaved before revoking his license.

—Father Stack's Society, in Williamsport, Pa., have determined to organize an Independent Catholic congregation, and build a church. This will, of course, be an "Old Catholic" Church—the first in America.

—The Presbyterian Board of Home Missions is in debt to its missionaries $15,000, and wants the 1,500 churches which gave nothing last year for Home Missions to send $10 each to clear off the debt.

—For sometime past a well known Lord has been in the habit of preaching on Sundays to crowded audiences of the middle and lower classes, in town halls and other secular buildings in various parts of Great Britain. It is said that his example is now imitated by no less than seven or eight other Peers of the realm. A few weeks ago the Earl of Dalhousie preached to an audience of 3,000 in the Agricultural Hall in London and it is actually announced that the Marquis of Lorne, the Queen's son-in-law, is soon to occupy the same pulpit.

—The annual missionary report of the Methodist Episcopal Church, just published, shows that in foreign fields it has 408 missionaries, assistants and helpers, 12,288 church members and 4,809 probationers, 23,048 Sunday School scholars. The value of the Church property in the foreign stations, 162 churches and 70 parsonages, is $628,451, and the local collections for current expenses and missionary purposes have amounted to $14,771.16. The home missions among foreign populations show 247 missionaries, 74 local preachers, 4,096 members, 1,188 probationers, and church property valued at $191,050; missionary collections, $10,792.46.

—A California correspondent describes the following scene which he witnessed in a Methodist Church in Santa Cruz: "The subject of the sermon was 'Jacob's Ladder,' and was illustrated by a ladder made of evergreens reaching from the pulpit to the ceiling. On each of the steps was a paper angel, with golden wings; while at the foot lay a paper Jacob, with a cobble-stone for his pillow. I thought that the minister would never get to the top of the ladder; but he finally succeeded in reaching it, much to my relief."

—Russia and Russian Poland contain upward of 3,000,000 of Jews, and their condition is a disgrace to the Government and a scandal to the civilization of the age. In no European country, except in barbarous Roumania, are they treated with so much inhumanity. They have no political rights, nor can they be fairly said to be within the protection of the common law. Great things are expected from Sir Moses Montefiore's mission to Russia.

—We have the authority of the *Tablet* for saying that St. James' Church, Montreal, is possessed of a shrine and grotto sacred to the Virgin Mary. "Several extraordinary cures and singular favors have lately been obtained at this shrine by the use of water from the miraculous fountain in the grotto of Lourdes (France), which is kept with religious care by the clergy of St. James' Church. It is regularly imported from France now that the restoration of peace has enabled the priests to do so. During the war they were unable to obtain it; and many persons from various parts of America who desired to test its virtue were disappointed when they applied for it."

—A certain writer administers a sharp rebuke to those people who are lavish in everything but charity, and says: "I have seen a woman, professing to love Christ more than the world, clad in a silk dress costing $75; making up and trimming of same, $40; bonnet, or apology for one, $25; velvet mantle, $60; diamond ring, $300; watch, chain, pin and other trappings, $200; total, $1,000 all hung upon one frail, dying worm. I have seen her at a meeting in behalf of homeless wanderers in New York wipe her eyes upon an expensive embroidered handkerchief at the story of their sufferings, and, when the contribution box came round, take from a well-filled portemonnaie of costly workmanship twenty-five cents to aid the society formed to promote their welfare."

—The New York General Theological Seminary of the Episcopal Church is in trouble with its students. It appears that certain rules with regard to the partaking of the sacrament have lately been laid down by the Faculty, which rules do not meet the approbation of the students, the majority of whom are inclined to Ritualism, and are in the habit of resorting to St. Albans and communing there after the Ritualistic fashion, at daylight, ere the services at their own chapel commence. The students have refused to come to terms and observe these rules, and, instead, have issued a "protest and appeal" to the Bishops. In the face of this, the Faculty held a meeting and considerably modified the obnoxious "rules," but without effect so far as the students are concerned, for they still hold out and await the action of the Bishops on their "protest and appeal."

—There lives at London and Paris an English nobleman named Sir Richard Wallace, whose wise and constant generosity makes him the benefactor of the common people of both cities. By his aid, there were recently opened a museum and picture gallery at Bethnal Green, London, which, however, the Government, upon being questioned by Dilke, very positively and curtly refused to open to the poor on Sunday afternoons. But for several recent Sundays there has been a great rush of fine equipages around Bethnal Green, and a great display of Lords and ladies entering the museum on "private ticket," while the people were crowded back by the police. The Government was again questioned in Parliament about such a procedure, and was compelled to admit the meanness of the management and to promise to put a stop to it. One of the spicy things introduced into the debate was a letter from the founder of the museum, Sir Richard himself, refusing a ticket to a Sunday exhibition, on the ground that if the poor were turned away, he should be, too, and saying that he hoped that all museums would be opened to the working classes on Sunday, for at least part of the day.

—"The Sacred Synod of the Church of Greece" has issued a bull against Sakellarios, Kalopothakes, and Constantine, three of our missionaries in that country. Sakellarios is supported by the Baptist Missionary Board, Kalopothakes is a missionary of the American and Foreign Christian Union, and Constantine is now on a visit to this country. This august Synod has learned that Kalopothakes, "in his new house in the District of Plaka, has also established a chapel [house of prayer] expressly for his heterodox teaching, where, every Sunday, in broad noon, he labors for the dissemination of his aforesaid heterodox teaching, with a view to proselytism; as, also, that the other two, Sakellarios and Constantine, have established their own private schools, where they also teach Greek children of both sexes." Therefore, "the Synod is forced, in accordance with its sacred and unavoidable duties, to denounce yet again the aforesaid missionaries, and to call, as it does now call, upon the ministry to hasten and make respected the supremacy of Greece, especially at this epoch, when the Church is enduring so great trials in the East, under all kinds of attacks, open and secret, and to apply the law strictly against those who are attacking the integrity and peace of the Orthodox Eastern Church, so as to remove for the future such infernal and destructive scandals and unlawful acts, which are by degrees shaking our sacred religion from its foundations."

—The Rev. Gilbert Haven, one of the newly-elected Methodist Bishops, vigorously defends Grant, and fiercely assails Greeley and Sumner, in an article in the New York *Independent*. Bishop Gilbert's article leads the New York *Methodist* to remark: "This is remarkably brave for a Methodist Bishop, on the opening of a fierce political canvass. Hitherto, except when the country seemed perishing with rebellion, and every man was compelled to take sides, Methodist preachers, and especially Methodist Bishops, deemed it unbefitting their office to intermeddle with national politics. Bishop Haven evidently does not think so. He has been accustomed to have his independent say on any and all subjects, and he is evidently determined to maintain his old independence. What the Democrats and Greeleyites of his great diocese will say about it is another question. What if a Roman Catholic Bishop should thus appear in the newspapers for a given candidate! Would there not be a 'hue and cry' among Protestant papers? We think that it is wise in our Bishops to refrain from public participation in party strifes."

LITERARY.

Mr. Maguire, M. P., for Cork, is, we hear, preparing a work on the Jesuits.

—Mrs. Elliot, "The Idle Woman in Italy," is engaged on a new work, shortly to appear, called "Old Court Life of France."

—Garibaldi is preparing for the press a novel, the scene of which is laid in France during the recent war.

—Rumor says that the editorial chair of *Good Words*, left vacant by the death of Dr. Norman McLeod, will be offered to the Rev. Charley Kingsley.

—The last male descendant of the illustrious Andreas Hofer, the hero of one of Louisa Muhlbach's best novels, died recently at Botgen, in the Tyrol.

—The Paris *Figaro* has attained a daily circulation of 111,000 copies, and it charges for advertisements the unprecedented price of 20 francs a line.

—M. Duvergier de Hauranne, the eminent French writer, intends to return to the United States next autumn, in order to study further our school system, on which he has already written a book.

—There is talk in Berlin about the organization of a large stock-company for the publication of a new daily paper, destined to be the largest in the world, and to be managed on the plan of the American journals.

—A new Spanish dictionary, intended to be complete, devotes to the word *ojo*, eye, fifteen royal octavo pages, giving citations from eighty-eight authors. Who wouldn't write a dictionary?

—Sitgreaves, the English adventurer, who personated the Hon. George Bancroft on various occasions in Germany, and whose principal occupation was to sell spurious letters of celebrated men to collectors of autographs, has been sentenced at Coblentz to four years' imprisonment at hard labor.

—The *Saturday Review* says of Charles Lanman's "Japanese in America," that "the essays of the Japanese students are curious, though chiefly as illustrating the Japanese talent for mimicry; but the rest of the book, though not exactly worthless, is certainly not worth reading by any English inquirer into the Japanese mind."

—A perfect copy of Gower's "Confessio Amantis," printed by Caxton, was last month sold at auction by Messrs. Sotheby, Wilkinson & Hodge, and brought the large sum of £670. It was bought "at the publick sale of T. Osborne, 15th February, 1745, price 14s," thus showing the great rise in the value of the productions of England's first printer.

—The first volume has just appeared at St. Petersburg of a Russian work entitled "The Predecessors of Shakspeare." Its author is M. Nicholas Strerojenko. The second volume will treat of the works of the dramatists "who served, so to speak, as the connecting link between Marlowe and Shakspeare."

—In Poland, several newspapers have lately been published for the first time, and the periodical literature is greatly on the increase. Contemporaneously with this increase of the daily and national press, it is remarkable that many Polish writers have adopted French and German as the language in which they publish their latest works.

—The last new part of Dr. Tischendorf's larger Greek Testament includes the portion from Galatians to the beginning of Hebrews. At the same time the Professor publishes the first part of a minor edition of the Greek Testament, containing the Gospels and Acts. The concluding part of the larger edition is promised in the autumn, and the second half of the minor edition in the beginning of next year.

—The *Athenæum* says: "We are requested, by the family of the late Mr. Hawthorne, to state that 'The Life and Unpublished Stories of the late Nathaniel Hawthorne,' by H. A. Page, announced on the fly-leaf of 'Septimius,' is a publication entirely without their sanction. They are not aware that their father was even acquainted with Mr. Page, and they are satisfied that he can have no materials of any value to bring before the public."

—Prof. Lechler, of Leipsic, is about to publish a life of the great Reformer, Wiclif. He has been engaged in this work for several years, and has discovered in the library of Vienna several manuscripts of Wiclif which have never been published; he has also made a careful examination of the Hussite manuscripts. His work will throw considerable additional light on Wiclif's intimate connection with Huss and the Bohemian reformers. The work is in such a state of advancement that it will probably be published in the course of the autumn.

—M. de Villemessant, the editor of *Figaro*, relates an anecdote of a distinguished orator which reminds one of Moliere reading his plays to his old servant, and a somewhat similar custom adopted by Sir Walter Scott. Berryer used, also, to say that, when he was addressing the Chamber, instead of seeking to make an impression on Deputies, and endeavoring to gather the effect of his oratory by studying the faces of his colleagues, he was in the habit of searching out the least intelligent person in the tribunes, and watching to see if he comprehended him; and he was only satisfied when he had created an impression on this unpromising subject. A celebrated actor used to follow the same plan; he would also select some particular persons in boxes or stalls, and exert his talents to make them laugh or weep.

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AMUSEMENTS.

Review of the Past Week's Attractions in Chicago.

The New Company Engaged for the Academy of Music.

Change of Programme at Chiarini's Royal Italian Circus.

Detailed Description of McVicker's New Theatre.

Musical and Dramatic Gossip in the World at Large.

The people of Chicago have been publicly amused during the last week by a circus, a minstrel show, and a panorama. Each entertainment was reasonably good of its kind, and the ... have been quite as near an approach to the so-called "the legitimate" as was generally ... during the prevalence of such exceeding... native weather.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

It was a perilous experiment for the owner of the panorama at the Academy of Music to ... He has, nevertheless, ven... to do so, and has achieved a ... degree of success. It is much ... an artist to attempt an imitation of the grandest scenes in the world's history, ... falling utterly, and to have his work ... for inspection to the people who witness ... he has endeavored to depict, and not be ... with ridicule, is in a manner a triumph. There are many defects which a critical person, acquainted with Chicago, might find, both in the conception and the execution of the various ..., but they result rather from the impossible nature of the work, than from want of skill on the part of the artist. Perfect correctness is impossible within the limits of a panorama, or ... the quality and amount of ... it is possible to put upon such a work... is supposed to be a vehicle for the exhibition of the paintings, but it is the frailest vehicle imaginable. The dialogue is extraordinarily ... and commonplace, and the situations are ... especially piquant or startling. There is a ..., who utters a farrago of the most arrant ..., that is too absurd even to be laughed at ... as it was. Mr. Johnson, who assumed the ..., improved upon it a little after his first appearance, probably because the lines assigned ... the playwright were too silly to make any ... upon his mind until after several ... Mr. Evans makes a whole-hearted ..., and does all that any good, kind-hearted ... can do, who is intellectually introduced ... pieces equally wretched, to raise ... pertic; and assist in the denouement. The highly dramatic element of divorce ... exceedingly weak treatment, and falls ... upon unimpassioned audiences, for the ..., doubtless, that every Chicago auditor has ... or three divorces in his own checkered ..., and such things stale with repetition. ... plays the role of one of the divorced ..., and Mr. Webster the other. Padget ... reduced to the saddest state of rags, ... and drunkenness imaginable, and Webster ... soon reach the same lamentable degree ... but for the opportune intervention ... Miss Campion, the divorced wife of ... to have been granted a large alimony ... disrupting court, if anything can be ... the excellent condition of her wardrobe ... the flames with a very liberal ... clothing, she is directed ... to Miller's jewelry store ... It is not likely that, if Mr. ... of the play, had been in ... of the fire he would ... meeting of the divorced ... the path of the conflagration ... that burned before the ... the South Side residents ... of panoramic events, ... after the Chamber of ... other buildings in ... We do not care to ... vehicular drama further ... But the panorama, ... standard of works of that ... average, and worthy of ...

THE COMING SEASON.

... has already formed his company ... season. The list is appended. ... as already positively engaged, the ... stars and troupes: The Lydia Thompson Troupe, the Lingard Combination, the ... Lauri Troupe, Mr. Edwin Adams, Mr. ... Chanfrau, Mrs. Frank Chanfrau, Mrs. ... and J. C. McCollom, Charlotte Thompson, Lucille Western, Oliver Doud Byron, "The ... of Truth" Combination, Joe Murphy, ... McWade, the Black Crook, Leffingwell, ... Celine, Miss Leclerque, Holman Opera ..., and Aimee. Negotiations are pending ... other parties, some of which will ... be completed.

THE COMPANY.

... Manager.	Annie Waite,
...	Adelaide Lennox,
...	Flora Newton,
... Padget,	Cordelia Cappel,
...	Katie Wilson,
...	Nellie McHenry,
...	Bernard Watson,
...	Kate Maynard,
...	Mrs. R. C. Grierson,
...	Nellie Drury,
...	Jennie Morgan,
...	Clara Demming,
...	Mrs. Harding,
...	Jennie Le Prez,
...	Katie Douglass,
...	Winnie Johnson,
...	Minnie Charles,
...	Ella Dupain,
...	Blanch Martin,
...	Ida Carignin.

...C. Padget, Stage Manager. ... Carhart, Assistant Stage Manager. ... Prompter. ... and R. P. Farren, Scenic Artist. ... Property Maker. ... Calcium Lights. ... Treasurer. ... Assistant ...

... Mr. Wheelock or ... Blaisdell will be ... to the public and ... Miss Annie Waite is a ... actress ... ability and culture ... dresses with elegance ... The remainder of the company are ... known to the public. The ... many strong points, and good work ... expected of it.

GLOBE THEATRE—HOOLEY'S MINSTRELS.

The Minstrels have done only a moderate ... during the past week, although the ... that they have furnished has been ... any week since they first appeared on the boards of the theatre. Mr. Kane's ... have proved the most attractive vocal ... of the week. The other songs, dances, ... have had the usual variety, and have ... the customary amount of applause. ... The programme of the coming week will give ... members of the company an opportunity ... display their peculiar talents, and will include ... a programme of pieces not before ..., a burlesque ... "Bucks and Jinks," ... "Turn Him Out." Mulligan, ... of the troupe, will have a benefit ... Thursday night.

SACRED CONCERT.

The course of Sunday evening lectures to be ... at the Academy of Music will be introduced ... by a grand sacred concert at which ... Goodwin, Mr. Schultze, and Mr. Tom Goodwin ... will assist as vocalists. Mr. Clark Reynolds ... pianist, and Miss Susan Deain will give select ... and recitations. The proceeds will be ... to sustain the course of lectures, which ... be continued during the season. We know ... no place aside from the churches where this ... can be more pleasantly and profitably ...

The programme appended shows that the concert is ... better entitled to the appellation ... "than most Sunday musical entertainments ... called by that name.

Aria—"Hear me, O Father," from "Rinaldo"	Handel
Mr. Ed. Schultze.	
Reading—"Life and Death of Mary Stuart"	...
Miss Susan Deain.	
Song—"The Forsaken"	L. Loretz, Jr.
Miss Fannie Goodwin.	
Song—"... "	Mr. Dudley Buck
Composed expressly for and dedicated to Mr. Thos. Goodwin.	
Reading—"The Young Gray Head"	Southey
Miss Susan Deain.	
Song—"The Last ..."	Callcott
... Goodwin.	
Air—"Angels ever bright and fair"	Handel
Miss Fannie Goodwin.	
Hymn—(By special request)—"Nearer my God to Thee"	
Mr. Ed. Schultze.	
Reading—"Bonnie Bhoys ..."	
Miss Susan Deain.	
Trio—"On Thee each living soul awaits"	Haydn
Miss Goodwin, Mr. Schultze, and Mr. Goodwillie.	

THE ITALIAN CIRCUS

... another week at Nixon's Amphitheatre, ... Chiarini ... next week. As this ... the last week, we can only add to the ... already made with reference to the performance, ... advise those to attend who would witness ... best circus programme ever offered in America. ... Such, undoubtedly, is Chiarini's circus. For ... new features are to be introduced, including the first appearance of the Sisters Recchie ..., a new and original entree, "Los Mosqueteros de la Reina," the "Four Seasons," a new ... and beautiful ... act; for the first time, the ... Miss Katie Halloway, ... upon the Arabian horse, Abdel..., presented to Chiarini while in ... by the Emperor Maximilian; first ... of Miss Lucia Ortiz; for the first ... the ... the only one of the species ... the Oreole, Salea and Theo... in new acts; and the Ortiz and Orrin brothers in new specialties. We are promised an entertainment which shall completely eclipse ... last week's bill, and, if the promise is ... fulfilled, it will be enough to insure crowded houses. There will be matinees on Wednesday and Saturday.

TURNER HALL.

The programme for the usual Turner Hall Sunday Concert this afternoon is as follows:

... "Greeting from Abroad,"	Boraghal
Overture—"Traveler's Joy"	Lobe
Waltz—"..."	Parlow
... Humoresque" No. 10	Riede
... Solo for Clarinet	Kiein
... from "Bohemian Girl"	Balfe
Overture—"Light Cavalry"	Suppe
... of Emmigrants	Menzel
... Quadrille	Hermann

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC GOSSIP.

The former husband of Madame Seebach is now ... at the Royal Opera House, at Berlin. ... Nilsson is spending her honeymoon in Baden-Baden ... St. Petersburg. ... Miss ... Dargon will play the star engagements ... coming season with a new play entitled ... Betrayed." ... Boston is at present ... by only two theatres. ... Mr. ... is expected from Europe. ... Max Strakosch, in company with Carlotta Patti, will leave ... Leonard Graves, Esq., ... manager of the New Varieties Theatre in ... the coming season. ... The foreign ... announce the death of M. Raphael Felix, ... brother, and manager of the French ... in London; that of Signora Carlotta Marchisio, and that of M. Nores ..., a French dramatic author. ... The reception of Mr. Bandmann upon his reappearance in London was very cordial. ... M. Verger, lately of the Italian Theatre in Paris the coming year, but without the subvention. ... Lucca's last appearance in London was characterized by the most remarkable enthusiasm on the part of the audience. Bouquets were thrown in profusion, the waving of handkerchiefs seemed like a great white cloud, and the shouts of "bravo, brava!" were deafening. ... Minnie Monk, of the National in Cincinnati, and various other theatres, will travel with Jefferson next season. ... Frank Mayo is to manage the Rochester Opera House. ... Camilla Urso is expected in New York from Europe this week. ... Anna Mehlig is in California. ... Ristori must have $100,000 deposited in a London bank before she comes to this country. ... Mrs. Lander is expected home from Europe in November. ... Mrs. Scott-Siddons' son will soon appear on the English stage. ... Mr. Charles Mathews will play at the London Gaiety next October. ... Lawrence Barrett, with a strong company, will play "Julius Cæsar" through the New England circuit, beginning Sept. 2, at Bridgeport. ... The new Paris Opera House will cost eight millions. The sculpture and painting alone will cost two hundred and twenty thousand dollars, and the ornaments three hundred and sixty thousand dollars. ... Dickens received over £3,000 for "Little Dorritt." But Douglass Jerrold received only £60 for "Black-Eyed Susan," the most popular drama ever produced on the English stage, and died leaving his family without a sixpence. ... Mr. John E. Owens is at his handsome mansion on the York Road, at Baltimore County, Md., where he owns a magnificent farm, growing in value every year, being now worth many times its original cost. ... A foreign paper estimates that Nilsson's bridal presents amount, in solid weight, to twelve thousand pounds. ... "Il Guarany," the new Brazilian opera, has made but slight impression in London, where it was brought out with great gorgeousness. ... A new play by Mr. Tom Taylor, with Mr. and Mrs. Bandmann in chief parts, has recently been produced at the Queen's Theatre, London. ... Madame Schneider, while in London, did not appear in any of the highly flavored pieces in which she made her reputation in Paris. The intervention of the Lord Chamberlain is suspected. ... Mr. Fechter played "Hamlet" at his last appearance in London. The rest of the time he adhered closely to the romantic drama in which he appears to be strongest. ... Mr. Sothern returned to England almost for the express purpose of playing "Lord Dundreary" for the benefit of the Royal Theatrical Fund. ... It seems to be not yet decided whether or not Lucca is coming to this country this fall. One day her speedy arrival is affirmed, only to be denied on the next. ... The visit of Adelina Patti to this country has been indefinitely postponed by operatic engagements. ... Whenever Verdi, the composer, listens to the first rehearsals of one of his own operas, he is said to reach a point of nervous exaltation beyond control. He swears and tears round upon the slightest provocation, and if anything is done by the singers contrary to his wishes, he becomes a hungry lion. During the rehearsal of "Don Carlos" at Paris, a letter was handed him, and afterwards, upon inquiry was made, an unfortunate missive was found in the pocket of his coat, torn to bits by his restless fingers. ... Giuseppe Verdi, the composer, is at work upon a new opera, to be entitled "Beatrice." Verdi has composed thirty-nine operas, Offenbach forty-three, Rossini nine. ... The Berlin Montag's Zeitung says that the Emperor of Germany has prevailed upon Pauline Lucca, the eminent cantatrice, to return to that city, and that she will consequently not go to the United States. ... The German adaptation of Joe Jefferson's "Rip Van Winkle" has met with a very indifferent reception at the Prussian theatres. ... Richard Wagner, the German composer, must be a very sensitive man. He has libel-suits pending against nine newspaper editors. ... New Orleans is pleasing itself in a sultry kind of way at the "Crystal Palace," the "only place of amusement in the city." ... Welch's Circus was the only species of public amusement in Detroit last week. ... St. Louis is solacing herself as well as possible with summer-night concerts, and Offenbachian operas in German. ... Fox closed his engagement at the Globe Theatre in Boston last week. ... The French Band closed its career in this country last week where it commenced it, that is, in Boston. ... "Robin Hood" was played for the last time last week at Wallack's Theatre, by the Lydia Thompson Troupe. ... The Union Square Theatre, New York, was closed for a brief period, the Vokes Family having occupied the boards, and having filled the auditorium up to the closing performance. ... The French Band gave their last performance on Friday evening, in New York. ... The Lingards reappear to-morrow night at the Olympic Theatre.

CHARLES READE'S DRAMATIC TROUPE.

Charles Reade, who, it appears, cannot refrain from letter writing, is out with an answer to Anthony Trollope, whose assertion that if the play of "Shilly Shally" failed he would be obliged to take half the discredit, and if he succeeded Reade would take all the money, he characterizes as preposterous, and adds:

Before I ventured, under advice, to put his name to the drama, I had secured actors who could make his exquisite characters and dialogue safe, even though I strung the scenes together. His share of the receipts in town and country will be faithfully paid him; and I am amazed he could know me so little as to assume the contrary. My subsequent letters must have removed that droll notion from his mind, I think. I have only to add that henceforth his connection with the drama shall be purely commercial, and that I will submit to his wishes and rob him of all the credit due to him in theatres for those excellent characters and natural dialogues whose dramatic value his modesty has so undervalued.

A TOUCHING INCIDENT.

From the New York Express.

A very touching and poetical incident occurred yesterday in the room where the dead body of poor Henry Drayton was lying. His little daughter, who was passionately fond of her father, does not appear to realize the fact of his death, and has, ever since his demise, insisted that he is only asleep, and understands all that she is saying. Drayton, it appears, was exceedingly fond of flowers, and yesterday the little orphan brought a pot of geranium and laid it at the head of the casket in which the body reposed, saying that papa loved flowers so much that if she was to put this one, which was fading, by his side, he would bring it to life. Then drawing a cushion to the side of the body she stretched herself upon the floor, and was soon fast asleep. The child has a great wealth of golden hair, which floated out upon the blue cushion and formed a contrast that a painter would have lingered over with enthusiasm, while this touching contrast of the awful solemnity of death, side by side with the innocent faith of childhood, was one that brought a tear to the eyes of many of the sympathizing friends who witnessed it.

M'VICKER'S THEATRE.

McVicker's Theatre is completed, and on the eve of being opened to the public. We have on several occasions given partial descriptions of this edifice, but the prospect of its being speedily devoted to its intended uses, renders a new description with fuller details not inappropriate. Less time is consumed in building theatres than formerly. The principal part of the work upon the present structure has been done within the last five months. Since it has been under cover, the progress made has been so rapid as to be almost marvelous. The size of the lot on which the theatre stands is about 83x200 feet; of the entire depth, the stage occupies about 65 feet, the auditorium 81 feet.

THE FRONT.

The theatre is built after plans drawn by Messrs. Wheelock & Thomas, who rank among the most skillful architects in the city. It must be confessed, however, that the front, in grandeur of exception and beauty of detail, does not compare favorably with other beautiful specimens of their skill, seen here and there about the rising city. Its appearance is anomalous, and does not suggest to the mind the use for which the building is intended. The openings are too numerous, and the two octagons designed to relieve the monotony of the façade give simply a look of oddity without a hint either at utility or beauty. The building has been even more unfortunate in the material than in the design. ... from mistaken economy, or for some reason that does not appear upon the surface, brick has been chosen for the facing material instead of stone, a very trivial diminution of cost. The brick, however, has been painted white, which is an improvement, and partially gives the impression of stone, although in a rather ghastly manner. The defects that we have pointed out are almost the only objections that even the captious critic can make to what is undoubtedly now the finest theatre in the West.

EXTERIOR ORNAMENTATION.

The details of the ornamentation both of the exterior and interior, where figures are involved, have been executed by Signor Giovanni Meli, whose skill in molding has supplemented in an excellent manner the finished taste of the architects. The window caps of the entire front are ornamented with grotesque heads, human and animal, giving the building an exceedingly unique appearance. The entrance to the main vestibule is by a sort of porte cochere, the floor of which will be nearly on a level with the sidewalk. Above this are placed four female figures, representing the four seasons,—Spring on the right hand and Winter on the left. Each of these figures carries a torch, the two right-hand figures bearing this symbol of intellectual enlightenment in the right hand and the others in the left. The drapery of all is in the Greek style, variously and gracefully arranged. The hair is also arranged in antique Greek fashion, the fillets with which it is bound being tastefully varied. The countenances are expressive. Spring bears in one hand a cluster of flowers; Summer is represented by Ceres holding in one hand a sheaf of wheat; Autumn bears a vessel containing an assortment of fruit, and Winter bears in one hand a lighted fire in an antique vase. These figures are all modelled with elegance, and are gracefully varied in posture. The ornament surmounting the façade are in tolerable taste, and, in conjunction with the portico, will give an appearance of unity of design which will somewhat modify the objections that we have made.

THE VESTIBULE.

Under the portico, one on each side of the entrance, are placed on truncated columns, two large female figures, over seven feet in height, representing Tragedy and Comedy. The face of the first is heroic in expression, and the attitude is admirable. In the left hand it bears a serpent coiled, which tries in vain to strike, and in the right, which is clasped upon the breast, a naked dagger. The head is ornamented with a coronet. The style of dress is Egyptian, and the robes are full and flowing, revealing only a small portion of the figure. The figure of Comedy, which stands immediately opposite, is also spirited in design, and finely executed. The face is intellectual and very expressive. The style of dress and the coiffure are Grecian. All of the ornamentation and figures mentioned above, are of terra cotta, bronzed, which has all the effect of real bronze. Several of them are finished and ready for the places they are intended to occupy. The outside is taste feet. The ticket office stands in the old place in the centre. The walls and ceiling are handsomely frescoed. The lobby connecting with the auditorium is reached through massive doors of black walnut, at the farther end by a flight of a few broad steps. On each side of these doors is a niche which will contain busts as soon as they can be got ready. One of these will be a bust of Shakespeare from a head in possession of ex-Mayor Rice, said to be the most correct extant.

THE AUDITORIUM.

The auditorium of the theatre is about 81 feet in depth by 82 feet in width, and 52 feet in height from the centre of the parquet to the dome. Its seating capacity is 1,800, which can be increased if desired to 2,400. A black walnut railing separates the parquet from the dress circle. There are two galleries, so gracefully sloped and modeled that the stage can be seen from every seat which they contain. The gallery railing is neatly executed by the younger Meli, from designs by Messrs. Wheelock & Thomas, and is of scroll work, with figures and shields at intervals. The upper tiers are reached by stairs rising from the lobby on either side of the main entrance. The frescoing is by Heath & Milligan, and although very well done is not sufficiently elaborate in detail. The handsomest portion is the dome and ... The immediate surroundings. The inner surface is designed in panels ornamented with bunches of flowers, and a blue and white border surrounding it is really the most attractive work of the artist in colors. The prevailing tints of the walls are negative, and lack the warmth and cheerful effect desired in a place of amusement. The parquet, dress-circle, and second tier are seated with patent chairs of the newest adjustible pattern, handsomely upholstered in crimson velvet. The coloring of the wood, fret-work, &c., of the proscenium is all in white and gold.

LIGHT AND VENTILATION.

The light and air of heaven find free admission through twenty windows opening from the auditorium into the alleys on either side. Ventilation is therefore, ample for all occasions. The means of egress are sufficient for any emergency. There is a wide door opening from the auditorium into the alley on the north side of the theatre, and also a door at each end of the lobby opening outwards. Not counting the exit from the stage, the theatre has, therefore, four convenient openings for escape in case of serious accident.

The arrangements for lighting at night are complete and perfect. The chandeliers, candelabra and gas jets are carefully disposed, and the effect when all are lighted will be brilliant in the extreme. The principal chandelier, which depends from the dome, is of immense size, and will shed upon the array of beauty and fashion beneath it the light of noonday from its two hundred burners. Chandeliers, smaller, but equally elegant, placed at intervals about the dress circle and galleries, will assist in the general splendor, and enhance the effect.

The gas will be lighted by a new process invented by Professor Samuel Gardiner, Government electrician. It will be done by passing a current of electricity over a tiny coil of platinum wire placed by each burner just as the gas is turned on. The machinery is so nicely arranged and adjusted that the burners in any circle, or in different parts of the stage, can be separately lighted or extinguished, and again relighted without interfering with any others. The mode of lighting has been submitted to thorough tests and been pronounced satisfactory by all who have observed its operation.

THE PROSCENIUM.

Although the general appearance of the auditorium is handsome, it is the proscenium that has given it its chief beauty. It is this tasteful piece of work that entitles the theatre to the proud position of the finest theatre in the country outside of New York. It is in two stages, and extends from the footlights on each side of the stage to the circles, a distance of about 30 feet. Each stage is divided into three openings, two of which are false. The true stage box occupies the compartment or bay next the stage. The false openings will be filled by immense plaques of silvered glass, that will add to the brilliancy of the general illumination of the theatre. The whole proscenium is highly decorated in the renaissance style, with pillars, pilasters, and a handsome entablature. The openings are all elliptical and the prevailing style of architecture, as shown by the capitals of the columns and pilasters, is Ionic. The arch of the lower stage is ornamented by figures in bas relief, representing cherubs supporting vases. The space between the upper and lower stage is adorned with a balustrade enriched with diamond work. The arch of the upper stage box is supported by two large and elegantly designed caryatides, shading their faces with their hands, terminating in scroll work and foliage, and bearing handsome ... The unity of effect is preserved ... the entablature, surmounted ... and the entire space covered ... with arabesque ... on either side.

The arch is adorned with nine bas reliefs representing heads of Roman matrons and soldiers upon shields supported by cherubs, terminating in arabesques, which are placed alternately. The figures are in terra cotta, and the bas reliefs in carton pierre. All of these are from the studio of G. Meli & Son, and show knowledge of the human form, and skill in execution worthy of the consummate artist. It is something for Chicago to be able to boast of having within her borders a sculptor who was the pupil of Tenerani, who was himself the pupil of the divine Canova. The beauty of the interior of the theatre is principally due to Messrs. Wheelock & Thomas, after whose designs it was built, and to whom a very large portion of credit for the increased beauty of rebuilt Chicago will be due. We are pleased to learn that Signor Meli is already beginning to meet with that encouragement which his remarkable skill and talent deserve. He has commissions for moulding figures for ...'s elegant new jewelry store, and will assist in ornamenting Aiken's beautiful new theatre, Potter Palmer's new hotel, and various other new buildings in course of erection. Our capitalists and builders should certainly not think of going elsewhere for decorative talent, when what they desire can be obtained at home more cheaply, and of even finer quality than abroad.

STAGE AND SCENERY.

The stage is of the same size of Booth's Theatre, New York, and has a height, breadth, and depth, equal to all exigencies. The scenery is under the skillful management of Mr. Howard Rogers, scenic artist, and Mr. J. C. Alexander, machinist. Twenty four full sets of scenery have already been painted, and others will be added as needed. The furniture of the stage is in readiness, and is ample for all purposes, and exceedingly elegant. The painting galleries have been placed at such a height that the full size of the stage can be commanded for all essential effects. No drapery will be used in front of a wood scene, so that the spectator will seem to see nothing but the forest and the illimitable depths of the sky beyond. The stage will be furnished with the usual number of traps, and, others than mentioned, will be perfect in all its details.

The general view of the auditorium will be very handsome. The delicately-beautiful colors of the proscenium, the graceful outline of the galleries, supported by slender Corinthian shafts of iron, in the light of the crystal chandeliers will show to excellent advantage. The floors are covered with rich carpets, which deaden disagreeable sounds, and make listening easier and more agreeable.

We have already given a list of the company which is to occupy the stage. They are not engaged for any special lines of business, but are expected to make themselves generally useful. Mr. O'Neil, who will generally assume leading parts, was formerly of the Cincinnati theatres, and later of Baltimore and Cleveland, where he has done leading business successfully. He is a gentleman of handsome stage presence, good voice, natural manner, and general good ability, being, aside from his business, a gentleman of culture and breeding. He is destined to make many friends in his new situation.

Mrs. Allen, Mrs. Blake, Miss Walters and Mrs. Myers, will do leading female business. Mrs. Sconall and Mrs Post will be assigned to the part of old women. Mr. M. Lanagan will be leading old man; Mr. Blake will play low comedy parts. The company is sufficiently full to carry on the business successfully independent of stars, of which the coming season will, however, bring an excellent assortment.

THE COMET.

Alas for Earth and earthly things!
'Tis said a horrid comet
Darts hitherward on rushing wings,
With vengeance blazing from it.
It comes—alas our cherished cares,
And woe to worldly livers!—
To switch its tail among the stars,
And dash the globe to shivers.
Alack a-day! the end is near
Of all sub-lunar glory,
Nor shall one soul survive the fear,
To tell the tragic story!

The dreadful moment draws anear;
Look sharp, and stand from under,
For soon this monster will appear,
In blaze, and smoke, and thunder;
But should you feel all hope is fled,
E'en from the hearts of preachers,
Don't let him strike you on the head,
And spoil your classic features;
For there is naught beside looks worse,
Though dreadful things were sorted,
Than some unlucky mortal's corse
With lineaments distorted!

When comes the wild, tremendous jar,
Like earthquake's dreadful clatter,
'Twill send our Grant and his cigar
T—well, it doesn't matter;
And all the tricky party schemes,
That soil Columbia's banner,
Shall perish with the fevered dreams
Of her ambitious Tanner;
Yea all the plans of "mice and men,"
Shall "gang agley" for certain,
And drop on Earth's strange drama then
Oblivion's pall-like curtain!

And yet this fiend, so bellicose,
So grim, unprepossessing,
With fire a-blazing from his nose,
May prove a sort of blessing;
He'll scare the devil out of some,
Their idols dash to shivers,
Strike down the devotees of Rum,
And burst their shrines in slivers;
He'll make an end of cruel wars,
He'll quell the base ambitions,
And "run a muck" of all the cares
That occupy the vicious!

Then haste, fierce Spirit of the Great,
Unmeasured Fire Ocean!
Let vengeance still accelerate
Thy rushing, heedless motion!
Earth's leprosy of sin, so foul,
Befits her for destruction;
Then haste, and make the wretches howl
Who've long disdained instruction;
But if, when all the world turns pale,
You burst your head asunder,
And 'midst Earth's ruins wreck your tail,
The stars may shout—No wonder!
CHICAGO, Aug. 8, 1872. WILLIAM HOBBS.

Hona Maria.

Southward from the quaint town of Santa Barbara, beyond the Santa Barbara Bay—with its high-arching skies, summery winds, and the softened splendor of semi-tropical skies—five leagues out in the ocean, the island of San Nicolas lifts its brown, rugged outline from the surging waters. Hidden from the mainland by Santa Cruz, an island of greater magnitude, the sun seems to rise from the purpled rim of the waters, and to set where the golden seas meet the horizon of the golden skies. The waves wash far up the sloping, sandy shore, and, receding, leave bright shells, tangled kelp, and smooth, wave-polished stones. The seals sun themselves on the crystallized rocks, and gaze at the intruder with almost human eyes. The sea-wasps shake their delicate wings in the bright atmosphere; and strange birds call from the high branches of unfamiliar trees. Deep pools lie hidden in lonely gorges, and fold their secrets forever in their dark bosoms. The wild dogs bark from the shelving rocks, and, with uncanny faces, dart into the close ravine.

Years and years ago, ere the energies of the white settlers had made their impress upon the wilderness along the Pacific shore, a tribe of Indians existed on this now desolate isle. Of what they thought, suffered, hoped, or accomplished, we have only scanty tradition. Now and then a pirate's craft anchored along the quiet shore, and, departing, told no tale. Sometimes the friendly voice of the Mission Fathers stole across the calm bay; and the shadow of the Cross, planted in the wilderness, threw its benign influence even over these undeveloped children of the sun. But the Fathers sleep, and left no record.

Thirty-six years ago the famine found this isolated band, and clutched them with its gaunt, relentless hand. The parched earth refused her sustenance; the trees stood bare and leafless in the hot winds; the streams ran dry, and the rocks glittered white and salt under the fervid sun. The wild game famished and died; and the fierce preyed upon each other. With pitying horror, these human beings stared into each other's faces, and, with stoical fortitude, crawled away to die alone. Whether the Mission Fathers learned of their distress, or whether urged by other motives, is not known; but they fitted out a boat, which sailed to San Nicolas and brought away the survivors—eighteen, in all. As the rescued Islanders were brought down to the shore where the boat was anchored, one of the women—who afterward gave her name as Hona Maria—darted away, over the sandy shore, over rough rocks, through ... child, which, with savage ... had been left behind. They by some oversight, ... They waited for her reappearance—they waited long. The skies darkened; the winds arose and tossed the unsteady boat from her frail anchorage, and the reluctant Captain was compelled to put out to sea; and Hona Maria was left alone on that desolate, sea-walled isle.

The thick fog shut down over the ocean, and the heavy swell of the waves tossed the boat rapidly toward the mainland. The rescued Indians were kindly cared for by the humane people of Santa Barbara; but, either from past suffering or the unaccustomed influences of civilization, they died, or dispersed to wilder surroundings. The boat was wrecked, preventing another expedition to the islands, and for years was not replaced. Hona Maria was supposed to have died, and no heart turned to the lonely island.

Eighteen solitary years had passed. White faces peered over the rocky battlement of mountains, and browned under the California sun. Avenues of communication and commerce were opened, and the mysteries of the Golden State were penetrated. Captain Nidever, a resident of Santa Barbara, fitted a schooner at Monterey, and, in one of his cruises, anchored at the tragic island of San Nicolas. In wandering over the island, he found traces of human life; a naked foot-print in the soil. But, again, the storm beat down upon the shore, and compelled the small crew to put out to sea. With clear skies and becalmed seas they returned. Again, the sand during the ... tried to find the sand; and after a short search, to their amazement, Hona Maria herself, the Hermit Monarch of this lonely isle! Without the least sign of surprise she gazed, for the first time in eighteen years, upon human faces. In an unintelligible language, but with expressive, savage gestures, she made them understand that the dogs killed her child. This was the burden of her limited expressions—a longing for human sympathy amid her utter desolation—bursting the bondage of unintelligible language, and making the grand sorrow of her savage heart known and felt.

A rude hut, constructed of interlaced branches, stones, and leaves, constituted her shelter. A fantastic robe of gayly feathered bird-skins, neatly dressed and adroitly stitched with fine tendons, by the aid of needles manufactured from fish-bones, covered her dusky limbs, and another of brighter hues was ready for time of need, or possibly reserved for her solitary festivals. Many rude treasures, collected during her hermitage, were transferred to the boat, and afterward landed at Santa Barbara. With astonishment she beheld the ... Her rapid glance took in the coast and the placid valley, girdled by the rugged mountains, sloping to the bay. From the narrow limits of her island-home, the sea only was vast, stretching away beyond the range of vision. The boundless view of land presented a new and strange geographical development to her uneducated mind. A "solitary horseman" galloping along the smooth beach caused her ecstasies of delight, which she expressed in long, wild peals of laughter and fantastic dances. A team with oxen completed her amusement. She observed the unfamiliar actions of people and animals with child-like pleasure, yet never forgot her lost child, nor the horrible manner of its death. She was proud of the attention she received, pleased with gifts and kindness, like a child in a new creation. She spoke a dialect entirely different from the native Spanish or Indians of the Santa Barbara region. A short time previous to her death, which occurred six months after her departure from her native island, an Indian woman was found who could interpret her strange tongue. She had not much to tell. A life more colorless, devoid of imagery or experience, it is impossible to conceive. The effect of long seclusion, upon her mind so crude and undeveloped, cannot be conjectured. In her solitary abode she knew the ways of the birds of the air and fishes of the sea, and fashioned nets to capture them, which, with seals and roots, furnished sustenance.

Large sums of money were refused by Captain Nidever for the possession of the woman, as an attractive addition to a museum; but she was kindly guarded at his private residence, and in 1853 she passed to the spirit-land. The Bishop took possession of her ingeniously manufactured robes, and carried them to Rome.

Hona Maria sleeps on the quiet hill-side; and her strange fate, hitherto, has been a dim tradition.—*Overland Monthly for August.*

"MOTHER, DO NOT SHUT THE DOOR!"

BY ROBERT B. JOHNSON.

[The last words of "Tad" Lincoln to his mother, as she left the room in a paroxysm of grief, were, "Mother, do not shut the door!"]

Do not leave me, mother darling!
Give me one fond, parting kiss!
Beckoning me, I see the angels
In their home of heavenly bliss.
I am getting weaker, mother,
And I soon shall cross the shore;
Let me rest my eyes upon you;
Mother, do not shut the door!

Mother dear, have you forgotten,
When the war was in the land,
And my father was the chieftain
Of the glorious Union band;
And the drummer-boy whose brother
Was court-martialled in the war—
Why, you're crying! Do not leave me!
Mother, do not shut the door!

"Just because the poor, sick stripling
Slept an hour while standing guard,
He must die and leave poor mother;
Heaven help us;—it is hard!"
Then my father, good, kind-hearted,
Told him he need cry no more,
"God has heard your fervent praying,
For He never shuts the door."

Mother dear, bend low and listen;
What the Savior says is true,
And He said, "As ye show mercy,
Mercy I will show to you."
Now I see my father pleading,
As the drummer-boy of yore.
Softly, mother! See the angels
Holding wide the open door!

THE GENTLE COCKROACH.

Utilization by Science of a Domestic Pest.

Inquiries made in Paris by Strouin, and in Berlin by Ehlert, show that the valuable character of the cockroach as a scavenger and sanitary agent has not been underrated by the ignorant classes. Strouin says that in all those quarters of Paris where the paper and paste are accumulated the people encourage the multiplication of these insects, and even undertake to tame and breed them, and he attributes their immunity from cerebro-spinal meningitis and kindred diseases in a great part to this fact. A recent writer in the *North American Review*, whose sanitary information and statistical style lead to the suspicion that he occupies an official position, states that the journeyman bakers of this and other cities have long been aware of the preference which this insect has for putrescent farinaceous food. "The cellars where the work is done," he says, "swarm with these animals, and in one place, occupied by Germans, I found that the vessel in which they kept their yeast, and which was never covered from the air, for obvious reasons, was a favorite resort of the cockroaches. The yeast every morning was thick with them, and the workmen before using it were in the habit of carefully straining the animals out through a coarse sieve." The same writer naively remarks "that such is the firm belief of certain bakers in the sanitary efficacy of the insect that they frequently insert it in the loaves themselves."

The awakening of public attention to this hitherto neglected but valuable animal has also led to the discovery that there are, in certain English seaport towns, a distinct class of cockroach fanciers. This fact and the success of the importation of English sparrows in destroying the measuring-worm assisted no doubt to the recent attempt to import English cockroaches. These insects are not unlike our own blatta orientalis. The box containing 6,000, which was recently sent to the Park Commissioners from Hull were blooded insects, and it was said had been crossed with the kakerlac of South America. Experiments instituted by a commission for the purpose of ascertaining the voracity of the breed were perfectly satisfactory. It was calculated that 409 of the animals would clean a bill-board in an hour. This is an important consideration if, as Dr. Birdsdall insists, "a bill-board, all things being equal, is equivalent to the death of 300 people."

At a meeting of the Entomologists in Salem, Massachusetts, last week a number of cockroach breeders were present on invitation and a very interesting exhibition was made of insects. It was there shown that the English breed is superior to all others for scavenger purposes, and, what is of no less importance, it was contended that the popular antipathy to the insect is groundless, the animal being harmless, and capable of the greatest affection for its keeper.

Now that the cultivation of the cockroach is becoming an intelligent pursuit directed by scientific knowledge and prompted by sanitary motives, we shall doubtless soon have the insects introduced into the parks and streets under such regulations as will protect them from the malice of small boys and the depredations of kindred animals.

OUR DAYS.

BY DUFF PORTER.

Our feet sink in the heavy sands,
While toiling o'er the desert drear,
To reach the shore of promised lands,
That seem so far, yet are so near.

We long to bear the heavy sheaves
That stand in shining sunlit rows;
Yet faint beneath our worthless leaves,
Where bare our barren fig-tree grows.

The passing waves lay at our feet
But worthless gifts of empty shells,
Our longed-for ship doth not yet greet
Our eyes, beyond the restless swells.

Our mornings promise treasures rare,
And, while with longing faith we wait,
The noon still tells of blessings fair
That we find not at evening's gate.

Our souls grow sick with hunger-pain,
As fruitless days go on and on,
And to our desert bring no rain,
But mocking forms of blessings gone.

A prison-cramp of wasted years!
O pinions dull that cannot rise!
The angels' eyes are dim with tears,
And give us pity from the skies.

For souls are bound in Passion's thrall,
With heavy chains upon their wings;
Unheeded all their yearning call,
Their longing cry for better things.

Ah, crushing cross we would be rid!
Ah, white robes stained with foul abuse!
Ah, talents bright in napkins hid,
That might be put to golden use!

The empty years that we call life,
The worthless baubles in our hand,
The foolish show, the pride and strife,
With all our sins in judgment stand.

The toil for raiment and for bread,
For things that perish and are not,
Require so much that souls lie dead,—
Their high estate, their work forgot.

God tints the perfect lily-bell;
The birds find food in forests dim;
The beauty and the music tell
His care for those who trust in Him.

Joaquin Miller.

A correspondent of the Yreka (Cal.) *Journal* narrates the following in regard to the poet of the Sierras:

"The poet's pedigree and place of birth are generally known. He has many queer habits and eccentricities, but there is enough of the noble and generous in his composition to compensate for his faults, whatever they may be. I first saw him at the mines on McAdam's Creek, California. He was then fresh from the wilds of Oregon. His long, tow-colored hair reached to his shoulders, and, taken altogether, he was about the greenest-looking specimen around the diggings. Literature was then as now his ambition, and he kept constantly scribbling.

"I was several times favored with a sight of his manuscript, some of which I thought had peculiar merit; but most of his writings neither gods nor men could understand. He knew nothing of the laws of versification, nor indeed of the rules of grammar, and when told by me that he must reconstruct his poetry, observing a rhythmical arrangement of words, and giving each line a certain number of feet according to the kind of verse, his astonishment was great, and, thinking by my amazed appearance over his queer lines that I meant to disparage his talents, he indignantly snatched the manuscript from the table, exclaiming: 'Oh, d—n the rub-um and measurement! there's the ideas, and I know what poetical license means.'

"His many eccentricities made him a butt for all the rough jokes on the Creek. When smarting under some of those taunts, I have often seen his flushed face express the keenest pain. Soon, however, he found a most effectual way to check such insults. He bought a long, heavy Colt's revolver, which at full cock he would level at the face of the person attacking him, who, thinking he meant mischief, thereafter would let him alone.

... Joaquin ... on Cherry Creek. The ... Hurst would not pay him, and, being a ruffian and a bully, attempted to frighten him away. Joaquin again resorted to the logical influence of his revolver, and with the most satisfactory success. He also mounted a horse belonging to Hurst & Co., which he rode off and sold, paying himself with the proceeds, and thereby obtaining both substantial and poetical justice. The law, however, did not recognize such an irregular proceeding, but rather considered it in the light of a felony. Hurst procured a warrant for his arrest, and accompanied Sheriff Bradley, of Deadwood, to put it in execution. Joaquin's cabin was then on McAdam's Creek. The poet was watching his cherished treeses when he saw the men approaching, and, reluctantly dropping the brush, he leisurely started up the mountain. Not heeding Bradley's order to halt, that officer fired two shots from his pistol. Joaquin replied by shooting twice at Hurst, who was still approaching the fugitive. Joaquin now commanded Bradley to stop. The mandate not being heeded, that officer received a bullet through the thigh that just grazed the main artery, which stopped further pursuit.

"The poet, thoroughly disgusted with civilization, shook the dust of McAdam's Creek from his feet, and in the pursuit of liberty and happiness we next hear of him among the Indians of Pit River Valley, where report said he went extensively into the 'horse business' with poor Lo, until the Sheriff of Shasta County made him 'more trouble.'"

THE FIRST WOMAN IN THE FORKS.

BY JOAQUIN MILLER.

Three thousand men! Not a woman, not a child, down in that canon of ours, so deep that the sun never reached us in the winter and but a little portion of the day in summer.

Forests, fir and pine, in the canon and out of the canon, up the hills and up the mountains, black and dense, till they broke against the colossal granite peaks far above us and drowned in everlasting snow.

Three little streams came tumbling down here from the snow peaks, in different directions, meeting with a precision which showed that they knew their ways perfectly through the woods; and from this little union of waters the camp had taken the name of "The Forks."

We had no law, no religion; but I insist, for all that, the men were not bad. It is true, they shot and stabbed each other in a rather reckless manner; but then they did it in such a manly sort of a way that but little of the curse of Cain was supposed to follow.

Maybe it was because life was so desolate and dreary that these men threw it away so frequently, and with such refreshing indifference, in the misunderstandings at the Forks; for, after all, we led but wretched lives. That vast freedom of ours became a sort of desolation.

But men were grandly honest there. They invariably left gold in their gold pans from day to day, open in the claim—ounces, pounds of it, thousands of dollars to be had for the taking up. Locks and keys were unknown, and when the miner went down town on Saturday night to settle his accounts, he, as a rule, handed the merchant his purse and let him weigh whatever amount he demanded, without question.

The first woman came unheralded. Like all good things on earth, she came quietly as a snow flake down in our midst, without ado or demonstration.

Who she was or where she came from no one seemed to know. Perhaps the propriety of questioning occurred to some of the men of the camp; but it never did to me. I had rather say, however, that when they found there was a real live woman in camp, a decent woman, who was willing to work and take her place beside the men in the great battle, bear her part in the common curse which demands that we shall toil to eat, they quietly accepted the fact, as men do the fact of the baby's arrival, without any question whatever.

This was not really the first woman to come into our camp of three thousand bearded men; and yet it was the first. There were five or six, may be more, down at the Forks—some from Sydney, some from New Orleans, and so on; but these were worse than no women at all—waifs of the foam, painted children of passion. I am not disposed to put these women in the catalogue of saints. They were very devils, some of them.

These women set man against man, and that winter made many a crimson place in the great snow-banks of the streets. They started the first graveyard at the Forks, and kept it recruited, too, every holiday and almost every Sunday.

True, they did some good. I do not deny that. For example, I have in my mind now the picture of one, Sack Hill, from Mobile, holding the head of a brave young fellow, shot through the temple, his long yellow hair in strings and streaming ... with blood. She held him ... till he died ... rated from him while a hope or a breath remained—the blood on her hands, on her face, all over her costly silks and lace, and on the floor.

Then she had him buried elegantly as possible; sent for a preacher away over to Yreka to say the funeral service; put evergreens about his grave; and refused to be comforted.

All this was very beautiful—a touch of tenderness in it all; but it was spoiled by the reflection that she had allured and almost forced the poor boy into the fight, in hopes of revenging herself on the man whom she hated, and by whose hand he had to fall.

I know another woman there who was very benevolent,—in fact, they all were liberal with their money, and were the first and freest to bestow upon the needy. This woman was a Mexican—from Durango, I think; and her name was Dolores. Gentle in her manner, patient, sad; not often in the difficulties that distinguished the others; but generally alone, and by far the best liked of all these poor Magdalens. This good nature of hers made her more accessible, and so she was most sought for charity. Toward spring it was said she was ill; but no one seemed to know, or may-be no one cared.

If you will stop here to consider, it will occur to you that it is a man's disposition to avoid a sick woman; but a woman's disposition to seek out a sick man and nurse him back to health. This being true, here is a text for a sermon.

A bank had caved on a man—only a prospecter, a German, who lived alone in a little cabin on the hillside—and crushed him frightfully. Nurses and physicians were necessary. The man was penniless and alone, and help had to come from the camp.

Some one went to Dolores. She was in her room or cabin, out a little way from any one, and ill, sitting up in bed, looking "wild enough," as the man afterward stated. He told her what had happened. She leaned her head on her hand a moment, and then lifted it, looked up, and drew a costly ring from her finger, the only one on her pale thin hand, and gave it to the man, who hurried away to get other aid elsewhere.

Now there was nothing very odd or unusual in a woman giving a ring. That was often done. In fact, there was scarcely any coin on the Creek. In cases of this kind a man generally gave the biggest nugget or specimen he had in his pocket, a ring if he could not do better, sometimes a six-shooter, and so on, and let them make the best of it; but always something, if that something was possible. Let this be said and remembered of these brave old men of the mountains.

A few days after this, it came out that Dolores was dead. Then it was whispered that she had starved to death. This last was said in a sort of a whisper. It came out with a shudder like between the teeth, as if the men were afraid to say it.

On investigation, it was found that the poor woman had been ill some time, had lost her bloom and freshness, and what becomes of a woman of this kind, who has no money, when she has lost her bloom and strength? Never had much money, always gave it away to the needy as fast as she got it, and so had nothing to fight the world with when she fell.

Then the man with the rent, the lord of the log cabin—a cross between a Shylock-Jew and a flint-faced Yankee—took her rings and jewels, one by one. The baker grew exacting, and finally the butcher refused to bring her meat. And that was all there was of it. That was the end.

That butcher never succeeded there after that. Some one wrote "SMALL POX" over his shop door every night for a month and it was shunned like a pest house. But all that did not bring poor Dolores back to life. The ring was an antique gold, with a costly stone, and a Spanish name, which showed her to have been of good family. A wedding ring.

But this woman, however, was an exception, and at best, when in health, with the exception of her generous and sympathetic nature, was probably no angel.

I was in a neighboring cabin one night when it was announced that the first woman had come to the camp. The intelligence was received with profound silence. There was a piece of looking-glass tacked up over the fireplace of this cabin.

Old Baldy whistled a little air, and walked up to this glass sidewise, silently, and stood there smoothing down his beard.

"Ginger blue!" cried the Parson, at last, bounding up from his bench, and throwing out his arms, as if throwing the words from the ends of his fingers. "Ginger blue! hell-ter-flicker!" And here he danced around the cabin in a terrible state of excitement, to the tune of a string of iron-clad oaths that fell like chain-shot. They called him the Parson because it was said he could outswear any man on the river,—an accomplishment I was inclined to doubt, wonderful as were his achievements in this line.

I am prepared to testify that, during the half hour that I remained in that cabin after the announcement, every one of the ten men there took a look at the little triangular fragment of looking-glass that was tacked up over the fireplace.

The arrival of Eve in Paradise was certainly an event; but she came too early in the world's history to create much sensation.

Stop here, and fancy the arrival of the first woman on earth to-day—in this day of committees, conventions, brass band receptions, and woman's rights!

You fancy a Princess had come upon us. A good angel, with song and harps; or, at the least, carpet-bags, and extended crinoline, waterfalls, and false hair, a pack-train of Saratoga trunks and all the adjuncts of civilization. Not at all. She had secured the cabin once occupied by the unhappy Dolores; and I took the first occasion to pass that way, and, if possible, see her with my own eyes. I confess that deep down in my heart was a delicate hope, the faintest, far possible shadow of belief that this, after all, was my own good angel. I walked as in a dream when I approached the place. No one visible. I heard a sound like the washing of the waves, in the cabin—a dead, steady thud, and thud. But under the eaves of the pine-thatch was a modest sign, written in charcoal on a cedar shingle. It read:

"washening and ironing dun hear."

The hopes of the young and the imaginations of all are like corks. Almost any other soul under the sun had been disgusted. I was not even displeased. Not being able to get sight of the first woman, I whistled cheerfully and walked on.

This woman was called "the Widder." Why widow rather than spinster, I do not know. Perhaps some inspired genius, who handsome knowledge of life, coupled with a regard for the truth, first spoke of her as "the Widder" as he tossed off a glass of gin and bitters with his companions at the "Howlin' Wilderness" Saloon, and thus baptized her in a name, not without a sort of special dignity in it, that should be hers as long as she should remain an individual element in the Camp.

Men, even the most bloated and besotted, walked straight as possible up the trail that led by the Widow's cabin, as they passed that way at night; and kept back their jokes and war-whoops till far up the creek, and out of her hearing in the pines.

A general improvement was noticed in all, who dwelt in sight or hearing of her cabin. In fact, that portion of the creek became a sort of West End, and cabin rents went up in that vicinity. Men were made better, gentler. No doubt of that. If, then, one plain, ignorant woman, rude herself by nature, can do so much, what is not left for gentle and cultivated woman, who is or should be the true missionary of the West—the world?

A woman's weakness is her strength.

True, she was very plain. But you may adopt it as one of your rules of life, and act upon it with absolute certainty that, if you have to trust any woman, trust a plain one, rather than a handsome one; for the plain ones were not made to sell, else they too had been made handsome.

"Not to be too particular about a delicate subject," said old Baldy, who had been fortunate enough to see her, "her memory possibly may reach back to the Black Hawk War."

She was tall, gentle, genial too, and soon a favorite with her many patrons. She had a scar on the left side of her face, they said, reaching from the chin to the cheek; but, with a woman's tact, she always kept her right side to her company, and the scar was not always noticed.

What had been her history, what troubles she had had, ... against, or what great storm had blown over this solitary woman far into the great black sea of firs that belts about and lies in the shadow of the Sierras, like a lone white sea-dove you sometimes find far out in the China seas, no man knew; and, be it said to the credit of the Forks, no man cared to inquire.

This meeting together, this coming and going of thousands of men from all parts of the earth, where each man stood on the character he made there in a day, deadened curiosity, perhaps.

At all events, you can go, a stranger, to-day, anywhere along the Pacific, and, if your character indicates the gentleman, you are accepted as such, and no man cares to ask of your antecedents. A convenient thing, I grant, for many; but nevertheless, a good thing, and a correct thing for any country.

The old Jew law of every seven years forgiving each man his debt, was an age in advance of our laws of to-day; and, if any means could be devised by which every seven years to forgive all men their offences, and let them begin life anew all together, an even start, it would be better still.

She could not keep herself concealed. I saw her at last, hanging out clothes, and talking at the same time to a crowd of admiring miners. She was a tawny woman, in a loose, thin calico dress, that clung about her long, thin body like a banner about a flagstaff in a still day. She had black eyes and a black circle about her eyes, that made them look larger than an owl's, at a little distance, as if her head were nearly half eyes. Her face was very plain; but rather melancholy and vicious, with a large mouth, which, as a rule, indicates an open-handed and generous nature.

But the crowning feature of this woman was her enormous head of hair. It was black as night and bushy as a Kanaka's; all about her head in a heap, that seemed to be constantly in motion. But at the back and down between her shoulders it had gathered into a cue, and hung down there like a bell-rope with a black tassel at the end.

She generally kept her mouth closed. But I soon observed that, when she wanted to say anything, she pulled up her back, took hold of the bell-rope and pulled and pulled till her mouth came open; then she would throw out her sunken breast, and wind and wind with her two hands, and corkscrew at until she ... and pull and twist and wind, it was impossible to ... tight that or her eyes. After that she could talk faster than any man in the world, and faster than a great many women, until she ran down, and the bell-rope hung loose between her shoulders. Then her mouth would close suddenly, and she would have to stop that instant, even if in the midst of a sentence, until she could seize the bell-rope, pull herself open and wind herself up.

The Widow had admirers from the first; many and many a worshiper, and not altogether without reason. There was about her a certain sweetness of nature that contrasted well with the rough life in which she was thrown; and the strong man noted this, and liked the sense of her presence.

Besides that, this woman had a certain sincerity about her, a virtue that is as rare as it is dear to man. I think, if we look at ourselves clearly, we will discover that this one quality wins upon us more than any other—that is more than beauty, more than gold—sincerity, earnestness. For my part, I only make that one demand on any man or any woman. You cannot be graceful at will, or wealthy, or beautiful, or always good natured; but you can be in earnest. You can refuse to lie, either in word or in deed. I demand that you shall be in earnest before you shall approach me. Be in earnest even in your villainy.

As the summer wore away, her suitors dropped off like early candidates for office, and left the field almost entirely to the two leading men of the camp—Sandy and the Parson.

Sandy was a man of magnificent stature, with a graceful flow of sandy beard, but an ignorant, awkward child of Nature. A born leader of men, but a man who declined to lead unless forced to come to the front by his fellows, and for the time take charge of whatever little matter was under consideration in the camp. Sandy was a man you believed in, trusted, and believed in from the first. There was not a crafty fibre or thought in his physical or mental make-up.

The Parson was a successful miner, a massive, Gothic man, though not so tall as Sandy. He had been a sailor, I think. At all events, he had a blue band of India ink, with little diamonds of red set in between the bands, on his left wrist. Possibly it was his right wrist, for I cannot recall positively at this distance of time; but I think it was the left.

The Parson was the first authority in history, politics, theology, anything whatever that came up. I do not think he was learned; but he was always so positive, and always so ready with his opinions, and so ready to back them up, too, that all were willing to ask his opinion in matters of doubt, and few were willing to question his replies.

After a while it became talked about that Sandy was losing ground with the Widow—or, rather, that the Parson was having it pretty much his own way there, as in other things in the camp, and that Sandy rarely put in an appearance.

About this time a pretty little cottage began to peep through the trees from a little hill back of town; and then it came out that this, with its glass windows and green window-blinds, was the property of the Parson, and destined as the home of the Widow.

I think the camp was rather pleased at this. True, there was a bit of ambition and a grain of cunning, too, in the Parson's nature, which made the free, wild men of the mountains look upon him sometimes with less favor than they did on Sandy. Still, they liked him, and were glad that the Widow was to have a home at last.

But somehow the wedding did not come on as soon as was expected, and the Widow kept on rubbing, rubbing, and rubbing, day after day, and week after week, as if nothing of the kind was ever to happen to her.

Late in the fall, one evening, as the men stood in a semicircle in the Howlin' Wilderness saloon, with their backs to the blazing log fire, Sandy brought his fist down emphatically on the bar, as he took part in the conversation, and, turning to the crowd, said:

"It's an everlastin' and a burnin' shame!"

He rested his right elbow on the bar, and drew the back of his left hand across his mouth, as if embarrassed, and again began:

"It's a breathin' and a burnin' shame, I say, that the woman has got for to go on in this way, a washin' of duds for us fellers of this here camp. If this here camp can't afford one lady in its precincts, why, then I shall pull up stakes and go to where the tall Cedars cast their shadows over the coyote, and the coyote howls and howls—and—and—"

He wiped his hand again, and broke down utterly. But he had said enough. A responsive chord was touched, and the men fairly sprang to their feet with delight at the thought.

Some of the best things in life are like leads of gold—we come upon them in a kind of sudden discovery.

The Parson's eye twinkled with delight. "I move that Sandy take the chair for this occasion, and second the motion, and plank down 20 ounces for the Widow."

Sandy removed his slouch hat, blushed behind his beard at the new dignity, and said:

"Baily for you! I raise you 5 ounces, and ante the dust."

Here he drew a long, heavy purse from his pocket, and passed it over to the bar-keeper, who thereby became Treasurer of the enterprise, without further remarks. The Parson's eye twinkled again.

"I see your five ounces, and go you ten better."

"Called," said Sandy; and he pecked at the bar-keeper, which little motion of the head meant that that further amount was to be weighed from the purse for the benefit of the Widow.

One by one the boys came forward; and, as the enterprise got noised about the camp, they came down to the Howlin' Wilderness saloon till far in the night, to contribute what they called their "widow's mite."

Even the head man of the company up the creek known as the "Gay Roosters," and who was notoriously the most rough and reckless man in the camp, jumped a first-class poker game, where he was playing at $20 ante and pass the buck, to come in and weigh out dust enough to "call" the Parson and Sandy.

The Forks felt proud of itself for the deed. Men slept sounder, and awoke in a better humor with themselves for the deed.

Yet all this time it was pretty well conceded that the gold, and the widow, too, would very soon fall to the possession of the Parson.

"Set 'em deep, Parson! Set 'em deep!" said the head of the "Gay Roosters," as he shook hands with the Parson that night, winked at the boys, and returned to his game of poker.

There had been many a funeral at the Forks, but never a birth or a wedding. But now this last, with all its rights and mysteries, was about to come upon the Forks; and the Forks felt dignified and elated. Not one of the three thousand bearded men showed unconcern. It was the great topic—the Presidential campaign, the General Conference, the Dolly Varden of the day. The approaching wedding was the morning talk, the talk at noon, and the talk at night.

And it was good for the camp. The last fight was forgotten. Monte took a back seat in the minds of these strange, strong men; and, if the truth could be told, I dare say the German undertaker, who had set up under the hill, noted a marked decline in his business.

The boys were with the Parson; and the Parson was with the boys. They all conceded that he was a royal good fellow, and that the Widow could not well do better.

The amount of gold raised by the men in their sudden and impulsive charity was in itself, for one in the Widow's station, a reasonable fortune.

"What if she gits up and gits?"

The man who said that was a narrow-minded, one-eyed, suspicious fellow, who barely escaped being kicked down by the head of the "Gay Roosters," and kicked into the street by the crowd.

Still later in the fall the Parson sat in the Howlin' Wilderness, with his back to the blazing, crackling fire, having it all his own way at his favorite game of old sledge. He had led out his queen for the jack, just as though he knew where every card in the pack was entrenched. Then he led the king with like composure, and was just crooking his fingers up his sleeve for the ace, when a man in black, with a beaver hat and white neck-tie, rode by the window on a black horse.

"Somebody's a dyin' up the Creek, I guess," said Stubbs. "Maybe it's old Yates. He allers was a kind of a prayin', cold-water cuss, anyhow."

Here Stubbs turned and kicked nervously at the fire.

The game did not go on long after that. No one said anything. Perhaps that was the trouble. The men fell to thinking, and the game lost its interest.

There was no fight of importance at the Howlin' Wilderness that night and by midnight the frequenters of the saloon had withdrawn. The candles were then put out, and the proprietors barricaded the door against belated drunkards, spread their blankets on a monte-table, with their pistols under their heads, and by the smoldering fire went to rest.

The ground was frozen hard next morning, and the miners flocked into the Howlin' Wilderness. The Parson was leading off gaily again, and swearing with unusual eloquence and brilliancy, when a tall, thin, and sallow man, from Missouri, known as "The Jumper," entered. He looked wild and excited, and stepped high, as if on stilts.

The tall, thin man went straight up to the bar, struck his knuckles on the counter, and nodded at the red bottle before him. It came forward, with a glass tumbler, and he drank deep, alone, and in silence.

When a miner of the Sierras enters a saloon where other men are seated, and drinks alone, without inviting any one, it is meant as a deliberate insult to those present, unless there is some dreadful thing on his mind.

The Jumper, tall and fidgety, turned to the Parson, bent his back over the counter, and pushed back his hat. Then he drew his right sleeve across his mouth, and let his arms fall down at his side limp and helpless, and his round, brown butternut head roll loose and awkward from shoulder to shoulder.

"Parson."

"Well! well! Spit it out!" cried the Parson, as he arose from the bench, with a dreadful oath. "Spit it out! What in h—is busted now?"

"Parson."

Here the head rolled and the arms swung more than ever, and the man seemed in dreadful agony of mind.

The Parson sprang across the room and caught him by the shoulder. He shook him till his teeth rattled like quartz in a mill.

"The—the man in black," gasped the Jumper, "The black man on the black horse, with a white choker. Sandy—the—Widow."

The Parson sunk into a seat, dropped his face in his hands for a moment, trembled ... and arose pale and silent. He did not swear ... I am perfectly certain that for a long time ... now we all spoke of it one of the most ... and considered all the strange conduct of ... able things in ...

When the Parson arose, The Jumper ... himself loose from the counter, and ... across to the other side of the room, to ... him place.

The stricken man put his hands on the counter, peeked over the barkeeper's shoulder at his favorite bottle, as if mournfully to a friend, but said not a word. He emptied a glass, and then, without looking right or left, opened the door, and went straight up to the Parsonage. The Parsonage was the name the boys gave to the cottage on the hill among the trees.

"Gone for his two little pull pups," said Stubbs. That was what the Parson called his silver mounted derringers.

"There will be a funeral at the Forks to-morrow," gasped The Jumper.

Here the German undertaker arose cheerfully, and went down to his shop.

"Well, Sandy is no sardine. Bet your boots Sandy ain't no sardine!" said Stubbs. "And, any how, he's got the start just a little, if the Parson does nail him. For he's had her first; and that's a heap, I think, for wimmen's mighty precious in the mines—sumthin' to die for, you bet."

The Parson was absent for hours, and the Howlin' Wilderness began to grow impatient.

"He's heeling himself like a fighting-cock," said Stubbs; "and, if Sandy don't go to kingdom come with his boots on, then chew me up for a shrimp."

The man here went to the door, opened it, put his head out in the frosty weather, and peered up the Creek for Sandy, and across the creek for the Parson; but neither was in sight.

The "Gay Rooster" company knocked off from their work, with many others, and came to town in force to see the fight. The Howlin' Wilderness was crowded and doing a rushing business.

The two barkeepers shifted and carefully arranged the sand-bags under the counter, which in that day and country were placed there in every well-regulated drinking saloon, so as to intercept whatever stray bits of lead might be thrown in the direction of their bodies in the coming battle, and calmly awaited results.

About dark a thin blue smoke, as from burning paper, curled up from the chimney of the Parsonage, and the Parson came slowly forth.

"Blamed if he hasn't been making of his will and a burning of his letters. Looks grummer than a deacon, too," added the man, as the Parson neared the saloon.

He spoke quietly to the boys, as he entered, but did not swear. That was thought again remarkable, indeed.

He went up to the bar, tapped on the counter with his knuckles, threw his head back over his shoulder toward the crowd, and yet apparently without seeing any one, and said:

"Boys, fall in line, fall in line. Rally around me once again!"

They fell in line; or, at least, the majority did. Some, however, stood off in little knots and groups on the other side, and pretended not to have heard or noticed what was going on. These, it was at once understood were fast friends of Sandy's and unbelievers in the Parson.

The glasses were filled quietly, slowly, and respectfully, almost like filling a grave, and then emptied in silence.

Again it was observed that the Parson did not swear. That was considered as remarkable as the omission of prayer from the service in a well-regulated church, and I am sure contributed to throw a spirit of restraint over the whole party friendly to the Parson. Besides, it was noticed that he was pale, haggard, had hardly a word to say, and, most unusual of all, had barely touched the glass to his lips.

No one, however, ventured to advise, question, or in any way disturb him. All were quiet and respectful. It was very evident that the feeling in the Forks was largely with the Parson.

Sandy did not appear that evening. This, of course, was greatly against him. The Forks began to suspect that he feared to take the responsibility of his act, and meet the man he had so strangely deceived and so deeply injured.

The next day the saloon was crowded more densely than before. Men stood off in little knots and groups, talking earnestly. There was but one topic—only the one great subject—the impending meeting between the two leading men of the camp, and the probable result.

The Parson was among the first present that day, pale and careworn. They treated him with all the delicacy of women. Not a word was said in his presence of his misfortune, or the occasion of their meeting. To the further credit of the Forks, I am bound to say that there was scarcely an intoxicated man present.

The day passed, and still Sandy did not appear. Had there been any other way out of camp than through the Forks and up the rugged, winding, corkscrew stairway of rocks opposite, and in the face of the town, it might have been suspected that he had taken the Widow and fled to other lands.

The Parson came down a little late next morning, pale and quiet as before. He did not swear. This time, in fact, he did not even drink. He sat down on a bench behind the monte-table, with his back to the fire and his face to the door. The men respectfully left a rather broad lane between the Parson and the door, and the monte-table was not patronized.

The day passed; dusk, and still Sandy did not appear. By this time he had hardly three friends in the house.

"Hasn't got the soul of a chicken!" "Caved in at last!" "Gone down in his boots!" "Busted in the snapper!" "Lost his grip!" "Don't dare show his hand!" These and like expressions, thrown out now and then from the little knots of men here and there, were the certain indications that Sandy had lost his place in the hearts of the leading men of the Forks.

Toward midnight the bolt lifted! Shoo! The door opened, and Sandy entered, and stood there, tall and silent.

His great beard was trimmed a little, his bushy hair carefully combed behind his ears, and the neck-tie was now subdued into a neat love-knot in spite of its old persistent habit of twisting around and fluttering out over his left shoulder. His eye met the Parson's, but did not quail.

The barkeeper settled down gracefully behind the bags of sand, so that his eyes only remained visible above the horizon.

The head of the "Gay Roosters" tilted a table up till it made a respectable barricade for his breast, and the crowd silently settled back in the corners, packed tighter than sardines in a tin box.

You might have heard a mouse, had it crossed the floor. Even the fretful fire seemed to hold, for the time, its snappish red tongue, and the wind without to lean against the door and listen.

The Parson slowly arose from the table. He had his right hand in his pocket, and was very pale.

Experienced shootists, old hands at mortal combat with their kind, glanced from man to man, measured every motion, every look, with all the intense eagerness of artists who are favored with one great and special sight, not to be met again. Others held their heads down, and only waited in a confused sort of manner for the barking of the dogs.

Neither of Sandy's hands were visible; but, as the Parson took a few steps forward, and partly drew his hand from his pocket, Sandy's right one came up like a steel spring, and the ugly black muzzle of a six-shooter was in the Parson's face.

Still he advanced, till his face almost touched the muzzle of the pistol. He seemed not to see it, or to have the least conception of his danger.

It was strange that Sandy did not pull. Maybe he was surprised at the singular action of the Parson. Perhaps he had his eye on the unlifted right hand of his antagonist. At all events, he had the "drop," and could afford to wait the smallest part of a second, and see what he would do.

"I have been a wait-ing." The Parson halted a long time at the participle. "I have been a wait-ing for you, Sandy, a long time."

His voice trembled. The voice that had thundered above a hundred bar-room fights, and had directed the men through many a difficulty in camp, was now low and uncertain.

"Sandy," he began again, and he took hold of the counter with his left hand, "I am going away. Your cabin is too small now, and I want you and—and—your—your *family* to take care of the Parsonage till I come back."

Sandy sank back closer still to the wall, and his arm hung down at his side.

"You will move into the Parsonage to-morrow morning. It's full of good things for winter. You will move in it, I say, to-morrow mornin', early! Promise me that."

The Parson's voice was a little severe here—more determined than before; and as he concluded he drew the key from his pocket and handed it to Sandy.

"You will?"

"Yes."

The men looked a moment in each other's eyes. Perhaps they were both embarrassed. The door was convenient. That seemed to Sandy the best way out of his confusion, and he opened it softly and disappeared. The Howlin' Wilderness was paralyzed with wonder.

The Parson looked a little while out in the dark, through the open door, and was gone. There was a murmur of disappointment behind him.

"Don't you fear!" at last chimed in the head of the "Gay Roosters." "Don't you never fear that old sea-dog, the Parson, is deeper than a infernal gulf."

"Look here!" He put up his finger to his nose, after a pause, and, stroking his beard mysteriously, said: "I say, look here! Shoo! Not a word! Softly now! Powder! That's what it means. Powder! Gits 'em both into the Parsonage and blows 'em to kingdom come together! Gay loving move that will be, won't it!"

The Howlin' Wilderness was reconciled. It was certain that the end was not yet, by a great deal. It was again struck with wonder, however; and, for want of a better expression, took a drink and settled down to a game of monte.

Early next morning—a morning full of unutterable storms and drifts of snow—Sandy, with his bride and their few effects, entered the Parsonage, as he had promised.

The Parson was not to be seen.

Men stood about the door of the Howlin' Wilderness, and up and down the single street, in little knots, noting the course of things at the Parsonage, and now and then shaking their loose blanket coats and brushing off the fast-falling snow.

After awhile, when the smoke rose up from the chimney-top, and curled above the Parsonage with a home-like leisure, as if a woman's hand tended the fire below, a man, with his face muffled up, was seen making his way slowly up the rugged way that led from town across the Sierra.

It was a desperate and dangerous undertaking at that season of the year. He made but poor headway, in the face of the storm that came pelting down in his face from the fields of eternal snow; but he ... determined, and pushed slowly on, down ... it was observed he would turn, ... through ... his eyes from the snow, look ...

"Some poor ... at the peaceful smoke drifting ... night if he don't ... above the parsonage," said Stubbs, as he ... pass in his checks ... the hill, brushed ... back pretty soon," his sleeves, and went back ... the man up ...

Sandy soon took his old place ... among the boys. His wife was the sun of the saloon, and the particular star of the camp; and the Parson was for a time almost forgotten, save by the two people at the Parsonage. Often Sandy sought him, up and down the creek; but he was not to be found. He had evidently left the camp.

After a month or two the talk became more general and respectful about the Parson.

It was with a little surprise that the Forks discovered, one evening, while discussing his merits and recounting his achievements, that he had never really killed a man during all his stay in the camp. How a man could have maintained the reputation for courage that this man had, and have held the influence over men that he did, without having *killed* a single man, seemed to the Forks unaccountable. Still, they spoke of this man with kindness, and almost with gentleness, and missed him through all the long and weary winter more than they were willing to admit.

Spring came at last; but not the Parson. The summer passed; but the Parson still refused to appear.

Early in autumn some prospecter pushed far up the Fork, running parallel with the trail leading out of the camp; and there, in the leaves, they found a skull. There was a hole in the temple, and the marks of sharp teeth on the smooth, white surface. They also found a few other bones, badly eaten by wolves, and a small silver-mounted pistol.

The party came down to the Forks one night, where Sandy and his friends were enjoying themselves at the Howlin' Wilderness.

The leader told what they had found, and laid the pistol on the counter.

It was one of the Parson's little "bull-pups."

The pistol was empty. Sandy touched it tenderly, almost reverently.

The boys stood in line at the bar. The glasses were filled in silence.

Then Sandy pushed back his black slouch hat, pulled it from his head, and laid it on the counter.

"Boys," he began, as he stood on one leg, leaning against the counter, and looking sadly down into the tumbler; "Boys, here's to—here's to the—"

He looked down, and began again.

"Boys, he was deep—deep down to the bed-rock, boys; but the pay grit was there—pure, pure gold."

The strong men drank, and wiped their beards and eyes with their sleeves, as they turned away. Sandy did not touch the glass to his lips; but his brown face and beard were wet somehow, as he took up his hat and went to the door. He looked up the hill, along the rocky trail; then, brushing his eyes with his hands, went slowly and sadly back to the cottage in the trees, to tell the sad news to his "family."—*Independent.*

ELEGIACS.

Light on the western hills!—the crimson glory of sunset
Flinging a mantle of fire over the earth and air;
Red as the blood of the brave that flows in the terrible onset
Leading to victory's crown, or to defeat and despair!

Light on your golden tresses, flashing and gleaming and burning;
Light in your azure eyes, shining in sorrow's despite;
Light on the woods and the waves, and light on the river mist, turning
Its chill into warmth,—all round, over and everywhere light!

Ah! but within our hearts, (yours and mine), my darling, my own love!—
Parting to meet on earth, never, it may be, again—
Not one gleam of the glory that shines around us is known, love!
All is dark as the grave, shadowed and wasted pain.

One last kiss! . . . Now take this rose I have plucked for your bosom
Fraught with a fragrance as sweet, love! as your love is for me;
Not a pale, fragile bud, but a full-blown, crimson-eyed blossom
Glowing and bright as my heart's wild adoration may be!

So if I come not when years shall have fled till your cheek shall be faded,
Not till your eyes shall be dim with tears that have fallen in vain,
Not till the gold locks be gray, and the little feet weary and jaded,
Treading a desolate path darkened with tempest and rain;

When you shall take forth the rose, and look at it scentless and withered,
Murmuring words like these: "Rose, let the world say its say,
We know him not false, but dead; and I know when our father has gathered
His harvest in, we shall meet in the light of a changeless day."

—*F. Ferguson in Dark Blue.*

Women Riding Astride.

The question, "Should ladies ride astride?" is exciting considerable discussion just now. Tennie Claflin says she is not a rooster, and therefore will not wear spurs; and that she is not a man, and therefore will not ride the regimental horse astride. On the other hand, Grace Greenwood and three other ladies made a visit, recently, to the Mariposa grove of big trees and the Yosemite Valley, going from South Merced, all the way and back, on horseback, cavalier fashion, because no side-saddles could be obtained; and they liked it. Grace says:

"With a tear for the modest traditions of our sex, and a shudder at the thoughts of the figures we should present, we four brave women accepted the situation, and, for the nonce, rode as women used to ride in the happy, heroic days, before Satan, for her entanglement and enslavement, invented trained skirts and corsets, and side-saddles. We were fortunately provided with ... mountain suits of dark flannel and waterproof, which fitted us for this emergency, and for any rough climbing we had a fancy for, and there was not a little. Well, after a trial of some fifteen miles the first day, and twenty-six the second, we all came to the conclusion that this style of riding is the safest, easiest, and therefore the most sensible for long mountain expeditions, and for steep, rough, and narrow trails. If Nature intended woman to ride horseback at all she doubtless intended it should be after this fashion; otherwise we should have been a sort of land variety of the mermaid."

ECCENTRIC CHARACTERS.

It is asserted of Falstaff that "he was not only witty in himself, but the cause of wit in other men;" and any one who has travelled with the gallant Knight, in "The Merry Wives of Windsor" and "King Henry IV.," will have no hesitation in agreeing with this assertion. The most stoic individual could not maintain his gravity when reading of the sayings and doings of Prince Hal's humorous boon-companion. Wherever the English language is spoken, Sir John Falstaff will be read with feelings of pleasure and delight. It will be averred by some that his character is entirely overdrawn, and that no human being could have indulged in the eccentric capers of the corpulent Knight. However we may credit this, there can scarcely be a doubt but the great portrayer of human nature had an original from whom he copied, to a great extent, his inimitable Sir John. It would be an extremely difficult task to poke out a living individual who, in habits and character, could compare with the great jester of Shakspearean creation. Though we might fail in this, it is probable we could find some who, though not humorous in themselves, are the cause of humor in other men.

Many of your readers, perhaps, have never heard of the celebrated Sir Boyle Roche, an Irish M. P. of the last century. Yet Josh Billings' "spice-box" is dry stuff, compared with the side-splitting anecdotes told of the Irish member. On one occasion, Sir Boyle, ordering a pair of boots, desired that, in consequence of having corns on one of his feet, one boot should fit more easily than the other. Having seen the boots he got enraged with the shoemaker. "That rascal," said he, "instead of doing as I ordered, to make one boot larger than the other, has done quite the contrary; he has made one smaller than the other." It was he that gave that rather dubious invitation to an aristocratic acquaintance: That, "when his Lordship should ever come *within a mile* of his house, he would stop there for the night" (an open-air entertainment, we should guess). At one time, he "stood prostrate" at the feet of his sovereign. On another occasion, having entered into a controversy with an M. P. whom he suspected of having some mysterious designs against the country, he indulged in the following beautiful metaphor: "I smell a rat, I see him floating in the air; but, believe me, I shall nip him in the bud." In those days, duellists were in their heyday in Ireland. What a picture for the artist to paint, the old Kilkenny veteran, (nicknamed "King Baganel,") a venerable gentleman of eighty summers, sitting in an arm-chair in his parlor, and fighting a successful duel with an adversary his junior by half a century. Nor was Sir Boyle lacking in spirit as a duellist. Having one day bored the Commoners with a tedious speech, these gentlemen manifested signs of impatience. Very soon the whole House appeared affected with a severe cold, and coughing was general. The Baronet took in the state of affairs at a glance, and, putting his hand in his vest pocket, pulled out some pistol-bullets. Calmly holding them before his audience, he exclaimed, "Gentlemen, for any of you who are affected with cold, I have excellent cough-lozenges." He was allowed to finish his speech. Many more incidents connected with him could be told, but they have been often recited before.

Of another celebrity of the Sir Boyle Roche School, we would speak: Although very few, outside the limited circle in which he lived (or does live, perhaps), have ever heard his name mentioned, yet I believe it is but justice to him that some of his acts should get publicity, as he had always courted notoriety through the press. The individual of whom I now treat was born in the Emerald Isle. In a quiet but prosperous little town, not many miles south of old Erin's principal river, the lordly Shannon, this gentleman plied his vocation as solicitor. On account of having been admitted to the bar in the stone days when a country lawyer was these great any knowledge of Coke or was even hinted, our hero took no pains in a poor acquaintance with writers on common law of any kind. However by some that he may be, of one thing with jurisprudence; that he, as a lawyer, ever, made a very notorious name for himself. His attendance principally was before magistrates in Petty Sessions Courts, and before Assistant barristers in the Court of Quarter Sessions. Never, during the whole course of his legal career, was he known to quote from an Act of Parliament in support of his case, and, whenever he wanted to prove that a certain action was in accordance with law, he would exclaim, "Why, it is in the act." This often-used expression invariably caused a titter amongst the profession. One day, after a long and fruitless cross-examination of a witness, he became very excited, and at last asked the complainant (it was in an assault case): "By the virtue of your oath, had he anything *in his hand but his fist* when he struck you?" The roar of laughter which followed this question, and interrupted the business of the Court for a considerable time, so bewildered the unfortunate man that he was unable to follow up the defence. That day never passed in which he didn't have a laugh got up at his expense. He happened to be, on another occasion, the attorney for the complainant in a case in which the defendant was called on to surrender the possession of a holding. The defence having been gone into, the opposing lawyer, in a very pathetic speech, represented the relative position of the litigants, and wound up a long peroration by saying of his client,—who, by the way, was affected with paralysis,—"This, gentlemen, is how this unfortunate paralytic is prosecuted by the tyrant." Here our hero's eagerness at having discovered something important was manifested by his standing up, and exclaiming, in a tone of contempt at the stupidity of the other lawyer in being ignorant of his own client's name: "Paralytic! Paralytic! Why, your Worship, the man's name is Doyle."

It is needless to say that all in Court were convulsed, and the grave, gray-headed old Judge, had to conceal his risibility by laying his head on the bench. How the blundering attorney felt, none but himself could tell. His knowledge of grammar, too, was exceedingly limited,—the most simple sentence he could form having errors in it. He received a rather ungentle rebuff from a brother Attorney, a Mr. S., for a fault of this kind. Again he had the ill-luck to be in opposition to a rather bitter opponent. Our hero (as we may call him) quietly asked: "Is all your witnesses in court, Mr. S.?" Mr. S.: "They is, indeed, Mr. Lindley Murray." Ridicule and contempt are no cure for stupidity, and our hero continued to maintain his character for blundering to the end of the chapter. Strange as it may appear, the number of cases he used to get were pretty large. This was owing to his extreme impudence, and to the fact that, like Goldsmith's schoolmaster, "though vanquished, he could argue still."

A great many have given the Irish the credit of possessing, in a pre-eminent degree, this character for making blunders of this kind. Some fellow has irreverently named Ireland "the land of bulls;" but we doubt whether the Celts exceed the inhabitants of other countries in this respect.

DESMOND.

THOUGHTS.

BY DUFF PORTER.

Where Love dwells, there can be no evil; it touches with life the germs of good, and blossoms lift up their faces to the kiss of God's benediction.

If we are called to wait, it is not for us to fix the time when the work shall come and the reward be given.

Would that we had compassion, so that, in the Judas and the Magdalen that we meet so often with scornful glance and garments drawn aside, we could see in their souls the hands of pleading lifted up, and the dim ideal of a life that they long for with a hunger that cannot be measured.

Truth is rich in time. The multitudes were fed on the barren sea-shore, little children were blessed tenderly, and the blind beggars made glad with light in their darkened eyes, while the sin of a great world lay like a pall upon the face of humanity, shutting out the light of Heaven.

Sometimes, if not always, our lives are like the germs of flowers that are to make the summer glad; they wait for Love's sunshine to lift them into the light and cover them with blossoms.

The Master's footsteps marked the dust of the common level ways.

It is more to be a mother of men than the ruler of nations, and every woman's thought should tend toward the perfection of the race.

If Love's sunshine fall without shadow upon the barest rocks of desert souls, beautiful things will spring up there and make them glad.

No stain clings to the whiteness of the lily, though it starts in the dead, slimy depths of the stagnant pool; pure pearl-drops of dew sleep unsoiled on its spotless leaves and wake in perfume; stars seem to lie on the smooth water where the peace of its presence lies. God asks what we are,—not what we have been.

In some way, every soul has the same yearnings, the same aspirations lifting and stirring; but, in one case, it may be as a strong eagle stretching out his wings on the mountain-top, in the dawn-flush of morning; in the other, a quiver as of a bat's cold, shrunk wings, in the night's damp shadows.

Why do we ever listen to the syren voices that call from the wavering light upon Ambition's cold, bare heights, when we know that the wings of Peace, full of blessing, hover over the contented places of the valley, where the streams run with music, and the castle stand in fragrant fields, in the dreamy haze of Autumn's richness and beauty?

It is strange that much of the sin and crime is done under the stars, that seem to look down like the tender eyes of a mother. Is it to be wondered at that sometimes these loving eyes are turned away and hidden behind clouds, as a woman hides her face with her hands from beholding unclean things?

If as if life might be made true and perfect if, from the infinite expressions of love around us, we could find the guiding lines of truth, and be led by the hands that God, in a thousand forms, is reaching out to our blind and yearning needs.

Everything in Nature is a voice of God calling to our souls. Every stirring leaf is the beckoning of a loving hand; every miracle of a day, a book of wisdom.

As the world stands, a strong man may raise up a woman, whatever be her name or fateful past, and stand between her and the world's cry. From the Prison and the Brothel even, she has been so lifted and shielded. But, if a man's honor be gone, it takes a stronger love in woman to put her soul's wealth on the broken, rotten wreck, when there are strong, true ships ready to sail to the other side.

The angels are beautiful because they are good; and there is no true, enduring beauty that is not the shining of goodness through the souls face and form.

Many a man whose years have been dull, perhaps low and evil, when love comes to him, feels great, noble impulses springing in his soul, until his life is true and beautiful.

Waiting means waiting,—not hesitating a moment, then going away.

Christ called the poor, weakly despised fishermen to do His work, when the world's life hung trembling in the balance, and the great and strong stood on every side.

How many know the gnawing discontent of souls that are like unknown gems in a dull setting of lead, passed by as worthless, and left to be soiled and hidden in the garbage-heap of life?

He who sees the glad gladness of Nature, and lets the gladness of her joy come into his heart, cannot wish for or believe in death; for the withering of a blossom is but a step toward the glory of the fruit.

LITTLE MAUD.

BY BELLE BEACH.

Have you seen a winsome darling,—
Dimpled, dainty, sweet, and fair?
"Little Maud" we call this cherub,
With her curls of soft brown hair.
Drooping lashes, long and graceful,
Veil her dark, poetic eyes.
Crowned a queen in childish beauty,—
Has she strayed from Paradise?

Hear her laugh ring out so gleeful;
See her roguish, dimpled face;
All must love thee, dark eyed darling,
Thou'rt so full of baby grace.
May no clouds obscure thy pathway,
Shadows ne'er thy future shroud;
Thou wert formed for sunny fortunes,
Sweet, bewitching "Little Maud."

Fairer than the dream of poet,
Purer than the stainless snow,
Thou hast wandered out of Heaven
To these earthly realms below.
And the hearts that love thee tremble
With excess of mortal love,—
Angel child! so richly dowered
By the seraph hosts above.

"Little Maud," thou household fairy,
Life for thee is golden yet;
Thou hast tasted pleasure only,—
Thou hast never known regret.
Heaven guard thee from all evil;
Tender love fore'er be thine;
Angels comfort thee in trouble,—
Bless thee with a peace divine.

ENGLEWOOD, 1872.

MY UNFORTUNATE SPECULATION.

BY AIGH.

I have read of a great many disastrous speculations; in fact, for the last week, have gathered all such accounts together, hoping to gain comfort and solace by the greater misfortune of others. National Bank failures, the Mississippi Law scheme, the millions of of 1857, the losses of millions that have shaken losses, the bankruptcies and crashes that have the world, and those these have I studied, ruined nations; none that strike me as so grand, and stupendous, as that in 1872, by which a female of the nineteenth century lost her all!

The man who failed for a million gathered himself up with a remnant, and started again. I had no remnant left. He lost that which he had held and enjoyed; and that period of possession could never be torn from him. I lost that which I had never possessed: so not even a memory was spared to me.

For this reason, I feel that I am justifiable in demanding public sympathy. If I had hung or poisoned myself, the fact would have been published with a full account of the shattered dream that led to such deed. But hanging injures the complexion, and, as to poison—leave that to the rats! In these days of stomach-pumps and other horrible vulgar things, it's of no use to attempt to be a heroine.

This is the how and the why: When folks have to black the holes in their shoes, ink their gloves, and pin their overskirts to their dresses, you may be very sure the alpaca only goes half-way up, and the rest is pieced out with calico,—which means that it's dreadfully hard times, and father's purse is quite low,—so folks must look out for some other way to get the means for a new fall hat.

Think—think—think,—snipping with the scissors a shred of cloth, that goes flying to the floor.

Hallelujah! that's it; Mrs. De Graves saves up all the scraps at her house, spite of velvet carpets and silken robes; so why can't we, in our calico and ingrain, do the same? At three cents a pound, there is a fortune in every rag.

"Mother, mother, give me some flour-sacks,—paper, you know, with not a scrap of flour inside, for we must be honest. Anna, Anna, don't burn those rags. Here, stuff them in!"

Poverty has lifted her brooding wings, and fled the house. No more dark shadows! Our fortune is coming! Into the closets, into the wardrobes, poking over trunks, rummaging drawers! In they swarm!—the moth-eaten treasures; the dusty cotton jewels; holey handkerchiefs; feetless stockings; shattered coats; dead and dying shirts; stolen kite-tails; orphaned pillow-cases; widowed gloves; armless waists; disembodied skirts, and ghosts of towels. Ugh! the garret grew dark, I grew superstitious, and, when the nerveless scissors ripped the skin off an old umbrella, and its horrible skeleton staggered reproachfully toward me, some home-bereft rat must have shrieked, for came a cry from the foot of the stairs:

"What's the matter?"

"Oh, nothing! Only, do you really suppose that inanimate beings have souls?"

What a work for sacrilegious fingers in the gloom and silence. Stuffing father's wedding-coat, that jauntily bobbed around some 40 years ago, in with the rags and tags of our present reckless age. The little baby-frock with pink roses, and wee, cunning sleeves, that brother Frank once thrust his stalwart arms through! Only to think of his parading in that! Why, it wouldn't go over his head now, and he loves just such another one himself. I'm sure Frank would be glad to have me get rid of this. And here's a yellow night-cap that once rested on grandmother's head. Peace to her old gray hairs! I'd feel worse if I'd ever seen her; and, besides, she was only a step-grandmother. Is it sacrilegious? Weighs full half an ounce! She don't need it now, and I do; so here goes! The flower-be-spangled, rose-sprinkled, torn, patched, and darned dress that Anna danced her first ball in! She's danced a good many since then, and its very sentimental of her to clutter up the garret with this old thing. Weighs just one pound,—three cents! Stuff down in under, you gaudy being, for who wants a whole pound pulled out the first thing?

Oh, treasure upon treasure! The first quilt that mother ever pieced! I'd hate to keep such horrid stitches, just to show to my children, and say, "Go thou and do likewise!" Her grandchildren may bless me. First thing in this bag, and something else on top! I'll give mother a pair of new gloves when I sell out. Oh, unquiet conscience! think of a jockey-hat, and be still!

Is it possible that George can ever think of wearing this thick vest again? Such thick cloth makes me shudder this July weather! By next winter the style may change, or he grow fleshier; besides, by next winter times will probably be easier, and what is worth two pounds to us now be as nothing then. George couldn't think as much of it as I shall of a lovely brown turban with a blue tip. It's a pity bags have so many tops; it isn't so easy to fill them as the bottoms. Well, I'll tie them, and take a dose of paregoric before I go to bed. All tied, all labeled, all weighed! Seven bags full; six and a half pounds in each; forty-five and a half pounds in all!

One week of blissful hope, laden with visions of beauty,—brown turbans, blue-feathered, sailing around, with the gloves for mother, a dress for Anna, and who knows what else? For don't rags rise and fall? Doesn't all produce? I search the papers. Gold is up! My fortune's made! "Rags! rags! who will buy?" Rag-Merchant! Was ever title more imposing?

Up in the very top of one of my castles, gazing still higher, already reaching for one still higher, when it jarred, shook, trembled, only to slide on firmer foundation with a cry from down below:

"Sis! Sis! haven't you got some rags to sell? There's a man here!"

Into the garret; out with the seven great mummies,—blank-looking, yellow mummies, that thumped, bumped, and rolled down stairs; the last one, in its helpless innocence, tumbling me down with it, to be hauled out first, as the most promising bundle of rags, by Big Man, who apologized at mistake.

He poked and he thumped us, to see whether there were any bones or old iron inside; he tossed us, and he banged us, to see whether there was any paper stuffed in. Father's wedding coat began to shake, grandmother's cap to quiver, and poor I danced on my toes in agony, lest they should squeak out their indignation.

"All right, mum; I'll weigh them."

"How much do you give?"

"Two cents a pound."

Only two cents! Golden visions vanish. Castles in the air tremble. Brown turbans, with blue feathers, grow pale; and dress and gloves for mother and Anna utterly disappear, leaving only dark shadows behind them.

"2x45 1-2; 2x1-2 is 9-2; 2x5 is 10, and 2-9 makes 70, and 2-2—no!—Oh, dear! that awful fraction!"

In comes Big Man:

"Just twenty-five pounds,—fifty cents."

Only fifty cents! Gold must have fallen!

"Will you have a tin pail, or a dish-pan, mum?"

"What! do you pay ——?"

"Yes, we pay in tin-ware, mum. Must hurry!"

Out to the rows of rusty tins, that laughed with a thousand distorted faces at my ruined hopes.

"Here's a nice little dipper, and a right pretty pan! See your own face in it!"

Yes, a face marked with the agony of a crushed soul.

The dipper swings at the pump, and clatters the song of a Shattered Dream; while the pan beats a wail of Blasted Hopes with the dishes.

And I—I am looking out for a school, to earn a little money before it comes cold enough weather to send folks to the garrets for their thick vests.

REFORM IN HORSEMANSHIP.

The Reasons Why Ladies Ought to Ride Man-Fashion—Astride.

From Appleton's Journal.

The possession of our new play-ground, the Central Park, has, to speak scientifically, soured up the equestrian tastes of our citizens. Let us hope that they will give rein to it without check, until the fashionable supremacy of the light wagon and fast trotter shall yield place to the more noble and manly use of horse flesh.

But equestrianism with us, as among other civilized nations, is saddled with certain snobberies, abuses, and cockneyisms which should be driven out. I have hoped to see these treated by an abler hand—the late "Frank Forrester" could have done it—but, failing in that, I am for a little plain talk with the friends of boot and stirrup, and an appeal to common sense against mere senseless conventionalities, practised from fears of Mrs. Grundy, or because none dare question their correctness. One of the abuses referred to was the subject of my article on "Horsemanship" in No. 112 of this *Journal*, and to which reference is made, as having its bearings on the present paper, in which I venture on the modest suggestion of upsetting a fashion of five hundred years' standing.

It is recorded that "Anne of Bohemia, consort of Richard II. of England, first introduced the fashion of ladies riding sideways."

Anne of Bohemia might have been at better business. No doubt she was a meddlesome gypsy, one sided, perhaps, in more matters than riding on horseback. Had she busied herself in setting her husband straight, instead of seating her ladies crooked, Richard II. might have been a better King, and have kept his seat longer on the back of that "roarer" of a saddle-beast, the British lion.

Well, Bohemian Anne, like other leaders of *ton*, started a ridiculous fashion, and all the world, or at least "his wife," followed it because it was fashionable then as now to do as the Queen did. But there is neither rhyme, reason, nor common sense in the mode. It is unnatural, ungraceful, and unsafe. Unsafe and ungraceful, if for no other reason than because it is unnatural. Ladies ought to ride, as all two-legged equestrians should, astride. What nonsense for a bifurcated human to pretend to back properly the noblest of quadrupeds, and in doing so throw away the advantage which nature has given for maintaing with ease the necessary equilibrium!

That there is abroad an undercurrent of consciousness of the ridiculousness and danger of this one-sided fashion, describing an ant evidence. Pleasant, in 1860, writes:

> ascent of my lady friend, appalled by the road and the perils of the side-saddle, was about to give up the journey; but, having convinced her of the greater security of the masculine seat, we changed saddles, and all went well. I would advise all ladies who are at all nervous, to take a man's saddle and ride as Catharine of Russia did.

That is as good a bit of practical advice as Bayard Taylor ever penned, and he does not seem to have had any objectionable "Views-o'-Foot" in consequence of it, either.

Thomas Forrester, in his travels in Sicily, says:

> The girls were in such glee, with Filippi pressing the mules to a gallop, that, though we enjoyed the fun, we really feared they would be thrown off. Our fears were groundless; riding astride, as is the fashion of the country, but with all propriety, they had a firm seat, and laughed at our apprehensions.

Another traveller thus writes of a Tartar cavalcade:

> Mounted astride—the only way ladies ride in the East, or should ride anywhere—on a graceful Tartar iron-gray, with a pretty foot peeping from her drapery, she was a fair type of the Mingrelion.

In Peru, within a few years, if not now, it was also a fashion of the country for ladies to ride astride; and an old United States Consul-General, long resident at Lima, tells me that he has often seen Mme. Gamarra, the wife of the then President of Peru, mounted "man-fashion" (although dressed as a lady), with not so much display of foot and ankle as [our] ladies make at a street crossing or on an omnibus step. With "helm on head and spur on heel" she managed a steed which few men in Lima dared to ride.

Strong testimony to the inconvenience and danger of our sideway style is found in an advertisement, a few years ago, introducing a "patent safety side-saddle." Made to meet an obvious demand, it was an attempt to remove some of the objections to what was, at best, a clumsy contrivance to suit a ridiculous fashion. Speaking of the infrequency of ladies' riding, the advertisement says:

> And if ladies are asked why they are not oftener in the saddle, they answer that the saddle in use not only affords no security against the temper of an unknown horse, but so punishes the frame by its uneasiness of seat, as to put all thoughts of the exercise out of mind for a week at least, after anything like an extended ride.

The *Scientific American* recommended this saddle, as enabling "both legs to hang close together, instead of one being thrown into an uncomfortable position and twisted," as on common saddles.

How often do we hear ladies complain of this "uncomfortable" and "twisted" position; of the right leg being badly, often seriously, chafed after a long ride, or rendered unpleasantly and injuriously numb, by stoppage of circulation, from its awkward position! And can any one tell why this awkwardness, inconvenience, and injury, should be submitted to? Can any good reason be given why ladies should ride sideways, or why they should not ride as nature intended—astride?

The saddle advertisement above referred to justly urges that the common side-saddle is unsafe, but that is not enough; any side-saddle is unsafe, no matter what its arrangement of horns, crooks, and seat. It is unsafe because it is a side-saddle, and for the simple reason that the lady has no possible hold on her horse, but is utterly dependent on girths, buckle, and straps, which may at any moment burst, break, rip, or loosen, and turn both rider and saddle out of place. On the other hand, riding like a man, a lady would have a man's "grip" on her horse—the hold from knee to hip, which renders a horseman in a measure independent of girth or surcingle. To a good horseman a slackened girth is, comparatively, of small consequence, in some military schools, perhaps in all, the cavalryman is taught to ride with slackened girth. I was told by an old Polish officer that this was the case in the Prussian schools; and in a service which, some years since, kept me much in the saddle daily, I made a practice of accustoming myself to the loose girth.

That a light, snug-fitting saddle can be kept in place, in moderate riding, by the horseman's grip from knee to thigh, is, I think, as demonstrable as Mr. Rarey's plan, which some readers will remember, of mounting to his saddle without girths at all.

I have conversed on the subject of this article with able physicians and surgeons, all of whom concur in saying that there are no good reasons why ladies should not, and many good reasons why they should, ride like men; and that persistence in the sideway style stands on conventional prejudice alone.

Assuming this position, then, to be well taken, there is a word or two to be said of the accessories of riding *en cavalier*, and these embrace, in themselves, no small portion of the advantages to be gained by "cutting" Queen Anne. The long, dragging, fluttering, flying "habit" is to be discarded, of course. Even an ordinary skirt, despite the example of Madame Gamarra, will not do. What is to be the costume, then? It is ready to hand—the very dress. Ugly, ungainly, and unfeminine, as it has been presented to us by pedestrians, on horseback it can be made pretty and piquant, and is just what we want. It is the so-called *Bloomer* costume. With a full skirt falling a little below the knee, Turkish trousers, gathered at the ankle, a neat high gaiter, or Zouave bootee, and a jaunty riding-hat and plume, we surely have a riding-dress that for style, compactness, comfort, ease of management, and relief—mounted or dismounted—from the two-handed embarrassment of the trailing habit, cannot be surpassed.

For the saddle, I should recommend a rather flat seat, with a low cantle, and a Turkish stirrup giving bearing to the whole length of foot, the stirrups to be worn rather shorter than is usual for men. Such a costume and equipment would make as marked a distinction as need be desired for appearance sake, between masculine and feminine riders.

With such an outfit I claim that our fair equestrians would take their saddle exercise in dashing style, with more comfort, safety, confidence—in every way more enjoyable—than in the present sidelong, cramped, benumbing, neck-endangering mode. And they could not be greeted with the pitying outcry addressed to Lady Mary Montague on her horseback journey among the Pomeranians, who exclaimed as she rode by: "Ah! the poor lady! See, she has but one leg!"

Any of my lady readers desiring it can get an idea of the picturesque effect of the costume and mode of riding herein suggested, by turning to Atkinson's "Travels on the Upper and Lower Amoor," and looking at the spirited cut of the eloping Tartar girl, At-Khanym.

Now, who will try the new fashion? She would be a bold horsewoman, indeed, who would, off-hand, make the first appearance in Central Park; but have we not enough home parks, private grounds, or quiet country nooks and lanes, where the trial could be made, and the merits of these suggestions tested? Which of our Di. Vernons will try it next summer, with an artist friend at hand to give us a sketch of horse and rider?

JOHN W. CARRINGTON.

Chinese Arithmetic.

The Chinese have a most ingenious method of reckoning by the aid of the fingers, performing all the operations of addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division with numbers from one up to a hundred thousand. Every finger of the left hand represents nine figures, as follows:—The little finger represents units, the ring finger tens, the middle finger hundreds, the forefinger thousands, the thumb tens of thousands. When the three joints of each finger is touched from the palm toward the tip they count one, two and three of each of the denominations as above named. Four, five, and six are counted on the back of the finger joints in the same way, seven, eight, and nine are counted on the right side of the joints from the palm to the tip. The fore-finger of the right hand is used as a pointer. Thus, 1,234 would be indicated by first touching the joint of the forefinger; next the hand on the inside; next the middle joint of the middle finger on the inside; next the end joint of the ring finger on the inside, and finally the joint of the little finger next the hand on the outside. The reader will be able to make further examples for himself.

A PICTURE.

A still and limpid pool, with rushes
Bord'ring it as with a fringe;
Sky above, with crimson blushes,
Casts o'er all a ruddy tinge;
And a bird's song, mellow, clear,
Shivers, quivers thro' the air,—
O bird innocent! at prayer.

Cometh softly now a maiden,
Eyes as tender as the pool;
Heart with purest thoughts full-laden;
Seeketh she the waters cool,
One white foot shyly extending,
One white arm the rushes bending,
One long, downward glance now sending.

Mirrored in the glassy waters,
Eyes of blue, and broad, low brow,
Fair as fairest of Eve's daughters,
In thy youth and freshness now;
Thro' parted lips see pearly teeth;
Chin like a rose-leaf close beneath;
Rippling hair 'bout the face a wreath.

O, maid innocent! by this mirror
Know'st thou well thy beauties rare;
As thou gazest nearer, nearer,
See'st thou nothing deeper there?
In the waters pure and cool,
Pellucid lying in the pool,
See the type of thine own soul.

SOULE SOULE.

CHICAGO, Aug. 5, 1872.

QUIPS.

To milliners—What is most likely to become a fair-haired woman? Why, a fair-haired little girl, to be sure!

—Mrs Shoddy puckered up her mouth genteelly, and told a gentleman friend that one of her lovely daughters was a "blunest" and the other a "bronze."

—"Will your puppy bite?" drawled a languid young "exquisite" to the owner of a beautiful little Scotch terrier. "Yes; but he isn't a cannibal!" was the assuring reply.

—What is the difference between a successful lover and an unsuccessful one? The one kisses his miss, and the other misses his kiss.

—During a thunder storm a mother told a little girl that the thunder was God's voice. By and by it thundered again, when the child exclaimed. "There, he's hollering again!" Another little girl was out on the piazza, when, for the first time, she saw it lightning. She came running in exclaiming, "It pieces."

—A Connecticut amateur farmer swings the scythe with one hand and bears aloft his trusty umbrella with the other. The doctors are said to sit upon the fence and watch him with unselfish interest, and even the potato-bugs drop their implements of toil to watch the energetic agriculturist.

—The New Governess. Come and rest a little, Bertie. Shall I tell you a pretty story? Berty. Y-y-yes! But-but-but not about King Alfred, please!

—When Barnum's cannibals offered one of the spectators at the show in Louisville ten dollars if he would give them his little boy on the half-shell for breakfast, "My boy is not for sale," replied the fond parent, "But I've got a stall-fed mother-in-law you can have for half the money."

—A New Orleans mother was recently questioning her little girl in geography as follows: "Who first went through the Straits of Magellan?" Daisy quickly answered, "Magellan with his squadron." "What do you understand by his squadron, Daisy?" The question was not in the book, but Daisy was ready for the emergency. "Oh, I know; it's one of those women that ain't quite white."

—Little Robbie's mother reached for him with her slipper the other day for purloining the raspberry jelly, and was surprised to hear him laugh soon after. "What are you laughing at?" she asked. "I was thinking how I fooled you by keeping my mouth shut," said Robbie; "it was Susie that hooked the jelly."

—A suburban gentleman having expressed a willingness to give the use of his field to ball practice, was invited to witness the game by the grateful club, on Saturday, and in turn the club was invited to attend his funeral in a body on Monday. As the widow truthfully observed, "None of 'em could have known that the bat would slip as it did."

—There is a young lady in Milford who has been taking music lessons on the piano for some eight years. The other day she sent an order to a music store in New Haven, and feeling her spelling might not be just right, added this postscript: "You must excuse this letter, as I pia bi noat bott spel bi ere."

—On Goat Island, Joaquin Miller was accosted by a Boston lady with the inquiry: "Now, do you really live all alone out in the woods, with no shelter but the leafy branches or the rocky caves?" "No madam," he replied, "I have two squaws." The lady passed on, soliloquizing on the inhumanity of men to women.

—There is a capital story of two eminent physicians who, in the reign of George I. cured or killed on rival and opposite theories of medicine, and whose hostility ended in a challenge and a duel with small swords. Dr. Woodward, as we remember the story, disarmed and overturned his opponent, and with the point of his weapon directed against the throat of his antagonist, thundered out, "Now, you scoundrel, beg your life!" The heroic reply of the prostrate doctor always impressed us as an instance of irony carried up to the sublime. "Beg my life!" he gasped; "I wouldn't do it even if I had the misfortune to be your patient!"

New Army Uniform.

The new uniform for United States troops recommended by the Army Board which sat recently at New York, has been sanctioned in a general order of the War Department, issued under date of July 27, 1872. Descriptions and diagrams for distribution are in course of preparation, and the entire army, it is believed, will be clothed in the new dress before January 1, 1873. Some of the recently-adopted changes are as follows: The double-breasted frock coat is now to be worn by officers of all grades, but the skirts are to be shorter than the present style, and the cuffs are to be ornamented with gold stripes on the upper side. The undress sack coat introduced during the rebellion is recognized, with some simple ornamentation. The unsightly frock coat of the enlisted men is no longer to be worn, and a neatly fitting basque, handsomely ornamented on the breast and skirts with the colors of the different arms of the service is to substituted. The brass shoulder scale is displaced by a cloth shoulder-strap, which is used for keeping cross-belts in place. For fatigue dress a navy-blue blouse, plaited on the breasts and gathered in at the waist belt, is provided. The trousers of generals and of staff officers are to be dark blue, and regimental officers are to wear light blue trousers with wide welted stripes the color of their respective arms of service. The antiquated "stock" is no longer to be worn, and the felt hat is to be retained as an optional fatigue head dress for officers. General and staff officers are to wear the French chapeau with an ostrich plume on dress occasions; mounted troops are to wear a black felt helmet, with gold trimmings and hair plumes, and marching troops are to wear a dress cap, with an upright plume of cock's feathers—red for artillery and white for infantry. Foot soldiers are to wear pompons instead of plumes. Mounted soldiers may wear troopers' high top boots, and sashes and epaulettes can only be worn by general officers. In actual service, soldiers' overcoats, with appropriate emblems of grade, may be worn by officers, and ornaments likely to draw the fire of sharpshooters may be left off in the field. General officers retain the "cloak overcoat," but other grades are to wear double-breasted coats, with removable capes. Among the minor changes are the introduction of felt saddle-cloths, and the use of fabrics for soldiers' uniforms adapted to the peculiar climates and the varying seasons of the country.

That Bull Pup.

The Cincinnati correspondent of the St. Paul *Despatch* contains the subjoined statement:

"Everybody is familiar with the story of the bull pup sent to President Grant, which he refused to accept because the express charges were not paid. The sequel of the story is, I believe, new, and at all events I will give it at a venture as related here by a 'man who knows.' Soon after Grant had refused the pup, he learned that it was a valuable animal, and greatly regretted he had not paid the charges ($4.50). He accordingly sent one of the Dents down to the express office the next day to secure the pup. Judge of his horror when he learned that a colored man had paid the charges and taken the pup home. Dent was directed to hunt the colored 'man and brother,' and see what he would take for the pup. He finally succeeded in finding him, and the price was set at $95. After a good deal of haggling the price was reduced to $45, and this Grant paid. The pup is now said to be worth $200, but Grant has never forgiven himself for his rashness whereby he squandered thirty-five dollars and a half."

—A Paris journalist tells of a man, recently arrived in that city, who is the victim of a steam-boiler explosion to such an extent as to make necessary the following additions to what was left of Nature's handiwork after the accident: One wooden arm and two wooden legs, a glass eye, a nose made from the skin of the forehead, a silver jaw, a palate composed of a bit of caoutchouc, and a stomach consisting of a sort of truss. He will make the tour of Europe as an artificial curiosity.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

SATURDAY EVENING, Aug. 10.

The local money market was very quiet to-day, as is usual on Saturday, compared with the preceding part of the week. The bulk of the demand for money at the banks was for accommodations to pay off workmen. There was very little inquiry for loans on produce paper; and not much of the regular commercial order from wholesale merchants. The inquiry from the country was slightly less than heretofore; but the movement of currency to the wheat districts is fair, not indicating any increase in the volume of our receipts of wheat.

The demand for Eastern exchange was quite light to-day, but the supply being less than a few days ago there was no change in rates. Between banks there were a few sales reported at par. Counter rates were quoted steady at 1-10 of 1 per cent discount on purchases, and 1-10 of 1 per cent premium on sales.

The damaged grain in the Iowa Elevator was sold this morning at auction to W. H. Lunt for $1,400, which was very little more than 1c per bushel on the total amount in store just previous to the fire.

The Clearing House report shows a slight falling off during the week, the clearings being $1,700,701 less than for the previous week. This indicates a reduced volume of trade, but the amount of clearings is still a liberal one for the season. There is every reason to expect that before long all the surplus funds of the Chicago banks will be drawn upon to help forward the Fall movement, and, in view of this, the banks are not anxious to discount any but first-class paper. Rates of interest are steady, at 10 per cent on time loans, and 7a8 per cent on call.

The following were the transactions at the Chicago Clearing House during the past week:

Date.	Clearings.	Balances.
Monday	$4,292,502 25	$347,227 19
Tuesday	3,842,875 79	371,676 38
Wednesday	3,872,643 83	365,910 16
Thursday	3,368,474 81	372,479 38
Friday	3,419,555 28	308,432 26
Saturday	2,936,556 28	337,048 48
Total	$21,286,007 88	$2,082,766 96
Corresponding week last year	16,453,016 74	2,007,0.. 02

LOCAL BOND AND STOCK MARKET.

Messrs. Lunt, Preston & Kean quote as follows this afternoon:

	Buying.	Selling.
United States 6s of '81	117¾	118¼
5-20s of '62	116¼	116¾
5-20s of '64	116¼	116¾
5-20s of '65	116¼	116¾
5-20s of '65 January and July	115¼	115¾
5-20s of '67 January and July	115¼	115¾
5-20s of '68 January and July	115¼	115¾
10-40s	112¼	112¾
United States 5s (new issue)	113½ ex. int.	112¾
United States Currency 6s		113¾
Northern Pacific gold 7-30s	100 & int.	100 & int.
Chicago City 7s		100 & int.
Cook County 7s		95@98
Illinois County and Township 10s	1-10 par.	1-10 prem.
Eastern exchange (drafts)		109@110
Sterling exchange (large)		110@110½
Gold exchange	115½	
Gold and gold coupons and gold		1 per cent.
Money on government	103@104	
Silver		
Land war 1812	177	180
120s not war 1812	134	138
80s not war 1812	98	93
40s not war 1812	44	48
Agricultural College land scrip	175	@180

Revenue stamps, 3@4 per cent discount.

Gold coupons worth ½ more than gold.

The following are the June figures of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, traffic department:

	June, 1872.	June, 1871.
Earnings	$835,459.47	$728,174.34
Expenses	391,666.08	279,122.80
Net earnings	$443,793.39	$449,051.54
	June 1 to Jan. 30, '72.	June 1 to Jan. 30, '71.
Earnings	$3,641,616.71	$3,410,284.58
Expenses	2,287,143 41	1,686,887 33
Net earnings	$1,454,473 30	$1,723,397 25

Gross earnings 1872, compared with 1871, show:

For June, increase	$107,285.13
For five months previous	324,047.00
And for six months ending June 30	$431,332.13

The following quotations of local stocks are furnished by Messrs. Hammond & Watson:

	Bid.	Asked.
Banks.		
First National Bank	155	....
Fifth National Bank	133	....
Commercial National Bank	140	....
German National Bank	125	....
Corn Exchange Bank	115	....
Cook County National Bank	107½	....
Miscellaneous.		
Chicago City Railway	170	....
West Division Railway	198	200
North Division Railway	100	....
Pullman Palace Car	112	115
Babcock Extinguisher	75	90
Elgin Watch Company	102	105
Cook County 7s		100 and int.
Chicago City 7s		100 and int.
Chamber of Commerce	100	....
Insurance.		
Traders	105	109

Sales were:

$5,000 Cook County National Bank	107@108
$1,000 West Division Railway	200
$5,000 Babcock Extinguisher	

LATEST.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Money closed easy at 2@3 per cent.

Gold closed firm at 115½@115⅝. Loans were made at from 2 to 4 per cent for carrying. The clearings at the Gold Bank, to-day, were $41,866,000.

Sterling exchange quiet at 108¼@108½ for long; 109⅝@109¾ for short sight.

Governments dull and steady, closing quiet.

State bonds dull but quite firm.

Stocks were heavy on second call, Western Union selling down to 70, and Erie to 47, the market closing weaker.

Sterling exchange, 108½.

GOVERNMENTS.

Coups, '81	118¾	Coups, '67	115¾
Coups, '62	116¼	Coups, '68	115¼
Coups, '64	116½	10-40s	112¾
Coups, '65	116½	Currency 6s	113¾
Coups, '65 (new)	115¾	New 5s	112⅝

STATE BONDS.

Missouris	93	Old Virginias	45
Old Tennessees	74	Old N. Carolinas	34
New Tennessees	74½	New N. Carolinas	21
New Virginias	50½		

STOCKS.

Canton	92	St. Paul preferred	78½
W. U. Tel	70⅝	Wabash	75½
Quicksilver	42	Wabash preferred	84
Adams Express	97½	Fort Wayne	96½
Wells & Fargo	87½	Terre Haute	30
Am. M. U. Ex	73	Terre Haute pref'd	44
U. S. Ex	83	Chicago & Alton	116
Pacific Mail	73	C. & A. preferred	117
N. Y. Central	96	O. & M	42½
Erie	47½	C., C. & C	90
Erie preferred	68	C., B. & Q	132
Harlem	114	Lake Shore	88½
Harlem preferred	120	Indiana Central	39½
Michigan Central	117½	Illinois Central	132
Pittsburgh	91½	Union Pacific stocks	34
Northwestern	73	Union Pacific bonds	88½
N. W. preferred	89½	Cent. Pacific bonds	102
Rock Island	110½	Del., Lack & West'n	108½
N. J. Central	107	B., H. & Erie	7½
St Paul	53½		

REAL ESTATE.

Instruments Filed for Record Saturday, Aug. 10.

CITY PROPERTY.

Lot 22, in Block 6, of Laflin's Block 6 and 8, of Wilder's Block 7, of n e ¼, Sec 21, 39, 14, dated July 5; consideration, $3,400.

North Franklin st, bet Menomonee and Wisconsin sts, w f, 27 1-3 ft to alley, dated Aug. 6; consideration, $3,000.

Lot 20, in Block 3, Sutton's Addition, dated Aug 1.; consideration, $1,500.

West Indiana st, bet Noble and Ada sts, n f, 25 x150 ft, dated Aug. 8; consideration, $900.

Lot 81, in Block 13, Sec 7, 39, 14, dated June 24; consideration, $740.

Dashiell st, s of and near Thirty-seventh st, e f, 24 ft to alley; dated Aug. 6; consideration, $600.

Clybourn av, n w of and near Rees st, n e f, 25 ft, with building, dated June 19; consideration, $1,500.

Throop st, between Nebraska and Taylor sts, w f, 19 ft to alley, dated Aug. 10; consideration, $600.

Erie st, n w cor of Cass st, s f, 50 ft to centre of block, dated Jan. 23; consideration, $12,500.

Lot 2, of Harvey's Lots 4 to 9, etc., in Block 5, of Smith's n e ¼ Sec. 18, 39, 14, dated March 13; consideration, $2,660.

Leavitt st, n w cor of Division st, 5 acres (except streets), dated July 30; consideration, $19,500.

Lot 14, and w 15 ft Lot 13; also, e 20 ft Lot 12, in Walker & Kreigh's Blocks 16 and 19, in Smith's n e ¼, Sec. 18, 39, 14, dated June 1; consideration, $7,375.

Fleurnoy st, s e cor of Leavitt st, n f, 48 ft to alley, dated May 7; consideration, $2,160.

Same as the above, dated May 7; consideration, $2,160.

Lot 43, in n e ¼, Block 27, Sec 33, 39, 14, dated May 7; consideration, $550.

Lot 5, of Smith's Lots 23 and 24, in Block 5, of Graves' n e ¼, Sec 24, 39, 14, dated Aug. 2; consideration, $7,800.

Lots 32 to 34, in Block 29, of w ½, &c., Sec 17, 39, 14, dated July 30; consideration $5,760.

Lot 15, in Block 4, of Spear's addition, dated Aug. 9; consideration, $650.

Ambrose st, n e cor of Robey st, s f, 358x121 ft, and s e cor of Robey st, n f, 358x124 ft, dated Aug. 10; consideration, $26,000.

Wabash av, s of Fourteenth st, w f, 50 ft, dated July 11; consideration, $20,000.

Taylor st, bet Lincoln and Wood sts, n f, 50 ft to alley, dated Aug 2; consideration, $1,800.

Lots 19 to 21, 23 and 24, in Block 6, Bickerdike's addition; also Lot 21, in Block 2 of Bickerdike's 3 and 8, of e ½ n w ¼ Sec 8, 39, 14, dated April 1; consideration, $36,800.

West Washington st, bet Lincoln and Wood sts, s f, 50x132 ft, dated Aug. 10; consideration, $20,000.

Taylor st, w of Leavitt st, s f, 25 ft, dated Aug. 8; consideration, $2,000.

W ½ Lot 9, in Block 1, Ogden's Addition, dated Aug 1.; ...

Southwestern av, 222 ft n e of Robey st, n w f, 72 ft to alley, dated April 4; consideration, $3,260.

NORTH OF CITY LIMITS.

Lots 6 and 7, in Block 30, Ravenswood, dated July 26; consideration, $2,000.

South 33 ft of Lot 2, of Special Commissioners' Division of w ½ of n ½ Sec. 18, 40, 14, dated July 22; consideration, $600.

SOUTH OF CITY LIMITS.

Fifty-first st, Boulevard, s e cor of Cottage Grove av, n f, 972x200 ft, dated July 30; consideration, $69,972.

Lots 7 and 8, in Block 4, s ½ of w ½ of s ½ of n ½ of sw ¼ Sec. 4, 38, 14, dated July 25; consideration, $1,360.

Lot 11, in Block 8, of n 74 rods of n e ¼ Sec. 4, 38, 14, dated Aug. 22; consideration, $700.

Lots 2, 3, 22, and n ½ Lot 26, in Block 1, of Kedzie's s e ¼ Sec 9, 38, 14, dated July 5; consideration, $8,000.

Lot 10, in Block 34 of Theological Seminary Subdivision to Hyde Park, dated Aug 6; consideration, $3,200.

Lot 15 in Stone's Addition in n e ¼ Sec 3, 38, 14, dated Aug 10; consideration, $600.

E ½ of n ½ of Lot 5, of e ½ of s w ¼ Sec 2, 38, 14, dated Aug. 10; consideration, $25,000.

Lot 12, in Block 2, of Snowden's s w ¼ of n w ¼ Sec 17, 39, 14, dated July 3; consideration, $800.

Lots 14 and 15, in Block 3 of Lockwood's n w ¼ Sec 3, 18, 14, dated Aug. 9; consideration, $4,300.

Lots 1, 2 and north 44 ft of Lot 3, in Block 3, of Patrick's n w ¼ Sec 15, 38, 14, dated March 3; consideration, $6,000.

Lots 39 and 41, in Block 1 of Wright, Embree & Ayer's Subdivision in Sec 16, 38, 14, dated Aug. 9; consideration, $1,663.

Lot 38, in Block 1 of same date, Aug. 9; consideration, $866.

SUMMARY FOR THE WEEK.

The following is the total amount of city and suburban property transferred during the week ending Saturday, August 10: City property—Number of sales, 222; consideration, $985,879. North of city limits—Number of sales, 7; consideration, $17,635. South of city limits—Number of sales, 47, consideration, $276,872. West of city limits—Number of sales, 6; consideration, $47,700.

COMMERCIAL.

FRIDAY EVENING, Aug. 9.

The following were the receipts and shipments for the past twenty-four hours:

	Received. 1872.	Received. 1871.	Shipped. 1872.	Shipped. 1871.
Flour, brls	3,207	4,197	3,043	2,860
Wheat, bu	38,065	91,945	35,659	54,786
Corn, bu	226,830	167,730	161,302	216,462
Oats, bu	32,406	27,174	77,061	63,475
Rye, bu	3,400	12,060	1,100	10,643
Barley, bu	2,150	14,330	1,600	6,102
Grass seed, lbs	35,853	200,379	14,712	102,767
Flax seed, lbs	127,300	414,280	......	......
Broom corn, lbs	24,620	31,500	10,700	33,830
Cured meats, lbs	30,700	31,270	70,680	13,260
Beef, brls	......	......	68	19
Pork, brls	......	25	159	295
Lard, lbs	......	16,210	182,413	66,450
Tallow, lbs	18,068	10,740	......	......
Butter, lbs	54,168	98,990	19,680	61,430
Live hogs, No.	6,701	5,636	6,888	4,552
Cattle, No.	1,910	1,996	1,727	688
Sheep, No.	881	1,531	490	......
Hides, lbs	39,498	121,190	77,357	68,630
Highwines, brls	383	300	230	725
Wool, lbs	116,807	62,100	57,630	46,250
Potatoes, bu	3,617	790	36	24
Lumber, m	6,642	5,436	1,362	2,036
Shingles, m	1,680	4,480	983	1,205
Lath, m	940	391	180	297
Salt, brls	2,600	......	3,313	1,515

Withdrawn from store yesterday for city consumption: 2,891 bu wheat; 395 bu corn; 3,152 bu oats; 247 bu rye. Do during the past week: 18,082 bu wheat; 9,913 bu corn; ... oats; ... bu rye; 331 bu barley.

The following grain has been inspected into store this morning, up to 10 o'clock: 81 cars wheat; 629 cars and 41,400 bu corn; 138 cars oats; 15 cars rye; 5 cars barley. Total (854 cars), or 402,000 bu.

The following were the receipts and shipments of breadstuffs and stock at this point during the week ending with this morning, and for corresponding weeks ending as dated:

RECEIPTS.	Aug. 10, 1872.	Aug. 3, 1872.	Aug. 12, 1871.
Flour, brls	21,100	20,595	21,906
Wheat, bu	168,166	71,373	275,595
Corn, bu	1,307,720	753,672	1,036,600
Oats, bu	104,878	65,246	538,388
Rye, bu	26,418	6,134	80,039
Barley, bu	6,700	14,950	80,656
Live hogs, No	44,391	36,133	24,117
Cattle, No	13,197	15,883	10,323
SHIPMENTS.			
Flour, brls	16,687	17,116	21,468
Wheat, bu	376,320	170,650	349,645
Corn, bu	1,750,084	1,251,907	1,148,056
Oats, bu	287,787	154,185	745,499
Rye, bu	3,450	9,672	46,428
Barley, bu	9,980	11,069	45,436
Live hogs, No	44,068	42,927	20,566
Cattle, No	9,216	10,086	7,631

The leading produce markets were rather less active to-day, with a general downward tendency, which was principally due to large receipts in grain. The bad weather did not seem to exert any influence on prices, though it might have been expected to advance them, especially in corn. The shipping movement was again rather slow, owing to a paucity of vessels, and the light winds will probably fail to bring in a good vessel supply for some time yet. Nothing new was developed in connection with the grocery market. There was no particular urgency in the demand for any article in the list, but the general market was satisfactorily active, and a firm, healthy feeling prevailed. Stocks are complete in every department, and all orders are being promptly filled. Dry goods were again quoted quiet to-day, with no visible change in values. The demand, as for some time past, was mainly in the shape of mail orders, and chiefly confined to meeting immediate wants. In the butter market a fair degree of activity was witnessed, both local and outside buyers operating with considerable freedom, and prices were generally firmer; notably so for choice table qualities, the supply of which was altogether inadequate. Cheese was firm and unchanged. A fair amount of trading was done in hard coal to-day, and the late advance was firmly adhered to all around. Bituminous varieties remain quiet and steady. We quote: Lackawanna at $9.50; Erie and Briar Hill at $9.00; Hocking at $8.00; and Wilmington at $6.00. There was no noticeable change in the fish market. Business continues slack with little prospect of an early improvement but the reduced condition of the stocks imparts a firm tone to the market, and full prices are being realized. Dried fruits remain dull, with prices somewhat unsettled. Hay was in good demand and for beaten pressed the market was decidedly firm. Hides and leather were quoted steady. The oil market was without new features. Linseed and lard oils were dull and easy, while carbon and turpentine were in fair request and firm. No change was reported in the market for tobacco, the demand continuing fair and prices ruling firm, as previously quoted. The leading features of the market for lumber at the yards remain substantially the same as noted for the past two or three days. Trade was active for Saturday, and prices ruled firm and unchanged. A good inquiry existed for metals, tinners' stock, and iron, and for the former, quotations were more settled. Nails ruled active at $6.00 rates. The supply is ample. Naval stores were less active at about former figures. Building materials and wool were in better request, and held firmly. The cooperage, broomcorn, bean, and potato markets were quiet and prices favored buyers. The stocks of each are ample. Railroad freights were in good demand and steady. Eggs sold to a fair extent at a range of 14a15c per dozen. Salt was active at $2.00 per brl for Saginaw and Onondaga grades.

Highwines were quiet, and firm at the quotations of Friday. Sales were limited to 150 brls at 90 1-2c per gallon.

Lake freights were rather quiet, owing to a scarcity of vessels. The market declined 1-2c on Friday evening, and opened at the reduced rates this morning, but advanced to former quotations towards the close. A total of 9 charters was reported, which will carry out 20,000 bu wheat; 188,000 bu corn, and 95,000 bu oats. Sail rates closed at 8 1-4a 8 1-2c on wheat, 7 3-4a8c on corn, 6 1-2c on barley, and 5 1-4c on oats to Buffalo; 13 1-2c on wheat, and 13c on corn to Oswego; 14 1-2c on wheat, and 14c on corn to Kingston. Through rates were quoted at 23c on corn to Boston or Portland.

Provisions were very quiet, and irregular. Mess pork was very weak, being freely offered at $14.00 all through the session, with no buyers. The reason was that pork in Cincinnati has been let down to a point at which the Chicago shorts can fill in at a profit. Sales were made yesterday in Cincinnati of several thousand brls at $13.00, all of which is coming here, the freight charges being but about 55c per brl. Under this state of affairs there is not much prospect of the syndicate here obtaining even $14.00 in settlement, and the indications now are that the back of the corner will be soon broken, leaving us with a stock of 150,000 brls on hand within two months of the time when new pork will be on the market. Lard was dull, for a similar reason. There is no speculative demand, and the supply of summer hogs is large enough to give us a considerable stock of summer lard, in addition to the supply of the current consumption. Meats are the only strong article on the board; stocks are light, and there is no competition to speak of from summer product. Hence meats are held with daily increasing firmness, and meet with a steady, though quiet, demand. The market closed at the following range of quotations: Mess pork, cash or seller August, $13.87 1-2a14.00; do for shipment, $12.50a13.75; do seller September, $13.25a13.30; do seller October, $13.00 asked; do seller November, $12.50 asked; do seller December nominal at $12.20a12.30; do seller the year, at $12.00a12.25. Lard—Cash, or seller July, $8.25a8.50; do seller the year, $8.15a8.25; summer lard, $8.00a8.12 1-2. Dry salted meats, 6a6 1-8c for shoulders; 7 3-4c for rough sides; 8a8 1-8c for short ribs, and 8 1-4c for short clear. Boxed meats 3-8c higher than the above quotations for loose. Summer meats nominally firm. Sweet pickled hams, 13 1-2a14 1-2c for winter, and 11 1-2a12 1-2c for summer. Bacon quoted at 6 3-4a7c for shoulders; 8 3-4c for short ribs; 9 1-8a9 1-4c for clear; 14a16c for hams, all packed. Mess beef, $9.00; extra mess beef, $10.00. Beef hams, $27.00a28.00. City tallow, 7 3-4a8c. Sales were reported of 500 brls mess pork, seller to the 20th of August, at $14.00; 250 brls do seller September at $13.25; 100 tcs summer lard at 8 1-8c; 20,000 lbs shoulders at 6 1-4c; 50,000 lbs short ribs at 8 1-8c; 100 tcs sweet pickled hams on private terms.

The following are the stocks of mess pork now in the city, as returned by the holders: Armour, 12,000; ... Botsford & Co., 5,200; Burlington warehouse, 420; C. P. & F. Co., 7,400; Culbertson, B. & Co., 9,400; Dock Company, 40,074; Hancock, John L., 10,000; Higgins, Geo., 2,500; Kent & Co., 3,300; Kelley, Jacob, 800; Kreigh & Co., 4,000; Leland & Mixer, 900; Neeley, A. E. & Co., 8,000; Reid, Sherwin & Co., 250; Tobey & Booth, 1,500; Thorne & Co., 2,000; Underwood, 4,693. Total, 128,747.

Flour was quiet and firm, the demand being altogether for the supply of the local trade. Sales were limited to 100 brls white winter extra at $10.00; 100 brls do at $9.25; 25 brls do at $9 12 1-2; 30 brls do at $9.00; 100 brls $8.50; 100 spring extra at $6.95; 40 brls do (low) $5.00; 45 brls rye flour $4.25. Total, 540 brls. Also, 40 tons bran at $13.00, on track; 10 tons do at $13.75, delivered; and 10 tons do in bags at $14.00, delivered. The following was the closing range of prices:

White winter extras, good to choice	$7.50@12.25
Spring extras, choice	6.25@7.00
Spring Minnesotas	7.00@8.00
Spring superfines	3.50@5.00
Rye flour	4.00@4.37½

Wheat was dull and irregular; being slow during the great part of the session, though a good deal of trading was done at intervals in a quiet way. Cash wheat, and the option for this month's delivery, were stronger, the idea becoming more and more prevalent that the market is hopelessly cornered, and that the best thing the shorts can do is to fill as quietly as possible. Hence a good many August trades were settled. But for next month the market was relatively weak at about to-day's range of prices, though Liverpool was again quoted much stronger, with unfavorable weather in Europe, and the weather in the Northwest was generally understood to be bad. The reason was that there were a good many sellers anxious to take advantage of what they consider to be high prices, in view of the magnificent crop promised, a considerable portion of which is expected to be here before the 1st of September. On the contrary, it is stated that the visible supply was never so light as now in the last ten years, and that there is so little wheat in Europe that they must bring large quantities from the United States, even though it should be at famine prices. Views of this character prevented a radical decline even in the face of free offerings of options for future delivery. There was no shipping demand, though September wheat will afford a good profit for shipment if Eastern markets keep up. Winter wheat is still scarce, and wanted to a fair extent by millers. Seller September opened at $1.19 1-2, advanced to $1.20 1-2, receded to $1.19 1-2, improved 1-2c, fell to $1.19 1-8, and closed at $1.19 3-8. Seller the month, or cash, sold at $1.49a1.50 1-2, closing at $1.49 1-4a1.49 1-2. Seller the year sold at $1.13 1-2a1.14 1-4. Cash sales were reported of 400 bu No. 1 spring at $1.50 1-2; 400 bu do at $1.50; 4,400 bu No. 2 spring at $1.50; 12,000 bu do at $1.49 3-4; 6,400 bu do at $1.49 1-2; 7,600 bu do at $1.49; 2,400 bu No. 3 spring at $1.26; 400 bu rejected spring, at $1.12. Total, 34,200 bu.

Corn was again rather dull; but at about the same range of prices as on Friday. New York was reported strong, but our receipts were again large, and the shipping movement light; and these two new sets of conditions nearly balanced each other. The decline in freights was known toward the middle of the session, and then the shippers took hold a little more freely; but the speculative demand was still quiet, though the stronger tone couched in the later advices from New York caused a firm feeling here toward the close. Seller September opened at 42 3-4c, advanced to 43 1-4c, and declined to 42 3-4 at the close. Seller the month sold at 42 1-4a42 3-4c, closing at the inside. Rejected was in good demand for shipment, and firm at 39c. Cash sales were reported of 4,000 bu No. 1, at 43 1-8c; 3,200 bu do, at 43c; 400 bu do, at 42 3-4c; 3,200 bu No. 2, at 42 3-4c; 121,600 bu do at 42 1-2c; 59,800 bu do, at 42 3-8c; 48,000 bu do, at 42 1-4c; 5,600 bu high mixed, at 45c afloat; 400 bu yellow, at 43c; 27,200 bu rejected, at 39c; 2,000 bu no grade, at 33c. Total, 275,400 bu.

Oats were quiet and irregular. Options for this month's delivery were 1-2a1c lower, owing to the larger supply, which was brought out by the sharp advance of the past two or three days. Options for future delivery were dull and easier. It had been expected that the high price of wheat this month would cut off the supply of oats; but the receipts of oats this morning upset these calculations with its attendant advance. Seller the month opened at 30c, and declined to 27 3-4c at the close. Seller September sold at 26 1-2a26 3-4c, closing at the inside. Rejected was relatively firmer, the proportion of rejected in the total of receipts not being so large as for several days past. Cash sales were reported of 1,200 bu at 30c; 6,000 bu at 29 3-4c; 8,400 bu at 29 1-2c; 3,000 bu at 29 1-4c; 5,000 bu at 29c; 15,000 bu rejected at 22 1-2c; 13,200 bu do at 22c. Total, 50,800 bu.

Rye was in small demand. The market opened steady at yesterday's decline, but buyer's withdrew when it was found that the inspection for Monday amounted to 16 cars, and the market closed nominal at 55a55 1-2c for No. 2. Cash sales were 4,400 bu No. 2 at 56c; 400 bu rejected at 48c; 400 bu at 47c. Total, 5,200 bu. For seller September 55c was bid.

Barley was very quiet, but firm. New No. 2, seller September, was in fair request and a shade firmer, selling at 57 1-2c. Old No. 2 was dull and nominal at about 53a54c. Cash sales were limited to 800 bu No. 3 at 43c; 400 bu rejected at 30c; 400 bu, by sample, at 70c; 400 bu do at 65c; 800 bu do at 58c; 800 bu do at 56c; 400 bu do at 45c. Total, 4,000 bu.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Review of the Week Ending Aug. 10.

SATURDAY EVENING, Aug. 10.

The receipts of live stock during the week were as follows:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday	2,745	6,790	433
Tuesday	3,178	6,728	1,139
Wednesday	2,078	6,965	1,057
Thursday	2,168	6,844	1,239
Friday	1,910	6,701	881
Saturday	1,000	6,000	....
Total	13,079	39,537	4,649
Last week	16,604	62,655	4,159
Week before last	14,061	47,891	3,204

The receipts of live stock from Jan. 1 to Aug. 10, this year, compare with the receipts for the corresponding period last year, as follows:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Rec'd since Jan. 1, '72	411,001	1,777,277	198,362
Rec'd same time, '71	346,238	1,156,003	220,444
Increase	64,763	621,274	
Decrease			22,082

Shipments were as follows:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday	2,090	8,259	....
Tuesday	762	8,210	....
Wednesday	1,746	5,975	....
Thursday	1,536	5,573	208
Friday	1,727	6,838	420
Saturday	....	....	....
Total	7,791	34,855	628
Last week	11,128	47,629	228

LIVE STOCK FREIGHTS.

	Per 100 lbs—Cattle and horses.	Hogs and sheep.
To New York	80	$1.00
To Philadelphia and Baltimore	75	90
To Albany	75	95
To Buffalo, Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and Bellaire	45	65
To Dunkirk	42½	55
To Cleveland	30	37
To Toledo and Detroit	25	30

The following minimum weights are the least that will be taken:

Cattle per car	20,000
Horses	20,000
Hogs, double-deck car, per car	22,000
Hogs, single-deck car, per car	14,000
Sheep, double deck car, per car	14,000
Sheep, single-deck car, per car	14,000

CATTLE—In this department of trade the past week has been one of fair activity, but continued liberal receipts, together with the reaction at the East, operated unfavorably, and prices have been only indifferently sustained. The fact that the daily arrivals of first and second class cattle were small, enabled holders of such to realize promptly, and at tolerably full rates; but for all other grades prices were noticeably lower than during the preceding week. The number of fat cattle to come forward within the next four or six weeks, it is conceded, is small, and it is not probable that at any time within this period the supply will so far exceed the legitimate wants of the trade as to result in any serious decline from the prices now prevalent. During the past week there were no sales above $6 62½, and very few above $6.50, but several droves changed hands at $6 25@6.50. The better grades were taken for shipment to New York, Albany, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, and other Eastern points, at $5 60@5.50 for common to medium steers averaging from 1,100 to 1,250 lbs, and at $5 75@6.75 for good to extra steers averaging from 1,150 to 1,500 lbs. The inquiry for stockers continue steadily good, and, as the offerings are barely adequate, the market remains comparatively steady at former rates, or at $3 25@3.75 for poor to medium lots of from 700 to 950 lbs average, and at $4.00@4.35 for medium to good thrifty young steers averaging from 900 to 1,050 lbs. In exceptional cases $4.40@4.60 was realized, but these may be considered extreme prices, as they do not fairly reflect the market. The supply of Texas cattle has been the largest of any week of the season, and, although sellers have managed to clear the pens, they were enabled to do so only by submitting to lower prices, depreciation being fully 25c per 100 lbs. Some fine droves (Northern-wintered) fetched $5 00@5.25, but, with few exceptions, nothing sold above $4.75. Through droves have been salable at $2.00@3 00. Veal calves are in steady demand at $3.75@4 25 for common, and at $4 75@5 75 for good to choice.

To day the market was quiet and weak. The receipts were unusually liberal for a Saturday, and sales were slow, and prices in buyers' favor. The few choice lots offered were taken at $6.00@6 40, but most of the day's sales were at prices ranging downward from $5.00.

QUOTATIONS.

Extra—Graded steers averaging 1,400 lbs and upwards	$6.60 @ 7.00
Choice Beeves—Fine, fat, well-formed 3 years to 5 year old steers, and averaging 1,200 to 1,400 lbs	6.00 @ 6.40
Good Beeves—Well-fattened, finely-formed steers, averaging 1,150 to 1,300 lbs	5.65 @ 5.80
Medium Grades—Steers, in fair flesh, averaging 1,100 to 1,250 lbs	5.00 @ 5.40
Butchers' Stock—Common to medium steers, and good to extra cows, for city slaughter, averaging 800 to 1,100 lbs	3.25 @ 4.75
Stock Cattle—Common cattle, in decent flesh, averaging 700 to 1,050 lbs.	3.25 @ 4.50
Inferior—Light and thin cows, heifers, stags, bulls, and scallawag steers	2.00 @ 2.75
Texas Cattle—Through droves	2.00 @ 3.00
Texas Cattle—Northern wintered	3.50 @ 5.00

HOGS—The receipts during the past week have been comparatively light, falling 23,118 below those of last week, and 8,354 below the previous week; but there was a corresponding falling off in the demand, and the closing prices of last week have little more than been sustained. Early in the week there was some little excitement, and prices took an upward turn, to the extent of 10@15c, but most of the advance has been lost, the market, since Wednesday, ruling weak and unsettled.

To-day the arrivals reached 6,000 head,—a pretty full supply for the closing day,—but there was a fair degree of activity in the demand, and yesterday's prices were well sustained, sales making at $4.30@4 50 for inferior to common; at $4 55@4 60 for medium; and at $4.65@4.75 for good to choice. The market closed easy at the above quotations. Among to-day's transactions we note the following:

HOG SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price	No.	Av.	Price.
35	213	$4.50	26	220	$4.55	46	205	$4.60
31	224	4.50	57	227	4.60	186	254	4.75
55	217	4.50	53	230	4.75	59	200	4.70
69	240	4.60	61	213	4.50	212	206	4.70
68	221	4.70	49	210	4.55	47	207	4.40
21	267	4.60	41	232	4.50	47	221	4.55
81	251	4.60	109	208	4.65	26	219	4.58
51	260	4.60	42	209	4.55	40	211	4.70
40	237	4.75	44	229	4.60	49	213	4.60
243	200	4.65	30	268	4.65	30	203	4.40
119	252	4.75	45	284	4.50	54	200	4.65
38	203	4.55	43	213	4.55	46	236	4.70

SHEEP—The receipts continue to increase, and prices seem to be working downward, there having been a further decline of 25c per 100 lbs during the past week. The demand has only been moderately active, and sales have dragged more or less throughout, at $1.50@3 75 for inferior to common thin lots; at $4 00@4 25 for medium, and at $4 50@5 25 for good to choice.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, Aug 10.—In dry goods the day has been one of very moderate transactions. Few buyers remain in the city during the day, the market is, in consequence, flat and dull. Nothing of special interest is reported in any of the different branches of trade. Quotations remain firm on all domestic goods, but the market is without any life.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—Consols money, 92¾; account, 92¾; bonds of '62, 92; '65, 92½; '67, 92; 10-40s, 89¼.

TALLOW—46s 3d@46s 6d.

FRANKFORT, Aug. 10.—Bonds of '62, 96¼.

PARIS, Aug. 10.—Rentes 55f 20.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 10.—Cotton—Quiet and steady; midland uplands 10d; Orleans 10½@10¼d; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and exports 2,000 bales.

Breadstuffs, quiet; red winter wheat, 12s. Flour, 27s 6d@28s. Corn, 27s.

Lard, 38s 3d. Cheese, 56s 6d. Cumberland middles, 29s 6d; short ribs 34s 3d.

Turpentine, 34s.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—COTTON—Steady; middling upland, 21½c.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour firm, with moderate demand; receipts, 7,000 brls; superfine Western and State, $5.95@6.35; common to good extra, $6 95@7 15; good to choice $7.20@8.00; white wheat, extra, $8.10@9.00; St. Louis, $7.65@11.00. Rye flour a shade better at $4 10@5.10. Corn meal unchanged. Wheat dull; receipts, 39,000 bu; Northwestern afloat, $1.62; No. 1 Milwaukee, $1.63@1.65; winter red Western, $1.88; amber, $1.90@1.95. Rye, barley and malt unchanged. Corn steady; receipts, 162,000 bu; steamer Western mixed, 63@63½c; sail, 64c. Oats quiet and firm; receipts, 60,000 bu; Western, 44@45c; Ohio, 48@52c.

HOPS—Quiet and firm at 45@55c for ... 1872 for '70.

LEATHER—Dull at 27@30c; Orinoco, 26@27c.

WOOL—Quiet and unchanged.

GROCERIES—Coffee quiet; Rio, 18@21½c. Sugar firm; fair to good refining, 8½@9c; Cuba, 8½@9½c. Rice firm at 8½@9½c.

TURPENTINE—Steady at 51½@52c.

PROVISIONS—Pork a shade firmer; mess, $13.80. Prime mess, $12.00@12.50. Beef dull and unchanged. Plain mess, $5.00@7.00; extra, $8.00@10.00; tierce nominal. Prime mess, $12.00@15.00. India, $17.00@19.00. Cut meats steady; hams, 10@14c; shoulders, 6@7c. Middles steady; long clear, 7½c. Lard a shade firmer; steam, 9⅛@9½c for new; 9½@9c for old.

BUTTER—Dull; Western, 10@15c.

CHEESE—Dull; common to prime, 10@11½c.

WHISKEY—Active at 93c.

Vessels Passed Detroit.

DETROIT, Aug. 1.—DOWN—Props Potomac, Hackett and barge, Jarecki and barge. Barks Jessie Hoyt and Robt. Gaskins. Schrs Zack Chandler, Hattie Wells, Pathfinder, H. Fitzhugh, Golden Fleece, Phalarope, C. H. Walter, Colonel Cook, Cambridge, Kelderhouse, York State, Ostrich, Reindeer, D. R. Martin, New Dominion, Ironsides, Homer, Kimball, Clayton Belle, Trinidad, Correspondent, Kingfisher, and Melvina.

UP—Prop Gordon Campbell. Bark Wm. Jones. Schrs Camden, P. B. Lock, Champion, F. Crawford, Wm. Raynor, and Monticello.

WIND—Northeast.

STRANGER, TREAD LIGHTLY.

Some one has passed from this valley of shadows;
Some one has crossed to that far-away shore;
Some one is robed for the grave and the burial;
Stranger, tread lightly, there's crape on the door.

Some one is missed from the once joyous circle,—
Fond ties are severed by Death's chilly hand;
Some one has drifted afar o'er the river,—
Silently gone to that shadowy land.

Pass on, ye loiterers; gaze not so rudely
Where the sad emblem breathes of hopes that are o'er;
Reverently, softly, by the home sorrow-darkened,
Tread thou, O stranger! for there's crape on the door.

O ye! o'er whose hearthstones no shadow hath fallen,
Pity the hearts that are shrouded in gloom;
A tear for the dead, a smile for the living,
Where hovers the cold, silent pall of the tomb.

Calm as the smile of a peace-breathing spirit,
The sunlight's still splendor falls peaceful o'er
The home, shadow haunted, where, silently, sadly,
The emblem of Death flutters dark o'er the door.

OWEN M. W...

CHICAGO, Aug. 5, 1872.

PROPOSALS.

Proposals for the C...

OF THE

TEXAS & PACIFIC RA...

Proposals will be received up to the 1st of October, 1872, at the office of the Texas & Pacific Railway Company, at Marshall, Texas, for the grading, bridging, tieing, and tracklaying of about five hundred (500) miles of the Texas & Pacific Railway, divided into the following divisions:

The Southern Division, extending from Longview through Dallas to Fort Worth, 155 miles.

The Jefferson Division, extending from Marshall, through Jefferson to Texarkana, 65 miles.

The east half of the Trans-Continental Division, extending from Texarkana to the crossing of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad near Sherman, 156 miles.

The west half of the Trans-Continental Division, extending from the crossing of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad to Fort Worth, 68 miles.

The grading and bridging will be let in one mile sections; the tracklaying by the mile; the ties by the one thousand and upward.

Each class of work to be bid for separately.

The time for completing the grading, bridging, and tieing, extends from sixty days to nine months.

The company reserves the right to reject any or all the bids, and, in letting the work, will be the judge of the responsibility of parties bidding; and will give preference to contractors having outfits on the ground, ready to commence work within ten days after the date of contract.

Profiles, estimates, and specifications can be seen at the office of the company in Marshall and Jefferson, Texas, and at the Pacific National Bank, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Contractors upon arriving on the ground can obtain work up to date of general letting, on the 50 miles west of Longview.

Address until September 20, Council Bluffs, Iowa—after that date, Marshall, Texas.

G. M. DODGE, Chief Engineer.

LEGAL NOTICE.

NOTICE OF SALE.

By virtue of a deed of trust, recorded at pages 379, 380, 381, and 382 in Vol. 4 of the Record of Mortgages of Athens County, Ohio, and at pages 410, 411, 412, and 413, in Vol. 37 of the Records of deeds of the same county, by reference being hereby made to said records for a more full and complete statement of the trusts of said deed than is herein set forth, in which deed Anthony W. Smith and his wife Elizabeth C. Smith, Charles S. Rand and his wife Henrietta V. M. Rand, Samuel D. Towle and his wife Kate M. Towle, Octavius S. Newell and his wife Mary O. Newell, and Nelson M. Bassett and his wife Helen A. Bassett, of Chicago, Illinois, are grantors, and Rodolph de Steiguer, of the County of Athens, Ohio, is grantee, and which deed of trust was made, among other things, for the purpose of securing the prompt and full payment of eleven promissory notes and the interest thereon, according to their tenor and effect, made by the said Anthony W. Smith, Charles S. Rand, Samuel D. Towle, Octavius S. Newell, and Nelson M. Bassett, payable to the order of David Barber, Trustee, being given in evidence of the purchase-money for the real estate hereinafter described in a purchase thereof by them of said Barber, as such Trustee, and which notes are fully described in said deed of trust, for the reason of the failure and default of the makers of said notes, continued for more than four months to pay the promissory notes in said deed of trust described for $3,023.84 payable on or before the 17th of March, 1871, with interest at 8 per cent per annum, payable annually from the 17th of March, 1870, and for like failure and default made by the same parties for more than four months to make payment of the interest that accrued, and became payable on the other notes in said deed of trust mentioned, maturing after the 17th of March, 1871, and which interest became payable on the date last named, the said David Barber, Trustee, being still the payee and holder of all of said promissory notes remaining unpaid, and having, on the 11th of July, 1872, requested the subscriber to proceed and advertise and sell the real estate in said deed of trust described, in pursuance of said deed of trust, and the authority power, and duties therein conferred and created, the subscriber will offer for sale at public auction, on the premises, on the 3d day of October, at 10 o'clock a. m., A. D. 1872, the real estate in said deed of trust described, situate in Range 15, Town 12, York Township, Athens County, Ohio, to wit: Section No. 8, containing 655 36-100 acres, all of 100 acre-lot No. 807, which lies south and west of the Hocking River, containing 66 36-100 acres, and 100 acre lots numbered 610 and 611, containing together, 220 32-100 acres, and all the right, title, interest, benefit, and equity of redemption of the grantors in said deed of trust therein. Terms of sale, ready money. The above lands are situate in the Hocking Valley coal region, immediately on the line of the Columbus & Hocking Valley Railroad, and the coal mines on the lands have been opened, and operated. Persons desiring to invest in coal lands would do well to examine these before purchasing others.

July 15, 1872. RODOLPH DE STEIGUER.

MEDICAL CARDS.

Dr. C. Bigelow,

CONFIDENTIAL PHYSICIAN, has removed from No. 179 South Clark-st., corner of Monroe, to 454 SOUTH STATE-ST., CHICAGO.

It is well known by all readers of the papers that Dr. C. Bigelow is the oldest established physician in Chicago who has made the treatment of all chronic and nervous diseases a specialty. Science and experience have made Dr. B. the most renowned SPECIALIST of the age, honored by the press, esteemed of the highest medical attainments by all the medical institutes of the day, having devoted TWENTY YEARS OF HIS LIFE in perfecting remedies that will cure positively all cases of CHRONIC AND SPECIAL DISEASES in both sexes. It is evident that one who confines himself to the study of certain class of diseases, treating thousands of cases every year, must have greater skill than a physician in a general practice. Read his MEDICAL TREATISE for ladies and gentlemen. Sent free to any address in sealed envelope. CONSULTATIONS FREE. The finest rooms in the city, with SEPARATE PARLORS for ladies and gentlemen. Call; you only see the Doctor. CORRESPONDENCE CONFIDENTIAL. Address all letters to Dr. C. BIGELOW, No. 454 State-st. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sundays 9 a. m. to 1 ...

Dr. F. Brooks,

Chicago Ill., who has had an experience of twenty-eight years, the last eighteen years of which he has practiced in this city, office 119 South Clark street, corner of Polk, still continues to cure all forms of Cancers, and Schirrous Tumors, Sexual and Urinary diseases, and all difficulties of a delicate nature. Ladies and gentlemen may call or address the Doctor on all confidential matters, and may rely upon being easily and speedily relieved. Patients can be provided with apartments, board, attendance, etc., at his Medical Infirmary, if desired. Book describing causes and cure sent free to any address. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m., Sundays excepted.

NO CURE! NO PAY! | DR. KEAN,

360 South Clark-st., Chicago, may be confidentially consulted, personally or by mail, free of charge, on all Chronic and Nervous diseases.

Dr. J. Kean is the only physician in the city who warrants cures or no pay.

NO CURE! NO PAY!

DR. A. G. OLIN, 305 State-st., cures Nervous Debility and Special Diseases caused by abuses or excess. Also Female Complaints. All kinds of Rubber Goods constantly on hand. Circulars sent free.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BY GEO. W. FRENCH, ROOM 36, Central Union Block, northwest corner of Madison and Market-sts.:

[illegible]

CHEAP LOTS.

Lots on Twelfth, near Paulina, $1,650.
Lots on Coolidge, near Paulina, $1,000.
Lots on Sampson, near Paulina, $900.
Lots on Harrison, near Campbell, $900.
Lots on Lexington-st., $750 and $1,000.
Lots on Polk-st., only $900.
Lots on Western-av., $1,000.
Lots on Twenty-ninth-st., only $1,000.
Lots on Fifty-fifth st., $30.
The above on 4 and 5 years' time.

FOR SALE—BY H. J. ARNOLD, 124 SOUTH Clark-st.:
One new cottage, with basement completed, bay window, water in house, and lot, on Seymour-st.; a good bargain.
A two-story house, with barn, water, trees in front of house, and lot on Seymour-st., all in first-class order, cheap.
Two new six-room cottages, with water, attic stairs and lot, on Western-av., 2½ blocks from Lake-st.
A house and lot on Langley-st., near Ellis Park; $3,500.
House and lot on Fremont-st., near Centre-st. Will exchange for an unimproved lot on the West Side.
100 feet on Indiana, on Prairie and on Calumet-avs., near Fifty-eighth-st. Lot on Bonfield-st., Bridgeport.
Lot 25x125 feet, at Hyde Park; fronts east on Tompkins-place.
[illegible]
10 acres in Section 31, near Lincoln Park; 5 acres in section 28; [illegible]
A lot in Irving Park. Bargains of all sizes and prices in every direction.

FOR SALE—BY POTWIN & CORBY, 119 Franklin-st., near Madison:
1 acres on Sacramento Square and the Boulevards.
[illegible]
Acres fronting South Park, between the Boulevards.
[illegible]
10 acres in Sec. 14, 38, 13.
[illegible]
Call and examine our large list of inside residence lots on South and West Sides.

FOR SALE—BY F. B. MARSHALL, OTIS Block, Room 10, corner Madison and LaSalle-sts.:
PRAIRIE-AV.—25x180 feet, near Fortieth st. at $30.
INDIANA-AV.—corner Forty-eighth st. 150x170 feet, east front, at $25.
WABASH-AV.—25x125 feet, north of Thirty-sixth st., east front, at $115.
WARREN-ST.—one lot west of Fall-st. $1,000; also 25x125.
OAKLEY-ST.—two lots near Monroe; at $1,500 each; 24x125.
WICKER PARK—one lot close by Wicker Park for $— very low.
DAYTON-ST.—near Centre-st.—two lots at $850 each.
HALSTED-ST.—corner Dayton—33x100 feet for $1,750.
ELLS-ST.—near Wells—25x100 feet; an offer wanted.
ROBEY-ST.—corner Webster av.—four lots for $1,800; a bargain.
WINCHESTER-AV.—between VanBuren and Tyler-sts., just outside of fire limits; $60 per foot.
WEST LAKE-ST.—near Robey, at $150.
ROCK ISLAND CAR SHOPS—100 lots below the market.
HUBBARD-ST.—corner Leavitt; house and lot, at $1,350; new house of 6 rooms.
BELDEN-AV.—southeast corner Larrabee; 120x124 feet; price $12,000.
ACRES—Large list of acre property, north and west, near the city limits; good chances for speculation and sub-division. This class of property is rising rapidly, and now is the time to invest.
1,000 lots in all parts of Chicago at lowest market rates.

FOR SALE—BY HARTMAN & QUINN, ROOM 10, No. 43 West Madison-st.:
30 acres in Sec. 7, T. 38, R. 14, fronting boulevard.
30 acres in Sec. 18, T. 38, R. 14, fronting boulevard.
[illegible]
80 acres in Sec. 24, T. 38, R. 12, very cheap.
[illegible]
10 acres near the Central Park, the best bargain on the list.
[illegible]

FOR SALE—BY MANVILLE & NEAL, 7 OTIS Block, Madison and LaSalle sts.:
Two-story and basement frame house, corner Indiana-av. and Thirtieth st. $4,500.
Two-story and basement house near Union Park; property in exchange. $5,800.
[illegible]
Several lots at Englewood, $10 to $15 per foot.
[illegible]

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN UNTIL SOLD: MY HOUSE AND LOT, 100x125, near Fifty-fifth st.
[illegible]
J. S. JOHNSTON, 157 East Madison-st., with Burley, Adler & Co., Architects.

FOR SALE—TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, 12 rooms, hot and cold water, range, bath room, good barn, cistern, etc., with 50 or 50x125 feet, on Park-av., near Leavitt-st. SNYDER & LEE, 14 Nixon Building, northeast corner Monroe and LaSalle-sts.

FOR SALE—WE HAVE TWO MORE OF THOSE great bargains; lots 1½ miles inside of city limits; splendid location, for only $500 each. RICE & RICE, 43 West Washington-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE RESIDENCES, NEW house and lot on Walnut-st. $4,500; new brick house and lot, Tyler, near Hoyne $4,500; cottage and lot on Fulton st. $4,500; cottage and lot on Leavitt st. $4,000; [illegible] R. G. GOODWILLIE, 133 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—THE TWO NEW OCTAGON MARble front residences, 52 and 54 Throop st., fronting Jefferson Park, the best location in the city.

FOR SALE—CHEAP ON SMALL MONTHLY payments, one more two-story house of ten rooms, bath, etc., No. 21 Peoria-st., between Lake and Fulton-sts. Inquire of J. M. HIRSH, 88 West Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OWNER BOUND TO SELL—COTtage and 24 ft. lot on Warren-av. near Union Park, $4,500; very choice property; will take lot near Park or cheap for part. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 133 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT AT 912 BURNside-st., store front; good business place; inside well finished. Rent for $600 a year. Inquire in rear, up stairs. H. JANSEN.

FOR SALE—TWO-STORY AND BASEMENT brick house of 10 rooms—all modern improvements, barn, and lot 25x125 feet, on Washington-st., near Wood-st. SNYDER & LEE, 14 Nixon building, northeast corner Monroe and LaSalle-sts.

FOR SALE—TWO-STORY AND BASEMENT brick house of 14 rooms—all modern improvements, and lot 51x100 feet on —dams-st., near Jefferson Park. SNYDER & LEE, 14 Nixon building, northeast corner Monroe and LaSalle-sts.

FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP, A FEW CHOICE building lots on Southwestern plank road, Kendall-st., Robey at Taylor st., Ashland av., Erie st., Stewart-av., etc., etc. S. KENNEDY & CO., 79 West Madison st.

FOR SALE—$800, $250 CASH WILL BUY A NICE lot 25x125 on Douglas place. J. S. GOULD, 354 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—SOUTH SIDE. BE WIDE AWAKE, secure house and lot on Butterfield-st., near Thirtieth st.; only $3,600; easy terms; discount [illegible] R. G. GOODWILLIE, 133 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE—TWO BRICK houses of 11 rooms each, and lots on Johnson-place and Vincennes-av., $8,400 and $8,000, only $300 cash. J. S. SCOVEL, 75 Madison-st.

FOR SALE—THE CHEAPEST LOT ON SOUTH Park-av., near Wabash-av., being 48x7, with alley on either side; $7.50 per superficial foot; extraordinary terms. AYRES & EOFF, 341 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—21 ACRES OF BEAUTIFUL LAND, close to Central Park, highest land inside the city limits of Chicago, being 22 feet above the lake; streets graded, inside the boulevard, and the cheapest property now offered around this park; $7,500; $1,000 cash, balance four times at 8 per cent. R. C. GIVINS, 133 West Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT—TWO-STORY building and ground lease, 27 to 31 West Washington-st. Apply to HAMLIN, HALE & CO., 31 and 33 South Canal-st.

FOR SALE—100 FEET NORTHWEST CORNER [illegible] sts.; fine location for hotel; property will be sold at much less than its value and without any money down, to parties wishing to build. Inquire at 126 Clark-st. in Bank.

FOR SALE—WONDERFUL—$20 MONTHLY, no interest—Elegant cottage and lot, Emma, between Lincoln and Robey-sts. $1,850; only $750 cash. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 133 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—GOOD LOTS ON ALL THE STREETS between Twenty-third and Thirty-ninth sts. and between State and Wallace. All out of fire limits, and cheap. ALBERT CRANE, 82 LaSalle-st. No agency business.

FOR SALE—BEST BARGAINS OF THE SEAson—Ashland-av. near Lake st. choice lot 24x125, with barn, $1,500 cash, worth $1,800; 1 lot on Lake st. $1,500; easy terms. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 133 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—HURRY UP, YOU MAY LOSE IT. Choice lot on Monroe st., 150 ft. west of Leavitt; 25 feet below value. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 133 West Madison st.

FOR SALE—ACRE PROPERTY—WE HAVE A full and complete list of acre property both in and out of the city limits, which we offer at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers. Please call and examine at our office. DAY & SANBORN, Nos. 128 and 130 LaSalle st.

FOR SALE—MONTHLY PAYMENTS, AFTER a small cash payment, a nice new house of six rooms on South side adjacent to horse cars and in good neighborhood. Lots at Rock Island car shops and in Englewood cheap and on easy terms. KERFOOT & CO., Nevada Block, corner of Franklin and Washington-sts.

FOR SALE—300 VACANT LOTS, 100 HOUSES and lots, 20 farms to exchange for city property. Also a number of desirable suburban tracts from 5 to 500 acres each, to subdivide. Inquire of J. H. KOONES, No. 251 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—$1,000 WILL PURchase cottage and lot, two-story barn; easy terms. Near the corner of Harrison and Center-av. E. R. BEARS, 79 West Madison, Room 2.

FOR SALE—NEW COTTAGE 28x42 FEET, INtended for six rooms, partly finished, with lot, very cheap, if taken soon, at 340 North Oakley-st.

FOR SALE—ON CONGRESS-ST., 87 WEST OF Western-av., near Fulton st., two-story house, nearly new, 12 rooms, and lot 24x125, water in kitchen, large cistern, and shed, and other improvements. Inquire 78 Coaslit-st.

FOR SALE—BY J. H. KEELER, 234 HALSTED-st., corner Harrison:
[illegible] 20x125, $7,500; rented to November, 1872.
Park-av., near Leavitt, two-story house, lot 25x125; $4,700.
Tyler-st., near Robey, cottage of 4 rooms, and lot 25x125; $1,200.
Michigan-av., north Thirty-second-st. 25x125.
Michigan-av., near Fifty-sixth-st. 25x125 feet, $35 per foot.
Wabash-av., between Thirty-eighth and Thirty-ninth sts., at $80 per foot.
Wabash-av., between Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth sts., 25x170.
Prairie-av., north of Thirty-fifth st. 25x125.
Langley-place, corner Mossaway place (Stanton-av.) 24x120.
Indiana-av., between Thirty-first and Thirty-second sts., 25 or 50 feet.
Wentworth-av., near Twenty-ninth st., 25x125, at $1,200.
Shurtleff-av., corner Thirty-first-st., 25x112 at $1,800.
Fountain-st., near Stewart-av., 2 lots, $800 each.
Forest-st., near Thirty-sixth-st., 24x125, only $60 per foot.
Cottage Grove-av., near Forty-fourth st. 48x170, $30 per foot.
Lake st., between Wood and Lincoln, 25 or 50 feet, a decided bargain.
Chicago-av., between Lincoln and Robey, 25x125, cheap.
Adams-st., east of California, 24x125, $40 per foot.
Park-av., between Leavitt and Oakley, 50x125, $2,400.
Mitchell st., between Paulina and Wood, 24x125, $850.
Tyler-st., near Campbell av., lots at $50 per foot.
20 acres near Milwaukee av. and city limits.
70 acres on Calumet River, near South Chicago.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—50x180 ON Adams st., near Paulina st. at $50 per foot. 27x125, on Jackson, near Honore st., at $50 per foot. 25x125 on Harrison st. and Flournoy st. 4 lots; will take small farm near Chicago as part pay.
4 lots on Washington st., near Stanton st.
3 lots on Madison st., west of California st.
3 lots on Monroe st., in same locality.
3 lots on Adams st., near Winchester av.; will trade for house.
Lots on Jackson, Adams, Monroe st., Washington, Harrison, Flournoy, and Polk-sts., outside of fire limits.
Two-story brick house on Monroe-st., near Hoyne-st.; will exchange for smaller house or lots.
Three story basement house on Adams st., near Paulina-st.; will take acre property south.
2 marble-front houses on Van Buren st., near Marshfield av.; will take acre property or lots in part pay.
1 cottage on Perch st., near Monroe st., and 1 on First-st., near Robey; will take lots as part pay.
Some choice pieces of acre property west and south, at fair prices.
A. P. DOWNS & CO., 92 South Clinton, near Madison-st.

FOR SALE—BY WISNER & TALLMAN, 132 West Madison-st.:
Madison st. between Loomis and Ashland-av. 2 lots.
Monroe st. between Loomis and Ashland-av. 4 lots.
Adams-st. between Loomis and Ashland-av. 6 lots.
Jackson-st. between Loomis and Ashland-av. 27 lots.
Van Buren st. between Loomis and Ashland-av. 14 lots.
Taylor st. between Loomis and Ashland av. 20 lots.
Harrison-st. between Loomis and Ashland av. 20 lots.
Gurley-st. between Loomis and Ashland av. 15 lots.
Polk st. between Loomis and Ashland av. 20 lots.
The above property for residence or business is the most desirable in the West Division. Parties wishing residence or business location will do well to give us a call. Terms easy and abstract to date.

FOR SALE—IF YOU WANT BARGAINS SEE the following:
$100 per foot, Lincoln Park drive, north of Division-st.
$30 per foot, Menomonee-st., near Lincoln Park.
$125 per foot, Douglas Place, near Cottage Grove-av.
$250 lots on First-st., near Hoyne and new car route.
$600 to $650, on Harbine and Clayton sts.
$1,000, house, 10 rooms and lot, Arnold, near Thirty-ninth st.
$1,300, house and corner lot, 45 minutes ride; easy terms.
$1,600, house and five acres, near station, 30 minutes ride. EDMUND G. STILES, office 31, 276 East Madison-st.

FOR SALE—104 ACRES IN SEC. 8, 38, 14, NEAR the Union Stock Yards, very cheap. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison-st.

FOR SALE—20 ACRES IN SEC. 22, 39, 13. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison-st.

FOR SALE—2 LOTS ON CONCORD-ST., NEAR the C. & R. I. R. R. workshops. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison-st.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ON BURNSIDE-ST., ON leased lot; rents for $30 per month; $700. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison-st.

FOR SALE—BY U. C. THAYER & CO., 356 Wabash-av.:
Sangamon-st. 2 story and basement brick store and dwelling; lot 25x125 feet.
Monroe st., corner of Franklin, 25x100 feet.
Van Buren st., corner of Sherman [illegible]
Wabash-av., north [illegible] 25x125 feet.
[illegible] twenty-sixth st. 50x170 feet.
Douglas place, near Prairie av. 50x125 feet.
25 lots in Storry & Allen's addition near Maplewood.
25 lots in Phare's subdivision, between Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth sts.

ACRE PROPERTY.

20 acres in Sec. 4, 38, 14, near stock yards.
20, 40, or 80 acres in Sec. 36, 41, 13.
20 acres in Sec. 26, 38, 13.
10 acres in Sec. 17, 37, 14.
40 acres in Sec. 13, 37, 14.
40 acres in Sec. 1, 37, 14.
120 acres in Sec. 6, 37, 14.
60 acres in Sec. 35, 38, 14.

FOR SALE—LINCOLN PARK—LOTS FRONTing Fullerton av., Racine-av., Halsted, Sophia, Fremont, and Orchard-sts., and Webster av., in the neighborhood of Lincoln Park; street railway within a few blocks; lots cheap and on very easy terms. W. D. KERFOOT & CO., 82 East Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$200 DOWN WILL SAVE YOUR family from being homeless—Cottage and lot, 24x110, on Rockwell-st.; $1,200. Monday balance monthly. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 133 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—HOMES FOR ALL—CHEAPEST lots in the market. West Side, outside fire limits, within 1½ miles of Court House and 10 minutes walk of Madison st. cars, 25x125, only $650, $50 cash, and balance $50 every three months.
Washington Heights—Within 2 blocks of depot, fare 10 cents, 50x125, only $175, one fourth cash, balance 1, 2 and 3 years, 8 per cent. Call evenings after 6, 140 West Adams st.

FOR SALE—$3,800 EACH—2 NEW HOUSES, soon to be finished near Cottage Grove street cars and accessible to steam. Bargains in lots in same locality 75x125 ft. near hotel. Evanston, and lake shore. Two elegant lots on Michigan-av. near Monroe street. SHIPMAN & MCKEEVER, 16 Boone Block, 133 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—TWO-STORY house, 396 Fulton-st., with lot 68 feet front. Apply at 217 South Canal-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT ON MONTHLY payments. Piano, part payment. Call at 75 North Peoria-st.

FOR SALE—$4,500—BOWEN-AV. NEAR STREET and steam cars, South Side; just finished, two-story house, 8 rooms, imitation stone basement, 5 feet high; deafened floors, felted outside, makes it warmer than brick; gas, water, and a two-story barn. SHIPMAN & MCKEEVER, 16 Boone Block, 133 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—10 ROOM GOTHIC house, all modern conveniences; large lot improved; 25 minutes ride. OWNER, 37 West Washington-st., Room 11.

FOR SALE—$2,700—8 ROOM HOUSE AND LOT near Douglas place; $500 down and monthly payments. OWNER, 37 West Washington-st., Room 11.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—GOOD CHEAP lots, outside of fire limits and near manufacturing. Mechanics, secure a home cheap. WHITNEY & SAWYER, 16 Exchange Building.

FOR SALE—FINE BRICK RESIDENCE, ON South Side, near Thirty second-st., at a bargain. WHITNEY & SAWYER, 16 Exchange Building.

FOR SALE—BY F. A. BROWN, COTTAGE OR lot on Prairie av.; two-story house, with lot, on Indiana-av.; two-story and basement house on South Park av.; two-story and basement house on Thirty-second-st.; cottage on Cottage Grove-av.; two-story and basement house on Vernon av.; cottage on Burnside-st., besides a number of vacant lots. F. A. BROWN, Real Estate Agent, 373 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—CHEAP LOTS, EASILY ACCESSIble, beautifully located on Leavitt and Oakley-sts., just south of Polk-st., and on Wilcox-st., between California av. and the railroad. New sidewalks to all the property. No money required for one year of parties building. Price $900 to $1,000 on 5 years' time, at 6 per cent. Call soon, for the choice of lots. They are going rapidly. POTWIN & CORBY, 119 Franklin-st., near Madison.

FOR SALE—A HOUSE, WITH WELL ESTABlished horse shoeing shop. For further references apply at the premises, 285 West Lake st.

FOR SALE—20 ACRES ON HALSTED-ST. near Union Stock Yards. Terms made easy.
5 acres, Fifty-fifth-st. parkway, Wabash-av. and State st. The most desirable land now on the market.
5 acres on Junction-av. south of the park. Will be sold cheap.
FAKE & CLARK, 330 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—CHEAP FOR CASH—A TWO story frame house and barn, with room for six horses. Also, lease of lot. Apply at No. 209 Superior-st.

FOR SALE—3 LOTS CORNER OF FORTYseventh and Wallace sts., very cheap. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison st.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN 33x165 FEET ON Cottage Grove-av. and running to Broadway av., near Northern av., at $125 per foot. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison-st.

FOR SALE—11 ROOM HOUSE WITH 25 FEET lot, on South Park-av., near Twenty-ninth-st., $6,500. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison-st.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN, 100 FEET ON Michigan-av. near Forty first st.; $100 per foot. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison st.

FOR SALE—96 FEET ON PRAIRIE-AV., BEtween Fifty third and Fifty fourth-sts.; $75. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison-st.

FOR SALE—96 FEET ON CALUMET-AV., BEtween Fifty-third and Fifty fourth-sts.; $75. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison st.

FOR SALE—50, 100, OR 150 FEET ON MICHIgan-av. near [illegible] F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison st.

FOR SALE—LOTS ON MICHIGAN AND WAbash avs. between Fortieth and Sixty-third-sts. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison st.

FOR SALE—LOTS ON EASY TERMS.
[illegible] near Forty-fourth-st.
Butterfield st. near Forty-fourth-st.
Haynes-st. near Archer-av.
Arca and Lyman sts. near Archer-av.
FAKE & CLARK, 330 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—SOME FINE BUILDING LOTS IN side of old limits, outside of fire limits, for $25 per foot; also lots on Park av. for $600 each. Terms easy. RICE & RICE, 43 West Washington st.

FOR SALE—MEN OF SMALL MEANS, LOOK here! Cottage of four rooms and lot on Indiana av. $1,200. Why rent? $400 down. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 133 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAINS SURE TO clear $10,000 by November. 20 acres on Grand-av. near crossing of Milwaukee & St. Paul and Atlantic & Pacific Railroads, suitable for immediate subdivision. Party must sell. POTWIN & CORBY, 119 Franklin st., near Madison.

FOR SALE—ONLY A FEW OF THOSE LARGE lots left, 33x125 feet to a good alley. These are the cheapest lots in the city, and selling fast. [illegible] on Western av. Apply on the ground, corner of Western-av. and Park-st. or at 187 East Madison-st. CAMPBELL BROS.

FOR SALE—ONE ACRE OF LAND NEAR CENtral Park, $2,800; $500 cash, and $100 every six months; 6 per cent. R. C. GIVINS, 133 West Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BY H. C. SAMPSON, 10 SOUTH Clinton st.: Lots outside the fire limits, near schools, churches, and street cars, on Mitchell, Henry, and Catharine sts., between Centre and Ashland avs.

FOR SALE—A NEW COTTAGE AND LOT FOR $2,000; must be sold. 233 Sudden-st., between Twenty-seventh and Twenty eighth sts.

FOR SALE—HUMBOLDT PARK—LOTS ON Wood, Augusta and Samuel-sts., and on California, Chicago, Genesee, and Fairfield avs. and other streets in the immediate vicinity of Humboldt Park, at from $600 to $1,750 per lot. W. D. KERFOOT & CO., 82 East Washington-st.

FOR SALE—THE BEST LOCATED LOTS IN the city, from $300 to $400, on easy terms; office open until 9 o'clock every evening. STOREY, ALLEN & CO., 138 West Washington-st.

FOR SALE—CENTRAL PARK—LOTS FRONTing Madison, Lake, Homan, Washington, Park-av., Warren, Monroe, Kedzie, Walnut, Adams and Jackson-sts., and Central Park. All near this beautiful and rapidly improving park. W. D. KERFOOT & CO., 82 East Washington-st.

FOR SALE—NO. 159 TWENTY-FIFTH-ST.—5 room cottage with lot, $2,800, monthly payments. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison-st.

FOR SALE—20 ACRES NEAR THE CROSSING of the A. & P. & C. M. & St. P. R. R. on Fullerton av. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison-st.

FOR SALE—BRING ON YOUR MONEY—Lots on Chicago-av., near Leavitt-st., $650 at about half price. Owner determined to sell out for cash. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 133 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—FIVE ACRE BLOCK, SUITABLE for immediate subdivision; fronts on Forty-fifth, Fifty-fourth, and Wallace-sts.; will make fifty desirable lots, and is offered for $16,000; good terms. S. M. MOORE & CUMMINGS, 213 East Madison-st.

FOR SALE—BY JACOB WEIL & CO., NOS. 13 and 15 LaSalle-st., Room 8, on the southeast corner of Jackson and Fifth-av.:
[illegible]
Two lots corner of Monroe st. and Fifth av.
[illegible]
No. 404 Michigan-av., 4-story marble front house.
100 feet on the northeast corner of Michigan-av. and Thirty-third st.
[illegible]
We also have got two first class pieces of business property well improved for sale or trade for unimproved other property. [illegible] Capitalists who are looking for investments would do well to investigate our list of property first before buying elsewhere.

FOR SALE—BY CHAPMAN & BARBER, 244 East Washington-st.:
North Halsted-st., near Diversey-av., Lincoln Park, and street cars. A fine large two-story residence, with lot 100x120 feet, $10,500; a nice cottage with barn and corner lot 165x120 $6,200.
Larrabee-st., near Belden-av., two-story frame house, 10 rooms, barn and lot 25x125 $5,500.
Michigan-st., near Wells, 40 feet, $12,000.
Chicago-av., near Dearborn, 20 feet, $6,000.
Ohio-st., near Pine, 20 ft.
Orchard-st., near Belden av., 100 ft. $6,000.
Clybourn-av., near Larrabee, 1 lot, $2,500.
Lincoln-av., near Larrabee, 1 lot, $1,800.
Larrabee-st., east of Willow, 1 lot, $1,250.
North Clark-st., near Belden-av. 62x140 feet $5,500.
Orchard st., near Sophia, 1 lot, $2,500.
Halsted-st., near Wright, 2 lots, $2,200.
Halsted-st., near Sophia, 2 lots, $1,100 each.
Clark st., near Belden-av., 1 lot, $70 per foot.
Burling-st., near Sophia, 15 lots, $1,000 each.
West Indiana-st., near Leavitt, 1 lot, $1,200.
Halsted-st., near Wrightwood-av., 4 lots, $1,000 each.
Lill-av., east of Lincoln-av., 2 lots, $1,600.
Hill-av., west of Lincoln-av., 66 ft., $25 per foot.
Sheffield-av., near Diversey-av., 2 lots, $800 each.
Florence-av., near Wrightwood-av., 12 lots, $800 each.
Dunning-st., near Lincoln av., 2 lots, $800 each.
Western-av., near Lincoln av., 1 lot, $850.
Owen-st., near Diversey-av., 4 lots, $650 each.
50 lots in Wolfram's subdivision, corner Halsted-st. and Diversey av.

FOR SALE—BY STEDMAN, POPE & CLAPP, 76 East Madison-st.:
100x182 corner Egandale-av. and Forty-ninth st., near Kenwood.
[illegible]
Several good bargains in houses and lots on South Side.
Lots on Rebecca, Catharine, and Sixteenth sts., near Douglas Park.
75x125 on Fremont st., between Clay and Centre sts.
28x155 on West Harrison-st., near Campbell av.
25x125 on Wilcox-st., near California-av.
Cottage and lot on Warren-av., near Paulina-st., cheap.
Cottage and lot on Robey st., near Milwaukee-av.
We have property at Irving Park, Austin, Maywood, Hyde Park, and Kenwood that we can sell at low rates; also, several farms to trade for city property.

FOR SALE—6 FINE LOTS ON FLOURNOY-ST., only $650 each.
Choice 50 feet on Warren-av., $50 per foot.
[illegible] cottage and lot on Washington-st., cheap.
Handsomely improved property in Hyde Park.
2 lots on Campbell av., $60 per foot.
10 room brick house on Campbell Park, $6,000.
Nine business lots on Madison st.
Fine business property on Lake st. very cheap.
2-story house on Warren av. $4,500.
Fine corner on Seeley-av. and Adams-st., $65 per foot.
6-room cottage corner Robey and Walnut st., cheap.
Apply at 187 East Madison st. CAMPBELL BROS.

FOR SALE—BY D. COLE & SON, REAL ESTATE and House Renting Agents, 138 West Madison-st.:
10, 20, or 40 acres, near and fronting Douglas Park.
10 acres in Wright & Webster's subdivision.
200 lots on Madison, Adams, Monroe and Jackson-sts.
[illegible] lots west of Central Park.
300 feet corner Sacramento and Twelfth-sts.
Parties looking for investment either in business or residence property, by calling at our office, can take their choice from the largest list of property ever offered in the city of Chicago.
D. COLE & SON.

FOR SALE—10 OR 20 ACRES ON GRAND-AV. and city limits at $1,500 per acre. Also 5 or 10 acres in section 35, near Humboldt Park at $1,600 per acre. Apply to G. W. HILL, No. 109 West Washington-st.

FOR SALE—ONLY 4 MORE OF THOSE SPLENdid Lincoln Park lots on 5 years' credit, without any payment down, to those who build. The best residence property in the North Division. BALDWIN DAVIS, 148 East Madison-st.

FOR SALE—A LOT, WITH TWO-STORY HOUSE and barn, 244 Mitchell-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, A STORY-AND-A-HALF basement cottage containing 7 rooms. Apply on the premises, 5 Ashley st. or at 743 West Lake st.

FOR SALE—PRAIRIE-AV. NEAR EIGHTeenth-st. 25 feet front running to the lake. There is very little such property. Fronts on one of the finest avenues in the city, and the rear is better than the front. The lot is good enough for the finest residence; at present occupied with a cottage of eight rooms, well arranged, with gas, hot and cold water, and speaking tubes carried through the house, water closet and bathroom. Will be sold on easy terms for what the lot is worth. Title perfect; abstract saved. Apply to the owner on the premises, 833 Prairie av.

FOR SALE—CHEAP LOTS, AT $350 AND $400 each. First payment, $50 to $100, and $10 per month until paid for, in Wisner's Addition, corner Milwaukee and Diversey avs. Parties desiring cheap homes, or wishing to invest small capital with a view of large profits, will please give us a call. No trouble to show property. Office open evenings. WISNER BROS., 130 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—THE TWO-STORY building and shed, with engine, boiler and shafting in complete running order, Nos. 312 and 314 West Lake st. Admirably adapted for the manufacture of sash, doors, etc., or any light manufactory purposes. For terms apply on premises or to E. W. BLATCHFORD & CO., 70 South Clinton-st.

FOR SALE—4 ROOM COTTAGE, WITH BRICK store, both $900; rent for $360; must sell. Call at 204 West Adams st.

FOR SALE—NEW COTTAGES FOR SALE ON 5 years' time, monthly payments. Interest 6 per cent; water on premises, and convenient to cars, on Thirty-second st., east of Wallace st. Apply to FRED P. FISHER, 148 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—PRICE, $100,000—200 lots, or 20 acres, of Block 7, Sec. 18, Town 38, Range 14, east, fronted on Thirty-first st. and near the Illinois Central. [illegible] E. H. CUMMINGS, No. 106 East Randolph st.

FOR SALE—5 ACRES N. E. 1/4 OF N. W. 1/4, 3, 39, 13; $5,000; one-fifth cash, balance one, two, three, and four years, 8 per cent.; 5 acres in 17, 39, 13, south of Madison st. $9,000; 80 acres, N. E. 1/4 36, 38, 14; $100,000; 20 acres in 33, 38, 13; fine grove; $700 per acre. WM. GARNETT, 389 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—BY BENRY P. GEORGE, REAL Estate Agent, 389 State-st.:
100 feet, Wabash-av., corner Thirty-first-st.
25 ft., Michigan av., near Twenty ninth st.
[illegible]
48 feet, Belden av., near Hurlbut st.
50 feet, Drexel Boulevard, near Brook st.
10 acres near Lawndale station.
10 acres on Stony Island av.
5 acres, south of Brighton House.

FOR SALE—LOTS ON MICHIGAN, WABASH, South Park, and Indiana avs. at considerably less than market value. Call and examine our list; we have some good bargains. G. DE LOYNES & SON, 874 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—WABASH-AV., BETWEEN MONroe and Adams-st. 40x180 feet to alley, at a great bargain for one week only; $10,000 cash, balance one and two years, 8 per cent. semi-annually. B. F. SHOTWELL, Room 11, Nevada Block.

FOR SALE—160 ACRES N. E. 1/4 SEC. 23, 38, 13, $600 per acre. Terms easy. B. F. SHOTWELL, Room 11, Nevada Block.

FOR SALE—A LARGE AMOUNT OF ACRE property in the South and West Divisions, by BENRY J. GOODRICH, 368 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—DECIDEDLY A BARGAIN—ONE of the neatest two story and basement brick houses on Michigan-av. near Sixteenth st.; all modern improvements, and in perfect order, with two story carriage-house and stable; little or no cash required. G. DE LOYNES & SON, 874 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—TWENTY-FOUR LOTS ON LEXington and Flournoy-sts., near Central Park, for $7,000; $2,250 cash, $1,600 Dec. 1, '73, $1,600 Dec. 1, '73, $1,600 Dec. 1, '74, interest 6 per cent. J. BARWICK, 473 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—100 FEET EAST FRONT ON WAbash-av., near Thirty-ninth st. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison-st.

FOR SALE—2-STORY AND BASEMENT MARble front dwelling, with all modern improvements, on Union Park place, near Washington-av., can be bought, with or without furniture, much below its market value. W. D. KERFOOT & CO., 82 East Washington-st.

FOR SALE—THAT DESIRABLE RESIDENCE lot, situated on the southwest corner of Vincennes and Oak-avs., having a frontage of 162 feet on Vincennes by 135 feet on Oak-av., covered with forest trees and surrounded by first-class marble front improvements. The owner desires to realize, and will sell much below its market value. W. D. KERFOOT & CO., 82 East Washington-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP LOT ON SOUTH PARK boulevard, being 132x150 feet, running through to Vernon-av.; a short distance south of Thirty-seventh-st. Can be bought cheap, on liberal terms. Taxes for 1872 paid by seller. WM. D. KERFOOT, 82 East Washington st.

FOR SALE—LAKE ST. BUSINESS CORNER—If you all can't have it; 76x74, near Western av., only $65 per foot, Monday. Will be advanced after this week. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 133 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—IF YOU WANT A CHOICE corner lot, secure this on Park-av., 25x125, with brick building, $4,500; one third cash. $1,300 in 20 days. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 133 West Madison st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE BUSINESS PROPERTY, near Halsted and Harrison-sts., elegant brick building and lot, at half price on easy terms; owner must have money. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 133 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—DETERMINED TO SELL—GOING to California; fine house and lot on Fulton-st., near Western-av.; $4,800; $1,000 down, balance four years. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 133 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—BEST CHANCE ON ADAMS-ST.—Gothic cottage and lot, $4,000; very easy terms. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 133 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—$400 AND $500—SMALL PAYMENT down and easy terms. Lots inside of the old city limits and just outside the fire limits, on the highest ground about the city; street cars and omnibus line within two blocks; we give a full warrantee deed and abstract to each making first payment; office open until 9 o'clock every evening. STOREY, ALLEN & CO., 138 West Washington-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE UNIMPROVED PROPERty at Union Park—good as an investment or for improvement. WHITNEY & SAWYER, 16 Exchange Building.

FOR SALE—A NICE HALF ACRE LOT, $600; will take plastering in payment. C. W. DEAN, 44 South Desplaines-st.

FOR SALE—A GOOD BRICK RESIDENCE ON Honore-st., near Monroe. WHITNEY & SAWYER, 16 Exchange Building.

FOR SALE—A FEW NICE COTTAGES, WITH lots, on West side; very terms. S. KENNEDY & CO., 79 West Madison st.

FOR SALE—100 FEET FRONT ON PALMER Place, near Humboldt Park, will be sold within 4 days at $25 per foot, one fifth cash, balance in one year at 8 per cent. 100 feet on Central Park, near depot, at $30 per foot, one-fifth cash, balance in 1 and 2 years at 8 per cent. WILLIS M. HITT, 468 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—BY H. C. MOREY, NO. 116 WEST Madison-st.:
[illegible] Lake-st. east of Lincoln Park. Good for subdivision.
7 acres on Madison st., near Barry Point Road.
5 acres opposite depot, at Central Park.
[illegible]
75 lots in Wicker Park tract, on easy payments.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS—WABASH-AV., 100x180 feet near Twentieth st., $300 per foot. 150 feet, Wabash-av., north of Thirty-eighth st.; [illegible] Wabash-av.

TO LEASE.

TO LEASE—FOR LONG TIME, 25 FEET ON State-st., near Madison-st. AYRES & EOFF, 341 Wabash-av.

TO LEASE—LOT 80x85 WITH POWER, 133 AND 135 Fulton-st. Inquire [illegible] Hilliard & Millett.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BY D. L. & G. W. PERRY, 146 LaSalle-st., Otis Block:

SUBURBAN.

[illegible]
7 acres near Cornell, [illegible]
20 acres near Cornell and Stony Island-av.
[illegible]
15 acres with improvements, at Lowell's Grove.
Farms and unimproved lands in all parts of the west for sale and exchange for Chicago property.

FOR SALE—20 ACRES ON CENTRE-AV., SOUTH of Boulevard and near Halsted. Good to subdivide, and will be sold at a great bargain.
40 acres on Fifty-fifth-st., Sec. 14, Township 38, R. 13.
20 acres on Wallace-st. and near Boulevard.
4 acres in south west 1/4 Sec. 24, T. 38, R. 13 subdivided in lots, at $350 per acre.
40 acres near Norwood Park, $250 per acre, and near Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad.
KEELER, PLATT & JUDSON, 42 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—AT HINSDALE—Houses, lots, and farms; house on monthly payments; lots on all time and money furnished to build with; the highest land and cheapest and the best railroad accommodations of any suburb of Chicago. Come and see. 304 State-st. O. J. STOUGH.

FOR SALE—I HAVE 5 ACRES AT ENGLEwood, with over 900 feet street frontage, being about 456 feet each on Wallace and Sherman-sts. I will sell at a bargain if taken at once. J. H. UNDERWOOD, Room 32 Exchange Building, corner of Clark and Washington-sts.

FOR SALE—RIVERSIDE—STORY-AND-HALF frame house, modern style, 5 rooms, cave and water, and lot 100x255 at Riverside. SNYDER & LEE, 14 Nixon Building, northeast corner Monroe and LaSalle-sts.

FOR SALE—IN EVANSTON—HOUSE AND lot; a pleasant home. J. J. SPALDING, 21 Canal-st.

FOR SALE—10 HUMBOLDT PARK LOTS; 10 acres, Twelfth-st. and city limits. E. L. CANFIELD, 124 East Madison st.

FOR SALE—ACRE PROPERTY AT ENGLEwood, near depot, 402x165 feet east front on Prairie-av.; 24x160 feet, on Indiana-st. House and lot on Twenty-sixth-st. S. H. MILLER & CO., 165 West Washington-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LOTS IN [illegible] Park, $150 to $250; easy payments. JNO. O. OSBORN, 276 West Madison st.

FOR SALE—ENGLEWOOD LOTS NEAR STAtion, streets macadamized, sidewalks down. E. L. CANFIELD, J. MATTESON, 120 E. Madison-st.

FOR SALE—WASHINGTON HEIGHTS—1,500 feet of grove in one piece; a great bargain. Also a lots from $80 upward. L. L. WILSON, office of Clarke, Layton & Co., 276 State-st.

FOR SALE—10 ACRES, SECTION 9, 39, 13.
15 acres, Sec. 19, 38, 14.
[illegible]
House and 1 acre Sec. 33, 40, 13.
10 acres, Sec. 9, 40, 13.
REA & COATES, 314 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—AT EVANSTON—TWO 2-STORY and brick basement houses of 8 and 10 rooms; lots $1,175 to 300 feet alley; 5 minutes walk from South Evanston depot. Call or address H. C. HANDY, 63 West Lake-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—7 FIRST-CLASS COTTAGES AT Englewood, very desirable, new, with hydrant water in each house. Inquire of TILLOTSON BROS., dealers in Magee cook stoves, illuminator base burner, filter wells, pumps, pipe, &c., Michigan-av. and Jackson st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—NORWOOD Park—Blocks, lots, and houses and lots, at low-est prices.
RAVENSWOOD—One block and lots for sale cheap, also 600 feet unincumbered to exchange for south side residence; will assume incumbrance. S. E. WELLS, 45 Hubbard court.

FOR SALE—HIGHWOOD, BETWEEN EVANSton and Lake Forest, lots, $1 to $10 per foot. Money advanced to build; [illegible] on land and money; persons wishing to see me can request it by postal card, or call at their place of business. E. ASHLEY MEARS, 600 Wabash av.

FOR SALE—AT NORWOOD PARK, A VERY nice homestead with large grounds, covered with old fruit and ornamental trees, shrubbery, flowers, garden with gravel walks and drives, summer houses, barns, good house with cistern, furnace, &c. This is a very choice place for a house, and will be sold on easy terms. Will take some good inside property for first payment.
Also will exchange a first-class house, with gas, cistern, bath, etc., complete, nice grounds with shrubbery, evergreens and fruit, &c., for a first-class house on West or south side. Address OWNER, No. 2 South Market-st.

FOR SALE—27 ACRES AT SOUTH LYNNE, near station. Price moderate, and terms easy. A fine investment. 177 Madison st., Room 1.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS IN NORTH EVANSton, near depot, with unfurnished house, near depot, [illegible] this week, $1,750. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 133 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—100 LOTS IN HYDE PARK, MIDway between the great South Parks, on and near Cottage Grove-av. Over 20 trains each way to and from the city. Can arrive in the city before 7 o'clock a. m. and return as late as 10:30 p. m. High and dry ground, streets graded and property rapidly improving. Only $150; secure a lot; balance in 5 years on monthly payments, [illegible] Call on owner, A. J. BAWBS, 170 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—15 BEAUTIFUL CHOICE LOTS AT South Englewood, only $150 each; $50 cash, balance 1 and 2 years.
5 lots east front, one block from Cook County Normal School in Englewood.
Also, 2 lots fronting south on Forty-fifth st., near depot and Stewart-av., only $500 each, $200 cash, balance 1 and 2 years.
Also, 2 lots near Douglas place, 3 blocks east of Halsted-st. at $600 each, $100 cash, balance on easy terms.
Also, 100 feet on Wabash-av. near Fifty second st.
50 feet on State-st. near Fifty-second st.
Call on owner A. J. BAWBS, 170 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—5 ACRES OF LAND BOUNDED BY Fifteenth and Sixteenth, Millard and Harris-sts. directly north of Lawndale, within 4 blocks of the C., B. & Q. Station; $1,600 per acre, 1 cash, balance in 1, 2 and 3 years. This is a splendid property to sell in lots. Being high and finely located. The water pipes are laid in Lawndale, and fine residences are going up in every direction. J. H. GILBERT, 122 West Washington-st.

FOR SALE—40 ACRES IN SEC. 24, 38, 13, NEAR South Lynne. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison st.

FOR SALE—A NEW 8 ROOM HOUSE WITH 30 feet lot at Englewood, near depot. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 46 East Harrison-st.

FOR SALE—AT IRVING PARK—5 MILES from city, near the crossing of the St. Paul Milwaukee & Chicago railroad lots containing 5 acres each; good residence property; high and dry; on easy terms, or liberal discount for cash. J. SOUERBEY, 115 Washington st., Room 14.

FOR SALE—AT KENWOOD, ON FORTY-SEVenth st., one of the choicest pieces of property on the street at $30 per front foot; the market price; offered for 10 days only; for residence property, the location cannot be excelled; for speculation there is 20 per cent in the property by next spring. JOHN M. WAITE, 45 Hubbard court.

FOR SALE—AT NORWOOD PARK, CHICAGO'S prettiest suburb, 100 by 200, nicely fenced and sidewalked, beautifully located, only $15.00 per foot; also, a good corner lot, 100 by 200, only $7.00 per foot; these are bargains; Norwood Park has a splendid hotel, an artesian well, public school, two churches, stores, a printing establishment, besides other pretty improvements. Address N 89, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—IN EVANSTON, 4 BLOCKS FROM Central Depot, on the West Side, a new two-story house, well built, consisting of 8 rooms, besides closets, laundry and bathroom, arranged for hot and cold water, with best of modern improvements and sewerage etc; lot 50 by 147; price $3,500, $1,500 to be paid down, balance in 1, 2 and 3 years; also, other houses and lots. THOMAS A. COSGROVE, Evanston, Ill.

FOR SALE—I HAVE STILL A FEW COTTAGES in Evanston and North Evanston, and a new gothic house of 7 rooms, in Glencoe; prices from $1,700 to $3,200; small payment down, balance in monthly or yearly payments; also, a large number of lots in the different places from $250 to $2,000 per lot. I offer no property but my own, and can not be undersold; give me a trial. C. E. BROWNE, Room 15, 34 South Canal st. or Evanston.

FOR SALE—LOTS AND ACRE PROPERTY IN Austin; purchase now, as we advance 10 per cent next month on every lot unsold. W. R. WOODBURY, 122 South Halsted st.

FOR SALE—KENWOOD—ATTENTION OF seekers for a really choice residence site is called to the following 150x400 feet to lane, covered with trees, gas, macadam and street, conceded to be the finest piece of property on the shore. STORRS & WARE, 273 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—CHOICE ACRE PROPERTY south and west of city limits, very cheap. Easy terms. GEO. V. BYRD, 355 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LOTS IN HYDE PARK, near depot and Great south Park, for $350 each; in monthly payments of $10; also choice residence lots on Thirty eighth st., for $650 each. A. B. McCHESNEY & CO., 470 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—OUR CHOICE LOTS FRONTING Normal Park, near Normal station, and selling rapidly on monthly payments without interest; streets graded, sidewalks built; 30 minutes to city; 9 cents fare; plenty of trains. STORRS & WARE, 273 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—40 ACRES, SEC. 3, 39, 13, OWNED by non resident. A decided bargain. Call Monday or Tuesday.
20 acres, Sec. 36, 38, 14, very cheap.
80 acres, sec. 19, 38, 14, good for sub-division.
20 acres fronting on Fifty fifth st. Boulevard.
10 acres fronting on Halsted between Sixty sixth and Sixty-seventh-sts. WILLIAM HARTY, 376 State-st.

FOR SALE—12 ACRES IN SECTION 15, 39, 13, bounded by Harrison-st. on the north and Barry Point road on the south.
5 acres in 17, 39, 13, south of Austin. Inquire of DREW & NEWSBURY, Rooms 3 and 9 Bryan Block.

FOR SALE—BY R. M. OUTHET, 181 EAST Madison st., Room 7. Farm of 271 acres 2 miles south of [illegible]; has a large cherry orchard, and immense quantity of shrubbery. Farm of 141 acres on south shore of Geneva Lake, Lake County, Ill.; has a large bearing orchard of apples, cherries, etc. 40 acres near Morrison, Whiteside County, Ill.; will be sold cheap, or exchange for city property.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL VERY DESIRABLE houses and lots in Austin and Oak Park, good barns and easy terms; also lots 1,176 and 1,178 Indiana-av.; lots on Fullerton-av.; 40 acres at Oak Park; 5 acres east of Humboldt Park. HOLLEY & ALLEN, 21 South Canal st.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS IN ACRE PROPERTY, near Lake Shore Drive, or at Ravenswood, 20 minutes' ride from city. WM. P. JONES, Room 16, Bryan Block.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—A GOOD FARM [illegible] for Chicago property. Address L 21, Tribune office, Chicago.

FOR SALE—HALSTED-ST., NEAR ADAMS—store, dwelling and lot in a choice business locality, for a cheap place or a farm; can make a great chance to buy a fine [illegible] also a Gothic cottage and 2 lots, South Side, for $6,000. RICE & RICE, 43 West Washington-st.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT BUSINESS LOT, 3 KIN[illegible] half price; full abstract; easy terms. Call on owner, at 183 West Madison-st., Room 3.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE STOCK FARM, 360 acres, with good buildings, stock, and farm machinery, 7 miles from Chicago; thriving little village two miles distant. Will exchange for Chicago property, or a valuable stock of dry goods, etc. FAKE & CLARK, 330 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 80 ACRES BEAUTIfully situated on the banks of the Kankakee River, within a mile of Wilmington, Ill., all under cultivation; price $7,500 1/3 cash and balance on long time at 8 per cent. Inquire of W. J. BARNEY, Michigan-av., between VanBuren and Congress sts., Chicago.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—LARGE LOT WITH 8 OR 9 ROOM cottage, in the South Division, east of State-st. Corner lot preferred. CHASE & ADAMS, 329 Wabash-av.

WANTED—$30,000 TO $50,000 WORTH OF CITY or suburban, improved or unimproved real estate, in exchange for a good piece of manufacturing property, within one mile of Court-House, on the river. Also wanted, city or suburban property in exchange for farms. I have them from 40 to 160 acres, some of them fruit farms. M. H. MORRIS, Room 2, 47 West Randolph st.

WANTED—TO BUY—A SMALL NEAT COTtage and lot, located in Hyde Park or near the city limits. Address, stating lowest price, time of sale and location, CASH, care of Carrier No. 1, Post Office.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE, ACRE PROPERty south west of city limits. State location, lowest price and easiest terms. Address S 63, Tribune office.

WANTED—50 FEET ON A CORNER, EAST OF Clark-st., between Twenty-second and Thirty-fourth sts. S. H. MILLER & CO., 165 West Washington-st.

WANTED—TO BUY—A NICE COZY HOUSE, pleasantly located, on South Side. Address J. J. ANDREWS, Sherman House.

WANTED—TO BUY—A 6 OR 7 ROOM COTtage and lot on the South or West Side. Price not to exceed $3,500. Address OWNER, 481 South Dearborn-st.

WANTED—A RESIDENCE EAST OF STATE-st., and south of Twenty-fourth st., worth from $15,000 to $25,000. A. LIMBERG & CO., corner Washington-st. and Fifth-av., Room 3, Teutonia Insurance Building.

WANTED—ACRE PROPERTY IN OR NEAR Chicago, at a reasonable price. A. LIMBERG & CO., Teutonia Insurance Building, corner Washington-st. and Fifth-av.

WANTED—BUSINESS PROPERTY IN CHIcago at a reasonable price. A. LIMBERG & CO., Teutonia Insurance Building, corner Washington-st. and Fifth-av.

WANTED—A RESIDENCE WITH MODERN improvements, east of State, north of Thirty-second or south of Lake, east of Western-av.; price from $5,000 to $7,000; or unimproved residence lot, price not to exceed $2,500. Address E 14, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO BUY—A HOUSE AND LOT worth from $3,000 to $5,000. Address M 88, Tribune office.

WANTED—CITY PROPERTY IN EXCHANGE for a farm of 80 acres, all under cultivation, free from all incumbrance. T. C. LAMB & CO., 132 West Washington st.

WANTED—TO BUY—A HOUSE OF 4 TO 6 rooms, with ground lease of 5 to 10 years. Address H 76, Tribune office.

WANTED—A CORNER LOT, ON STATE-ST., outside fire limits, improved or unimproved; will pay two thirds cash if a bargain. Address C 41, Tribune Branch office.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE FOR CUSTOMERS—To rent several small houses, rent from $20 to $40 per month. To purchase, several small dwellings, purchase money to be paid in monthly installments. BAIRD & SHANDREW, 181 East Madison-st.

WANTED—SMALL HOUSE AND LOT IN pleasant neighborhood, within two blocks of West Side cars, south of Lake-st. preferred; not less than 6 or 7 rooms; will pay $500 down, and balance monthly or otherwise. Address, with full particulars, X, care H. C. Morey, 116 West Madison.

WANTED—I HAVE CASH CUSTOMER FOR property on Michigan, Wabash, Indiana and Prairie avenues, south of Forty-second-st. WILLIAM HARTY, 376 State-st.

WANTED—TO BUY—I WANT TO BUY 2 lots in Rogers' Park, to build on. OTTO VON FRITSCH, Real Estate and Loan office, 160 LaSalle-st.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT—A SMALL COTTAGE OF 5 or 6 rooms, on or near West Van Buren st., east of Loomis, in a good locality; rent per month not to exceed $30. Address A. K. M., 143 and 145 State-st.

WANTED—TO RENT—HOUSE OR COTTAGE of 8 or 10 rooms; location, South Side, east of State, north of Thirtieth-st. Address L 52, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A SUITE OF 3 OR 4 rooms, within three blocks of Van Buren and Morgan-sts. Apply at 256 West Van Buren st.

WANTED—TO RENT—AN UNFURNISHED house of 10 or more rooms, in either division of the city. Address, giving location and terms, C 60, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY A WIDOW LADY without children, a first class house, furnished, where the lady wishes to board; on Wabash-av. preferred. Reference given. Address Mrs. D., Wood's Hotel.

WANTED—TO RENT—A NICELY FURNISHed room with board, on the South Side, north of Twelfth-st., in a private family. Best of references given and required. Address letters, M. E., 571 Wabash-av.

WANTED—TO RENT—A FURNISHED HOUSE, first class in every respect, to be used as a first-class boarding-house; is well recommended. Address, stating full particulars, W 71, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—TWO OR THREE UNfurnished rooms for housekeeping, about the first of September, by gentleman and wife. No children. Address P. O. Box 49.

WANTED—TO RENT—A FURNISHED ROOM, single or en suite, for two gentlemen, south of Randolph and west of Peoria st. Address D 72, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A TWO-STORY HOUSE with 10 or 12 unfurnished rooms. Must be on the South side, east of State and south of Twenty-fifth st. Address M 12, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM IN a private block, or board and room in private family. Address Y 20, Tribune office, stating terms.

WANTED—TO RENT—3 TO 4 ROOMS, SUITable for housekeeping for a family of two; within six blocks of Lake st. bridge. Address J 75, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A SMALL STORE OR part of store suitable for millinery business; rent moderate. Address J. L., 111 Jefferson st.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY TWO YOUNG MEN, a pleasant furnished room, within easy distance of Adams and Jefferson sts.; will not pay over $12; if suited permanent. Address G 43, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNfurnished rooms for gentleman and wife, where board can be obtained, south side, east of State; unquestionable references exchanged. Address B 11, Tribune Branch office.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY A WIDOW LADY, furnished or unfurnished, a house from the owner and give him board for the rent; West Side preferred; references exchanged. Address 317 West Madison.

WANTED—TO RENT—TWO FURNISHED rooms, south of Twenty-first-st. Mrs. SMITH, 879 Wabash-av.

WANTED—TO RENT—A COTTAGE OF 5 OR 6 rooms by a responsible tenant; West side, near street cars. Address K 96, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY TWO YOUNG LAdies employed out during the day, one large and one small room, unfurnished, with or without board. Rent not to exceed $15 per month. Vicinity of West Sangamon and Madison-sts. preferred. Address X 53, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—COTTAGE WEST OF Halsted, south of Randolph, and north of Harrison-sts. Address, stating rent, to T. W. V., Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY GENT AND WIFE, two unfurnished rooms in private family, near thoroughfare. Address D 26, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—3 OR 4 FURNISHED rooms in a house possessing modern conveniences, south of Sixteenth-st. Address Z 56, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, with or without board. Home comforts desired. South Side preferred. E 82, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY A RESPECTABLE lady, of means and experience, to take charge of a furnished house during absence of owner or family. I will pay all expenses of taking care of house, and servants' wages. Best of references given, also security, if required. Please address G 14, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A HOUSE OF TEN OR twelve rooms near city limits and Cottage Grove-av. Apply at 312 Michigan av.

WANTED—TO RENT—A 1 TENANT DEsires to secure a small cottage not too far away from the business portion of the city. Family consists of wife and self. Address U 28, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A BARN NEAR CORner of Twenty-second st. and Wabash-av.; brick preferred. Address, stating location and price, W. HENRY, corner Twenty-second and Wabash-av.

WANTED—TO RENT—3 UNFURNISHED rooms for housekeeping; man and wife; South Side. Address, with terms, Z 32, Tribune Branch office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FRONT PARLOR BEtween Sixteenth and Twenty-second sts. on Wabash-av. Address D 80, Branch Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—THE WHOLE OR PART of a store on the north side of West Madison-st., between Desplaines and Clinton sts. Address A 47, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A SMALL HOUSE, with barn, or convenient to boarding stable, South Side; east of State st. preferred. Address U 48, Tribune Branch office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A SMALL COTTAGE, or rooms for housekeeping; family of three; must be reasonable rent. Address V 36, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—HOUSE FROM 7 TO 9 rooms with water and gas, on the South or West Side; price not over $75 per month, by prompt-paying tenant. Address O 35, Tribune Branch office, for one week.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE in good neighborhood; will board owners if acceptable. State terms and location. O 79, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—ON WEST SIDE, A small cottage or 4 or 5 rooms, between Madison and Van Buren-sts. and east of Sangamon. Address stating terms, G 10, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A COUPLE, WITHOUT children, wish to rent a room, or rooms, furnished for housekeeping, West Side. Address G 36, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—3 OR 4 GOOD ROOMS for housekeeping, on the West Side. Would exchange my cottage for same. Address, stating rent, FOREMAN, 51 South Jefferson st.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE—AT A BARGAIN, Call Monday and Tuesday, at 1146 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE LOT OF household furniture and lease of house till May next at 25 per month, No. 138 Stanton-av. Apply to J. GOODRICH, 368 Wabash av.

PARTIES WISHING TO DISPOSE OF FURNIture, carpets, and general household goods, will do well to call on J. H. PIKE & CO., 781 West Lake-st., General Furnishers, Auction and Commission Merchants.

THE EMPIRE COMBINATION PARLOR BED—Grand combined only necessary to the space of an ordinary bedstead, and is an elegant piece of furniture, instantly changed to parlor, dining room, library, and office. The old bachelor's single bedstead now ready. Goods on installments of $10 monthly. EMPIRE PARLOR BEDSTEAD CO., 355 West Madison-st.

100 VARIETIES OF CHAIRS; ALSO, BEDsteads, bureaus, tables, lounges, mirrors, spring beds, and mattresses, etc., at manufacturers' lowest prices. It is for your interest to examine before buying. EMPIRE PARLOR BEDSTEAD CO., 355 West Madison-st.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

TO RENT—BY W. H. SAMPSON & CO., REAL Estate and House Renting Agency, 144 LaSalle-st., Otis Block.
Cottage house on West Madison. [illegible]
Very desirable [illegible] 7 rooms [illegible]
2 story brick house, on Wabash-av.
1 story house, 68 Cass-st.
Large brick house on Gilpin place, near [illegible]
18 South Hoyne st. 8 rooms.
1 story and basement brick house, 10 Stanton av., 12 rooms.
2 story frame house at Lincoln Park.
[illegible] 2 story and basement brick house [illegible]
Also [illegible] bought and sold. W. H. SAMPSON & CO., 144 LaSalle st., Otis Block.

TO RENT—MARBLE-FRONT HOUSE, 3 STORY and basement, all improvements, corner Thirtieth st. and Cottage Grove.
54, 56 and 60 Langley-av. 2 story and basement houses, 10 rooms each.
1013 Wabash-av., 10 rooms.
Several small tenements, new, over stores on State st., bet. Thirty-second and Thirty-third sts.
21 Peck st., 2 story and basement marble front house; all improvements; will be put in thorough repair.
672 Wabash-av., 2 story and basement house; good barn on the premises.
27 Superior st. 2 story and basement brick house.
488 Belden-av., near Lincoln Park. 2 story and basement brick house of 10 rooms.
We have a large list of houses, stores, and offices in all parts of the city. Parties looking will do well to call before renting at the General Renting Agency of DREW & NEWBURY, Rooms 3 and 9 Bryan Block.

TO RENT—BRICK HOUSE, 14 ROOMS, MODern improvements, near Union Park; furniture for sale if desired; possession Aug. 20; call at house 489 Fulton st.

TO RENT—THE ELEGANT FOUR-STORY AND basement brick, with stone trimmings, now being erected at 116 and 118 South Franklin st., near Madison st. Property has an alley on side and rear; will be completed about Sept. 1, and will contain elevator, &c. For terms, &c., apply to E. M. GUTHRIE, 161 East Madison st.

TO RENT—A FINE MARBLE FRONT HOUSE on Washington-av., near Ashland-av., with all modern improvements. Apply to WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 82 East Washington-st.

TO RENT—THAT FIRST-CLASS COTTAGE, 81 South Morgan st. 8 rooms, bath room, closets, &c. Apply on the premises.

TO RENT—COTTAGE, NO. 249 EWING-ST., between Blue Island-av. and Halsted-st.

TO RENT—A NEAT FURNISHED COTTAGE of four rooms. Apply at 376 Fulton-st.

TO RENT—A PARTY HAVING A COSY COTtage, seven rooms, beautifully furnished, will rent to a gentleman and wife, for the rent [illegible] Twenty-seventh. Address, for particulars, B 77, Tribune Branch office.

TO RENT—NEW HOUSE, SIX ROOMS, NORTH Side, on horse railway street; $30. A. T. GALT, 77 Dearborn-st., Room 11.

TO RENT—A COTTAGE, 6 ROOMS, 41 NEWberry av., between Taylor and Twelfth-sts., 1 street west of Halsted.

TO RENT—TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, 169 Ellis-av.; 11 rooms; all modern improvements; large grounds, 80x260 feet, with good barn. Rent $60 per month; furniture for sale. Apply to W. H. SAMPSON & CO., Real Estate and House Renting Agency, 144 LaSalle st., Otis Block.

TO RENT—THE TWO-STORY AND BASEment frame house, 555 Fulton st., with all modern improvements, at $65 per month, on 1st September. Inquire on the premises.

TO RENT—A NICE 9 ROOM COTTAGE—389 Carroll, corner of Elizabeth sts. Inquire of JAMES WALSH, 71 North Ann st.

TO RENT—TO A SMALL FAMILY—A WELL-furnished cottage of 8 rooms, at 1496 Prairie-av. for $60 per month in advance.

TO RENT—A COTTAGE CONTAINING 6 rooms; water in the kitchen; $20 per month; 141 Aberdeen st. 100 feet south of Van Buren-st. Apply at 143 Aberdeen-st.

TO RENT—BY W. H. SAMPSON & CO., REAL Estate and House Renting Agency, 144 LaSalle-st., Otis Block:
New two-story and basement brick houses, Nos. 134 to 144 Vincennes-av.; 11 rooms each; all modern improvements.
Nos. 24 to 28 Thirty-eighth st. 11 rooms each.
Nos. 2 to 10 Johnson-place; 11 rooms each.
Cottage, 346 West Madison st.; 7 rooms.
Upper part of house, 343 West Washington-st.
549 Fulton st.; new two story frame house, 10 rooms.
New two-story and basement brick houses Nos. 722 to 731 North Wells st., 10 rooms each; modern improvements.
A large list of houses in all parts of the city.

TO RENT—HOUSE OF 23 ROOMS, IN GOOD locality, near Union Park; a small amount of furniture for sale; No. 486 Hubbard st., 2-story, 6 rooms, $30. Suites of rooms in Plummer's Building, 97 South Desplaines-st. $25 per month. H. C. MOREY, 116 West Madison-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE OF 10 ROOMS, bath room, hot and cold water, etc., near Twenty-second-st. Address or inquire of D F, Branch Tribune office.

TO RENT—THE 2-STORY FRAME DWELLING No. 194 West Taylor st. Possession given immediately. Apply 582 West Taylor st. THOS. BUCKLEY.

TO RENT—TWO STORY AND BASEMENT brick house, completely furnished; good barn in rear; possession immediately. Apply on the premises, 15 Honore st., 2 blocks west of Union Park, half block south of Madison st.

TO RENT—NO. 293 TWENTY-SECOND-ST., three blocks from State-st. and three blocks from Archer-av.

TO RENT—COTTAGE HOUSE OF 6 ROOMS, 102 Walnut-st. Apply to D. LEONARD, Boone Block, corner LaSalle and Madison sts.

TO RENT—AN ELEGANT HOUSE OF FORTY rooms, suitable for hotel or boarding house purposes, corner of Harrison and Halsted sts.

TO RENT—A COTTAGE OF 5 ROOMS, NO. 15 [illegible] st., one block south of North-av. Will rent cheap.

TO RENT—BY E. C. COLE & CO., 138 LaSalle-st., Room 2: Wabash-av., 2 story, marble front, between Twenty second and Twenty third sts.; South Green-st., 2-story and basement, new; Nos. 11, 12, and 14 rooms, North Peoria-st., 2 two story house, 10 rooms. We have a large number of new stores on our list.

TO RENT—PARTIES TIRED OF BOARDING can have the nicest home by calling at 256 South Wood st. Nice house to rent, with furniture for sale. A good chance; don't lose it.

TO RENT—NEW TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE, 10 rooms, marble mantels, finished complete. No. 745 West Tyler st. Please examine this. D. COLE & SON, 138 West Madison-st.

TO RENT—BY E. C. COLE & SON, 138 LASALLE-st., Room 2—Shurtleff-av., 8-room cottage, $25 per month.

TO RENT—108 HONORE-ST., $60.
114 South Peoria, $65.
365 Randolph, $100.
[illegible]
12 Park av., $75.
88 Ashland av., $125.
527 York, $40.
D. COLE & SON, House Agents, 138 West Madison-st.

TO RENT—IN EVANSTON—GOOD HOUSE, ten rooms, large garden, near depot, in west side. Furniture for sale if desired. J. D. COLE, Jr., Orleans Mills, Madison st. bridge.

TO RENT—ELLIS-AV., SOUTH OF DOUGLAS Place, fronting east, with large lot, the two story dwelling house No. 72, containing ten rooms, in good repair. Also cottage, [illegible] large store, under United States Hotel, store Nos. 415, 417 and 419, the latter with boxes and shelving for a grocery store. All at low rent with immediate possession. T. S. FITCH & CO., 157 Dearborn st.

TO RENT—CHEAP—AND FURNITURE nearly new, for sale, at less than half cost, the splendid cottage of 6 rooms, No. 301 Walnut-st.; possession immediately; large lot, nice barn; healthy location; within one block of street cars and the Dayton School. For particulars, call on premises any time to-day or to-morrow forenoon.

TO RENT—HOUSE OF 9 ROOMS, CORNER Indiana-av. and Thirty-fourth st. House new and in an excellent neighborhood, or would rent the up stairs to small family for light housekeeping. Inquire on the premises.

TO RENT—A GOOD HOUSE OF 6 ROOMS, PANtries, and clothes room, in a pleasant location; water in the building. Inquire at 443 West Erie st. Will rent for $4 per month to a good tenant.

TO RENT—COTTAGE HOUSE, 14 ASHLAND-av., fronting Union Park; $800 worth of furniture must be sold to party renting. Apply at the house.

TO RENT—2-STORY COTTAGE OF 9 ROOMS ON Bowen av.
2-story cottage of 9 rooms on South Park av.
Brick residence of 11 rooms on Twenty first-st.
Two brick stores on South Canal st.
Store and basement on South Clark st.
BAIRD & SHANDREW, 181 East Madison-st., Room 4.

TO RENT—NEAR CORNER ELSTON ROAD and Paulina-st., a new and convenient five room cottage, with closets and pantry, and 5 foot basement, close to the city limits station, on the Milwaukee Railroad. Persons doing business in the city can reach their homes in ten minutes. Rent $16 per month. For further particulars see E. E. GILBERT, Water Office, corner Adams and LaSalle, or at BROCKMAN & SKINNER, 130 Twenty-second-st.

TO RENT—NICE COTTAGE OF SIX ROOMS, trees in front, $25 per month. Small lot of furniture for sale cheap. 641 Hubbard-st.

TO RENT—A FINE LARGE HOUSE IN PERfect order, west of Union Park, 13 rooms, all modern improvements, stable, etc.; rent, $1,500. Address F 25, Tribune office.

TO RENT—A COTTAGE OF 5 ROOMS, PANtry and clothes press. Inquire at 258 Centre-av., near Vernon Park.

TO RENT—3 HOUSES, ON ADAMS-ST., NO. 363. Apply on the premises.

TO RENT—A NICE HOUSE OF 12 ROOMS, rent $60 per month. No. 173 West Madison st. Furniture, all new, can be bought at $1,000; $500 cash down, balance $15 per week, without interest. Apply at house, 173 West Madison st.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

TO RENT—A NICE UNFURNISHED OR FURnished front room, 585 West [illegible] st. Apply up stairs.

TO RENT—ONE LARGE FURNISHED FRONT room, on second floor, convenient to day board, 234 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED PARLOR WITH BED room and closet. Apply at 183 Blue Island-av., up stairs.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT PARlor and bed room suitable for two gentlemen or gentleman and wife, with use of piano; none but first-class need apply. Can be seen on Sunday at 61 South [illegible]

TO RENT—THREE NICELY FURNISHED rooms every one single, at different prices, for service persons, at No. 292 South Halsted, near Jackson-st.

TO RENT—LOWER PART OF A HOUSE CONtaining six rooms, at No. 60 South Carpenter-st.

TO RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM AT 36 West Madison-st. Possession given Monday evening.

TO RENT—ROOMS AND A BARN—AT NO. 120 West Indiana-st., corner of the alley between Green and Peoria sts.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS—TO PRIvate families, for any length of time desired. Address C, P. O. box 193.

TO RENT—A LARGE, NICELY FURNISHED front room, at 183 North Curtis, cor. West Indiana-st.

TO RENT—TWO NEATLY FURNISHED rooms, separate or en suite, 229 West Madison-st.

TO RENT—TO A PARTY WITHOUT CHILdren, rooms for housekeeping on Michigan-av., north of Twenty-fifth st. References required. Rent $30 per month. Address X 46, Tribune Branch office.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, BEDroom and closet, suitable for two persons; to rent $12 per month in advance; also single room, $12 per month. No. 1032 Wabash-av., between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth sts.

TO RENT—$20 PER MONTH—FOUR LARGE rooms conveniently arranged for housekeeping. New house, with water. 219 Campbell-av., 2d door south of Tyler st.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED ROOM, WITH bay window and balcony. Immediate possession. 103 North Curtis st.

TO RENT—4 NICE ROOMS, WITH 2 LARGE closets, suitable for housekeeping, at 297 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—ONE FURNISHED FRONT ROOM to a gentleman at 125 North Market-st.

TO RENT—2 SUITES OF UNFURNISHED rooms and one furnished bedroom, without board, 40 South Sangamon-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FRONT ROOM AT 244 West Madison-st.

TO RENT—AT 150 WEST WASHINGTON-ST., A pleasant front parlor on first floor, also furnished front bedroom on second floor.

TO RENT—WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD, double parlors, suitable for an office or family; also two furnished bed-rooms. Inquire at 461 Madison st. corner Sheldon.

TO RENT—SUITE OF FOUR FRONT ROOMS, have water and gas in marble front building, 230 West Lake st.; rent low. Apply to J. D. WESTON, Room 12, or 279 Park-av.

TO RENT—ROOMS ON WEST MADISON-ST., corner, three upper stories of a fine brick building, suitable for a hotel; modern improvements; to the right party rent cheap. By WM. H. THOMPSON, 229 West Madison-st.

TO RENT—SUITE OF ROOMS SUITABLE FOR housekeeping furnished or unfurnished, also large rooms for single gentlemen, or gentleman and wife, 121 South Green-st.

TO RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED FRONT rooms, en suite; gas, water, bath, etc. 189 Park-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, WITH alcove, and clothes-press off, with or without board. No. 18 South Green st. between Washington and Randolph, suitable for two gents.

TO RENT—TWO FRONT ROOMS, 1 LARGE, 1 small, well furnished. 84 Twenty sixth-st., corner Indiana-av.

TO RENT—THREE FINE ROOMS ON WEST Madison st.; gas, water, and water-closet, suitable for offices or any light business, or for housekeeping for man and wife. By WM. H. THOMPSON, 229 West Madison-st.

TO RENT—THE FIRST FLOOR OF 355 WEST Jackson st.; all new.

TO RENT—340 WABASH-AV.—2 UNFURNISHed rooms, with gas and use of bath room.

TO RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM without board, in private family; pleasant location; 44 Winchester-av., between Monroe and Adams-sts.

TO RENT—ONE LARGE ROOM WITH CLOSET, for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen; references required. 139 West Adams-st.

TO RENT—A PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM, with care, for 1 or 2 gentlemen, on Sangamon, near Madison-st.

TO RENT—AT 644 WABASH-AV., A NICELY furnished front alcove room, with closet and bath room adjoined. Board next door if wanted.

TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms, at 20 Harmon court.

TO RENT—LARGE, WELL-FURNISHED SINgle room, large enough for two persons, with or without board, 324 West Van Buren st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS TO FIRST class parties, en suite or single by the day or longer; restaurant connected. 371 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—FOR 3 OR 4 MONTHS, THE LOWER floor of No. 513 Fulton-st., furnished, with or without, for housekeeping. Will rent only to persons without children. Rent $45. Apply on the premises.

TO RENT—FRONT PARLOR, FURNISHED OR unfurnished, [illegible] Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. INQUIRE at No. 333 South Halsted st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS TO GENtlemen, at 133 West Madison-st. at $15, $20, and $25. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 133 West Madison-st.

TO RENT—TWO LARGE ROOMS, FURNISHED or unfurnished, with gas and use of bath-room, 574 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—NO. 611 STATE-ST., NEAR Twelfth st., 4 rooms for housekeeping on second floor; also, furnished sleeping rooms on third floor.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AT 589 State-st., up stairs.

TO RENT—FOUR ROOMS IN REAR OF 403 Madison-st. Inquire at 367 Madison-st., up stairs.

TO RENT—3 OR 4 ROOMS, WITH WATER IN kitchen, everything convenient for housekeeping. 409 Butterfield st., near Twenty-ninth st.

TO RENT—VERY NICELY FURNISHED rooms, without board. Apply at 669 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS, FURnished or unfurnished, with or without board. 604 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—SLEEPING ROOMS AND OFFICES in new brick building, corner of State and Harrison-sts.; also, a store, 25x80, suitable for a first class barber shop. Apply to P. O'NEILL.

TO RENT—4 ROOMS WITH BUTTERIES AND closet, in front of a 2-story cottage, the second story for $14 a month; No. 79 Nebraska-st., between Loomis and Laflin-sts.

TO RENT—3 NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS and 4 unfurnished, with closets, pantries, &c., at 336 South Desplaines-st.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM TO gentleman and wife. Board for lady. Address F 47, Tribune office.

TO RENT—213 SOUTH PAULINA-ST., ONE block from street cars, 5 rooms, large, light, and clean. Also, a barn.

TO RENT—AT 469 STATE-ST., THREE ROOMS and two closets, suitable for housekeeping.

TO RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS, with or without board, all first class, at 24 Aberdeen-st.

TO RENT—NO. 20 WILLARD-PLACE, CORNER Randolph st., a large front room, furnished, would suit two gentlemen.

TO RENT—SEVERAL PLEASANT ROOMS, ensuite or single, with or without board, and also a large barn. No. 19 South Ann-st., between Randolph and Washington-sts.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM for two, north of Harrison-st. and east of Dearborn st. Address A H C, 14 and 16 East Madison-st.

TO RENT—4 NICE ROOMS, 2 LARGE AND 2 small, suitable for man and his wife for light housekeeping, or gentlemen boarders. 388 West Lake-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms, single or en suite, with or without board, at 681 South State-st.

TO RENT—THE SECOND FLOOR, 4 ROOMS and closets in the new two story dwelling No. 17 South Desplaines st.; and 2 rooms No. 136 West Randolph-st. Inquire 124 West Randolph-st., Room No. 1.

TO RENT—ONE LARGE AND VERY DESIRable front room, with hall bedroom and large closet, well furnished, for gentlemen, at 148 Aberdeen-st. References given and required.

TO RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM to rent for single gentleman, at the new brick house No. 1346 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—SECOND STORY OF 238 CALUMET-av. Inquire on the premises.

TO RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS AT 34 Sixteenth st.

TO RENT—FOUR ROOMS AT 50 WEST LAKE-st. Inquire of M. KECK, 14 North Canal st.

TO RENT—CHEAP FURNISHED ROOMS AT 284 West Randolph-st.

TO RENT—STORES, OFFICES, &c.

TO RENT—AT THE GENERAL RENTING Agency of Drew & Newbury, Rooms 3 and 9, Bryan Block:
The beautiful iron and glass front store, Nos. 146 and 148 State st. [illegible]
Nos. 15 and 17 Lake-st., store, 5 stories and basement, with all improvements.
Two stores on South Water st., near Michigan-av.
Store 25x130 feet, on Madison-st., between LaSalle-st. and Fifth-av.
Three stores, on Madison-st., between Clark and Dearborn sts., in process of erection.
[illegible]
[illegible]
Store and basement, on Madison st., near State, store, 4 stories and basement.
277 Monroe st., store, 4 stories and basement.
Adams-st., near State, stores and basements.
21 Jackson st., store, with several fine lofts.
133 Washington st., stores and some very fine offices in the same building.
Washington st., near Market, store, 4 stories and basement.
28 East Madison st., store and basement.
15 South Water st., basement and lofts.
State st., between Thirty-first and Thirty-third sts., 4 stores, with dwellings over, besides a large list of stores in process of erection.

TO RENT—BY WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 82 EAST Washington st.:
Elegant offices in Hamlin's new stone front block on Clark st., opposite the Court House; vaults, marble mantels, and grates in every suite.
Fine offices in Macon & Miller's, Bishop & Roberts', and Kendall's handsome new blocks on Washington-st., between Clark and Dearborn.
Four-story and basement brick store on Dearborn-st., between Lake and South Water, suitable for any large wholesale business.
Store and offices in the marble-front building corner Harmon-court and Wabash-av., very cheap until May 1.
Nice light store with living rooms in rear, on West Madison st., near Centre-av.
Three 4-story stores, 214, 216, and 218 Kinzie-st., between State and Dearborn, just completed, arranged for one, two, or three stores; second, third, and fourth stories, each 40x80 feet; basement 11 feet, with rear entrance for receiving and shipping.
W. D. KERFOOT & CO., 82 East Washington-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES IN THE REPUBLIC LIFE building, Wadsworth's Building, on Madison, May's Building, Lind's Block, Macalister, corner of Monroe and Clark-sts., Mack's Building, corner of Clark and Van Buren sts.
Also, in our office can be seen plans of the offices in the Staats Zeitung Building, and several other office buildings in process of erection. Inquire of DREW & NEWBURY, Rooms 3 and 9, Bryan Block.

TO RENT—STABLE—GOOD ACCOMMODAtion for 10 horses. Inquire at 513 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—AT 88 CORNELL-ST., SUFFICIENT for 20 head of horses. Cheap.

TO RENT—BASEMENT, 25x70, ON WEST MADIson st., light and airy, suitable for any business; also corner 21x78. By WM. H. THOMPSON, 229 West Madison-st.

TO RENT—ONE OF THE BEST LOCATIONS for an enterprising dentist; fine corner office, northwest corner Halsted and Harrison. J. H. KEELER, 234 South Halsted cor. Harrison.

TO RENT—THE SECOND FLOOR OF BUILDing No. 5 and 7 West Madison st., lately occupied by C. & A. R. R. Co. Apply to NORTON & CO., Oriental Building, Madison st. Bridge.

TO RENT—NO. 48 AND 50 LAKE-ST., TO BE completed in Sept., the five story and basement building 40x125 feet, with steam elevator and steam heating apparatus. Inquire of GEORGE C. FRY, Room 18, Bryan Block.

TO RENT—A NICE BARN IN REAR OF 300 Adams-st. Water attached.

TO RENT—OFFICE 20x25 SECOND FLOOR, well lighted, 57 West Washington st. $20 per month. Apply to BIRNEY HAND, on premises.

TO RENT—THREE ROOMS WITH POWER, at 20 North Union-st. C. W. SIMPSON.

TO RENT—THE LARGE STORE 355 STATE-st.; good location for groceries or saloon. Apply on the premises.

TO RENT—TWO NEW STORES ON NORTH Side; large enough to live in the rear; one $25, the other $30. A. T. GALT, 77 Dearborn st., Room 11.

TO RENT—THE HALF OF THE ICE CREAM and confectionery store 80 South Halsted st.

TO RENT—FINE STORE, 20x115, NEXT TO corner Halsted and Harrison. Best location for drug or clothing business. J. H. KEELER, 234 Halsted-st., corner Harrison.

TO RENT—FOUR-STORY AND BASEMENT building on Franklin st., 33 feet from Madison-st.; dimensions 25x100 feet. POTWIN & CORBY, 119 Franklin, near Madison-st.

TO RENT—NOS. 297 AND 299 KINZIE ST. TWO stores and basement stores near Rush st. bridge. No. 246 West Madison st., cottage with large lot. No. 788 West Madison-st., large store with basement, marble front. KEELER, PLATT & JUDSON, 42 West Madison-st.

TO RENT—A TWO-STORY FRAME BUILDING, 24x60, with one-story boiler house attached, containing a 6-horse-power engine, with line shafting, all running; the lot is 50x110 at 245 Archer-av. Will rent the whole, or will rent the building, or will sell the whole. Apply to JOHN BENHAM at C. H. Fargo & Co.'s, 264 and 266 Madison st., corner of Market.

TO RENT—STORES, OFFICES, LOFTS, AND basements in new marble fronts on State-st., near Van Buren. C. S. WALLER, 229 State-st.

TO RENT—THREE FOUR-STORY STORES, Nos. 214, 216 and 218 Kinzie st., between State and Dearborn, just completed, arranged for one, two, or three stores; second, third and fourth stories, each 40x80 feet; basement 11 feet, with rear entrance for receiving and shipping. WM. D. KERFOOT & CO.

TO RENT—FOUR STORES UNDER BISHOP Court Hotel, 24 by 80 one 47 by 80, just finished, 531 Madison st. N. S. GROW.

TO RENT—THE THIRD FLOOR OF NOS. 30, 34, and 32 South Canal-st. 50x150, with front entrance and good light. Apply to J. F. RATHBONE & CO., Bond 46 Lake-st.

TO RENT—GOOD STORE; ALSO NEW COUNters and shelving for sale cheap. 288 Blue Island-av.

TO RENT—CHEAP—A LARGE BASEMENT, in best location, suitable for commission or lager beer saloon. Apply at 26 North Canal-st.

TO RENT—WITH POWER, THE BEST LIGHTed rooms, corner of [illegible] Van Buren and Franklin [illegible] Inquire on premises.

TO RENT—CHEAP—SMALL BREWERY AND fixtures all in [illegible] running order, capable of brewing one hundred barrels per week, in a country town 75 miles from Chicago. Call or address R. G. MANNERS, 94 Aberdeen st., Chicago.

FINANCIAL.

FOR SALE—PURCHASE MONEY—TRUST deed $16,000 on city property, well secured. Address C 32, Tribune office.

INSURANCE CLAIMS OR BALANCES AFTER dividend cashed at very highest rates, [illegible] Eastern companies. J. N. WITHERELL, [illegible] Wabash-av.

LOANS MADE ON HOUSES, DIAMONDS, pianos, and other good collaterals; small amounts 3 to 12 months on real estate; notes secured by trust deeds bought. WOOTTAWAY, 79 Dearborn st.

MONEY TO LOAN—ON HOUSEHOLD FURNIture, horses, pianos and other chattel security. E. ROGERS, Central Union Block, Room 43.

MONEY TO LOAN—IN SUMS TO SUIT FOR 30, 60, or 90 days. JOHN M. WAITE, 45 Hubbard court.

MONEY ON HAND—TO PURCHASE SHORT time paper. JOHN M. WAITE, 45 Hubbard court.

MONEY TO LOAN UPON STOCKS OF GOODS, merchandise, horses, wagons, &c.; also upon good improved farms. THOMAS & PETERSON, 130 Dearborn st., Room 4.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY REAL ESTATE, large sums at 9 per cent., bonds on leased ground and second mortgages. D. GROSSMAN, Room 11, 124 Monroe-st.

TO LOAN—MONEY ON FURNITURE, WAREhouse receipts and other good collaterals. JAS. B. STOREY, Private Banker, 70 South Clinton-st.

WE WILL BUY CLAIMS AGAINST GREAT Western Insurance Company, and M. P. Stacy. Money on commercial and real estate paper. M. C. BALDWIN & CO., 75 South Canal st., Room 3.

$1,000 OR $1,200 TO LOAN—ON REAL ESTATE security, for 6 or 12 months. JOHN M. WAITE, 45 Hubbard court.

$2,500 TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE BY FREEMAN & BROWN, 473 Wabash-av.

$20,000 OR UPWARD TO LOAN ON Chicago improved city property at 9 per cent., to any one who can make affidavit in place of continuance of abstract. WILLIAM H. THOMPSON, 229 West Madison-st.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

AMERICAN DRAMATIC INSTITUTE—STANley Hall, 612 West Lake-st. Prof. W. W. Quin, Elocutionist, Principal. The principles in which reading, declaiming, and acting are embodied taught in all the various branches. Particular attention devoted to those desiring to perfect themselves for the stage or public life. A young lady, also gentleman, desired for dramatic class. Terms moderate.

ASTROLOGY—FUTURE EVENTS FORETOLD, fortunes and destiny read and interpreted; diseases of every nature treated and rapidly cured with very little medicine. Mrs. J. F. SHIELDS, Physician and Surgeon, at 500 South State-st., up stairs.

DR. MATHEW AND MADAM MAYNARD can tell of business, marriages, journeys, law-suits, absent friends, lost or stolen property; can positively tell the truth about everything they wish to know; cure all diseases or no pay. 297 West Madison-st.

MRS. T. J. LEWIS, RELIABLE CLAIRVOYant, business and medical [illegible] Adams-st. corner of South Halsted, Room 1.

MRS. BOOTH, NATURAL CLAIRVOYANT, 8 South Desplaines st. Price, $1.

MME. MILSOM, NATURAL CLAIRVOYANT, [illegible] South State-st. Gents not admitted. Read your living or dead friends.

MRS. FELL—CLAIRVOYANT EXAMINAtions. Miss L. M. Hedden, magnetic and eclectic physician, 540 West Washington-st.

MEDICAL—MRS. M. SMITH, MAGNETIC physician, has removed to No. 25 [illegible] where she will continue to treat all kinds of chronic diseases. Female difficulties a specialty. Between State and Wabash-av., Chicago.

MADAM IDELL, THE CELEBRATED FEmale physician and astrologer, has now permanently located in Chicago. She has been in Europe [illegible] telling the past, present and future. [illegible] be convinced of her great powers. Satisfaction guaranteed or no pay. [illegible] Address, or call on MADAME IDELL, No. 130 West Washington-st.

REMOVAL—MRS. S. W. [illegible] has removed from 541 West Madison-st. See card on first page.

WONDERFUL MEDICAL DISCOVERIES—Mrs. Carrie M. Sawyer, the "wonderful physical test medium," takes pleasure in announcing to the public that she has, while in a clairvoyant state, received directions for the manufacture of medicines that are warranted to cure nearly all the diseases that the human family is heir to. The afflicted should apply. [illegible] CARRIE M. SAWYER, No. 10 North Ada st.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

BRICK FOR SALE—[illegible] CHICAGO BRICK—Immediate delivery. DUNN & SCANLAN, 150 East Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—[illegible] PRESSED BRICK. Park Ridge Brick & Tile Co., 121 LaSalle-st.

PORTLAND CEMENT FOR SALE AT FIRE-Proof Building Co.'s office, No. 142 Adams-st. J. L. EGBERT.

SAND FOR SALE—GOOD BRICKMAKERS' moulding sand, [illegible] JONATHAN CLARK, [illegible]

1,000,000 NO. 1 LARGE WHITE [illegible] [illegible] BLAIR, WHITE & CO., Brick Commission [illegible] West Lake-st.

DIVORCES.

DIVORCES LEGALLY OBTAINED WITHOUT publicity [illegible] Address P. O. Drawer 125, Chicago, Ill.

DIVORCES LEGALLY OBTAINED [illegible] in the courts of Chicago. Address P. O. Box [illegible]

DIVORCES WITHOUT NEWSPAPER REPORT—All law business done. NEWELL SHATT, Room [illegible] and United States Building, 169 South Clark-st.

CARL SCHURZ.

Reception of the Great German Senator by His Countrymen in Chicago.

Ten Thousand Germans Turn Out to Hear Him Speak in Their Own Language.

He Presents Convincing Reasons Why They Should Support Greeley.

An Outside Meeting—Speeches by Captain Parks, C. H. Harrison, and Others.

The Liberal Movement Among the Rolling-Mill Men.

Announcements of Meetings to Be Held in Chicago, Evanston, and St. Charles.

The Hon. Carl Schurz received a *caed mille failthe* from the citizens of Chicago last evening, a fitting recognition of his fame as a statesman and of the cause of which he is one of the foremost and greatest advocates. He was announced to speak in the Turner Hall on West Twelfth street, beginning at 8 o'clock. At 7 the crowd began to assemble, the hall was filled at half-past 7, and at 8 the street, for two blocks in front of the hall, was densely packed with people. The audience in the hall was almost exclusively German, and was very enthusiastic. Every inch of room was occupied. The reception of Senator Schurz was warm and hearty, cheers again and again repeated, greeting his appearance.

A large stand was erected in the vacant lot west of the hall, and gas jets equivalent to five hundred burners illuminated the scene, which was extremely brilliant. The multitude surrounded the stand and climbed on it so as to get within hearing distance. The crowd was so great at 9:30 that the sidewalk gave way and precipitated a number of persons to the ground below. Happily no one was hurt. The demonstration was magnificent in every respect. The multitude inside and outside the hall numbered ten thousand.

A HEARTY GREETING.

The entrance of the Senator to the hall was the signal for a spontaneous welcome on the part of his countrymen, such as German throats can only give. Prominent among the gentlemen on the platform was the veteran Colonel Frederick Hecker.

ORGANIZATION.

Mr. Emil Dietsch in a few pithy words announced the object of the meeting and nominated Dr. Ernst Schmidt as Chairman of the meeting, which was unanimously agreed to.

REMARKS OF DR. SCHMIDT.

Dr. Schmidt on taking the chair said that the vast concourse of Germans before him was an evidence that the German people, as ever, were found on the side of progress and liberty. After the fulfilment of the objects of the Republican party it was but proper that a new political formation should arise, and that those who had fed themselves on the Government pap under the Grant Administration should be removed, and an honest Administration under Horace Greeley should be inaugurated. The speaker, amid much merriment, illustrated the tenacity of the Republicans in endeavoring to continue the control of the Government by a patient of his, who had finally to succumb to her disease, but who was unwilling to die and leave her George, who was 45 years old and abundantly able to take care of himself.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

The Chairman nominated as Vice Presidents, Messrs Arnd, Fuss, Degenhardt, Schintz, Deitsch, Pelizer, Seip, Sneis, Sendelback, Richberg, Hoffman, Keeler and Michaelis; and as Secretaries, Messrs. Knonig and Fenn.

ADDRESS OF SENATOR SCHURZ.

The honorable Senator, on being introduced to the audience, was again received with tumultuous applause. In opening his address [illegible] ... that was no reason why the party should still be continued ... to be allowed to continue the enjoyment of its present prerogatives. Oppression of the conquered, political corruption, and centralization of power in the hands of the Government, were the invariable results of a war, and were contended against now. The Republican party had given into the hands of the free laborers of the South the same power which their Northern brethren had always enjoyed ... It was to be expected that the great political power placed in the hands of the ignorant black people would be at first greatly misused, and the granting of a universal amnesty to the whites of the South was necessary in order to conciliate all classes with the new order of things, and the Republican party did not grant this amnesty until the Cincinnati Convention had written it upon its banner, and only granted it then because it would have been dangerous to longer withhold it. The cause of the introduction of carpet-bag Governments was introduced and illustrated, and North Carolina given as a specimen of such rule. A debt of fifteen millions dollars, at the close of the war, was now thirty-four millions of dollars, of which sixteen millions, granted by the Legislature for railroad purposes, was stolen, with the exception of about two hundred thousand dollars, for which the State has about ten miles of railroad to show; and other States in the South were in similar condition, and for all this corruption the present men in power were responsible. Only a few short weeks since Cabinet officers were travelling through North Carolina, urging upon the people the re-election of this same class of officials. Such a course on the part of the present Administration could not but embitter the people of the South, who had a right to expect the protection of the Government from their present oppressors. The corruption engendered by the long lease of power held by the Republican party was next dwelt upon. The efforts made by a few men in Congress to purify the party from corrupt officials was, as in the case of the New York Custom House, thwarted by the same means which were used in the Southern States. In order to be a good Republican, it was now necessary for an honest man to hold his tongue about the corruption existing; and, for his part, he would not continue with a party who demanded such a sacrifice from honest men. The effect on the incoming generation of this country, in having the present examples of our officers before them, could not but be demoralizing, and all healthy views of the duties of citizens to their country would be lost sight of. The violation of the Constitution by its Chief Officer, in the San Domingo affair, was denounced in terms of honest indignation. If we wish to retain our liberties, it is necessary to watch all usurpations of power by officials, and that party which connives at such usurpations is guilty of the same crime. The retention of military officers in civil office was another open violation of our Constitution, to which the President and his Cabinet officers were party. The over-payment of contractors and the sale of arms by Cabinet officers were whitewashed by Congressional Committees, although a flagrant violation of our laws was perpetrated, and it was now conceded by our Government that a violation of law was allowable when a Cabinet officer construes such violation as to the ultimate gain of the Treasury. If high officials act in violation of all law, it was not to be expected that the minor officials would pay much attention to existing laws. Party despotism was next illustrated. Among the forty or fifty thousand officials, not a dozen dare at the present time to say his soul is his own, and they are to-day the abject slaves of the Government, and should one dare to raise his head it would immediately be decapitated. Among the 1,000 arrests under the Ku-Klux law, only two had been brought to trial, and the balance were informed that if they were good Grant men no further trouble would be made. The plebiscite of Napoleon III., where the votes of the people were directed from the Tuilleries, is being imitated in this country, and the freedom of the ballot was in danger, and even the public press was being bought up by the Government all over the country. Senators Sumner, Trumbull, and the speaker's own case, were cited to show how the Grant press throughout the country were unanimous among themselves who could call these men the foulest names and make them out as the biggest scoundrels in the land.

The allusion of the speaker to his pride in being hailed "the German Senator," and his unflinching adherence to German integrity was received by the audience with three rousing cheers. If the right could no longer be pursued within the Republican party, it was high time and necessary to do so outside of the party. If the speaker was proud of anything, it was that he never told the people anything he did not believe himself, and the candidacy of Horace Greeley was supported by and approved by him fully. Although he conceded that the nomination was not the best that could have been made at Cincinnati, yet, if he could not get the best, he would be satisfied with the next best, and those who supported Greeley could do so with a clear conscience. The necessity of the short-comings of the present Administration could only fully be realized when the present incumbents were removed from power. (Some one in the audience here raised the cry of "Hurrah for Grant," which gave the speaker the opportunity of raising a hearty laugh by saying that the number of Germans who would raise that cry would be so scarce before long that a specimen should be preserved, by all means.) If the necessary reforms could not be accomplished inside of the Republican party, it must be accomplished outside of that party. The people of the South want to become good citizens of the country, and they only desire to be saved from robbers as officials. The question of settling Southern affairs is solved by the election of a man to the Presidency who has been always identified with Southern feeling and impulse, and each one's heart will warm within him when they all can once more be united by brotherly ties. Boutwell's assertion that the bloody chasm must be first filled by new guarantees, was the spirit which animates the present Administration, but the people of the South, in proposing to vote for Greeley, gave ample guarantee of their love of country and desire for peace. A New York meeting demanded that the Republican party would only then be satisfied with the Southern guarantee for peace when the re-election of Grant should be advocated by the South.

The speaker proposed as the best means for filling the bloody chasm existing between North and South filling it up with the Grant men, which was received with great applause. If the South obtained an orderly government it would have to be an honest one, and the Ku-Klux cry would at once cease.

In North Carolina the officials endeavored to continue to foster the ill feeling of the war times, so that they might rule through discord, and openly boasted of having money to buy votes with. In closing, the speaker called attention to the reason why the Germans had emigrated from their Fatherland, and all through this land he had always found the mass of the Germans for the right, and as they had once flocked to the standard of the country in time of war so, they would at this time, in the time of peace, vote for the right.

Throughout the delivery of his speech, Senator Schurz was frequently interrupted by the cheers and applause of his hearers, and a larger or more enthusiastic crowd was never seen inside of Turner Hall before, and plainly indicates the way in which our German citizens will vote next November. With such a patriot as Senator Schurz for a leader, the Germans of this country can hardly go astray.

THE OUTSIDE MEETING.

Judge Otis called the outside meeting to order saying that as the hall was too small to hold the vast crowd, they should be entertained by speaking from that stand. He took great pleasure in introducing Captain C. V. Parks, a former resident of Chicago, and a brave soldier.

Captain Parks dilated for some time on the fishery question, contending that, owing to the way in which Sitka was farmed out to a company, American citizens on the Pacific coast could not engage in the fisheries. He was there and knew all about it. He reviewed the course of the Administration, and concluded by proposing three cheers for Horace Greeley. The cheers were heartily given.

CARTER H. HARRISON

spoke next. He dwelt upon the responsible duty devolving upon American citizens when called upon to deposit their ballots. Men should give time and thought to politics. It was their duty. Any man who did not do so should go back to a foreign country and become a slave again. He felt sure they would all do their duty as men and American citizens. He was also sure they would vote for Horace Greeley. He saw it in their eyes. [Cheers.] The war was over. They should not fight it over again. He believed in reconciliation. Horace Greeley was a man of humanity. When old Ireland was starving, who sent over ships to feed the starving. Horace Greeley helped to do it. [Cheers.] He was the friend of foreigners always. Who was his opponent? A man who was unknown ten years ago, and who was made by the accident of the war. His Administration was a failure, and in the South it was a gigantic fraud. The Southern States were robbed until they were exhausted and had hardly energy to kill fleas. [Laughter.] General Grant had suspended the writ of *habeas corpus*, that inestimable writ, as it was suspended in Ireland a few years ago. He attempted a trick on the Irish with reference to the Alabama claims, expecting to get up a show of fight with England, when he never meant it. The speaker gave some of his European experience, drawing the moral that we should avoid even an imitation of monarchical institutions. Nothing seemed to arouse General Grant but the clatter of a fast trotter. [Cheers.] He simply ignored the law. His nepotism and gift taking were told about, and the speaker concluded with an appeal to the naturalized voters to vote for Horace Greeley and reform the administration of public affairs. [Cheers.]

HON. JOHN WENTWORTH

said he was not there for Horace Greeley alone, but for the principles he represented. He believed in the triumph of principle over men, of the mind over the sword, of intellectuality over physical power, the triumph of the civil over the military power. Principles were immortal. [Applause.] Human government should be brought as nearly as possible to the Divine government. They should do all they could to that end. They should have a revolution that would oust from power the men who were degrading the Government instead of exalting it. They should go forward, not backward; for reform, and not for a continuance in power of the men who abused the confidence of the people. The people wanted new leaders. They did not want to put new wine into old bottles. They knew the consequences. [Laughter.] They were going to have a revolution and it would succeed. [Cheers.] Horace Greeley would be the next President. [Cheers.] He had an indorsement in the hearts of every honest man in the Republic. [Applause.] And in November they would testify their appreciation of his character by electing him to the high office for which he was a candidate. [Cheers.]

The meeting soon after adjourned with three cheers for Greeley and Brown.

FIFTEENTH WARD.

The most enthusiastic and remarkable meeting of the campaign was held last evening in the Fifteenth Ward, at the corner of Elston road and Clybourne place. The audience, numbering about three hundred people, was composed almost exclusively of workmen in the Ward's Rolling Mills—hard-handed sons of toil, who had organized the meeting without any announcement in the newspapers, handbills being distributed, and then turned out to hear a little talk about Horace Greeley. General Stiles was the talker, and as he had understood that Captain Ward had issued orders for his employés to support Grant, he took occasion to descant somewhat at length upon the perfect right of every man to vote as he pleases. He also drew a comparison between Greeley and Grant,—the former a self made man, who had by his own exertions come up from poverty; the latter educated at the expense of the Government, with nothing in common with workingmen. His remarks were listened to with the closest interest, and it was perfectly evident that the Liberal cause is to receive a telling accession from among the Rolling Mill men. The meeting adjourned until next Saturday evening, when a Greeley Club will be organized.

THE SCANDINAVIANS MOVING.

A Scandinavian Greeley and Brown mass meeting is to be held at old Aurora Hall, No. 113 Milwaukee avenue, Monday evening, Aug. 12. All Scandinavians who are willing to take part in a Greeley and Brown meeting are cordially invited to attend. There will be speaking in both Swedish and English.

Charles Sandell,	Martin Poulson,
John Garrick,	J. Z. Alstrup,
Louis M. Munthe	David Schoyen,
R. B. Scheel,	A. Chaiser,
J. C. Hansen,	Henry Allen,
T. Fredrikson,	Charles Uddmann,
Volkmar Johnson,	A. Palleson,
J. Nordstrom,	C F Peterson,
John Larson,	A. M. Asproth,
Albert Johnson,	P. G. Bowman,
Chas. Applegreen,	Wm. Bloomerth,
O. L. Gronwall,	N. Wahlstrom,
John Bingen,	A. R. Wigarth,
H J. Hansen,	O. J. Moe,
H. Harryson,	J. A. Gustafson,
P. B. Larsen,	A. Sandberg,
Dr. M. B. Carleman,	G. Roberg,
W. Allstrom,	N. Skjelswig,
P. Larson,	G. Gillis,
L. P. Blomgren,	C. A. Nordstrom,
C. Lundblad,	A. Lingren,
A. P. Ryden,	G. A. Peterson,
Fr. Carlson,	A. Collgren,
Karl P. Lindman,	C. F. Fredrikson,
Charles Nilson,	A. F. Mellgren,
E. Johnson,	B. P. Widegren,
H. M. Johnson,	Hjalm. Lagergren,
Frank Salomon,	S. S. Swadson,
Sten Anderson,	R. A. Gustafson,
Sam. Lyckberg,	John Christianson,
S. Terserus,	Justus Lindvall,
N. Nystrom,	Edgar Peterson,
Fred. Aagan,	Christ Lyckberg,
F. Axelson,	M. Friberg,
A. Modeen,	A. Johnson,
F. Peterson,	F. Anderson.
G. Clark,	

ELEVENTH WARD.

There will be a meeting of the citizens of the Eleventh Ward on Tuesday evening next, Aug. 13, at Aurora Hall, No. 113 Milwaukee avenue, for the purpose of forming a Greeley and Koerner Club. Good speakers will address the meeting. By order of Cook County Campaign Committee. J. C. Richberg and Henry Ackhoff, members for the Eleventh Ward.

HE CAN BE ACCOMMODATED.

A gentleman in this city received a letter from a noted politician of Dunkirk, Ind., offering to bet any sum from $5,000 to $10,000 on the election of Grant, with the boastful anticipation of finding no takers. He was mistaken, as the following note, from which for satisfactory reasons the name is withheld, fully testifies:

"CHICAGO, Aug. 12, 1872.

"Wm. Sutton, Esq.:

"DEAR SIR: Through information received from ——, I am informed that you desire to bet five or ten thousand dollars on the election of Grant against Greeley. I am authorized to take any sum up to ten thousand dollars, the money to be put up in a National Bank of this city. For further information call on or address me."

THE GREELEY CAUSE IN EVANSTON.

The undersigned citizens of Evanston and vicinity, in favor of the platform adopted at Cincinnati, and the candidates of the Liberal party, would unite in a call of all those agreeing with them in political views to call a meeting at Lyons Hall, in Evanston, at 8 o'clock on Tuesday evening, Aug. 13, 1872, for the purpose of forming a Campaign Club for the support of said platform and the candidates nominated for President and Vice President thereon. The meeting will be addressed by Hon. J. B. Grinnell, of Iowa, and others.

Merril Ladd,	Walter B. Scates,
David H. Wheeler,	J. H. Kedzie,
Henry M. Kidder,	Isaac Poole,
Leo P. Hamline,	W. S. Scott,
Joseph C. Humphrey,	Wilson Phelps,
James Curry,	Clarence Scates,
Wells Lake,	C. R. Corbin,
O. B. Sansome,	I. B. Geer,
O. F. Gibbs,	H. L. Phelps,
C. J. Gilbert,	A. C. Hemingway,
H. G. Iglehart,	N. P. Iglehart,
W. S. Ingraham,	T. F. Wheeler,
S. Douglass,	A. Drummond,
Louis Leonhardt,	J. B. Vaughan,
Silas B. Kitchell,	Walter Trumbull,
Wm. S. Brewster,	James Drummond,
A. M. Allen,	John C. Garland,
M. C. Parsons,	Charles Barrett,
S. D. Childs,	William Pingree,
F. L. Tuohy,	J. Edwin Johnson,
Robert Williams,	John Wasleff,
H. S. Kaufman,	James Jones,
Earl S. Powers,	James A. Snyder,
A. Mussing,	J. A. Farquharson,
P. H. Sullivan,	William H. Peck,
J. H. Colborne,	Eugene Scates,
Ernest Jennings,	H. D. Hedden,
Samuel D. Childs,	Michael Didier,
Charles Scates,	James Hartry,
George H. Monteath,	Peter Schutz,
G. Brennan,	Mat. Schutz,
Nelson H. Graham,	Benjamin Graham,
George W. Graham,	George J. Sieber,
A. B. Snyder,	George Schinper,
Paul Pratt,	C. G. Ingraham,
C. Ingraham,	Ten Eyck H. Fonda,
Philip McCorriston,	E. H. Cuthbert,
David Lillis,	Samuel Harris,
J. Clarke,	Wm. Delong,
Richard Wythe,	Michael Gall, Jr.,
W. O'Leary,	J. W. Lindley,
Geo. H. Monteath,	Joseph Hobbs,
C. W. Mitchell,	Wm. Stacey,
John G. Watson,	Ernest Idler,
A. B. Bulsom,	Thomas Capel,
John Lally,	H O Nelson,
Daniel Ryan,	J. F. Haywood,
John Carney,	H. Kinder,
Charles Woodward,	B. Bolten,
P. H. Morgan,	B. F. Corliess,
Patrick Murphy,	Richard Murphy,
C. Hanlon,	W. Hanlon,
John Balding,	Charles Ruhe,
B. Healing,	John Dall,
H. Ormand,	W. Nicholls,
C. B. Adams,	H. Murphy,
James Carney,	P. B. Smith,
John McDonnell,	George Taite,
Jacob Franz,	Dennis Hogan,
William Nicholls,	John Sproul,
S. O'Brien,	John O'Leary,
John Murphy,	G. B. Wicks,
G. C. Colborne,	John Foster,
William H. Wiswell,	John Walton,
John Pickett,	R. W. Stafford,
Robert Atkins,	P. H. Fitzgibbon.

MASS MEETING AT ST. CHARLES, ILL.

To General J. F. Farnsworth:

SIR: The undersigned, a portion of your constituents in Kane County, would be gratified if you will, at an early day, address them in a public speech upon the political topics of the day.

C. H. Reeves,	B. F. Friday,
H. L. Perry,	J. C. Stoughton,
Wm. A. Tanner,	B. B. Usher,
Solon Burroughs,	H. B. Towne,
Leopold Seigler,	R. H. Campbell,
L. W. Rood,	J. R. Bruce,
L. W. Swan,	S. L. Taylor,
E. C. Lovell,	R. N. Botsford,
Z. Eastman,	A. B. Fisk,
D. S. Hammond,	C. F. Kimball,
L. S. Bates,	John W. Ransted,
Thos. Martin,	S. W. Chapman,
John C. Bundy,	C. D. Wing,
Geo. Person,	E. Wood,
P. J. Birchell,	Harry Eddy,
B. T. Hunt,	Wm. G. Conklin,
H. N. Wheeler,	Thos. Doyle,
G. W. Rumsey,	John J. Flannery,

and 861 other persons.

GENERAL FARNSWORTH'S REPLY.

ST. CHARLES, Aug. 9, 1872.

GENTLEMEN: I have received your request that I should address you and other citizens and constituents upon the political topics of the time, and, in answer, say that I will with great pleasure comply with your request, on Tuesday next, Aug. 13, in this place, at 2 o'clock p. m., when I will give, I think, and I believe you will agree with me, good and sufficient reasons why the present Administration of the Government should not be continued. I have the honor to be very respectfully,

J. F. FARNSWORTH.

To Hon. J. W. Swan, C. H. Reeves, S. L. Taylor, Major C. B. Wells, Colonel J. C. Bundy, B. F. Friday, C. D. Wing, Geo. Person, Captain O. B. Dodson, Hon. Z. Eastman, Rev. J. C. Stoughton, and 874 others.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

THE TURF.

A PUT UP JOB.

The wholesale liquor men had a lively time of it, yesterday afternoon, at Dexter Park. Two of their number had organized a race against time, and the rest turned out with their friends to see the sport. The bet was $100 that M——'s horse could not beat three minutes, and it was considered a good bet, because M——, although very anxious to own a fast trotter, has always been troubled with slow ones, and, in consequence, has had to bear a vast amount of chaffing from his brother dealers, more especially one whose store adjoins M——'s, and who it was that made the wager. M—— planned his revenge. He quietly bought a new horse in the country, and a good one he was, who could beat forty, but, to carry out his scheme, he had the animal driven around town to a delivery wagon.

"Hello," said his aggravating neighbor, a day or two since, "you've got a new horse. What can *he* do?"

"I don't know," replied M——, doubtfully. "I got him in a trade, but they say he can trot pretty well. What do you think of him?"

"Think!" sneered the other, "I think he ain't worth a d——n. He can't trot anywhere near three minutes."

M—— mildly maintained that he thought the horse could beat that time, and a wager of $100 each was the result. Wholesale liquor men have the most childlike confidence in each other's integrity. M——'s neighbor had, and to make sure that another and a faster horse should not be "rung in" on him, he secretly cut a notch on the animal's hoof so that he could identify him. The trial came off yesterday afternoon, M——'s horse trotting a mile in 2:43 on a heavy track, but it leaked out that he had put up a job, and then there was a tremendous kick. The other man refused to allow the stakeholder to give up the money on pain of prosecution, and so the matter stands. M—— feels highly elated. He don't care for the money, but he is perfectly contented in having the tables turned on his tormentors, and in convincing them that he now owns a trotter that can beat three minutes.

JOHN HARPER SELLS LYTTLETON.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—After the four-mile race, yesterday, John Harper sold Lyttleton to Aristides Welch, of Philadelphia, owner of Leamington. Mr. Welch intends to enter Lyttleton in the great international race of four-mile heats at New Orleans, and bought him for that purpose. The announcement that Harper has parted with his horse will surprise thousands; but, since the accident to Longfellow, the old man seems to have lost heart, and goes to Kentucky a sadder man than when he left for the East.

BASE BALL.

ACTIVES VS. ATHLETICS.

The Actives achieved another splendid victory over a home club, yesterday afternoon. Their opponents were the Athletics, a North Side organization composed almost exclusively of brawny, muscular fellows, whose appearance would indicate that they are capable of making a better showing than they did in yesterday's contest. The Actives are too strong for them, however, both at the bat and in the field, and it is extremely doubtful if, at this late season, a club can be organized from among amateur players that can defeat them. Swift came in yesterday [illegible] ... the Lakesides a week ago, and was made up of [illegible] batting and sharp fielding. Mr. Duffy, formerly of the Ætnas, stood up where the umpire usually stands, and supported himself with the customary bat. He did nothing else, however, to entitle him to notice. The score of the game is as follows:

ACTIVES.	O.	R.	B.	TB.	ATHLETICS.	O.	R.	B.	TB.
Hess, 3 b	3	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	E O'Neill, 2 b	4	0	0	0
Bulnock, 2 b	2	4	3	4	Taylor, 1 f	3	0	0	0
Barlow, 1 f	2	6	1	1	Lightner, 3 b	4	0	0	0
W. Foley, c	3	4	3	3	Allen, c	3	1	1	1
T. Foley, r f	3	2	3	3	Mahoney, 1 b	4	0	0	0
Edwards, c f	1	5	3	4	Brown, c f	3	0	0	0
Sager, s s	3	2	4	4	J. O'Neill, s s	2	1	1	1
Lapham, 1 b	3	2	3	6	Dunn, p	2	0	0	0
Sawyer, p	4	0	1	1	Gillen, r f	2	1	1	1
Total	27	[illegible]	[illegible]	31	Total	27	4	4	4

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Actives	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	—23
Athletics	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	—4

Umpire—E. Duffy.
Time of game—Two hours and a half.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The Garnets beat the Lake Sides yesterday afternoon, by a score of 29 to 25. Fifty to seventeen was the score which the Pioneers, of Oak Park, piled up against the Woodbines. The Mercuries "went through" the Fuller & Fullers, by 31 to 19. The Red Stockings beat the Blue Stockings for the junior championship, 27 to 15.

BOSTONS VS. MUTUALS.

BOSTON, Aug. 10—Bostons, 9; Mutuals, 3.

ATHLETICS VS. BALTIMORES.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 10—Athletics, 15; Baltimores, 6. Fine game; 3,000 persons present.

PUGILISM.

THE COMING PRIZE FIGHT.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 10.—It is understood that two steamers have been chartered in this city for the Mace and O'Baldwin fight, Thursday next. They will leave the city Wednesday. A number of sporting men in the city, among whom is Joe Coburn and Jem Mace, will be here on Monday morning.

OBITUARY.

Death of Geo. T. Abbey, Esq.

We regret to announce the death of George Thackeray Abbey, Esq., of this city, at the Grand Central Hotel, on Friday, the 9th inst., at 3.30 p. m. Mr. Abbey was seized with bilious fever some ten weeks since. In a short time the disease developed typhoid symptoms; and finally the patient sustained a very severe paralytic shock throughout the entire right side of his body. Notwithstanding, his natural robust constitution and temperate habits of life sustained him for an unprecedented period, and only yielded after a most obstinate struggle. Mr. Abbey was born at Bedford, the capital of the county of that name, in England, on the 14th of March, 1823. He emigrated to the United States with his father and family when he was but 12 years of age. They settled in Utica, New York, where his father taught him the manufacture of arms in which he subsequently exhibited uncommon skill and ingenuity, besides being probably one of the best marksmen with either rifle or fowling-piece in this part of the West. In October, 1852, Mr. Abbey removed to this city, where he established himself in the business to which he was educated, and in which he afterwards acquired a reputation second to that of no other manufacturer in the country. On the visit of the Prince of Wales to Chicago, Mr. Abbey presented him with a fowling-piece constructed in a most novel and ingenious manner, and which was accepted as a specimen of American manufacture. Mr. Abbey furnished a large quantity of arms of excellent quality and precision to our State during the late war. In 1866 he retired from business, and, with his lady, made the tour of Europe, remaining abroad some three years. Since the fire he has built two fine stores on Wabash avenue, at a cost of some $50,000. He was a good husband, a kind and indulgent father, a sincere friend, and a most honorable and upright citizen. He leaves a wife and a son grown to man's estate, to mourn their irreparable loss.

Pianos! Pianos!

To meet the demands of the fall trade in pianos, Mr. A. Reed is now in the East selecting and forwarding stock for the Messrs. A. Reed & Sons. The first shipment of fifty pianos will arrive during the coming week, and will afford purchasers an excellent opportunity to secure a first-class piano. The Messrs. Reed & Sons are able to offer the finest assortment of pianos ever received in Chicago, and cordially invite persons interested to call and examine their new stock. Reed's Temple of Music, No. 31 Sixteenth street, near Wabash avenue.

Especially Great Inducements.

We will offer on Monday, and during the coming week, specially great inducements in black silks. New fine goods just received. Prices will be guaranteed from $1 to $2 per yard less than usual prices. We have made great reductions in prices on linen and white suits, and still have a good assortment on hand. We have also to offer some great bargains in Llama points. Hotchkin, Palmer & Co., 351 State St., near Twentieth.

Rebates on State and County Taxes.

W. J. Onahan, Room 58 Central Union Block, gives his personal attention to preparing and filing applications for rebates on State and county taxes. Immediate attention is required in order to secure the benefit of the law. Taxes paid, rents collected, and a general real estate business transacted. Send for lists of property offered for sale through my office. W. J. ONAHAN, Room 58 Central Union Block.

Don't Want to Stay

on the lake front. Neither would any one else if they had as commodious and elegant a building in which to return to business in the burnt district as have Potter, King & Co., the well-known furniture dealers, who will on to-morrow remove to Nos. 364 and 366 Wabash avenue, where they will be ready, in a few days, to show the public a stock of furniture equal to the wants of Chicago.

Great Auction Sale of Wines and Liquors.

On Thursday morning next, at 10 o'clock, at United States Bonded Warehouse, corner of Sixteenth and State streets, Messrs. G. C. Thayer & Co., auctioneers, will sell for account of whom it may concern a large list of imported wines and liquors. For particulars see their advertisement in another column.

FOUND IN THE RIVER.

Mr. Firman Mack, a Prominent Business Man of Joliet, Who Has Been Missing Since Last Thursday, is Discovered Floating in the North Branch—Supposed Robbery and Murder—Result of the Inquest—Arrival of a Delegation of Friends on a Special Train—The Remains Taken to Joliet.

At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the body of a man, stirred from the bottom by a passing tugboat, appeared in the river, close to the Northwestern Railroad bridge. Officers Simon and Wells, on duty at Kinzie street bridge, procured a boat, and removed the remains to the dock, whence they were taken to the dead house on Milwaukee avenue. The Coroner was notified, and an inquest was held later in the afternoon. The outward appearance of deceased betokened respectability when in life; the features were those of a man of culture and refinement, and the clothing was in keeping with them. In the pockets were found $9.45, and some papers bearing the name of Firman Mack, Joliet, Ill. A portion of a gold watch chain dangled out of one of the button holes of the vest, and looked as if it had been broken off from the remainder. The other portion of the chain and the watch could not be found. After hearing such meagre evidence as could be produced, the jury rendered a verdict that deceased had come to his death by being drowned in the North Branch of the Chicago River, but that the testimony was insufficient to show how he fell into the water. Immediately after the adjournment of the inquest, Coroner Stephens telegraphed to Joliet, inquiring if a person named Firman Mack was missing from that city, and furnishing his description. He received a reply shortly afterward stating that such was the case, and requesting him to keep the body until night, when the friends of the deceased would take it away. Between 12 and 1 o'clock this morning a delegation of prominent citizens of Joliet arrived here on a special train, and proceeded to the Madison Street Police Station. Captain Garrity provided them with an escort to the dead house, where the body of their dead friend lay. His remains were deposited in a burial case, taken to the depot in a hearse, and thence to Joliet. From what can be learned of Mr. Mack's movements, it appears that he had left his home on Thursday afternoon for Chicago, for the purpose of transacting some business with the last manufacturing firm at Nos. 173, 175 and 177 South Clinton street. It was his intention to return to Joliet during the same evening. Finding that he was still absent on Friday afternoon, and that no letter or telegram had been received from him, his brother came to this city to seek him. No traces of him could be found, however, as he had not lodged at any hotel, and had left the last factory immediately after transacting his business. Nevertheless, Mr. Mack searched for him until yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, when he was compelled to return home. While he was yet in the city the body had been found, but had not been reported at the police stations. Judging from appearances, Mr. Mack was murdered for his watch and money. He had over $100 upon his person, besides a draft for $400. The latter was not touched, as it was found in the same pocket with the $9.45 mentioned elsewhere. The citizens of Joliet are intensely excited over the affair. Mr. Mack had resided there for more than thirty years, and was looked upon as the father of the place. He was one of the wealthiest residents, and was always foremost in every scheme of public improvement that would benefit the mass of the people. At the time of his death he was engaged in the wholesale boot and shoe business, and had an interest in the shop for the manufacture of those articles in the State Penitentiary. He was the brother of the late Dr. Mack, of Kankakee, well remembered throughout Illinois as a former State Senator, and one of the earlier proprietors of the defunct Chicago *Republican*. A wife and five children are left to mourn his untimely end.

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

Religious Announcements.

The following notices were handed in too late last evening for publication among the other religious announcements:

The Rev. Arthur Brooks will preach, this morning, at St. James Church, on the corner of Huron and Cass streets. Seats free.

There will be no services at the Park Avenue Methodist Church to-day. Sunday School at 2:30 p. m.

Friends will meet at 3 o'clock in Rice's Building, on Dearborn street, near Randolph.

The Rev. Louis M. Beaudry will preach at Trinity Methodist Church, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third streets, on Indiana avenue, morning and evening.

The Rev. H. W. Stocking will officiate as usual at the Church of the Epiphany, on Throop street, between Monroe and Adams, this morning. The Rev. Mr. Wilkinson, Rector of the Church of the Holy Communion, will officiate at the evening service.

There will be full choral service morning and evening at the Cathedral. The Rev. Canon Knowles, who has just returned from Europe, will preach morning and evening.

The Rev. Dr. Vincent, of Troy, N. Y., will preach at the Third Presbyterian Church morning and evening.

Services will be held at the new Jerusalem Temple, corner of South Park avenue and Thirty-third street, this morning, at 11 o'clock, the Rev. Chauncey Giles, of New York, officiating. He will preach also in the evening at the Jewish Synagogue on the corner of Wabash avenue and Peck Court.

The Rev. John Goddard, of Cincinnati, will preach to the followers of the New Jerusalem, in the Union Park Congregational Church, this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, on "Our relation to our departed friends."

The French Canadians.

The French Canadian Mutual Societies of the United States resumed business yesterday morning at 9 a. m., M. Mousette in the chair. After adopting the report of the previous session, the great question of life insurance was brought forward. An animated debate on the subject followed, in which MM. Rouleau, Rousseau, Branchard, Paquette, Bengley, Demenies, Pare, Lougtin, and Nadeau took part. A motion was made by Mr. Bengley, originator of one of the plans of insurance, that a Committee of Five be appointed to revise and consider the two plans, and recommend one to the Societies of the Union, and that the societies report to the Executive Committee within three months their acceptance or rejection of it. The motion was carried. The Committee appointed was composed of MM. Demenies, Lataille, Fontaine, Laporte, and Benoit.

The election of officers for the ensuing year was proceeded with. The following gentlemen were unanimously elected: A. Pare, President (G. N. Lecroix having positively declined); A. J. Rouleau, Vice President; C. M. Rousseau, Secretary; L. P. Paquette, Corresponding Secretary; A. Bengley, Treasury.

A series of thirteen resolutions were read, to be submitted to the next Convention. All were unanimously accepted. The newly elected officers were then installed in their seats of office, amidst loud cheering for each one separately.

A vote of thanks was passed to all the late officers, especially to the President and Secretary, G. N. Lacroix and A. Pare, for their energy and zeal in the work of perfecting and increasing the power and influence of the Union.

The meeting then adjourned *sine die*.

The National Convention will meet on Monday next at Wahl's Hall, when all French speaking citizens are invited.

Everything.

Bigelow Lodge A. F. A. M., will give a picnic at Sharpshooter's Park, on Thursday, Aug. 22.

—The damaged grain in the Iowa Elevator was sold at auction yesterday morning, and was bought by Mr. Lunt for $1,400.

—The first annual picnic of the Alpine Hunters will be held at Haas' Park, on Tuesday. Cars leave the Canal street depot at 9 a. m.

—The special election in Hyde Park, yesterday, resulted as follows: For village organization, 362; Against, 188; Majority for village organization, 74.

—The alarm from Box 351, shortly after 8 o'clock last evening, was caused by the burning of a quantity of hay in a barn at the rear of No. 355 West Polk street. Damage nominal.

—A special meeting of the Union Catholic Library Association will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon, in the Library Room, No. 133 South Desplaines street.

—J. C. Mitchell, proprietor of an Archer avenue rendering establishment, was fined $200 by Justice Banyon, yesterday, for conducting his business in a careless manner.

—All the members of the Montgomery Guards are requested to meet at their Armory, corner of Twelfth and Waller streets, on Tuesday evening.

—Annie Stronimger, a young girl, whose parents reside at No. 112 Mill street, went to the Caledonian picnic on Thursday, and has not since returned. Her friends are, consequently, anxious about her.

—A reckless expressman, who, unfortunately, escaped arrest, dashed through the Washington street tunnel at a terrific pace, yesterday morning, and overturned two buggies, the occupants of which sustained severe injuries.

—At some date not announced further than 8 p. m. next week, a conference is to be held at the West Side Opera House on the following topic: "Resolved that the doctrin of socialism, communion, and agrrianaism, *are impracticable*."

—The Council Committee on Gas lights agreed, yesterday, to recommend that the Board of Public Works be authorized to lay gas mains and put up lamp-posts on Coolidge street, from Twelfth street to Ashland avenue, if they have power to do so.

—Mr. Charles E. Paine states that there is no truth in the rumor put in circulation by a Toledo paper, that he had offered his resignation as Superintendent of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Road, to take effect on the 1st of September.

—At half-past 7 o'clock last evening a man named Michael Fitzgerald, while driving his wagon on Green street near Van Buren, fell from the seat, and was run over by one of the wheels and considerably bruised about the head. He was taken to the City Hospital.

—About 6 o'clock on Thursday evening a little girl named Margaret Keller, while crossing Lake street bridge when it was turning, was struck in the stomach with the lever, and injured so seriously that she died yesterday afternoon at the residence of her parents, No. 48 Fry street.

—Gertrude Oustah, a young girl employed as a domestic at No. 475 North Wells street, was assaulted near her home, yesterday morning, by an unknown woman, who is supposed to be insane. The girl was nearly choked to death, and it is doubtful, even now, if she will recover. The woman managed to escape.

—Mr. J. H. McVicker announces that his new theatre will open next Thursday evening, when Douglas Jerrold's comedy, in five acts, "Time Works Wonders," will be produced, and Mr. McVicker will deliver an original epilogue written by a friend of the drama. The ticket office for the sale of seats will be open on Tuesday morning.

—The Board of Public Works issued the following building permits yesterday: Fourth Unitarian Society, brick church, 75x85 feet, Prairie avenue; Barbara McMahon, two-story and basement stone front, 40x50 feet, Nos. 388 and 390 Chicago avenue; Jonathan Clark, four-story and basement stone front, 75x147 feet, northeast corner of State and Adams streets.

—Messrs. L. Laplan & Co., photographers, of No. 90 Fourth street, have executed an excellent bust of the next President of the United States, Horace Greeley. It is a good likeness, and the casts from it do the kindly old gentleman represented by them ample justice. The makers have our thanks for the first specimen, to be seen in the business office.

—At 9 o'clock yesterday morning a boy, apparently about 12 years of age, was run over and killed by the Rock Island dummy, at the corner of Clark and Twenty-third streets. The body was taken to the Morgue. It is dressed in a linen coat and pants, black felt hat, and gaiters. Deceased is supposed to be Frederick Wells, son of ex-Policeman Wells.

—The range of yesterday's temperature was as follows, observations having been taken by E. de Yongh, optician, under the Sherman House, every half hour: At 7:30 a. m., 73; 8 a. m., 73; 8:30 a. m., 74; 9 a. m., 74; 9:30 a. m., 74; 10 a. m., 74; 10:30 a. m., 75; 11 a. m., 76; 11:30 a. m., 77; 12 m., 77; 12:30 p. m., 76; 1 p. m., 76; 1:30 p. m., 76; 2 p. m., 76; 2:30 p. m., 77; 3 p. m., 76; 3:30 p. m., 75; 4 p. m., 74; 4:30 p. m., 73; 5 p. m., 73; 5:30 p. m., 73; 6 p. m., 73;—in the shade.

—The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Councillors of the Hospital for Women and Children was held at No 157 Centre avenue, on Thursday, Mrs. Dr. Dyas in the chair. The ordinary routine of the meeting having been disposed of, the Board was informed of a donation of $35,000 by the Relief and Aid Society, which was gratefully accepted. Any sick women or children needing the services of lady physicians, when unable to pay, can find them at No. 157 Centre avenue.

—The trip to Lake Superior, by lake, is becoming more popular every year. The travellers for pleasure are charmed by the romantic scenery, while the fresh and invigorating air brings renewed health to the invalid. Chicago can now claim the finest passenger steamer on the lakes. We refer to the Peerless, belonging to the Lake Superior People's Line. She leaves again, as per advertisement, on Thursday, the 22d inst.

—John, James and Simon McMahon, sons of James McMahon, a farmer residing near the town of Palos, were seriously injured on Friday night by a stroke of lightning, while taking shelter in a barn at the rear of their house. A cousin of the senior McMahon was with them, and was instantly killed. His name could not be learned at Police Headquarters. The barn was set on fire by the lightning, but was saved by some of the neighbors.

—Police Commissioner Sheridan met with a slight accident while going home in his buggy during the thunder storm on Friday evening. When near the corner of Canalport avenue and Halsted street, his horse took fright at a vivid dash of lightning, jumped into a ditch, and overturned the buggy. The Commissioner was thrown out, and had his face and shoulders badly bruised. He will be able to make his appearance at the Board meetings in a day or two.

—The fourteenth annual picnic of the St. Louis Conference of the St. Vincent de Paul Society, will take place Thursday, August 15. The picnic will be held at Fulton's Grove on the Rock Island Road. The grounds are pleasant and attractive, and the Society are making extensive preparations for an attractive and pleasant festival. The cars will leave the Rock Island depot, Sherman street, at 9 a. m., stopping at Twelfth, Eighteenth and Twenty-second streets.

—The United Sons of Erin Benevolent Society will give their tenth annual picnic, on Thursday next, at Sharpshooters' Park. The Committee of Arrangements have made up a good programme of sports, and will give valuable prizes. Two excellent brass and string bands have been engaged, and will supply the music for dancing. Cars will leave the depot, corner of Canal and Kinzie streets, at 9 a. m., sharp. A good time may be expected.

—Mr. George B. Carpenter, who was last season associated with the gentleman who conducted the business of the Star Lecture Course so successfully, is now left in the sole charge of the undertaking. There can be no doubt of his success, as he was in days not long gone by one of the reportorial fraternity, and afterward became a religious editor. It is the recollection of the former, not the latter, position which insures for him the good wishes of so many friends in the lecture-managing business.

—A lecture in aid of the Union Catholic Library Association will be delivered next Sunday evening, August 18, in the Jesuit Church, West Twelfth street, by the Rev. F. P. Garesche, S. J. The subject of the lecture will be: "Italy and its Guarantees—Pius IX a Prisoner." Father Garesche's acknowledged oratorical powers, combined with the interest of the subject, will doubtless attract a large audience to the lecture. His funeral oration at the obsequies of the lamented Father Samarius, some two years ago, will be remembered by many for its power and pathos.

—The Cook County Teachers' Institute, now in session at Englewood, will convene at the Chicago Medical College on Monday and Tuesday, for the purpose of listening to lectures from the professors of that institution, and examining the curiosities in the museum. Monday Dr. Boyd will lecture from 10 to 11 on osteology; Dr. Johnson on the respiratory organs, from 1 to 2, and Dr. Nelson on the circulatory system, from 3 to 4. Tuesday, Dr. Jewell will lecture on the nervous system, from 10 to 11, and Dr. Jones on the eye and ear, from 2 to 3, and Dr. Byford on the care that should be exercised in the education of females.

—Coroner Stephens held the following inquests yesterday: At No. 95 South Canal street, on the body of Charles Busch, a blacksmith at Schuttler's wagon shop, who was killed by a sunstroke on Friday. At the Morgue, on the body of Joseph Gibbons, aged 21 years, who was arrested a few days ago and locked up in the Harrison Street Station on the charge of larceny. On Friday he showed signs of *delirium tremens*, and had to be tied up to prevent him from hurting himself against the sides of the cell. He died at 3 o'clock yesterday morning; verdict, death from *delirium tremens*. On the body of Christian Thompson, who was drowned by falling into the river from Wells street bridge, where he was employed. At Jones' brickyard, on the body of William Harrington, who was drowned by falling into the river while crossing the locks.

The Abstract Question.

There need be no more trouble about the abstracts of title now worrying the life out of our citizens. Messrs. Haddock, Cox & Co. will be ready, on Wednesday, to furnish abstracts at Room 3, Nos. 117 and 119 East Madison street, Wadsworth's Building. These gentlemen have had long experience with the leading firms in this city, and may be fully relied on.

At Home.

Tom Nelson's "Cottage," No. 19 Twenty-sixth street, near Cottage Grove avenue, was opened last evening for inspection, by his numerous patrons and friends. Those who were absent missed a decided treat, as the Cottage is a gem, and the wines furnished by the host remarkably good. However, "It's never too late to mend."

Vermin.

If cockroaches, bed-bugs, moth or red ants infest your houses, they can be effectually exterminated. Apply to, or address, A. B. Coman, No. 471 West Madison street.

Influence of Music on Animals.

We have just been reading a very interesting essay regarding the influence of music on animals. The writer shows how various animals, and even insects, are influenced by a concord of sweet sounds. We have noticed the same thing, but thought nothing particular about it until we stumbled on this article.

We remember how we have seen horses influenced by music. One of the most enjoyable runaways we ever experienced can be directly traced to the influence of music on a horse. We were driving past where a band was playing, and the music had more influence on the horse than we had. He didn't keep time, though. In fact, he didn't keep anything, harness, buggy, or anything else. He only kept running. I never thought music could have such influence on a horse.

He beat time, too. That is to say, he beat any time we ever saw him make before, even before a sulky. We would have kept that horse to run against time, if he hadn't run against a lamp post and ruined himself. Music influence a horse? Guess not!

Horses are excellent musical performers themselves, sometimes. We have known a hungry horse to go through all the bass of an oat field correctly and never miss an oat, although the owner of the oats missed all of his.

Dogs are singularly affected by music. We whistled after a strange dog once, we remember. The dog stopped, listened attentively, looked a moment sad, as though the notes awoke some tender memories within him, and then came bounding towards us and embraced the calf of our leg in the most affectionate manner. He could hardly tear himself away, and wouldn't if his owner hadn't come and choked him off.

There is a power of music in a tin kettle when properly brought out. We saw one brought out the other day by some boys who attached it to a dog's tail. Talk about the influence of music on animals. We never saw a dog so moved in all our life.

Cats are strangely influenced by the music of a violin. It seems to affect their entire system. In fact, there could be no violins without doing violins to the cats. Even a very young kitten, who don't realize what he is coming to, mews plaintively when a fiddle-bow is drawn across the strings. It seems to vibrate a sympathetic chord within his own abdominal inclosure. It is affecting, the mews of a young kitten, or to see a young kitten mues.

Birds, never brought up on music at all, are brought down by the music of a shot-gun. Many of the wild animals are charmed with music. We often hear music that nothing but a wild animal would be charmed with.

The Tyrolians entice a party of stags by singing, merely; and the Tyrolian warbler of a concert-saloon merely entices a "stag" party. The female deer is allured by playing the flute. We had a female dear once whom we attempted to allure with a flute, but the dear female said she was accustomed to doing her own "fluting." So we just let her flute.

The elephant, huge as he is, has a wonderful ear for music. One of his ears would make a bass drum head. He is fond of a march, if he don't have to march too far. He is also partial to a gallop; if it is a gall up on his back. We saw a music teacher fooling with an elephant once. The elephant picked his pocket and marched off with a whole trunk full of sheet music.

Among insects the spider is found to be very fond of music. His favorite vocalists are the Webb sisters. His favorite ballad—"Come, fly, to my bower!" It is a right bower, and we pity any fly that comes there.—*Fat Contributor's Saturday Night.*

To Drive Rats Away Without Poison.

We know of three methods: First, the old French plan; this is followed chiefly in Paris by men who make it a special business. They take a deep tub with water on the bottom, and a little elevation in the middle like an island, on which is only place for just one rat to sit on. The top is covered and has a large balanced valve, opening downward; on the middle of this valve a piece of fried pork or cheese is fixed, and when a rat walks on it to get the cheese, the valve goes down, drops the rat in the water, and moves back in position. A road is made from a rat-hole to the top of the tub, by means of a piece of board rubbed with cheese, so as to make the walk attractive for the rats. In the course of a single night some ten, twenty, or even more rats may go down, and if the island was not there they would be found most all alive in the morning quietly swimming round; but the provision of the little island saves the trouble of killing them, because their egotistic instinct of self-preservation causes them to fight for the exclusive possession of the island, on which in the morning the strongest rat is found in solitary possession; all the others being killed and drowned around him. Second, the New York plan, invented by one of our friends. The floor near the rat-hole is covered with a thin layer of moist caustic potassa. When the rats walk on this it makes their feet sore; these they lick with their tongues, which makes their mouths sore; and the result is that they shun this locality, not alone, but appear to tell all the rats in the neighborhood about it, and eventually the house is entirely abandoned by them, notwithstanding the houses around may be teeming with rats. Third, the Dutch method: this is said to be used successfully in Holland; we have, however, never tried it. A number of rats are left together to themselves in a very large trap or cage, with no food whatever; their craving hunger will cause them to fight, and the weakest will be eaten by the strongest. After a short time the fight is renewed, and the next weakest is the victim, and so it goes on till one strong rat is left. When this one has eaten the last remains of any of the others, it is set loose; the animal has now acquired such a taste for rat-flesh, that he is the terror of rats, going round seeking what rat he may devour. In an incredibly short time the premises are abandoned by all other rats, which will not come back before the cannibal rat has left or has died.—*Manufacturer and Builder.*

THE SHIPWRECK OF THE MEDUSA.

A few days ago there appeared in our foreign telegrams the announcement of the death in Paris of an old man whose only claim to notice the lightning summed up in these eight words: "He was the last survivor of the Medusa."

Not very many of our readers, perhaps, are familiar with that awful tragedy which has long ranked among the most thrilling of marine disasters, and the chief feature of which has been perpetuated on canvas by the pencil of one of the greatest artists France can boast. Let us, therefore, endeavor to reproduce the main points of a story to which the best efforts of pen or pencil can do but scanty justice.

During the Napoleonic wars, in 1809, the French colony of Senegal, on the west coast of Africa, was captured by the English. When peace was declared in 1815, by the terms of the treaty, Senegal passed into the hands of its original owners, and the French Government immediately fitted out an expedition for the purpose of conveying to the colony the new Governor, M. Schmaltz, and his officials, together with such material of various kinds as was deemed necessary to put affairs on a proper footing. This expedition consisted of the Medusa, a frigate of forty-four guns; the Loire, a store ship; the Argus, a brig; and the Echo, a corvette. The whole squadron carried in officers, passengers, and men some 600 people, of whom 250 were soldiers. On board the Medusa, which acted as flag-ship, were about 400 souls, including a number of women and children. The expedition sailed from Rochefort, June 17, 1816, and for sometime all the vessels kept within sight of each other, and nothing occurred to disturb the pleasure of the voyage. Soon, however, contrary winds drove them apart, and each pursued its way alone, expecting to meet again in safety at the destined port. Our narrative is henceforth confined exclusively to the Medusa, the commander of which, Lachaumareys by name, speedily proved himself entirely unfitted for the task assigned him. He appeared to know little or nothing of seamanship, and in addition to his ignorance, was grossly negligent in the discharge of his duty, and coarse even to brutality in his conduct. A series of minor accidents destroyed the confidence of the ship's company in his ability to comprehend and master the inevitable perils of the ocean, and in a measure prepared them for the disaster which followed.

On the 1st day of July the Medusa crossed the equator, and the crew took part in those grotesque ceremonies dedicated to Neptune which have been so often described. Meanwhile the Captain had confided the navigation of the vessel to one Richfort, who seemed to have, if possible, less knowledge and discretion than his superior. According to the written instructions furnished by the Government, Lachaumareys was ordered to steer due west for sixty-six miles after making Cape Blanco, so that the dangerous shoals known as the Arguin Banks might be avoided. Instead of doing this he permitted Richfort to change his ship's course southward when only half the required distance. The Echo, then in sight, hung out signals of warning, but they were treated with contempt, and the ill-fated Medusa went on recklessly to her doom.

Early in the morning of the 2d, the sea assumed a sandy color, which alarmed those who understood the meaning of this infallible sign, but neither Lachaumareys nor Richfort could be convinced of the imminent hazard of their strange proceeding. Officers and passengers in vain besought them to alter the sailing directions, and, when protests and prayers were alike unavailing, all settled down into a sort of stupor and awaited the result with that calmness which comes from despair. Between 2 and 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the leadsman announced soundings in eighteen fathoms, which startled the Captain from his stolid equanimity, and he attempted to shift the ship's course by bringing her nearer the wind. But it was too late. Another cast of the lead showed only six fathoms, and at 3:15 the Medusa struck heavily upon Arguin banks, located in 19 degrees 30 minutes north latitude, and 19 degrees 45 minutes west longitude. She had then hardly four fathoms of water under her, and when the tide ebbed there was considerably less. The first impulse of the victims was to take summary vengeance upon the authors of their misfortune; but this was soon lost sight of in plans for securing their own safety. The sails were furled, some of the upper spars sent down, and efforts made to drive the vessel over the bank, but all to no good. Next morning a large amount of freight was thrown overboard, and boats were employed in carrying anchors ahead for the purpose of hauling the ship up by means of cables and the capstan; but these devices failed, and it was then unanimously resolved to try the last resort—abandonment of the vessel. There were, as we have said, 400 persons on the Medusa, and but six boats to transport them. Evidently some other project must be adopted to rescue the surplus. At this juncture, Schmaltz, the Governor, proposed the construction of a raft capable of carrying 200 men, which should be towed by the boats to the shore of the desert, distant about 45 miles. While deliberating upon the matter the next day—July 4—the tide rose almost sufficient to float the ship; and there is no doubt that if the guns had been thrown overboard the Medusa might have been saved—but nothing was done, and when the ebb came she sank into the treacherous sand deeper than ever.

All hands now went to work in earnest at the raft, and it was nearly completed the following morning. It was made of masts, spars and planks, fastened together by ropes into a rude platform sixty-five feet long, twenty feet wide, and eighteen inches deep—the corners being held up by empty barrels placed beneath them. During the afternoon and evening of the 5th, a storm prevailed which threatened to break up the ship at once, and a general stampede commenced, which was with great difficulty quelled. While the excitement was at its height, a plot was discovered among some of the officers and crew, by which they had intended seizing the boats themselves, and leaving their companions to a terrible fate without a chance of salvation. This resulted in a solemn council, at which Schmaltz and Lachaumareys swore that the boats should not desert the raft, but unite in towing it to the land as before agreed. The terrified people, naturally unwilling to trust their lives to this frail support, were driven upon the raft by armed officers. One hundred and fifty persons were at last compelled to embark in the floating coffin—twenty-nine sailors, one woman, and the balance soldiers. The provisions consisted of twenty-five pounds soaked biscuit; there were no charts, sails, or oars. The command was assigned to M. Coudin, a midshipman, whose subsequent gallantry entitles him to a grateful remembrance. The six boats were filled with the Governor, his family, and attaches, the Captain and his officers, and such others as were fortunate enough to crowd in. Seventeen men, the most of them intoxicated, preferred remaining in the ship.

For a little while after departure the boats towed the raft, and with the favorable breeze then blowing all might have reached the shore in less than forty-eight hours. But the cowardly officers—whose behavior is an eternal and ineffaceable disgrace upon the French navy—made some frivolous excuse, dropped their line and rowed away, leaving the raft alone and helpless in midocean. The shrieks, yells, and imprecations of the poor wretches thus inhumanly abandoned rent the air, but brought no merciful response from those who planned and consummated this damnable deed.

It is impossible to give any correct idea, in the limited space at our disposal, of the events which transpired in the next twelve days. For the first few hours the encouraging words and example of M. Coudin, and Messrs. Correard and Savingy, whom he had associated with him, tended to inspire the people with hope, and they looked forward to a speedy rescue; but as time wore away, and neither boat nor sail appeared in sight, hope fled, and grim despair assumed undivided sway. The raft became literally a hell afloat. The first night was ushered in by a tremendous gale, which came near making an end of the whole party; but the larger portion survived to endure greater horrors. Twenty were missing—the first tribute paid to remorseless death. Storms, starvation, mutiny and murder now followed each other in rapid succession. The morning of the third day showed that sixty-five more had perished; on the fifty day there were but thirty survivors; on the seventh, but twenty-seven, and twelve of these at the point of death. A consultation was held, and the well resolved to get rid of the sick. Three soldiers and a sailor were appointed a Committee of extermination, and while the others turned their backs they threw overboard their dying companions. The fifteen who remained out of the one hundred and fifty, underwent the most agonizing tortures for five days longer, and were at last picked up by the Argus on the 17th of July, and carried to Senegal.

Four of the boats reached land with comparatively little difficulty on the 8th; two of them containing the Governor, Captain and their party, pushed forward at once to Senegal, where they arrived on the 9th. The passengers in those left behind made their way to the same point by land, suffering severely on the journey, and nearly perishing for lack of food and water. A small schooner was shortly afterward sent out in search of the Medusa, and though fifty-two days had elapsed since her abandonment, she was found still lying on the Arguin bank in very tolerable condition. Three of the seventeen persons left on board were still alive to tell the story of their long imprisonment, and to prove that nothing but a reasonable amount of courage and skill was necessary to have saved the Medusa, and spared the world the sickening history of that fatal raft.

Gumbs' Dogs.

Gumbs, who lives next door to us, has bought a new dog. He needed a new one. His last dog used to bark all night in the yard, until, in frantic desperation, we would shy our boots and cologne bottles, and furniture at him. But he always went on worse; and in the morning Gumbs would come calmy out and gather up those missives and carry them into the house. He has more than twenty pairs of our boots and slippers in his possession, besides chair legs, and cakes of soap, and hair brushes, and match safes, and towel racks. And never had the manliness to offer to give them back. On the contrary, he trained that dog to sit by the front gate and to seize us by the leg when we came out, three or four times a week, apparently for the purpose of securing some more boots. But we poisoned him one night, and the next morning Gumbs threw the carcass over into our yard. We threw it back. Gumbs returned it. We both staid at home that day, and spent the time in handing the dog to one another over the fence. Then we hired a man to stand there night and day to return the deceased to Gumbs' yard. It was exhilarating work. The corpse rapidly traversed that fence six or seven thousand times every twenty-four hours. He must have been familiar with the route, even if he was dead. At last he wore away with so much handling, and on the last day the men whiled away the hours by flinging only the tail at each other. Our man at last buried the tail and resigned. And now Gumbs has got a new dog. It will be excessively singular if we do not fish for that dog some evening soon with a codfish line and a piece of beef, and to run him up all of a sudden to our window, and launch him into the sewer. No dog owned by a man named Gumbs shall exult over us.

The Blue Laws.

Many of our readers who have often heard of the Connecticut "blue laws" have probably never had an opportunity of perusing that celebrated code. The territory now comprised in the State of Connecticut was formerly two Colonies, Connecticut and New Haven. The Colony of Connecticut was planted by emigrants from Massachusetts and Windsor, in 1633, and Hartford and Wethersfield, 1635-36. The other Colony, styled by its founders the Dominion of New Haven, was founded by emigrants from England in 1638. The two Colonies were united in 1665. The statutes copied below, from an ancient volume relating the history of the American Colonies, were enacted by the people of the "Dominion of New Haven," and being printed on blue paper came to be known as blue laws:

The Governor and Magistrates convened in General Assembly, are the supreme power, under God, of this independent Dominion.

From the determination of the Assembly no appeal shall be made.

The Governor is amenable to the voice of the people.

The Assembly of the people shall not be dismissed by the Governor, but shall dismiss itself.

Conspiracy against this Dominion shall be punished with death.

Whosoever says there is power and jurisdiction above and over this Dominion, shall suffer death and loss of property.

Whoever attempts to change or overturn the Dominion shall suffer death.

The Judges shall determine no controversies without a jury.

No one shall be a freeman or give a vote unless he be converted and a member of one of the churches allowed in the Dominion.

Each freeman shall swear by the blessed God to bear true allegiance to this Dominion, and that Jesus is the only King.

No Quaker, no dissenter from the established worship of this Dominion, shall be allowed to give a vote for the electing of Magistrates or any other officer.

No food or lodgings shall be offered to Quaker, Adamite or heretic.

If any person turns Quaker, he shall be banished and not suffered to return but on pain of death.

No priest shall abide in the Dominion; he shall be banished, and suffer death on his return.

Priests may be seized by any one without a warrant.

No one to cross a river but an authorized ferryman.

No one shall run on the Sabbath Day, or walk in his garden, or elsewhere, except reverently, to and from meeting.

No one shall travel, cook victuals, make beds, sweep house, cut hair or shave on the Sabbath Day.

No woman shall kiss her children on Sabbath or fasting day.

The Sabbath shall begin at sunset on Saturday.

To pick an ear of corn growing in a neighbor's garden shall be deemed theft.

A person accused of trespass in the night shall be judged guilty, unless he clears himself by his oath.

When it appears that the accused has confederates, and he refuses to discover them, he may be racked.

None shall buy or sell lands without permission of the selectmen.

A drunkard shall have a master appointed by the selectmen, who are to bar him from the liberty of buying and selling.

Whoever publishes a lie, to the prejudice of his neighbor, shall be set in the stocks, or be whipped ten stripes.

No minister shall keep a school.

Every ratable person who refuses to pay his proportion to support the minister of the town or parish, shall be fined by court £10, and £4, every quarter until he or she pay the rate to the minister.

Men stealers shall suffer death.

Whosoever wears clothes trimmed with gold, silver or bone lace above 1s. per yard, shall be presented by the grand jurors, and the selectmen shall tax the offender £300 estate.

A debtor in prison, swearing he has no estate, shall be let out and sold to make satisfaction.

Whosoever sets a fire in the woods, and it burns a house, shall suffer death; and persons suspected of this crime, shall be imprisoned without benefit of bail.

Whosoever brings cards or dice into this Dominion shall pay a fine of £5.

No one shall read common prayer-books, keep Christmas or set days, eat mince-pies, dance, or play cards, or play on any instrument of music except the drum, trumpet and Jew's harp.

No gospel minister shall join people in marriage. The Magistrate only shall join them in marriage, as he may do it with less scandal to Christ's Church.

When parents refuse their children convenient marriages, the Magistrates shall determine the point.

The selectmen on finding children ignorant may take them away from their parents, and put them in better hands at the expense of their parents.

Fornication shall be punished by compelling marriage, or as the court shall think proper.

Adultery shall be punished with death.

A man that strikes his wife shall pay a fine of £20.

A woman that strikes her husband shall be punished as the law directs.

A wife shall be deemed good evidence against her husband.

No man shall court a maid in person or by letter, without first obtaining consent of her parents; £5 penalty for the first offence; £10 for the second; and for the third imprisonment during the pleasure of the court.

Married persons must live together or be imprisoned.

Every male must have his hair cut round according to his cap.

Tragedy at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 10.—Early this morning William W. Southgate, a young man whose parents reside in Covington, went into a cellar on Broadway, and attacked Mrs. Duffy, an elderly woman, and tenant of a room in the house, when she came down cellar for fuel. His weapon was an axe. Mrs. Duffy was struck on the head and ran screaming. John Flatfoot, who came to her rescue, received a blow severing his skull, so that he died this evening. Mrs. Duffy's injuries are not fatal. Southgate has been in the lunatic asylum, and has been drinking lately. He is supposed to be insane.

Illinois River Items.

LASALLE, Ill., Aug. 10.—RIVER—Arrived, steamer Shoo Fly, from Henry, towing canal boats Burr Oak and Parson Brownlow, loaded with corn at Chillicothe, and the Illadore, loaded with corn at Henry. Departed—Nothing. Six feet of water on the miter sill of Henry Lock. The canal boat Paramount, served the Burr Oak and Parson Brownlow, as a lighter from Chillicothe to Henry.

CANAL—Passed in, Burr Oak, Parson Brownlow and Illadore, all with corn for Chicago. Passed out—Nothing. Eight feet four and a half inch of water on the miter sill of Lock 15.

Sour Stomach.

Heartburn is the conventional name for acidity of the stomach, although the heart has no more connection with the burning sensation in question, than the North pole has with the equator. If the sustenance taken into the stomach is partially decomposed, instead of being properly digested, a pungent gas is developed which stings the upper portion of the epigastrium and the lining of the gullet, like hot vinegar. The same sensation is also sometimes occasioned by an excessive secretion of acid by the gastric membrane. In either case sour or bitter eructations, and in some instances vomiting, ensue. Ladies in a delicate condition are especially subject to such visitations. Alkalies are generally given to neutralize the free acid, but they are of no permanent use. The source of the complaint is a deranged or feeble digestion.

MARRIED.

TARBLE—ARNOLD—On Wednesday, Aug. 7, at the residence of G. B. Marsh, 1229 Wabash-av., by the Rev. Br. Ryder, Myron F. Tarble and Miss Carra Arnold, both of this city. No cards.

BRADY—KELLY—At Halifax, Pa., July 29, O. M. Brady, of Chicago, to Miss Kate Kelly, of Halifax.

JANES—BARBER—On Thursday, Aug. 8, at the residence of Mr. M. A. Bartlett, [illegible] West Randolph-st, Rev. J. A. Beecher officiating, Mr. Adam Janes and Miss Malinda M. Barber, both of this city.

DIED.

McNAMARA—In this city, Aug. 10, 1872, Mrs. George McNamara, of Newport, Ky.

Funeral from the residence of her parents, 419 South May-st. at 10 o'clock a. m., Monday, Aug. 12. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Cincinnati Commercial and Enquirer please copy.

ABBEY—In this city, Aug. 9, of typhoid fever, George Thackeray Abbey, in his 50th year.

Funeral from the Grand Central Hotel, Monday, the 12th, at 2½ o'clock. Friends are invited to attend without further notice.

HALLINAN—At her residence, 153 North Peoria-st, at 6 o'clock p. m., Aug. 10, Mrs. Jane Hallinan, wife of Patrick Hallinan, aged 25 years.

Funeral services at St. Stephens' Church, Monday, Aug. 12, at 10½ o'clock a. m. Cars to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

SMITH—On Aug. 9, at Auxplaines, John Smith, Jr., aged 66 years.

Funeral from his father's residence, Sunday, Aug. 11. Friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

DAUGHERTY—At his residence, 149 Illinois-st, Aug. 9, at 10 o'clock, a. m., of congestion of the lungs, Owen Daugherty, aged 52 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services, at the Church of the Holy Name, at 9 o'clock a. m. Funeral Sunday, Aug. 11, at 1 o'clock p. m., by cars to Calvary Cemetery.

Boston, Philadelphia, and St. Louis papers please copy.

WHITE—On Aug. 9, of cholera infantum, Phebe A., only daughter of Reuben C. and Mary White.

Funeral Sunday, at 1 o'clock p. m., from 66 West Evans-st. All friends of family are invited.

STEPHENS—On Aug. 9, William W. Stephens, aged 7 months and 18 days, and on Aug. 8, Fanny W. Stephens, aged 7 months and 17 days, twin children of William H. and Harriet Stephens.

SMIRK—At his residence, No. 6 Rhodes-av, Aug. 10, at 6:15 a. m., of disease of the heart, Samuel C. Smirk, aged 70 years.

Lafayette and Louisville papers please copy.

MACHINERY.

A NEW ENGINES, PORTABLE 1 TO 40-HORSE power; threshing, 8 and 10-horse; circular sawmills, Foramon's grist mills, corn shellers, belting, &c. COLLINS & EATON, 79 South Canal-st.

ENGINES AND BOILERS FROM 4 TO 200 horse power; stationary, portable, horizontal, and upright, with or without boilers. W. A. JAMES & CO., 273 and 275 South Canal-st.

FOR SALE—STEAM ENGINE IN PERFECT order, 5 horse power; price $250. Apply to H. O. COLLINS, Attorney, southeast corner Washington-st and Fifth-av, Teutonia Life Insurance Company Building.

FOR SALE—ONE 12-HORSE PORTABLE ENgine mounted on wheels. 15 South Canal-st. J. F. MARSH.

FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP, ONE SECOND-hand engine, 6-horse power, and one second-hand upright boiler, 10 horse power; also Merritt's Patent Shears for cutting iron by hand. CHICAGO VISE AND TOOL CO., 141 Fulton-st.

WANTED—A 2 OR 3 HORSE-POWER PORTAble engine. Apply to BARNHART BROS. & SPINDLER, 48 West Randolph-st.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—"T. S." TORN HALF TICKET. Have written you, but received no reply. Please send address to S T S, Tribune office, without fail.

PERSONAL—TO THE LADY IN BLACK, OR any other person—I will give you 10 per cent interest on $800 for one year. Money to develop a paying business. Good collateral security. Address H 87, Tribune office.

PERSONAL—A WIDOWER WITH NO CHILDren desires to form the acquaintance of some respectable young lady or widow with a view to matrimony. Address Y 72, Tribune office.

PERSONAL—IF THIS MEETS THE EYE OF Julia A. or Edwin F. Poole, address WILLIAM POOLE, Evanston, Ill.

PERSONAL—IF S. M. WILL CORRESPOND with me at Bloomington, Ill., will hear something of interest. Can see you in Chicago, if desired.

PERSONAL—LADY WITH BLACK SILK VEIL, white skirt, Japanese fan, on Carpenter-st near Randolph, Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock, will find a letter at the Post Office.

PERSONAL—A YOUNG BUSINESS MAN would like to make the acquaintance of a well-educated lady. Object, matrimony. Address Q 97, Tribune office.

PERSONAL—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG LADY wishes to form the acquaintance of a gentleman of means, that would be willing to assist her in starting a little business. Address P 40, Tribune office.

PERSONAL—WILL MRS. ANN BROWN (colored) formerly at 444 State-st, or any one knowing her whereabouts, send address to P 29, Tribune office.

PERSONAL—MRS. ELIZA BUHLER, FORMERly at 97 West Washington-st. Please send your address to R 67, Tribune office, and oblige an old friend.

PERSONAL—WILL THE PARTIES THAT move from 408 State-st, Tuesday, July 30, please send their address to S O B, P. O. Box 346.

PERSONAL—C——, IF YOU ARE ABLE GO TO to Eliza's or send word there for me. "Jussy" and I want to see you. JUNEY.

PERSONAL—MAGGIE, DELLA IS DEAD. REUBEN.

PERSONAL—T. MATHENY CAN FIND HIS wife at the house with sign painter's sign, in alley between Harmon and Eldridge-courts.

PERSONAL—WILL MRS. NELLIE E. PIERCE, formerly Miss Nellie E. Hanna, of Rochester, N. Y., please send her address to her uncle, Robert Hanna, Port Hope, Canada West, as there is a large fortune left her in England.

PERSONAL—A YOUNG MAN, A MECHANIC aged 25, would like to correspond with a young or middle-aged lady. Object, a wife, a home, &c. Address N 24, Tribune office.

PERSONAL—A MIDDLE-AGED WIDOW LADY desires the acquaintance of a gentleman, refined and of good habits. The lady, a sufferer from the fire, is of good education, and strictly honorable. No triflers need answer. Object, matrimony. Address K 73, Tribune Branch office.

PERSONAL—MISS H., CORNER TWELFTH and Wabash, on 5th; letter came too late. Address as before, through Post Office. ADAMS.

PERSONAL—CORRESPONDENCE WANTED with a few ladies, from 20 to 35, with a view to matrimony, by a widower in the prime of life. Address, for 5 days, B 45, Tribune office.

PERSONAL—"WINDOW-BLIND SIGNAL"—I have heard all about it, and must see you, in order to avoid gossip; write to my address immediately, stating where and when I can have an interview; if you fail it will be necessary for me to call on you. MAID BROWN.

INFORMATION WANTED—OF FIRMAN MACK, of Joliet. He left his home on Thursday p. m. the 8th inst., by R. I. train to transact business in Chicago, and was last seen at the place of Messrs. Ingraham & Co., No 175 South Clinton-st. Mr. Mack was about 55 years of age, rather above medium size, was dressed in dark clothes, and wore a black silk hat. He had on his person some currency and a draft drawn by the Will County National Bank, Joliet, on the Cook County National Bank, Chicago, dated August 8, for $400. Information may be left at Police Headquarters or at the store of Sibley & Bro., 21 North Canal-st.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $50,000, IN A well-established manufacturing business; the best business of its kind in the city; none but principals need apply. Address F 39, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—ACTIVE OR SPECIAL, with $10,000 to $15,000 capital, in the wholesale liquor business in a house long established, and favorably known throughout the West. Parties seeking business, desiring a safe and profitable business, or investment, may address "JOBBER," P. O. Drawer 322.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH FROM $1,000 TO $5,000, by an old opium eater who has cured himself; the patient can at once abandon half the quantity used and be speedily cured; medical man preferred. Address, with stamps, H 99, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $10,000, TO EXtend wholesale liquor trade; large profits certain. Address G 95, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $500 OR $1,000 CAPital; can make $2,000 a year. For further particulars call on J. DOW, at Green & Spear's, 792 Wabash-av, Chicago.

PARTNER WANTED—A GOOD MAN TO JOIN me in opening a real estate office. Address Z 58, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—A MAN WITH $6,000 OR $8,000 and willing to do the office work, can buy one-quarter or one-third interest in a well established manufacturing business that pays a fair percentage on the investment. Undoubted references as to character and capability will be required. Address with reference MANUFACTURER, care Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—ANY PERSON WISHing to invest $2,000 to $5,000 in a legitimate and permanent business that will return twice the amount of investment, can find such an opportunity by addressing G 38, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—A GENTLEMAN WITH $500 to $1,000 ready cash to join me in purchasing stock of goods in well-established, nice office business. 103 West Washington-st, Room 1.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $600, TO TAKE half interest in a good legitimate business paying $45 per week. Address B 84, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH SMALL CAPITAL in the market garden and milk business; an Englishman preferred. Apply to WM. JOHNSON, 55 West Madison-st.

PARTNER WANTED—EITHER SILENT OR active, with $10,000 or more, to become interested in a furniture manufactory; large business now established with excellent prospects. Address with real name W 32, Tribune office. None need apply who have not the ready cash. References given and required.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $10,000, TO TAKE a third interest in an old established wholesale house. Must understand notions and millinery thoroughly and be a first class man in every particular; also, a salesman competent to take charge of a notion stock. Address, with real name and references for one week, H, care Carrier No. 4.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH A FEW THOUsand dollars; business manufacturing and a monopoly; profits 50 per cent every 60 days. Address H 12, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—IN A WELL-ESTABlished business; a good chance for a party with $5,000 capital. Address K 30, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—IN A FIRST-CLASS drug business on the South Side; store has a good location, and is handsomely furnished. Address G 81, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $5,000 TO $10,000 capital, in coal trade; business established. Address V 56, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—SILENT OR ACTIVE, with $2,000 to $5,000, in a manufacturing business. Address G 56, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—A LIVE, DASHING, Chicago style of business man, with $5,000 or $10,000 to invest in an established manufacturing business, where more money is needed to extend sales; references first class. Address F 44, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH FROM $2,500 TO $3,000, in the furniture trade. Location in a flourishing town of 10,000, on Mississippi River. Address E. G. CHAPPELL, 61 and 63 North Wells-st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON THURSDAY AFTERNOON, FROM buggy, between Twelfth and Harrison-sts, on Halsted, a striped shawl. The owner is in more need than the finder. A suitable reward will be given on returning it to No. 289 Twelfth-st.

LOST—ON THURSDAY, PLANS AND DRAWings of cottage. Please leave same at 304 South Halsted-st. J. WARREN.

LOST—A SILVER-MOUNTED MEERSCHAUM pipe (colored very black) with presentation inscription on top band. Any person leaving it at 177 South LaSalle-st will be suitably rewarded.

LOST—POCKET-BOOK CONTAINING PAPERS and bank book with my name therein. Any one finding them will please address E. H. MONTGOMERY, 372 Cottage Grove av.

LOST—$20 FOR NEWFOUNDLAND BELONGing at 15 North Curtis-st; weight, 100; black, curly; white breast; age, 4 years; gone since Aug. 2.

LOST—STRAYED OR STOLEN FROM VICINity of R. I. car shops, two horses; one dark sorrel pony, with chestnut mane and tail, and one bay horse, 8 years old, ringbone on right hind leg. A liberal reward will be paid for their return to the grocery store cor. State and Forty-seventh-sts.

LOST—ON SUNDAY EVENING, NEAR CORner West Washington and Hoyne-sts, a lady's cashmere mantle. A suitable reward will be given to anyone returning it to 737 West Washington-st.

LOST—$30 REWARD—ON FRIDAY EVENING, from Walnut-st to the Academy of Music, a small gold watch with chain attached; open case with crystal broke. The above reward will be paid for its return to 176 Walnut-st.

LOST—AT THE NORTHWESTERN R. R. depot a pocket book containing $150 and a Barrington commutation ticket. A liberal reward will be given at No. 187 Milwaukee-av.

LOST—AUGUST 7TH, A SMALL LEATHER pocket-book containing from $17 to $18 in cash, one due bill against Sweeney, Root & Northwick for $100, and other valuable papers. Finder may keep the money, but would like papers returned to 43 Fourteenth-st. Payment has been stopped on notice. No questions asked. PETER VANSLYCK.

LOST—A SMALL BLACK MARE ON 5TH July, between 4 or 5 years old; scratch on his left hind foot, short mane and long tail; weight about 800. The finder will be liberally rewarded. Will be paid $25 or more by returning her to 68 Bremer-st.

FOUND—POCKET-BOOK ON MADISON-ST. bus. Owner can find it at 517 West Madison-st.

FOUND—NEWFOUNDLAND DOG. OWNER can have by proving property and paying expenses. 282 Wabash-av.

STRAYED.

RUNAWAY—ON TUESDAY EVENING, AUG. 6, one brown mare, 5 years old; one bay mare 7 years old, attached to a double box wagon; when last seen were running South from Canfield, Ill. A liberal reward will be paid for their return to ABIJAH FRY, Palatine, Ill., or IRA FRY, 387 State-st, Chicago.

STRAYED—FROM PASTURE IN HYDE PARK, one bay mare, white stripe in face, white hind foot, little lame. Information leading to her recovery will be rewarded. THOMAS S. DOBBINS, 814 Wabash-av.

STRAYED—FROM THE GALE FARM—ONE black mare, with white spot on forehead, round smooth legs, black mane and tail. Also one large bay horse, long back, narrow chest, with white spot on der fetlock of hind leg; fetlocks long and black. Any person knowing of such horses will please give information to V. W. SHAFFER, at the above-named farm, or at No. 7 East Randolph-st.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—FROM THE CORNER of Michel and Lumber-sts, on the 4th inst., one milk cow, about 6 years old, white face, white shoulders, and white hips; her sides pale yellow, with both her hind legs white. Will give $5 reward to the finder, or any person who will give such information as will lead to her recovery. ANDREW SMITH.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—FROM 1081 SOUTH Halsted-st, on the 1st of August, a dark bay horse, 9 years old; little stiff in the fore feet. $10 reward will be given for his return.

$25 REWARD—STRAYED FROM 28 CARroll-av, on the 4th day of August, a small light bay mare between 3 and 4 years old; has three white feet and white star on forehead. The above reward will be paid for any information of her whereabouts or leading to her discovery, by addressing F. SMITH, 128 Carroll-av, Chicago.